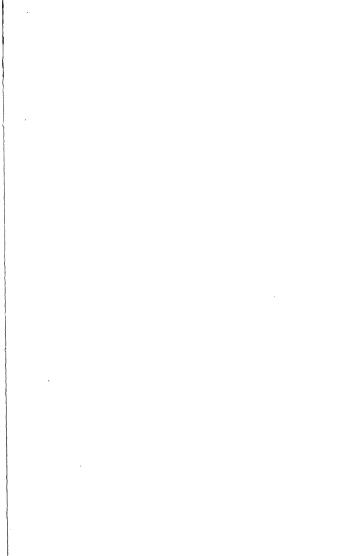


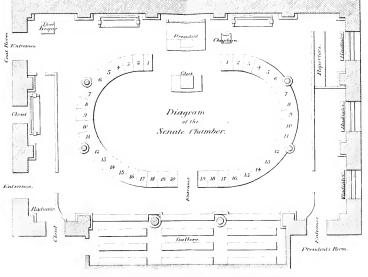
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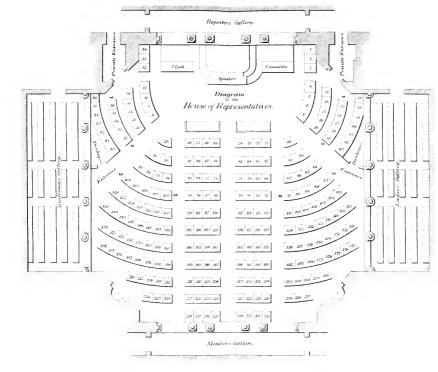
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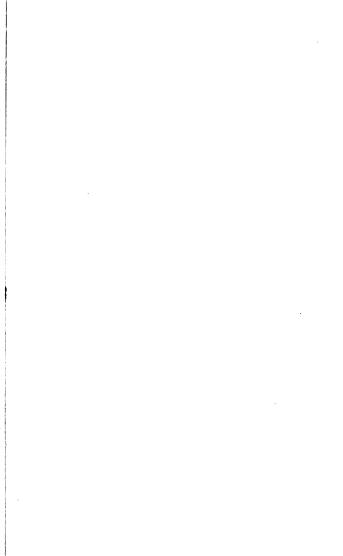
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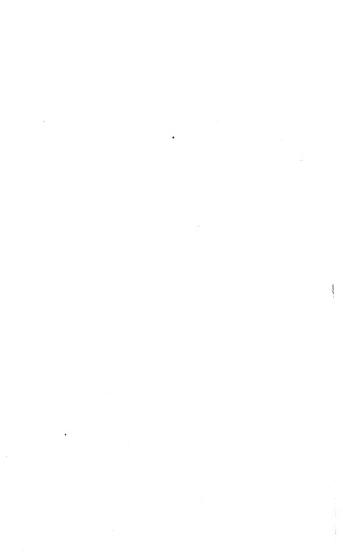


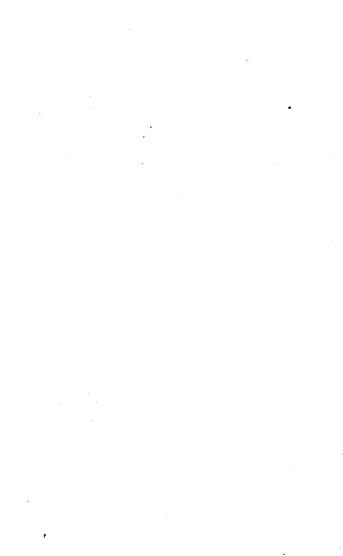












Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

MANUAL

FOR THE USE OF THE

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GENERAL COURT:

CONTAINING THE

RULES OF THE TWO BRANCHES,

TOGETHER WITH THE

CONSTITUTION OF THE COMMONWEALTH, AND THAT OF THE UNITED STATES, AND A LIST OF THE EXECUTIVE, LEGISLATIVE, AND JUDICIAL DEPARTMENTS OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT, STATE INSTITUTIONS AND THEIR OFFICERS,

AND OTHER STATISTICAL INFORMATION.

Prepared under Section 9, Chapter 4 of the Public Statutes,

S. N. GIFFORD, CLERK OF THE SENATE,

AND

EDWARD A. McLAUGHLIN, CLERK OF THE HOUSE.

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CONSTITUTION

OF THE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

PREAMBLE.

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WE the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquillity, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America.

ARTICLE I.

- SECTION 1. All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a congress of the United States, which shall consist of a senate and house of representatives.
- SECT. 2. The house of representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several states, and the electors in each state shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the state legislature.

No person shall be a representative who shall not have

attained to the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state in which he shall be chosen.

Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several states which may be included within this Union, according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons, including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the congress of the United States, and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand, but each state shall have at least one representative; and until such enumeration shall be made, the state of New Hampshire shall be entitled to choose three, Massachusetts eight, Rhode Island and Providence Plantations one. Connecticut five, New York six, New Jersey four, Pennsylvania eight, Delaware one, Maryland six, Virginia ten, North Carolina five, South Carolina five, and Georgia three.

When vacancies happen in the representation from any state, the executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies.

The house of representatives shall choose their speaker and other officers; and shall have the sole power of impeachment.

Sect. 3. The senate of the United States shall be composed of two senators from each state, chosen by the legislature thereof, for six years; and each senator shall have one vote.

Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The seats of the senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the second year, of the second class at the expiration of the fourth year, and of the third class at the expiration of the sixth year, so that one-third may be chosen every second year; and if vacancies happen by resignation, or otherwise, during the recess of the legislature of any state, the executive thereof may make temporary appointments until the next meeting of the legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.

No person shall be a senator who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state for which he shall be chosen.

The vice-president of the United States shall be president of the senate, but shall have no vote, unless they be equally divided.

The senate shall choose their other officers, and also a president *pro tempore*, in the absence of the vice-president, or when he shall exercise the office of president of the United States.

The senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments. When sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the president of the United States is tried, the chief justice shall preside: and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present.

Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust or profit under the United States: but the party convicted shall nevertheless be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment, according to law.

SECT. 4. The times, places and manner of holding elections for senators and representatives, shall be prescribed in each state by the legislature thereof; but the congress may at any time by law make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of choosing senators.

The congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

SECT. 5. Each house shall be the judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner, and under such penalties as each house may provide.

Each house may determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and, with the concurrence of two-thirds, expel a member.

Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may in their judgment require secrecy; and the yeas and nays of the members of either house on any question shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal.

Neither house, during the session of congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two houses shall be sitting.

Sect. 6. The senators and representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law, and paid out of the treasury of the United States. They shall in all cases, except treason, felony and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the session of their respective houses, and in going to and returning from the same; and for any speech or debate in either house, they shall not be questioned in any other place.

No senator or representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time; and no person holding any office under the United States, shall be a member of either house during his continuance in office.

Sect. 7. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the house of representatives; but the senate may propose or concur with amendments as on other bills.

Every bill which shall have passed the house of representatives and the senate, shall, before it become a law, be presented to the president of the United States; if he approve he shall sign it, but if not he shall return it, with his objections, to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If after such reconsideration twothirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of that house, it shall become a law. But in all such cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the president within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the congress by their adjournment prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

Every order, r-solution, or vote to which the concurrence of the senate and house of representatives may be necessary (except on a question of adjournment) shall be presented to the president of the United States; and before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him, or being disapproved by him, shall be repassed by two-thirds of the senate and house of representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill.

SECT. 8. The congress shall have power - to lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the common defence and general welfare of the United States; but all duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States; - to borrow money on the credit of the United States; - to regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several states, and with the Indian tribes; - to establish an uniform rule of naturalization, and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies throughout the United States, - to coin money, regulate the value thereof, and of foreign coin, and fix the standard of weights and measures; - to provide for the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current coin of the United States; - to establish post offices and post roads; — to promote the progress of science and useful arts, by securing for limited times to authors and inventors the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries; - to constitute tribunals inferior to the supreme court; - to define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the high seas, and offences against the law of nations; - to declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and water; - to raise and support armies, but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than two years; - to provide and maintain a navy; - to make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces; - to provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections, and repel invasions; - to provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the states respectively, the appointment of the officers, and the authority of training the militia according to the discipline prescribed by congress; -- to exercise exclusive legislation in all cases whatsoever, over such district (not exceeding ten miles square) as may, by cession of particular states, and the acceptance of congress, become the seat of the government of

the United States, and to exercise like authority over all places purchased by the consent of the legislature of the state in which the same shall be, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dock-yards, and other needful buildings;—and to make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this constitution in the government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof.

SECT. 9. The migration or importation of such persons, as any of the states now existing shall think proper to admit, shall not be prohibited by the congress prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, but a tax or duty may be imposed on such importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each person.

The privilege of the writ of *habeas corpus* shall not be suspended, unless when in cases of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.

No bill of attainder or ex post facto law shall be passed.

No capitation, or other direct tax, shall be laid, unless in proportion to the census or enumeration herein before directed to be taken.

No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any state.

No preference shall be given by any regulation of commerce or revenue to the ports of one state over those of another; nor shall vessels bound to, or from, one state, be obliged to enter, clear or pay duties in another.

No money shall be drawn from the treasury, but in consequence of appropriations made by law; and a regular statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public money shall be published from time to time.

No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States; and no person holding any office of profit or trust under them shall, without the consent of the congress, accept of any present, emolument, office or title, of any kind whatever, from any king, prince, or foreign state.

SECT. 10. No state shall enter into any treaty, alliance, or confederation; grant letters of marque and reprisal; coin money; emit bills of credit; make anything but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts; pass any bill of attainder, ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts, or grant any title of nobility. No state shall, without the consent of the congress, lay any imposts or duties on imports or exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for executing its inspection laws: and the net produce of all duties and imposts, laid by any state on imports or exports, shall be for the use of the treasury of the United States; and all such laws shall be subject to the revision and control of the congress. No state shall, without the consent of congress, lay any duty of tonnage, keep troops, or ships of war in time of peace, enter into any agreement or compact with another state, or with a foreign power, or engage in war, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent danger as will not admit of delay.

ARTICLE II.

SECTION 1. The executive power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America. He shall hold his office during the term of four years, and, together with the vice-president, chosen for the same term, be elected, as follows:—

Each state shall appoint, in such manner as the legislature thereof may direct, a number of electors, equal to the whole number of senators and representatives to which the state may be entitled in the congress: but no senator or representative, or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States, shall be appointed an elector.

[The electors shall meet in their respective states, and vote by ballot for two persons, of whom one at least shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves. And they shall make a list of all the persons voted for, and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of the govern-

ment of the United States, directed to the president of the The president of the senate shall, in the presence of the senate and house of representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted. The person naving the greatest number of votes shall be the president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if there be more than one who have such majority, and have an equal number of votes, then the house of representatives shall immediately choose by ballot one of them for president; and if no person have a majority, then from the five highest on the list the said house shall in like manner choose the president. But in choosing the president the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from twothirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice. In every case, after the choice of the president, the person having the greatest number of votes of the electors shall be the vice-president. there should remain two or more who have equal votes, the senate shall choose from them by ballot the vice-president.

The congress may determine the time of choosing the electors, and the day on which they shall give their votes; which day shall be the same throughout the United States.

No person except a natural born citizen, or a citizen of the United States, at the time of the adoption of this constitution, shall be eligible to the office of president; neither shall any person be eligible to that office who shall not have attained to the age of thirty-five years, and been fourteen years a resident within the United States,

In case of the removal of the president from office, or of his death, resignation, or inability to discharge the powers and duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on the vice-president, and the congress may by law provide for the case of removal, death, resignation, or inability, both of the president and vice-president, declaring what officer shall then act as president, and such officer shall act accordingly, until the disability be removed, or a president shall be elected.

The president shall, at stated times, receive for his services, a compensation, which shall neither be increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected, and he shall not receive within that period any other emolument from the United States, or any of them.

Before he enter on the execution of his office, he shall take the following oath or affirmation:—

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the office of president of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, preserve, protect and defend the constitution of the United States,"

SECT. 2. The president shall be commander-in-chief of the army and navy of the United States, and of the militia of the several states, when called into the actual service of the United States; he may require the opinion, in writing, of the principal officer in each of the executive departments, upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices, and he shall have power to grant reprieves and pardons for offences against the United States, except in cases of impeachment.

He shall have power, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the senate, shall appoint ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, judges of the supreme court, and all other officers of the United States, whose appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by law: but the congress may by law vest the appointment of such inferior officers, as they think proper, in the president alone, in the courts of law, or in the heads of departments.

The president shall have power to fill up all vacancies that may happen during the recess of the senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session.

- Sect. 3. He shall from time to time give to the congress information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; he may, on extraordinary occasions, convene both houses, or either of them, and in case of disagreement between them, with respect to the time of adjournment, he may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper; he shall receive ambassadors and other public ministers; he shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed, and shall commission all the officers of the United States.
- SECT. 4. The president, vice-president, and all civil officers of the United States, shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of, treason, bribery, or other high crimes and misdemeanors.

ARTICLE III.

- SECTION 1. The judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one supreme court, and in such inferior courts as the congress may from time to time ordain and establish. The judges, both of the supreme and inferior courts, shall hold their offices during good behavior, and shall, at stated times, receive for their services, a compensation, which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.
- SECT. 2. The judicial power shall extend to all cases, in law and equity, arising under this constitution, the laws of the United States, and treaties made, or which shall be made, under their authority;—to all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers, and consuls;—to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction;—to controversies to

which the United States shall be a party; — to controversies between two or more states; — between a state and citizens of another state; — between citizens of different states; — between citizens of the same state claiming lands under grants of different states, and between a state, or the citizens thereof, and foreign states, citizens or subjects.

In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, and those in which a state shall be a party, the supreme court shall have original jurisdiction. In all the other cases before mentioned, the supreme court shall have appellate jurisdiction, both as to law and fact, with such exceptions, and under such regulations as the congress shall make.

The trial of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury; and such trial shall be held in the state where the said crimes shall have been committed; but when not committed within any state, the trial shall be at such place or places as the congress may by law have directed.

SECT. 3. Treason against the United States, shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

The congress shall have power to declare the punishment of treason, but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood, or forfeiture except during the life of the person attainted.

ARTICLE IV.

SECTION 1. Full faith and credit shall be given in each state to the public acts, records, and judicial proceedings of every other state. And the congress may by general laws prescribe the manner in which such acts, records and proceedings shall be proved, and the effect thereof.

SECT. 2. The citizens of each state shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in the several states.

A person charged in any state with treason, felony, or other crime, who shall flee from justice, and be found in another state, shall, on demand of the executive authority of the state from which he fled, be delivered up to be removed to the state having jurisdiction of the crime.

No person held to service or labor in one state, under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labor, but shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such service or labor may be due.

SECT. 3. New states may be admitted by the congress into this Union; but no new state shall be formed or erected within the jurisdiction of any other state; nor any state be formed by the junction of two or more states, or parts of states, without the consent of the legislatures of the states concerned as well as of the congress.

The congress shall have power to dispose of and make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territory or other property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this constitution shall be so construed as to prejudice any claims of the United States, or of any particular state.

SECT. 4. The United States shall guarantee to every state in this Union a republican form of government, and shall protect each of them against invasion, and on application of the legislature, or of the executive (when the legislature cannot be convened) against domestic violence.

ARTICLE V.

The congress, whenever two-thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this constitution, or, on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states, shall call a convention for pro-

posing amendments, which, in either case, shall be valid to all intents and purposes, as part of this constitution, when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states, or by conventions in three-fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by congress; provided that no amendment which may be made prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight shall in any manner affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no state, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the senate.

ARTICLE VI.

All debts contracted and engagements entered into, before the adoption of this constitution, shall be as valid against the United States under this constitution, as under the confederation.

This constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof; and all treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges in every state shall be bound thereby, any thing in the constitution or laws of any state to the contrary not-withstanding.

The senators and representatives before mentioned, and the members of the several state legislatures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several states, shall be bound by oath or affirmation, to support this constitution; but no religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States.

ARTICLE VII.

The ratification of the conventions of nine states, shall be sufficient for the establishment of this constitution between the states so ratifying the same.

ARTICLES

IN ADDITION TO, AND AMENDMENT OF,

The constitution of the United States of America, proposed by congress, and ratified by the legislatures of the several states, pursuant to the fifth article of the original constitution.

- ARTICLE I. Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the government for a redress of grievances.
- ART. II. A well regulated militia, being necessary to the security of a free state, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed.
- ART. III. No soldier shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any house, without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.
- ART. IV. The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.
- ART. V. No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia, when in actual service in time of war or public danger; nor shall any person be

subject for the same offence to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use, without just compensation.

ART. VI. In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the state and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the assistance of counsel for his defence.

ART. VII. In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact tried by a jury shall be otherwise re-examined in any court of the United States, than according to the rules of the common law.

ART. VIII. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

ART. IX. The enumeration in the constitution, of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

ART. X. The powers not delegated to the United States by the constitution, nor profibited by it to the states, are reserved to the states respectively, or to the people.

ART. XI. The judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity, compenced or prosecuted against one of the United States by

citizens of another state, or by citizens or subjects of any foreign state.

ART. XII. The electors shall meet in their respective states, and vote by ballot for president and vice president, one of whom, at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the person voted for as president, and in distinct ballots the person voted for as vice-president, and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as president, and of all persons voted for as vice-president, and of the number of votes for each, which lists they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the president of the senate; - the president of the senate shall, in presence of the senate and house of representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted; - the person having the greatest number of votes for president, shall be the president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers not exceeding three on the list of those voted for as president, the house of representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the president. But in choosing the president, the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice. And if the house of representatives shall not choose a president whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them. before the fourth day of March next following, then the vice-president shall act as president, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the president,

The person having the greatest number of votes as vicepresident, shall be the vice-president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed, and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list, the senate shall choose the vice-president; a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice.

But no person constitutionally ineligible to the office of president shall be eligible to that of vice-president of the United States.

ART. XIII. SECT. 1. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

SECT. 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

ART. XIV. SECT. 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and of the state wherein they reside. No state shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any state deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

SECT. 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several states according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each state, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for president and vice-president of the United States, representatives in congress, the executive and judicial officers of a state, or the members of the legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such state, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole

number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such state

SECT. 3. No person shall be a senator, or representative in congress, or elector of president and vice-president, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any state, who, having previously taken an oath, as a member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any state legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any state, to support the constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof. But congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each house, remove such disability.

SECT. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned.

But neither the United States, nor any state, shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held illegal and void.

SECT. 5. The congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

ART. XV. Sect. 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States, or by any state, on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude.

SECT. 2. The congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

[Note. The constitution was adopted September 17, 1787, by the ananimous consent of the states present in the convention appointed in pursuance of the resolution of the congress of the confederation of February 21, 1787, and was ratified by the conventions of the several states, as follows, viz.: By convention of *Delaware*, December 7, 1787;

Pennsylvania, December 12, 1787; New Jersey, December 18, 1787; Georgia, January 2, 1788; Connecticut, January 9, 1788; Massachusetts, February 6, 1788; Maryland, April 28, 1788; South Carolina, May 23, 1788; New Hampshire, June 21, 1788; Virginia, June 26, 1788; New York, July 26, 1788; North Carolina, November 21, 1789; Rhode Island, May 29, 1790.

The first con of the amendments were proposed at the first session of the first congress of the United States, September 25, 1789, and were finally ratified by the constitutional number of states on December 15, 1791. The eleventh amendment was proposed at the first session of the third congress, March 5, 1794, and was declared in a message from the President of the United States to both houses of congress, dated January 8, 1798, to have been adopted by the constitutional number of states. The twelfth amendment was proposed at the first session of the eighth congress, December 12, 1803, and was adopted by the constitutional number of states in 1804, according to a 1 ublic notice thereof by the secretary of state, dated September 25 of the same year.

The thirteenth amendment was proposed to the legislatures of the several states by the thirty-eighth congress on February 1, 1865, and was declared, in a proclamation of the secretary of state, dated December 18, 1865, to have been ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the states.

The fourteenth amendment was proposed to the legislatures of the several states by the thirty-ninth congress, on June 16, 1866.

On July 20, 1868, the secretary of state of the United States issued his certificate, setting out that it appeared by official documents on file in the department of state that said amendment had been ratified by the legislatures of the states of Connecticut, New Hampshire, Tennessee, New Jersey, Oregon, Vermont, New York, Ohio, Illinois, West Virginia, Kansas, Maine, Nevada, Missouri, Indiana, Minnesota, Rhode Island, Wisconsin, Pennsylvania, Michigan, Massachusetts, Nebraska, and Iowa, and by newly established bodies avowing themselves to be and acting as the legislatures of the states of Arkansas, Florida, North Carolina, Louisiana, South Carolina, and Alabama; that the legislatures of Ohio and New Jersey had since passed resolutions withdrawing the consent of those states to said amendment; that the whole number of states in the United States was thirty-seven, that the twenty-three states first above named and the six states next above named together, constituted three-fourths of the whole number of states, and certifying that if the resolutions of Ohio and New Jersey, ratifying said amendment were still in force, notwithstanding their subsequent resolutions, then said amendment had been ratified and so become valid as part of the constitution.

On July 21, 1868, congress passed a resolution reciting that the amendment had been ratified by Connecticut, Tennessee, New Jersey, Oregon, Vermont, West Virginia, Kansas, Missouri, Indiana, Ohio, Illinois, Minnesota. New York, Wisconsin, Pennsylvania. Rhode Island, Michigan, Nevada, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Nebraska, Maine, Iowa, Arkansas, Florida, North Carolina, Alabama, South Carolina and Louisiana, being three-fourths of the several states of the Union, and declaring said fourteenth article to be a part of the constitution of the United States and making it the duty of the secretary of state to duly promulgate it as such.

On July 28, 1868, the secretary of state issued his certificate, reciting the above resolution, and stating that official notice had been received at the department of state that action had been taken by the legislatures of the states in relation to said amendment, as follows: "It was ratified in A.D. 1866, by Connecticut, June 30; New Hampshire, July 7; Tennessee, July 19; Oregon. September 19: Vermont, November 9. In A.D. 1867, by New York, January 10; Illinois, January 15; West Virginia, January 16; Kansas, January 18; Maine, January 19; Nevada, January 22; Missouri, January 26; Indiana, January 29; Minnesota, February 1; Rhode Island, February 7; Wisconsin, February 13; Pennsylvania. February 13; Michigan, February 15; Massachusetts, March 20; Nebraska, June 15. In A.D. 1868, by Iowa, April 3; Arkansas, April 6; Florida, June 9; Louisiana, July 9; and Alabama, July 13.

"It was first ratified and the ratification subsequently withdrawn by *New Jersey*, ratified September 11, 1866, withdrawn April, 1868; *Ohio*, ratified January 11, 1867, and withdrawn January, 1868.

"It was first rejected and then ratified by *Georgia*, rejected November 13, 1866, ratified July 21, 1868; *North Carolina*, rejected December 4, 1866, ratified July 4, 1868; *South Carolina*, rejected December 20, 1866, and ratified July 9, 1868.

"It was rejected by *Texas*, November 1, 1866; *Virginia*, January 9, 1867; *Kentucky*, January 10, 1867; *Delaware*, February 7, 1867; and *Maryland*, March 23, 1867."

And on said July 28, 1868, and in execution of the act proposing the amendment and of the concurrent resolution of congress above men tioned and in pursuance thereof, the secretary of state directed that said amendment to the constitution be published in the newspapers authorized to promulgate the laws of the United States, and certified that it had been adopted in the manner above specified by the states named in said resolution, and that it "has become valid to all intents and purposes as a part of the constitution of the United States."

Subsequently it was ratified by Virginia, October 8,1869, by Georgia, again, February 2, 1870, and by Texas, February 18, 1870.

The fifteenth amendment was proposed to the legislatures of the several states by the fortieth congress on February 27, 1869, and was declared, in a proclamation of the secretary of state, dated March 30 1870, to have been ratified by th `constitutional number of states and to have "become valid to all intents and purposes as part of the constitution of the United States."]

CONSTITUTION

OR

FORM OF GOVERNMENT

FOR THE

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

PREAMBLE.

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PREAMBLE.

THE end of the institution, maintenance, and administration of government, is to secure the existence of the body politic, to protect it, and to furnish the individuals who compose it with the power of enjoying in safety and tranquillity their natural rights, and the blessings of life: and whenever these great objects are not obtained, the people have a right to alter the government, and to take measures necessary for their safety, prosperity, and happiness.

The body politic is formed by a voluntary association of individuals: it is a social compact, by which the whole people covenants with each citizen, and each citizen with the whole people, that all shall be governed by certain Iaws for the common good. It is the duty of the people, therefore, in framing a constitution of government, to provide for an equitable mode of making laws, as well as for an impartial interpretation and a faithful execution of them; that every man may, at all times, find his security in them.

We, therefore, the people of Massachusetts, acknowledging, with grateful hearts, the goodness of the great Legislator of the universe, in affording us, in the course of His providence, an opportunity, deliberately and peaceably, without fraud, violence, or surprise, of entering into an original, explicit, and solemn compact with each other; and

of forming a new constitution of civil government, for ourselves and posterity; and devoutly imploring His direction in so interesting a design, do agree upon, ordain, and establish, the following *Declaration of Rights, and Frame of Government*, as the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

PART THE FIRST.

A Declaration of the Rights of the Inhabitants of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

ARTICLE I. All men are born free and equal, and have certain natural, essential, and unalienable rights; among which may be reckoned the right of enjoying and defending their lives and liberties; that of acquiring, possessing, and protecting property; in fine, that of seeking and obtaining their safety and happiness.

ART. II. It is the right as well as the duty of all men in society, publicly, and at stated seasons, to worship the Supreme Being, the great Creator and Preserver of the universe. And no subject shall be hurt, molested, or restrained, in his person, liberty, or estate, for worshipping God in the manner and season most agreeable to the dictates of his own conscience; or for his religious profession or sentiments; provided he doth not disturb the public peace, or obstruct others in their religious worship.

ART. III. [As the happiness of a people, and the good order, and preservation of civil government, essentially depend upon piety, religion, and morality; and as these cannot be generally diffused through a community but by the institution of the public worship of God, and of public instructions in piety, religion, and morality: Therefore, to promote their happiness, and to secure the good order and preserva-

tion of their government, the people of this commonwealth have a right to invest their legislature with power to authorize and require, and the legislature shall, from time to time, authorize and require, the several towns, parishes, precincts, and other bodies politic, or religious societies, to make suitable provision, at their own expense, for the institution of the public worship of God, and for the support and maintenance of public Protestant teachers of piety, religion, and morality, in all cases where such provision shall not be made voluntarily. [See Amendment, Article XI.]

And the people of this commonwealth have also a right to, and do, invest their legislature with authority to enjoin upon all the subjects an attendance upon the instructions of the public teachers aforesaid, at stated times and seasons, if there be any on whose instructions they can conscientiously and conveniently attend.

Provided, notwithstanding, that the several towns, parishes, precincts, and other bodies politic, or religious societies, shall, at all times, have the exclusive right of electing their public teachers, and of contracting with them for their support and maintenance.

And all moneys paid by the subject to the support of public worship, and of the public teachers aforesaid, shall, if he require it, be uniformly applied to the support of the public teacher or teachers of his own religious sect or denomination, provided there be any on whose instructions he attends; otherwise it may be paid towards the support of the teacher or teachers of the parish or precinct in which the said moneys are raised.

And every denomination of Christians, demeaning themselves peaceably, and as good subjects of the commonwealth, shall be equally under the protection of the law: and no subordination of any one sect or denomination to another shall ever be established by law.]

ART. IV. The people of this commonwealth have the sole and exclusive right of governing themselves, as a free, sove-

reign, and independent state; and do, and forever hereafter shall, exercise and enjoy every power, jurisdiction, and right, which is not, or may not hereafter be, by them expressly delegated to the United States of America, in Congress assembled.

- ART. V. All power residing originally in the people, and being derived from them, the several magistrates and officers of government, vested with authority, whether legislative, executive, or judicial, are their substitutes and agents, and are at all times accountable to them.
- ART. VI. No man, nor corporation, or association of men, have any other title to obtain advantages, or particular and exclusive privileges, distinct from those of the community, than what arises from the consideration of services rendered to the public; and this title being in nature neither hereditary, nor transmissible to children, or descendants, or relations by blood, the idea of a man born a magistrate, law-giver, or judge, is absurd and unnatural.
- ART. VII. Government is instituted for the common good; for the protection, safety, prosperity, and happiness of the people; and not for the profit, honor, or private interest of any one man, family, or class of men: Therefore the people alone have an incontestible, unalienable, and indefeasible right to institute government; and to reform, alter, or totally change the same, when their protection, safety, prosperity, and happiness require it.
- ART. VIII. In order to prevent those who are vested with authority from becoming oppressors, the people have a right, at such periods and in such manner as they shall establish by their frame of government, to cause their public officers to return to private life; and to fill up vacant places by certain and regular elections and appointments.

ART. IX. All elections ought to be free; and all the inhabitants of this commonwealth, having such qualifications as they shall establish by their frame of government, have an equal right to elect officers, and to be elected, for public employments.

ART. X. Each individual of the society has a right to be protected by it in the enjoyment of his life, liberty, and property, according to standing laws. He is obliged, consequently, to contribute his share to the expense of this protection; to give his personal service, or an equivalent, when necessary: but no part of the property of any individual can, with justice, be taken from him, or applied to public uses, without his own consent, or that of the representative body of the people. In fine, the people of this commonwealth are not controllable by any other laws than those to which their constitutional representative body have given their consent. And whenever the public exigencies require that the property of any individual should be appropriated to public uses, he shall receive a reasonable compensation therefor.

ART. XI. Every subject of the commonwealth ought to find a certain remedy, by having recourse to the laws, for all injuries or wrongs which he may receive in his person, property, or character. He ought to obtain right and justice freely, and without being obliged to purchase it; completely, and without any denial; promptly, and without delay; comformably to the laws.

ART. XII. No subject shall be held to answer for any crimes or offence, until the same is fully and plainly, substantially, and formally, described to him; or be compelled to accuse, or furnish evidence against himself. And every subject shall have a right to produce all proofs that may be favorable to him; to meet the witnesses against him face to face, and to be fully heard in his defence by himself, or his coun-

sel, at his election. And no subject shall be arrested, imprisoned, despoiled, or deprived of his property, immunities, or privileges, put out of the protection of the law, exiled, or deprived of his life, liberty, or estate, but by the judgment of his peers, or the law of the land.

And the legislature shall not make any law that shall subject any person to a capital or infamous punishment, excepting for the government of the army and navy, without trial by jury.

ART. XIII. In criminal prosecutions, the verification of facts in the vicinity where they happen, is one of the greatest securities of the life, liberty, and property of the citizen.

ART. XIV. Every subject has a right to be secure from all unreasonable searches, and seizures, of his person, his houses, his papers, and all his possessions. All warrants, therefore, are contrary to this right, if the cause or foundation of them be not previously supported by oath or affirmation, and if the order in the warrant to a civil officer, to make search in suspected places, or to arrest one or more suspected persons, or to seize their property, be not accompanied with a special designation of the persons or objects of search, arrest, or seizure; and no warrant ought to be issued but in cases, and with the formalities prescribed by the laws.

ART. XV. In all controversies concerning property, and in all suits between two or more persons, except in cases in which it has heretofore been otherways used and practised, the parties have a right to a trial by jury: and this method of procedure shall be held sacred, unless, in causes arising on the high seas, and such as relate to mariners' wages, the legislature shall hereafter find it necessary to alter it.

ART. XVI. The liberty of the press is essential to the security of freedom in a state: it ought not, therefore, to be restrained in this commonwealth.

- ART. XVII. The people have a right to keep and to bear arms for the common defence. And as, in time of peace, armies are dangerous to liberty, they ought not to be maintained without the consent of the legislature; and the military power shall always be held in an exact subordination to the civil authority, and be governed by it.
- ART. XVIII. A frequent recurrence to the fundamental principles of the constitution, and a constant adherence to those of piety, justice, moderation, temperance, industry, and frugality, are absolutely necessary to preserve the advantages of liberty, and to maintain a free government. The people ought, consequently, to have a particular attention to all those principles, in the choice of their officers and representatives: and they have a right to require of their lawgivers and magistrates an exact and constant observance of them, in the formation and execution of the laws necessary for the good administration of the commonwealth.
- ART. XIX. The people have a right, in an orderly and peaceable manner, to assemble to consult upon the common good; give instructions to their representatives, and to request of the legislative body, by the way of addresses, petitions, or remonstrances, redress of the wrongs done them, and of the grievances they suffer.
- ART. XX. The power of suspending the laws, or the execution of the laws, ought never to be exercised but by the legislature, or by authority derived from it, to be exercised in such particular cases only as the legislature shall expressly provide for.
- ART. XXI. The freedom of deliberation, speech, and debate in either house of the legislature, is so essential to the rights of the people, that it cannot be the foundation of any accusation or prosecution, action or complaint, in any other court or place whatsoever.

- ART. XXII. The legislature ought frequently to assemble for the redress of grievances, for correcting, strengthening, and confirming the laws, and for making new laws, as the common good may require.
- ART. XXIII. No subsidy, charge, tax, impost, or duties ought to be established, fixed, laid, or levied, under any pretext whatsoever, without the consent of the people or their representatives in the legislature.
- ART. XXIV. Laws made to punish for actions done before the existence of such laws, and which have not been declared crimes by preceding laws, are unjust, oppressive, and inconsistent with the fundamental principles of a free government.
- ART. XXV. No subject ought, in any case, or in any time, to be declared guilty of treason or felony by the legislature.
- ART. XXVI. No magistrate or court of law shall demand excessive bail or sureties, impose excessive fines, or inflict cruel or unusual punishments.
- ART. XXVII. In time of peace, no soldier ought to be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner; and in time of war, such quarters ought not to be made but by the civil magistrate, in a manner ordained by the legislature.
- ART. XXVIII. No person can in any case be subject to law-martial, or to any penalties or pains, by virtue of that law, except those employed in the army or navy, and except the militia in actual service, but by authority of the legislature.
 - ART. XXIX. It is essential to the preservation of the

rights of every individual, his life, liberty, property, and character, that there be an impartial interpretation of the laws, and administration of justice. It is the right of every citizen to be tried by judges as free, impartial, and independent as the lot of humanity will admit. It is, therefore, not only the best policy, but for the security of the rights of the people, and of every citizen, that the judges of the supreme judicial court should hold their offices as long as they behave themselves well; and that they should have honorable salaries ascertained and established by standing laws.

ART. XXX. In the government of this commonwealth, the legislative department shall never exercise the executive and judicial powers, or either of them: the executive shall never exercise the legislative and judicial powers, or either of them: the judicial shall never exercise the legislative and executive powers, or either of them: to the end it may be a government of laws and not of men.

PART THE SECOND.

The Frame of Government.

The people, inhabiting the territory formerly called the Province of Massachusetts Bay, do hereby solemnly and mutually agree with each other, to form themselves into a free, sovereign, and independent body politic, or state, by the name of The Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

CHAPTER I.

THE LEGISLATIVE POWER.

SECTION I.

The General Court.

ARTICLE I. The department of legislation shall be formed by two branches, a Senate and House of Representatives; each of which shall have a negative on the other.

The legislative body shall assemble every year [on the last Wednesday in May, and at such other times as they shall judge necessary; and shall dissolve and be dissolved on the day next preceding the said last Wednesday in May;] and shall be styled, THE GENERAL COURT OF MASSACHUSETTS. (See Amendments, Article X.)

ART. II. No bill or resolve of the senate or house of representatives shall become a law, and have force as such until it shall have been laid before the governor for his revisal; and if he, upon such revision, approve thereof, he shall signify his approbation by signing the same. But if he have any objection to the passing of such bill or resolve, he shall return the same, together with his objections thereto, in

writing, to the senate or house of representatives, in whichsoever the same shall have originated; who shall enter the
objections sent down by the governor, at large, on their
records, and proceed to reconsider the said bill or resolve.
But if after such reconsideration, two-thirds of the said
senate or house of representatives, shall, notwithstanding
the said objections, agree to pass the same, it shall, together
with the objections, be sent to the other branch of the legislature, where it shall also be reconsidered, and if approved
by two-thirds of the members present, shall have the force
of a law; but in all such cases, the votes of both houses
shall be determined by yeas and nays; and the names of
the persons voting for, or against, the said bill or resolve,
shall be entered upon the public records of the commonwealth.

And in order to prevent unnecessary delays, if any bill or resolve shall not be returned by the governor within five days after it shall have been presented, the same shall have the force of a law.

ART, III. The general court shall forever have full power and authority to erect and constitute judicatories and courts of record, or other courts, to be held in the name of the commonwealth, for the hearing, trying, and determining of all manner of crimes, offences, pleas, processes, plaints, actions, matters, causes, and things, whatsoever, arising or happening within the commonwealth, or between or concerning persons inhabiting, or residing, or brought within the same: whether the same be criminal or civil, or whether the said crimes be capital or not capital, and whether the said pleas be real, personal, or mixed; and for the awarding and making out of execution thereupon. To which courts and judicatories are hereby given and granted full power and authority, from time to time, to administer oaths or affirmations, for the better discovery of truth in any matter in controversy or depending before them.

ART. IV. And further, full power and authority are hereby given and granted to the said general court, from time to time to make, ordain, and establish, all manner of wholesome and reasonable orders, laws, statutes, and ordinances, directions and instructions, either with penalties or without; so as the same be not repugnant or contrary to this constitution, as they shall judge to be for the good and welfare of this commonwealth, and for the government and ordering thereof, and of the subjects of the same, and for the necessary support and defence of the government thereof; and to name and settle annually, or provide by fixed laws for the naming and settling, all civil officers within the said commonwealth, the election and constitution of whom are not hereafter in this form of government otherwise provided for; and to set forth the several duties, powers, and limits, of the several civil and military officers of this commonwealth, and the forms of such oaths or affirmations as shall be respectively administered unto them for the execution of their several offices and places, so as the same be not repugnant or contrary to this constitution; and to impose and levy proportional and reasonable assessments. rates, and taxes, upon all the inhabitants of, and persons resident, and estates lying, within the said commonwealth, and also to impose and levy reasonable duties and excises upon any produce, goods, wares, merchandise, and commodities, whatsoever, brought into, produced, manufactured, or being within the same; to be issued and disposed of by warrant, under the hand of the governor of this commonwealth for the time being, with the advice and consent of the council, for the public service, in the necessary defence and support of the government of the said commonwealth, and the protection and preservation of the subjects thereof, according to such acts as are or shall be in force within the same.

And while the public charges of government, or any part thereof, shall be assessed on polls and estates, in the manner that has hitherto been practised, in order that such assessments may be made with equality, there shall be a valuation of estates within the commonwealth, taken anew once in every ten years at least, and as much oftener as the general court shall order. [See Amendments, Article II.

CHAPTER I.

SECTION II.

Senate.

ARTICLE I. [There shall be annually elected, by the freeholders and other inhabitants of this commonwealth, qualified as in this constitution is provided, forty persons to be councillors and senators for the year ensuing their election; to be chosen by the inhabitants of the districts into which the commonwealth may from time to time be divided by the general court for that purpose: and the general court, in assigning the numbers to be elected by the respective districts, shall govern themselves by the proportion of the public taxes paid by the said districts; and timely make known to the inhabitants of the commonwealth the limits of each district, and the number of councillors and senators to be chosen therein; provided, that the number of such districts shall never be less than thirteen; and that no district be so large as to entitle the same to choose more than six senators. [See Amendments, Articles XIII., XVI., [.IIXX

And the several counties in this commonwealth shall, until the general court shall determine it necessary to alter the said districts, be districts for the choice of councillors and senators, (except that the counties of Dukes County and Nantucket shall form one district for that purpose) and shall elect the following number for councillors and senators, viz.:—Suffolk, six; Essex, six; Middlesex, five;

Hampshire, four; Plymouth, three; Barnstable, one; Bristol, three; York, two: Dukes County and Nantucket, one; Worcester, five; Cumberland, one; Lincoln, one; Berkshire, two.]

ART. II. The senate shall be the first branch of the legislature; and the senators shall be chosen in the following manner, viz.: there shall be a meeting on the first Monday in April, annually, forever, of the inhabitants of each town in the several counties of this commonwealth; to be called by the selectmen, and warned in due course of law, at least seven days before the [first Monday in April,] for the purpose of electing persons to be senators and councillors: [and at such meetings every male inhabitant of twenty-one years of age and upwards, having a freehold estate within the commonwealth, of the annual income of three pounds, or any estate of the value of sixty pounds, shall have a right to give in his vote for the senators for the district of which he is an inhabitant.] And to remove all doubts concerning the meaning of the word "inhabitant" in this constitution, every person shall be considered as an inhabitant, for the purpose of electing and being elected into any office, or place within this state, in that town, district, or plantation where he dwelleth, or hath his home. [See Amendments, Articles II., III., X., XV., XX., XXVI., XXVIII.]

The selectmen of the several towns shall preside at such meetings impartially; and shall receive the votes of all the inhabitants of such towns present and qualified to vote for senators, and shall sort and count them in open town meeting, and in presence of the town clerk, who shall make a fair record, in presence of the selectmen, and in open town meeting, of the name of every person voted for, and of the number of votes against his name: and a fair copy of this record shall be attested by the selectmen and the town clerk, and shall be sealed up, directed to the secretary of the commonwealth for the time being, with a superscription, expressing the purport of the contents thereof, and delivered by the

town clerk of such towns, to the sheriff of the county in which such town lies, thirty days at least before [the last Wednesday in May] annually; or it shall be delivered in the secretary's office seventeen days at least before the said [last Wednesday in May:] and the sheriff of each county shall deliver all such certificates by him received, into the secretary's office, seventeen days before the said [last Wednesday in May.] [See Amendments, Articles II., X.]

And the inhabitants of plantations unincorporated, qualified as this constitution provides, who are or shall be empowered and required to assess taxes upon themselves toward the support of government, shall have the same privilege of voting for councillors and senators in the plantations where they reside, as town inhabitants have in their respective towns; and the plantation meetings for that purpose shall be held annually [on the same first Monday in April], at such place in the plantations, respectively, as the assessors thereof shall direct; which assessors shall have like authority for notifying the electors, collecting and returning the votes, as the selectmen and town clerks have in their several towns, by this constitution. And all other persons living in places unincorporated (qualified as aforesaid) who shall be assessed to the support of government by the assessors of an adjacent town, shall have the privilege of giving in their votes for councillors and senators in the town where they shall be assessed, and be notified of the place of meeting by the selectmen of the town where they shall be assessed for that purpose, accordingly. [See Amendments, Article XV.]

ART. III. And that there may be a due convention of sennators on the [last Wednesday in May] annually, the governor with five of the council, for the time being, shall, as soon as may be, examine the return copies of such records; and fourteen days before the said day he shall issue his summons to such persons as shall appear to be chosen by [a majority of] voters, to attend on that day, and take their seats accordingly: provided, nevertheless, that for the first year the said returned copies shall be examined by the president and five of the council of the former constitution of government; and the said president, shall, in like manner, issue his summons to the persons so elected, that they may take their seats as aforesaid. [See Amendments, Article X., XIV.]

ART. IV. The senate shall be the final judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of their own members, as pointed out in the constitution; and shall, [on the said last Wednesday in May annually, determine and declare who are elected by each district to be senators [by a majority of votes; and in case there shall not appear to be the full number of senators returned elected by a majority of votes for any district, the deficiency shall be supplied in the following manner. viz.: The members of the house of representatives, and such senators as shall be declared elected, shall take the names of such persons as shall be found to have the highest number of votes in such district, and not elected, amounting to twice the number of senators wanting, if there be so many voted for; and out of these shall elect by ballot a number of senators sufficient to fill up the vacancies in such district; and in this manner all such vacancies shall be filled up in every district of the commonwealth; and in like manner all vacancies in the senate, arising by death, removal out of the state, or otherwise, shall be supplied as soon as may be, after such vacancies shall happen. [See Amendments, Articles X., XIV., XXIV.]

ART. V. Provided, nevertheless, that no person shall be capable of being elected as a senator, [who is not seised in his own right of a freehold, within this commonwealth, of the value of three hundred pounds at least, or possessed of personal estate to the value of six hundred pounds at least, or of both to the amount of the same sum, and] who has not been an inhabitant of this commonwealth for the space of

five years immediately preceding his election, and, at the time of his election, he shall be an inhabitant in the district for which he shall be chosen. [See Amendments, Articles XIII., XXII.]

ART. VI. The senate shall have power to adjourn themselves, provided such adjournments do not exceed two days at a time.

ART. VII. The senate shall choose its own president, appoint its own officers, and determine its own rules of proceedings.

ART. VIII. The senate shall be a court with full authority to hear and determine all impeachments made by the house of representatives, against any officer or officers of the commonwealth, for misconduct and mal-administration in their offices. But previous to the trial of every impeachment the members of the senate shall respectively be sworn, truly and impartially to try and determine the charge in question, according to evidence. Their judgment, however, shall not extend further than to removal from office and disqualification to hold or enjoy any place of honor, trust, or profit, under this commonwealth: but the party so convicted shall be, nevertheless, liable to indictment, trial, judgment, and punishment, according to the laws of the land.

ART. IX. Not less than sixteen members of the senate shall constitute a quorum for doing business. [See Amendments, Article XXII.]

CHAPTER I.

SECTION III.

House of Representatives.

ARTICLE I. There shall be, in the legislature of this commonwealth, a representation of the people, annually elected, and founded upon the principle of equality.

ART. II. [And in order to provide for a representation of the citizens of this commonwealth, founded upon the principle of equality, every corporate town containing one hundred and fifty ratable polls may elect one representative; every corporate town containing three hundred and seventy-five ratable polls may elect two representatives; every corporate town containing six hundred ratable polls may elect three representatives; and proceeding in that manner, making two hundred and twenty-five ratable polls the mean increasing number for every additional representative. [See Amendments, Articles XII., XIII., XXI.]

Provided, nevertheless, that each town now incorporated, not having one hundred and fifty ratable polls, may elect one representative; but no place shall hereafter be incorporated with the privilege of electing a representative, unless there are within the same one hundred and fifty ratable polls.]

And the house of representatives shall have power from time to time to impose fines upon such towns as shall neglect to choose and return members to the same, agreeably to this constitution.

The expenses of travelling to the general assembly, and returning home, once in every session, and no more, shall be paid by the government, out of the public treasury, to every member who shall attend as seasonably as he can, in the judgment of the house, and does not depart without leave.

- ART. III. Every member of the house of representatives shall be chosen by written votes; [and, for one year at least next preceding his election, shall have been an inhabitant of, and have been seised in his own right of a freehold of the value of one hundred pounds within the town he shall be chosen to represent, or any ratable estate to the value of two hundred pounds; and he shall cease to represent the said town immediately on his ceasing to be qualified as aforesaid.] [See Amendments, Articles XIII., XXI.]
- ART. IV. [Every male person, being twenty-one years of age, and resident in any particular town in this common wealth for the space of one year next preceding, having a freehold estate within the same town of the annual income of three pounds, or any estate of the value of sixty pounds, shall have a right to vote in the choice of a representative or representatives for the said town.] [See Amendments, Articles III., XX., XXVI., XXVIII.
- ART. V. [The members of the house of representatives shall be chosen annually in the month of May, ten days at least before the last Wednesday of that month.] [See Amendments, Articles X., XV.]
- ART. VI. The house of representatives shall be the grand inquest of this commonwealth; and all impeachments made by them shall be heard and tried by the senate.
- ART. VII. All money bills shall originate in the house of representatives; but the senate may propose or concur with amendments, as on other bills.
- ART. VIII. The house of representatives shall have power to adjourn themselves; provided such adjournment shall not exceed two days at a time.
- ART. IX. [Not less than sixty members of the house of representatives shall constitute a quorum for doing business.] ISee Amendments, Article XXI.]

ART. X. The house of representatives shall be the judge of the returns, elections, and qualifications of its own members, as pointed out in the constitution; shall choose their own speaker; appoint their own officers, and settle the rules and orders of proceeding in their own house. They shall have authority to punish by imprisonment every person, not a member, who shall be guilty of disrespect to the house, by any disorderly or contemptuous behavior in its presence; or who, in the town where the general court is sitting, and during the time of its sitting, shall threaten harm to the body or estate of any of its members, for any thing said or done in the house; or who shall assault any of them therefor; or who shall assault, or arrest, any witness, or other person, ordered to attend the house, in his way in going or returning; or who shall rescue any person arrested by the order of the house.

And no member of the house of representatives shall be arrested, or held to bail on mean process, during his going unto, returning from, or his attending the general assembly.

ART. XI. The senate shall have the same powers in the like cases; and the governor and council shall have the same authority to punish in like cases: provided, that no imprisonment on the warrant or order of the governor, council, senate, or house of representatives, for either of the above described offences, be for a term exceeding thirty days.

And the senate and house of representatives may try and determine all cases where their rights and privileges are concerned, and which, by the constitution, they have authority to try and determine, by committees of their own members, or in such other way as they may respectively think best.

CHAPTER II.

EXECUTIVE POWER.

SECTION I.

Governor.

- ARTICLE 1. There shall be a supreme executive magistrate, who shall be styled THE GOVERNOR OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS; and whose title shall be HIS EXCELLENCY.
- ART. II. The governor shall be chosen annually; and no person shall be eligible to this office, unless, at the time of his election, he shall have been an inhabitant of this commonwealth for seven years next preceding; and unless he shall at the same time be seised in his own right, of a freehold, within the commonwealth, of the value of one thousand pounds; [and unless he shall declare himself to be of the Christian religion.] [See Amendments, Article VII.]
- ART. III. Those persons who shall be qualified to vote for senators and representatives within the several towns of this commonwealth shall, at a meeting to be called for that purpose, on the [first Monday of April] annually, give in their votes for a governor, to the selectmen, who shall preside at such meetings; and the town clerk, in the presence and with the assistance of the selectmen, shall, in open town meeting, sort and count the votes, and form a list of the persons voted for, with the number of votes for each person against his name; and shall make a fair record of the same in the town books, and a public declaration thereof in the said meeting; and shall, in the presence of the inhabitants, seal up copies of the said list, attested by him and the selectmen, and transmit the same to the sheriff of the county, thirty days at least before the [last Wednesday

in Mayl; and the sheriff shall transmit the same to the secretary's office, seventeen days at least before the said [last Wednesday in May]; or the selectmen may cause returns of the same to be made to the office of the secretary of the commonwealth, seventeen days at least before the said day; and the secretary shall lay the same before the senate and the house of representatives on the [last Wednesday in May], to be by them examined; and [in case of an election by a majority of all the votes returned]. the choice shall be by them declared and published; [but if no person shall have a majority of votes, the house of representatives shall, by ballot, elect two out of four persons who had the highest number of votes, if so many shall have been voted for; but, if otherwise, out of the number voted for; and make return to the senate of the two persons so elected; on which the senate shall proceed, by ballot, to elect one, who shall be declared governor.] [See Amendments, Articles II., X., XIV., XV.1

ART. IV. The governor shall have authority, from time to time, at his discretion, to assemble and call together the councillors of this commonwealth for the time being; and the governor with the said councillors, or five of them at least, shall, and may, from time to time, hold and keep a council, for the ordering and directing the affairs of the commonwealth, agreeably to the constitution and the laws of the land.

ART. V. The governor, with advice of council, shall have full power and authority, during the session of the general court, to adjourn or prorogue the same to any time the two houses shall desire; [and to dissolve the same on the day next preceding the last Wednesday in May; and, in the recess of the said court, to prorogue the same from time to time, not exceeding ninety days in any one recess;] and to call it together sooner than the time to which it may be adjourned or prorogued, if the welfare of the commonwealth shall require the same; and in case of any infectious distem-

per prevailing in the place where the said court is next at any time to convene, or any other cause happening, whereby danger may arise to the health or lives of the members from their attendance, he may direct the session to be held at some other, the most convenient place within the state. [See Amendments, Article X.]

[And the governor shall dissolve the said general court on the day next preceding the last Wednesday in May.] [See Amendments, Article X.]

ART. VI. In cases of disagreement between the two houses, with regard to the necessity, expediency, or time of adjournment or prorogation, the governor, with advice of the council, shall have a right to adjourn or prorogue the general court, not exceeding ninety days, as he shall determine the public good shall require.

ART. VII. The governor of this commonwealth, for the time being, shall be the commander-in-chief of the army and navy, and of all the military forces of the state, by sea and land; and shall have full power, by himself, or by any commander, or other officer or officers, from time to time, to train, instruct, exercise, and govern the militia and navy; and, for the special defence and safety of the commonwealth, to assemble in martial array, and put in warlike posture, the inhabitants thereof, and to lead and conduct them, and with them to encounter, repel, resist, expel, and pursue, by force of arms, as well by sea as by land, within or without the limits of this commonwealth, and also to kill, slay, and destroy, if necessary, and conquer, by all fitting ways, enterprises, and means whatsoever, all and every such person and persons as shall, at any time hereafter, in a hostile manner, attempt or enterprise the destruction, invasion, detriment, or annovance of this commonwealth; and to use and exercise, over the army and navy, and over the militia in actual service, the law-martial, in time of war or invasion, and also in time of rebellion, declared by the legislature to exist, as occasion shall necessarily require; and to take and surprise, by all ways and means whatsoever, all and every such person or persons, with their ships, arms, ammunition, and other goods, as shall, in a hostile manner, invade, or attempt the invading, conquering, or annoying this commonwealth; and that the governor be intrusted with all these and other powers, incident to the offices of captain-general and commander-in-chief, and admiral, to be exercised agreeably to the rules and regulations of the constitution, and the laws of the land, and not otherwise.

Provided, that the said governor shall not, at any time hereafter, by virtue of any power by this constitution granted, or hereafter to be granted to him by the legislature, transport any of the inhabitants of this commonwealth, or oblige them to march out of the limits of the same, without their free and voluntary consent, or the consent of the general court; except so far as may be necessary to march or transport them by land or water, for the defence of such part of the state to which they cannot otherwise conveniently have access.

ART. VIII. The power of pardoning offences, except such as persons may be convicted of before the senate by an impeachment of the house, shall be in the governor, by and with the advice of council; but no charter of pardon, granted by the governor, with advice of the council before conviction, shall avail the party pleading the same, notwithstanding any general or particular expressions contained therein, descriptive of the offence or offences intended to be pardoned.

ART. IX. All judicial officers, [the attorney-general,] the solicitor-general, [all sheriffs,] coroners, [and registers of probate,] shall be nominated and appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the council; and every such nomination shall be made by the governor, and

made at least seven days prior to such appointment. [See Amendments, Articles IV., XVII., XIX.]

ART. X. The captains and subalterns of the militia shall be elected by the written votes of the train-band and alarm list of their respective companies, [of twenty-one years of age and upward;] the field officers of regiments shall be elected by the written votes of the captains and subalterns of their respective regiments; the brigadiers shall be elected, in like manner, by the field officers of their respective brigades; and such officers, so elected, shall be commissioned by the governor, who shall determine their rank. [See Amendments, Article V.]

The legislature shall, by standing laws, direct the time and manner of convening the electors, and of collecting votes, and of certifying to the governor the officers elected.

The major-generals shall be appointed by the senate and house of representatives, each having a negative upon the other; and be commissioned by the governor. [See Amendments, Article IV.]

And if the electors of brigadiers, field officers, captains or subalterns, shall neglect or refuse to make such elections, after being duly notified, according to the laws for the time being, then the governor, with advice of council, shall appoint suitable persons to fill such offices.

[And no officer, duly commissioned to command in the militia, shall be removed from his office, but by the address of both houses to the governor, or by fair trial in court-martial, pursuant to the laws of the commonwealth for the time being]. [See Amendments, Article IV.]

The commanding officers of regiments shall appoint their adjutants and quartermasters; the brigadiers their brigademajors; and the major-generals their aids; and the governor shall appoint the adjutant-general.

The governor, with advice of council, shall appoint all officers of the continental army, whom by the confede-

ration of the United States it is provided that this commonwealth shall appoint, as also all officers of forts and garrisons.

The divisions of the militia into brigades, regiments, and companies, made in pursuance of the militia laws now in force, shall be considered as the proper divisions of the militia of this commonwealth, until the same shall be altered in pursuance of some future law.

ART. XI. No moneys shall be issued out of the treasury of this commonwealth, and disposed of (except such sums as may be appropriated for the recemption of bills of credit or treasurer's notes, or for the payment of interest arising thereon) but by warrant under the hand of the governor for the time being, with the advice and consent of the council, for the necessary defence and support of the commonwealth; and for the protection and preservation of the inhabitants thereof, agreeably to the acts and resolves of the general court.

ART. XII. All public boards, the commissary-general, all superintending officers of public magazines and stores, belonging to this commonwealth, and all commanding officers of forts and garrisons within the same, shall once in every three months, officially, and without requisition, and at other times, when required by the governor, deliver to him an account of all goods, stores, provisions, ammunition, cannon with their appendages, and small arms with their accoutrements, and of all other public property whatever under their care respectively; distinguishing the quantity. number, quality and kind of each, as particularly as may be; together with the condition of such forts and garrisons: and the said commanding officers shall exhibit to the governor, when required by him, true and exact plans of such forts, and of the land and sea or harbor or harbors, adiacent.

And the said boards, and all public officers, shall commu-

nicate to the governor, as soon as may be after receiving the same, all letters, despatches, and intelligences of a public nature, which shall be directed to them respectively.

ART. XIII. As the public good requires that the governor should not be under the undue influence of any of the members of the general court by a dependence on them for his support, that he should in all cases act with freedom for the benefit of the public, that he should not have his attention necessarily diverted from that object to his private concerns, and that he should maintain the dignity of the commonwealth in the character of its chief magistrate, it is necessary that he should have an honorable stated salary, of a fixed and permanent value, amply sufficient for those purposes, and established by standing laws: and it shall be among the first acts of the general court, after the commencement of this constitution, to establish such salary by law accordingly.

Permanent and honorable salaries shall also be established by law for the justices of the supreme judicial court.

And if it shall be found that any of the salaries aforesaid, so established, are insufficient, they shall, from time to time, be enlarged, as the general court shall judge proper.

CHAPTER II.

SECTION II.

Lieutenant-Governor.

ARTICLE I. There shall be annually elected a lieutenant-governor of the commonwealth of Massachusetts, whose title shall be—His HONOR; and who shall be qualified, in point of [religion,] property, and residence in the commonwealth, in the same manner with the governor; and the day and manner of his election, and the qualifications of the elect-

ors, shall be the same as are required in the election of a governor. The return of the votes for this officer, and the declaration of his election, shall be in the same manner; [and if no one person shall be found to have a majority of all the votes returned, the vacancy shall be filled by the senate and house of representatives, in the same manner as the governor is to be elected, in case no one person shall have a majority of the votes of the people to be governor.] [See Amendments, Articles VII., XIV.]

- ART. II. The governor, and in his absence the lieutenant-governor, shall be president of the council, but shall have no vote in council; and the lieutenant-governor shall always be a member of the council, except when the chair of the governor shall be vacant.
- ART. III. Whenever the chair of the governor shall be vacant, by reason of his death, or absence from the commonwealth, or otherwise, the lieutenant-governor, for the time being, shall, during such vacancy, perform all the duties incumbent upon the governor, and shall have and exercise all the powers and authorities, which by this constitution the governor is vested with, when personally present.

CHAPTER II.

SECTION III.

Council, and the Manner of settling Elections by the Legislature.

ARTICLE I. There shall be a council for advising the governor in the executive part of the government, to consist of [nine] persons besides the lieutenant-governor, whom the governor, for the time being, shall have full power and authority, from time to time, at his discretion, to assemble

and call together; and the governor, with the said councillors, or five of them at least, shall and may, from time to time, hold and keep a council, for the ordering and directing the affairs of the commonwealth, according to the laws of the land. [See Amendments, Article XVI.]

- ART. II. [Nine councillors shall be annually chosen from among the persons returned for councillors and senators, on the last Wednesday in May, by the joint ballot of the senators and representatives assembled in one room; and in case there shall not be found upon the first choice, the whole number of nine persons who will accept a seat in the council, the deficiency shall be made up by the electors aforesaid from among the people at large; and the number of senators left shall constitute the senate for the year. The seats of the persons thus elected from the senate, and accepting the trust, shall be vacated in the senate.] [See Amendments, Articles X., XIII., XVI.]
- ART. III. The councillors, in the civil arrangements of the commonwealth, shall have rank next after the lieutenantgovernor.
- ART. IV. [Not more than two councillors shall be chosen out of any one district of this commonwealth.] [See Amendments, Article XVI.]
- ART. V. The resolutions and advice of the council shall be recorded in a register, and signed by the members present; and this record may be called for at any time by either house of the legislature; and any member of the council may insert his opinion, contrary to the resolution of the majority.
- ART. VI. Whenever the office of the governor and lieutenant-governor shall be vacant, by reason of death, absence, or otherwise, then the council, or the major part of them, shall, during such vacancy, have full power and authority

to do, and execute, all and every such acts, matters, and things, as the governor or the lieutenant-governor might or could, by virtue of this constitution, do or execute, if they, or either of them, were personally present.

ART. VII. [And whereas the elections appointed to be made, by this constitution, on the last Wednesday in May annually, by the two houses of the legislature, may not be completed on that day, the said elections may be adjourned from day to day until the same shall be completed. And the order of elections shall be as follows: the vacancies in the senate, if any, shall first be filled up; the governor and lieutenant-governor shall then be elected, provided there should be no choice of them by the people; and afterwards the two houses shall proceed to the election of the council.] [See Amendments, Articles XVI., XXV.]

CHAPTER II.

SECTION IV.

Secretary, Treasurer, Commissary, etc.

ARTICLE I. [The secretary, treasurer, and receiver-general, and the commissary-general, notaries public, and] naval officers, shall be chosen annually, by joint ballot of the senators and representatives in one room. And, that the citizens of this commonwealth may be assured, from time to time, that the moneys remaining in the public treasury, upon the settlement and liquidation of the public accounts, are their property, no man shall be eligible as treasurer and receiver-general more than five years successively. [See Amendments, Articles IV., XVII.]

ART. II. The records of the commonwealth shall be kept in the office of the secretary, who may appoint his deputies, for whose conduct he shall be accountable; and he shall attend the governor and council, the senate and house of representatives, in person, or by his deputies, as they shall respectively require.

CHAPTER III.

JUDICIARY POWER.

- ARTICLE I. The tenure, that all commission officers shall by law have in their offices, shall be expressed in their respective commissions. All judicial officers, duly appointed, commissioned, and sworn, shall hold their offices during good behavior, excepting such concerning whom there is different provision made in this constitution: provided, nevertheless, the governor, with consent of the council, may remove them upon the address of both houses of the legislature.
- ART. II. Each branch of the legislature, as well as the governor and council, shall have authority to require the opinions of the justices of the supreme judicial court, upon important questions of law, and upon solemn occasions.
- ART. III. In order that the people may not suffer from the long continuance in place of any justice of the peace who shall fail of discharging the important duties of his office with ability or fidelity, all commissions of justices of the peace shall expire and become void, in the term of seven years from their respective dates; and, upon the expiration of any commission, the same may, if necessary, be renewed, or another person appointed, as shall most conduce to the well-being of the commonwealth.
- ART. IV. The judges of probate of wills, and for granting letters of administration, shall hold their courts at such place or places, on fixed days, as the convenience of the

people shall require; and the legislature shall, from time to time, hereafter, appoint such times and places; until which appointments, the said courts shall be holden at the times and places which the respective judges shall direct.

ART. V. All causes of marriage, divorce, and alimony, and all appeals from the judges of probate, shall be heard and determined by the governor and council, until the legislature shall, by law, make other provision.

CHAPTER IV.

DELEGATES TO CONGRESS.

The delegates of this commonwealth to the congress of the United States, shall, some time in the month of June, annually, be elected by the joint ballot of the senate and house of representatives, assembled together in one room; to serve in congress for one year, to commence on the first Monday in November then next ensuing. They shall have commissions under the hand of the governor, and the great seal of the commonwealth; but may be recalled at any time within the year, and others chosen and commissioned, in the same manner, in their stead.

CHAPTER V.

THE UNIVERSITY AT CAMBRIDGE AND ENCOURAGEMENT OF LITERATURE, ETC.

SECTION I.

The University.

ARTICLE I. Whereas our wise and pious ancestors, so early as the year one thousand six hundred and thirty-six, laid the foundation of Harvard College, in which university

many persons of great eminence have, by the blessing of God, been initiated in those arts and sciences which qualified them for public employments, both in church and state; and whereas the encouragement of arts and sciences, and all good literature, tends to the honor of God, the advantage of the Christian religion, and the great benefit of this and the other United States of America, -it is declared, that the President and Fellows of Harvard Col-LEGE, in their corporate capacity, and their successors in that capacity, their officers and servants, shall have, hold. use, exercise, and enjoy, all the powers, authorities, rights, liberties, privileges, immunities, and franchises, which they now have, or are entitled to have, hold, use, exercise and enjoy; and the same are hereby ratified and confirmed unto them, the said president and fellows of Harvard College, and to their successors, and to their officers and servants, respectively, forever

ART. II. And whereas there have been at sundry times, by divers persons, gifts, grants, devises of houses, lands, tenements, goods, chattels, legacies, and conveyances, heretofore made, either to Harvard College in Cambridge, in New England, or to the president and fellows of Harvard College, or to the said college by some other description, under several charters, successively; it is declared, that all the said gifts, grants, devises, legacies, and conveyances, are hereby forever confirmed unto the president and fellows of Harvard College, and to their successors in the capacity aforesaid, according to the true intent and meaning of the donor or donors, grantor or grantors, devisor or devisors.

ART. III. And whereas, by an act of the general court of the colony of Massachusetts Bay, passed in the year one thousand six hundred and forty-two, the governor and deputy-governor, for the time being, and all the magistrates of that jurisdiction, were, with the president, and a number of the clergy in the said act described, constituted the over-

seers of Harvard College; and it being necessary, in this new constitution of government to ascertain who shall be deemed successors to the said governor, deputy-governor, and magistrates; it is declared, that the governor, lieutenantgovernor, council, and senate of this commonwealth, are, and shall be deemed, their successors, who, with the president of Harvard College, for the time being, together with the ministers of the congregational churches in the towns of Cambridge, Watertown, Charlestown, Boston, Roxbury, and Dorchester, mentioned in the said act, shall be, and hereby are, vested with all the powers and authority belonging, cr in any way appertaining to the overseers of Harvard College; provided, that nothing herein shall be construed to prevent the legislature of this commonwealth from making such alterations in the government of the said university, as shall be conducive to its advantage, and the interest of the republic of letters, in as full a manner as might have been done by the legislature of the late Province of the Massachusetts Bay.

CHAPTER V.

SECTION II.

The Encouragement of Literature, etc.

Wisdom and knowledge, as well as virtue, diffused generally among the body of the people, being necessary for the preservation of their rights and liberties; and as these depend on spreading the opportunities and advantages of education in the various parts of the country, and among the different orders of the people, it shall be the duty of legislatures and magistrates, in all future periods of this commonwealth, to cherish the interests of literature and the sciences, and all seminaries of them; especially the university at Cambridge, public schools and grammar schools in the towns; to encourage private societies and public institutions, rewards and

immunities, for the promotion of agriculture, arts, sciences, commerce, trades, manufactures, and a natural history of the country; to countenance and inculcate the principles of humanity and general benevolence, public and private charity, industry and frugality, honesty and punctuality in their dealings; sincerity, good humor, and all social affections, and generous sentiments, among the people. [See Amendments, Article XVIII.]

CHAPTER VI.

OATHS AND SUBSCRIPTIONS; INCOMPATIBILITY OF AND EXCLUSION FROM OFFICES; PECUNIARY QUALIFICATIONS; COMMISSIONS; WRITS; CONFIRMATION OF LAWS; HABEAS CORPUS; THE ENACTING STYLE; CONTINUANCE OF OFFICERS; PROVISION FOR A FUTURE REVISAL OF THE CONSTITUTION, ETC.

ARTICLE I. [Any person chosen governor, lieutenant-governor, councillor, senator, or representative, and accepting the trust, shall, before he proceed to execute the duties of his place or office, make and subscribe the following declaration, viz.:

"I, A. B., do declare, that I believe the Christian religion, and have a firm persuasion of its truth; and that I am seised and possessed, in my own right, of the property required by the constitution, as one qualification for the office or place to which I am elected." [See Amendments, Article VII.]

And the governor, lieutenant-governor, and councillors, shall make and subscribe the said declaration, in the presence of the two houses of assembly; and the senators and representatives, first elected under this constitution, before the president and five of the council of the former constitution: and forever afterwards before the governor and council for the time being.]

And every person chosen to either of the places or offices aforesaid, as also any person appointed or commissioned to any judicial, executive, military, or other office under the government, shall, before he enters on the discharge of the business of his place or office, take and subscribe the follow, ing declaration, and oaths or affirmations, viz.:

I"I, A. B., do truly and sincerely acknowledge, profess, testify, and declare, that the Commonwealth of Massachus setts is, and of right ought to be, a free, sovereign, and independent state; and I do swear that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the said commonwealth, and that I will defend the same against traitorous conspiracies and all hostile attempts whatsoever; and that I do renounce and abjure all allegiance, subjection, and obedience to the king, queen, or government of Great Britain (as the case may be), and every other foreign power whatsoever; and that no foreign prince, person, prelate, state, or potentate, hath, or ought to have, any jurisdiction, superiority, pre-eminence, authority, dispensing or other power, in any matter, civil, ecclesiastical, or spiritual, within this commonwealth, except the authority and power which is or may be vested by their constituents in the congress of the United States: and I do further testify and declare, that no man or body of men hath or can have any right to absolve or discharge me from the obligation of this oath, declaration, or affirmation; and that I do make this acknowledgment, profession, testimony, declaration, denial, renunciation, and abjuration, heartily and truly, according to the common meaning and acceptation of the foregoing words, without any equivocation, mental evasion, or secret reservation whatsoever. So help me, God." [See Amendments, Article VI.]

"I, A. B., do solemnly swear and affirm, that I will faithfully and impartially discharge and perform all the duties incumbent on me as according to the best of my abilities and understanding, agreeably to the rules and regulations of the constitution and the laws of the commonwealth. So help me, God."

Provided, always, that when any person chosen or appointed as aforesaid, shall be of the denomination of the people called Quakers, and shall decline taking the said oath[s], he shall make his affirmation in the foregoing form, and subscribe the same, omitting the words, ["I do swear," "and abjure," "oath or," "and abjuration," in the first oath; and in the second oath, the words] "swear and," and [in each of them] the words "So help me, God;" subjoining instead thereof, "This I do under the pains and penalties of perjury." [See Amendments, Article VI.]

And the said oaths or affirmations shall be taken and subscribed by the governor, lieutenant-governor, and councillors, before the president of the senate, in the presence of the two houses of assembly; and by the senators and representatives first elected under this constitution, before the president and five of the council of the former constitution; and forever afterwards before the governor and council for the time being; and by the residue of the officers aforesaid, before such persons and in such manner as from time to time shall be prescribed by the legislature.

ART. II. No governor, lieutenant-governor, or judge of the supreme judicial court, shall hold any other office or place, under the authority of this commonwealth, except such as by this constitution they are admitted to hold, saving that the judges of the said court may hold the offices of justices of the peace through the state; nor shall they hold any other place or office, or receive any pension or salary from any other state or government or power whatever. [See Amendments, Article VIII.]

No person shall be capable of holding or exercising at the same time, within this state, more than one of the following offices, viz.: judge of probate — sheriff — register of probate — or register of deeds; and never more than any two offices, which are to be held by appointment of the governor, or the governor and council, or the senate, or the house of representatives, or by the election of the people of the state at

large, or of the people of any county, military offices, and the offices of justices of the peace excepted, shall be held by one person.

No person holding the office of judge of the supreme judicial court — secretary — attorney-general — solicitor-general — treasurer or receiver-general — judge of probate — commissary-general — [president, professor, or instructor of Harvard College] — sheriff — clerk of the house of representatives — register of probate — register of deeds — clerk of the supreme judicial court — clerk of the inferior court of common pleas — or officer of the customs, including in this description naval officers — shall at the same time have a seat in the senate or house of representatives; but their being chosen or appointed to, and accepting the same, shall operate as a resignation of their seat in the senate or house of representatives; and the place so vacated shall be filled up. [See Amendments, Articles VIII., XXVII.]

And the same rule shall take place in case any judge of the said supreme judicial court, or judge of probate, shall accept a seat in council; or any councillor shall accept of either of those offices or places.

And no person shall ever be admitted to hold a seat in the legislature, or any office of trust or importance under the government of this commonwealth, who shall, in the due course of law, have been convicted of bribery or corruption in obtaining an election or appointment.

ART. III. In all cases where sums of money are mentioned in this constitution, the value thereof shall be computed in silver, at six shillings and eight pence per ounce; and it shall be in the power of the legislature, from time to time, to increase such qualifications, as to property, of the persons to be elected to offices, as the circumstances of the commonwealth shall require. [See Amendments, Article XIII.]

- ART. IV. All commissions shall be in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, signed by the governor and attested by the secretary or his deputy, and have the great seal of the commonwealth affixed thereto.
- ART. V. All writs, issuing out of the clerk's office in any of the courts of law, shall be in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts; they shall be under the seal of the court from whence they issue; they shall bear test of the first justice of the court to which they shall be returnable, who is not a party, and be signed by the clerk of such court.
- ART. VI. All the laws which have heretofore been adopted, used, and approved in the Province, Colony, or State of Massachusetts Bay, and usually practised on in the courts of law, shall still remain and be in full force, until altered or repealed by the legislature; such parts only excepted as are repugnant to the rights and liberties contained in this constitution.
- ART. VII. The privilege and benefit of the writ of habeas corpus shall be enjoyed in this commonwealth, in the most free, easy, cheap, expeditious, and ample manner; and shall not be suspended by the legislature, except upon the most urgent and pressing occasions, and for a limited time, not exceeding twelve months.
- ART. VIII. The enacting style, in making and passing all acts, statutes, and laws, shall be "Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same."
- ART. IX. To the end there may be no failure of justice, or danger arise to the commonwealth from a change of the form of government, all officers, civil and military, holding commissions under the government and people of Massachusetts Bay in New England, and all other officers of the

said government and people, at the time this constitution shall take effect, shall have, hold, use, exercise, and enjoy, all the powers and authority to them granted or committed, until other persons shall be appointed in their stead; and all courts of law shall proceed in the execution of the business of their respective departments; and all the executive and legislative officers, bodies, and powers shall continue in full force, in the enjoyment and exercise of all their trusts, employments, and authority; until the general court, and the supreme and executive officers under this constitution, are designated and invested with their respective trusts, powers, and authority.

ART. X. [In order the more effectually to adhere to the principles of the constitution, and to correct those violations which by any means may be made therein, as well as to form such alterations as from experience shall be found necessary, the general court which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, shall issue precepts to the selectmen of the several towns, and to the assessors of the unincorporated plantations, directing them to convene the qualified voters of their respective towns and plantations, for the purpose of collecting their sentiments on the necessity or expediency of revising the constitution, in order to amendments. [See Amendments, Article IX.]

And if it shall appear, by the returns made, that twothirds of the qualified voters throughout the state, who shall assemble and vote in consequence of the said precepts, are in favor of such revision or amendment, the general court shall issue precepts, or direct them to be issued from the secretary's office, to the several towns to elect delegates to meet in convention for the purpose aforesaid.

The said delegates to be chosen in the same manner and proportion as their representatives in the second branch of the legislature are by this constitution to be chosen.]

ART. XI. This form of government shall be enrolled on parchment, and deposited in the secretary's office, and be a part of the laws of the land; and printed copies thereof shall be prefixed to the book containing the laws of this commonwealth, in all future editions of the said laws.

ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT.

ARTICLE I. If any bill or resolve shall be objected to, and not approved by the governor; and if the general court shall adjourn within five days after the same shall have been laid before the governor for his approbation, and thereby prevent his returning it with his objections, as provided by the constitution, such bill or resolve shall not become a law, nor have force as such.

ART. II. The general court shall have full power and authority to erect and constitute municipal or city governments, in any corporate town or towns in this commonwealth, and to grant to the inhabitants thereof such powers, privileges, and immunities, not repugnant to the constitution, as the general court shall deem necessary or expedient for the regulation and government thereof, and to prescribe the manner of calling and holding public meetings of the inhabitants, in wards or otherwise, for the election of officers under the constitution, and the manner of returning the votes given at such meetings. Provided, that no such government shall be erected or constituted in any town not containing twelve thousand inhabitants, nor unless it be with the consent, and on the application of a majority of the inhabitants of such town, present and voting thereon, pursuant to a vote at a meeting duly warned and holden for that purpose.

And provided, also, that all by-laws, made by such municipal or city govenment, shall be subject, at all times, to be annulled by the general court.

ART. III. Every male citizen of twenty-one years of age and upwards, excepting paupers and persons under guardianship, who shall have resided within the commonwealth one year, and within the town or district in which he may claim a right to vote, six calendar months next preceding any election of governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, or representatives, and who shall have paid, by himself, or his parent, master, or guardian, any state or county tax, which shall, within two years next preceding such election, have been assessed upon him, in any town or district of this commonwealth; and also every citizen who shall be, by law, exempted from taxation, and who shall be in all other respects, qualified as above mentioned, shall have a right to vote in such election of governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, and representatives; and no other person shall be entitled to vote in such elections. See Amendments. Articles II., XX., XXIII., XXVI., XXVIII.]

ART. IV. Notaries public shall be appointed by the governor in the same manner as judicial officers are appointed, and shall hold their offices during seven years, unless sooner removed by the governor, with the consent of the council, upon the address of both houses of the legislature.

[In case the office of secretary or treasurer of the commonwealth shall become vacant from any cause, during the recess of the general court, the governor, with the advice and consent of the council, shall nominate and appoint, under such regulations as may be prescribed by law, a competent and suitable person to such vacant office, who shall hold the same until a successor shall be appointed by the general court.] [See Amendments, Article XVII.]

Whenever the exigencies of the commonwealth shall require the appointment of a commissary-general, he shall

be nominated, appointed, and commissioned, in such manner as the legislature may, by law, prescribe.

All officers commissioned to command in the militia may be removed from office in such manner as the legislature may, by law, prescribe.

- ART. V. In the elections of captains and subalterns of the militia, all the members of their respective companies, as well those under as those above the age of twenty-one years, shall have a right to vote.
- ART. VI. Instead of the oath of allegiance prescribed by the constitution, the following oath shall be taken and subscribed by every person chosen or appointed to any office, civil or military, under the government of this commonwealth, before he shall enter on the duties of his office, to wit:—
- "I, A. B., do solemnly swear, that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and will support the constitution thereof. So help me, God."

Provided, That when any person shall be of the denomination called Quakers, and shall decline taking said oath, he shall make his affirmation in the foregoing form, omitting the word "swear" and inserting, instead thereof, the word "affirm," and omitting the words "So help me, God," and subjoining, instead thereof, the words, "This I do under the pains and penalties of perjury."

- ART. VII. No oath, declaration, or subscription, excepting the oath prescribed in the preceding article, and the oath of office, shall be required of the governor, lieutenant-governor, councillors, senators, or representatives, to qualify them to perform the duties of their respective offices.
- ART. VIII. No judge of any court of this commonwealth, (except the court of sessions,) and no person hold-

ing any office under the authority of the United States. (postmasters excepted,) shall, at the same time, hold the office of governor, lieutenant-governor, or councillor, or have a seat in the senate or house of representatives of this commonwealth; and no judge of any court in this commonwealth, (except the court of sessions,) nor the attorneygeneral, solicitor-general, county attorney, clerk of any court, sheriff, treasurer, and receiver-general, register of probate, nor register of deeds, shall continue to hold his said office after being elected a member of the Congress of the United States, and accepting that trust; but the acceptance of such trust, by any of the officers aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken to be a resignation of his said office; and judges of the courts of common pleas shall hold no other office under the government of this commonwealth, the office of justice of the peace and militia offices excepted.

ART. IX. If, at any time hereafter, any specific and particular amendment or amendments to the constitution be proposed in the general court, and agreed to by a majority of the senators and two-thirds of the members of the house of representatives present and voting thereon, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be entered on the journals of the two houses, with the yeas and nays taken thereon, and referred to the general court then next to be chosen, and shall be published; and if, in the general court next chosen as aforesaid, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be agreed to by a majority of the senators and two-thirds of the members of the house of representatives present and voting thereon, then it shall be the duty of the general court to submit such proposed amendment or amendments to the people; and if they shall be approved and ratified by a majority of the qualified voters, voting thereon, at meetings legally warned and holden for that purpose, they shall become part of the constitution of this commonwealth.

ART. X. The political year shall begin on the first Wednesday of January, instead of the last Wednesday of May; and the general court shall assemble every year on the said first Wednesday of January, and shall proceed, at that session, to make all the elections, and do all the other acts, which are by the constitution required to be made and done at the session which has heretofore commenced on the last Wednesday of May. And the general court shall be dissolved on the day next preceding the first Wednesday of January, without any proclamation or other act of the governor. But nothing herein contained shall prevent the general court from assembling at such other times as they shall judge necessary, or when called together by the governor. The governor, lieutenant governor and councillors, shall also hold their respective offices for one year next following the first Wednesday of January, and until others are chosen and qualified in their stead.

[The meeting for the choice of governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, and representatives, shall be held on the second Monday of November in every year; but meetings may be adjourned, if necessary, for the choice of representatives, to the next day, and again to the next succeeding day, but no further. But in case a second meeting shall be necessary for the choice of representatives, such meetings shall be held on the fourth Monday of the same month of November.] [See Amendments, Article XV.]

All the other provisions of the constitution, respecting the elections and proceedings of the members of the general court, or of any other officers or persons whatever, that have reference to the last Wednesday of May, as the commencement of the political year, shall be so far altered, as to have like reference to the first Wednesday of January.

This article shall go into operation on the first day of October, next following the day when the same shall be duly ratified and adopted as an amendment of the constitution; and the governor, lieutenant-governor, councillors, senators, representatives, and all other state officers, who are annually chosen, and who shall be chosen for the current year, when the same shall go into operation, shall hold their respective offices until the first Wednesday of January then next following, and until others are chosen and qualified in their stead, and no longer; and the first election of the governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, and representatives, to be had in virtue of this article, shall be had conformably thereunto, in the month of November following the day on which the same shall be in force, and go into operation, pursuant to the foregoing provision.

All the provisions of the existing constitution, inconsistent with the provisions herein contained, are hereby wholly appulled

ART. XI. Instead of the third article of the bill of rights, the following modification and amendment thereof is substituted:—

"As the public worship of God and instructions in piety, religion, and morality, promote the happiness and prosperity of a people, and the security of a republican government; therefore, the several religious societies of this commonwealth, whether corporate or unincorporate, at any meeting legally warned and holden for that purpose, shall ever have the right to elect their pastors or religious teachers, to contract with them for their support, to raise money for erecting and repairing houses for public worship, for the maintenance of religious instruction, and for the payment of necessary expenses; and all persons belonging to any religious society shall be taken and held to be members until they shall file with the clerk of such society a written notice. declaring the dissolution of their membership, and thenceforth shall not be liable for any grant or contract which may be thereafter made, or entered into by such society; and all religious sects and denominations, demeaning themselves peaceably, and as good citizens of the commonwealth, shall be equally under the protection of the law; and no subordination of any one sect or denomination to another shall ever be established by law."

ART. XII. [In order to provide for a representation of the citizens of this commonwealth, founded upon the principles of equality, a census of the ratable polls, in each city, town, and district of the commonwealth, on the first day of May, shall be taken and returned into the secretary's office, in such manner as the legislature shall provide, within the month of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, and in every tenth year thereafter, in the month of May, in manner aforesaid; and each town or city having three hundred ratable polls at the last preceding decennial census of polls, may elect one representative, and for every four hundred and fifty ratable polls in addition to the first three hundred, one representative more. [See Amendments, Articles XIII., XXI.]

Any town having less than three hundred ratable polls shall be represented thus: The whole number of ratable polls, at the last preceding decennial census of polls, shall be multiplied by ten, and the product divided by three hundred; and such town may elect one representative as many years within ten years, as three hundred is contained in the product aforesaid.

Any city or town having ratable polls enough to elect one or more representatives, with any number of polls beyond the necessary number, may be represented, as to that surplus number, by multiplying such surplus number by ten and dividing the product by four hundred and fifty; and such city or town may elect one additional representative as many years, within the ten years, as four hundred and fifty is contained in the product aforesaid.

Any two or more of the several towns and districts may, by consent of a majority of the legal voters present at a legal meeting, in each of said towns and districts, respectively, called for that purpose, and held previous to the first day of July, in the year in which the decennial census of polls

shall be taken, form themselves into a representative district to continue until the next decennial census of polls, for the election of a representative, or representatives; and such district shall have all the rights, in regard to representation, which would belong to a town containing the same number of ratable polls.

The governor and council shall ascertain and determine, within the months of July and August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, according to the foregoing principles, the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and the number of years, within the period of ten years then next ensuing, that each city, town and representative district may elect an additional representative; and where any town has not a sufficient number of polls to elect a representative each year, then, how many years within the ten years, such town may elect a representative: and the same shall be done once in ten years, thereafter, by the governor and council, and the number of ratable polls in each decennial census of polls, shall determine the number of representatives which each city, town and representative district may elect as aforesaid; and when the number of representatives to be elected by each city, town, or representative district is ascertained and determined as aforesaid, the governor shall cause the same to be published forthwith for the information of the people, and that number shall remain fixed and unalterable for the period of ten vears.

All the provisions of the existing constitution inconsistent with the provisions herein contained, are hereby wholly annulled.]

ART. XIII. [A census of the inhabitants of each city and town, on the first day of May, shall be taken, and returned into the secretary's office, on or before the last day of June, of the year one thousand eight hundred and forty, and of every tenth year thereafter; which census shall determine

the apportionment of senators and representatives for the term of ten years. [See Amendments, Articles XXI., XXII.]

The several senatorial districts now existing shall be permanent. The senate shall consist of forty members; and in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty, and every tenth year thereafter, the governor and council shall assign the number of senators to be chosen in each district, according to the number of inhabitants in the same. But, in all cases, at least one senator shall be assigned to each district. [See Amendments, Article XXII.]

The members of the house of representatives shall be apportioned in the following manner: Every town or city containing twelve hundred inhabitants may elect one representative; and two thousand four hundred inhabitants shall be the mean increasing number, which shall entitle it to an additional representative. [See Amendments, Article XXI.]

Every town containing less than twelve hundred inhabitants shall be entitled to elect a representative as many times within ten years as the number one hundred and sixty is contained in the number of the inhabitants of said town. Such towns may also elect one representative for the year in which the valuation of estates within the commonwealth shall be settled.

Any two or more of the several towns may, by consent of a majority of the legal voters present at a legal meeting, in each of said towns, respectively, called for that purpose, and held before the first day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty, and every tenth year thereafter, form themselves into a representative district, to continue for the term of ten years; and such district shall have all the rights, in regard to representation, which would belong to a town containing the same number of inhabitants.

The number of inhabitants which shall entitle a town to elect one representative, and the mean increasing number which shall entitle a town or city to elect more than one, and also the number by which the population of towns not

entitled to a representative every year is to be divided, shall be increased, respectively, by one-tenth of the numbers above mentioned, whenever the population of the commonwealth shall have increased to seven hundred and seventy thousand, and for every additional increase of seventy thousand inhabitants, the same addition of one-tenth shall be made, respectively, to the said numbers above mentioned.

In the year of each decennial census, the governor and council shall, before the first day of September, apportion the number of representatives which each city, town, and representative district is entitled to elect, and ascertain how many years, within ten years, any town may elect a representative, which is not entitled to elect one every year; and the governor shall cause the same to be published forthwith.

Nine councillors shall be annually chosen from among the people at large, on the first Wednesday of January, or as soon thereafter as may be, by the joint ballot of the senators and representatives, assembled in one room, who shall, as soon as may be, in like manner, fill up any vacancies that may happen in the council, by death, resignation, or otherwise. No person shall be elected a councillor, who has not been an inhabitant of this commonwealth for the term of five years immediately preceding his election; and not more than one councillor shall be chosen from any one senatorial district in the commonwealth.] [See Amendments, Article XVI].

No possession of a freehold, or of any other estate, shall be required as a qualification for holding a seat in either branch of the general court, or in the executive council.

ART. XIV. In all elections of civil officers by the people of this commonwealth, whose election is provided for by the constitution, the person having the highest number of votes shall be deemed and declared to be elected.

ART. XV. The meeting for the choice of governor, lieutenant-governor, senators, and representatives, shall be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, annually; but in case of a failure to elect representatives on that day, a second meeting shall be holden, for that purpose, on the fourth Monday of the same month of November.

ART. XVI. Eight councillors shall be annually chosen by the inhabitants of this commonwealth, qualified to vote for governor. The election of councillors shall be determined by the same rule that is required in the election of The legislature, at its first session after this amendment shall have been adopted, and at its first session after the next state census shall have been taken, and at its first session after each decennial state census thereafterwards, shall divide the commonwealth into eight districts of contiguous territory, each containing a number of inhabitants as nearly equal as practicable, without dividing any town or ward of a city, and each entitled to elect one councillor: provided, however, that if, at any time, the constitution shall provide for the division of the commonwealth into forty senatorial districts, then the legislature shall so arrange the councillor districts, that each district shall consist of five contiguous senatorial districts, as they shall be, from time to time, established by the legislature. No person shall be eligible to the office of councillor who has not been an inhabitant of the commonwealth for the term of five years immediately preceding his election. The day and manner of the election. the return of the votes, and the declaration of the said elections, shall be the same as are required in the election of governor. [Whenever there shall be a failure to elect the full number of councillors, the vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as is required for filling vacancies in the senate; and vacancies occasioned by death, removal from the state, or otherwise, shall be filled in like manner, as soon as may be, after such vacancies shall have happened.] And that there may be no delay in the organization of the government on the first Wednesday of January, the governor, with at least five councillors for the time being, shall, as soon as may be, examine the returned copies of the records for the election of governor, lieutenant-governor, and councillors; and ten days before the said first Wednesday in January he shall issue his summons to such persons as appear to be chosen, to attend on that day to be qualified accordingly; and the secretary shall lay the returns before the senate and house of representatives on the said first Wednesday in January, to be by them examined; and in case of the election of either of said officers, the choice shall be by them declared and published; but in case there shall be no election of either of said officers, the legislature shall proceed to fill such vacancies in the manner provided in the constitution for the choice of such officers. [See Amendments, Article XXV.]

ART. XVII. The secretary, treasurer and receiver-general, auditor, and attorney-general, shall be chosen annually, on the day in November prescribed for the choice of governor; and each person then chosen as such, duly qualified in other respects, shall hold his office for the term of one year from the third Wednesday in January next thereafter, and until another is chosen and qualified in his stead. qualification of the voters, the manner of the election, the return of the votes, and the declaration of the election, shall be such as are required in the election of governor. In case of a failure to elect either of said officers on the day in November aforesaid, or in case of the decease, in the mean time, of the person elected as such, such officer shall be chosen on or before the third Wednesday in January next thereafter, from the two persons who had the highest number of votes for said offices on the day in November aforesaid, by joint ballot of the senators and representatives, in one room: and in case the office of secretary, or treasurer and receiver-general, or auditor, or attorney-general, shall become vacant, from any cause, during an annual or special session of the general court, such vacancy shall in like manner be filled by choice from the people at large; but if such vacancy shall occur at any other time, it shall be supplied by the governor by appointment, with the advice and consent of the council. The person so chosen or appointed, duly qualified in other respects, shall hold his office until his successor is chosen and duly qualified in his stead. In case any person chosen or appointed to either of the offices aforesaid, shall neglect, for the space of ten days after he could otherwise enter upon his duties, to qualify himself in all respects to enter upon the discharge of such duties, the office to which he has been elected or appointed shall be deemed vacant. No person shall be eligible to either of said offices unless he shall have been an inhabitant of this commonwealth five years next preceding his election or appointment.

ART. XVIII. All moneys raised by taxation in the towns and cities for the support of public schools, and all moneys which may be appropriated by the state for the support of common schools, shall be applied to, and expended in, no other schools than those which are conducted according to law, under the order and superintendence of the authorities of the town or city in which the money is to be expended; and such money shall never be appropriated to any religious sect for the maintenence, exclusively, of its own school.

ART. XIX. The legislature shall prescribe, by general law, for the election of sheriffs, registers of probate, commissioners of insolvency, and clerks of the courts, by the people of the several counties, and that district-attorneys shall be chosen by the people of the several districts, for such term of office as the legislature shall prescribe.

ART. XX. No person shall have the right to vote, or be eligible to office under the constitution of this commonwealth, who shall not be able to read the constitution in the English language, and write his name: provided, however,

that the provisions of this amendment shall not apply to any person prevented by a physical disability from complying with its requisitions, nor to any person who now has the right to vote, nor to any persons who shall be sixty years of age or upwards at the time this amendment shall take effect. [See Amendments, Article III., XXIII., XXVI.]

ART. XXI. A census of the legal voters of each city and town, on the first day of May, shall be taken and returned into the office of the secretary of the commonwealth, on or before the last day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven; and a census of the inhabitants of each city and town, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and of every tenth year thereafter. In the census aforesaid, a special enumeration shall be made of the legal voters; and in each city, said enumeration shall specify the number of such legal voters aforesaid, residing in each ward of such city. The enumeration aforesaid shall determine the apportionment of representatives for the periods between the taking of the census.

The house of representatives shall consist of two hundred and forty members, which shall be apportioned by the legislature, at its first session after the return of each enumeration as aforesaid, to the several counties of the commonwealth, equally, as nearly as may be, according to their relative numbers of legal voters, as ascertained by the next preceding special enumeration; and the town of Cohasset. in the county of Norfolk, shall, for this purpose, as well as in the formation of districts, as hereinafter provided, be considered a part of the county of Plymouth; and it shall be the duty of the secretary of the commonwealth, to certify, as soon as may be after it is determined by the legislature, the number of representatives to which each county shall be entitled, to the board authorized to divide each county into representative districts. The mayor and aldermen of the city of Boston, the county commissioners of other counties than Suffolk, - or in lieu of the mayor and aldermen of the

city of Boston, or of the county commissioners in each county other than Suffolk, such board of special commissioners in each county, to be elected by the people of the county, or of the towns therein, as may for that purpose be provided by law, - shall, on the first Tuesday of August next after each assignment of representatives to each county, assemble at a shire town of their respective counties, and proceed, as soon as may be, to divide the same into representative districts of contiguous territory, so as to apportion the representation assigned to each county equally, as nearly as may be, according to the relative number of legal voters in the several districts of each county; and such districts shall be so formed that no town or ward of a city shall be divided therefor, nor shall any district be made which shall be entitled to elect more than three representatives. Every representative, for one year at least next preceding his election. shall have been an inhabitant of the district for which he is chosen, and shall cease to represent such district when he shall cease to be an inhabitant of the commonwealth. districts in each county shall be numbered by the board creating the same, and a description of each, with the numbers thereof and the number of legal voters therein, shall be returned by the board, to the secretary of the commonwealth. the county treasurer of each county, and to the clerk of every town in each district, to be filed and kept in their respective offices. The manner of calling and conducting the meetings for the choice of representatives, and of ascertaining their election, shall be prescribed by law. Not less than one hundred members of the house of representatives shall constitute a quorum for doing business; but a less number may organize temporarily, adjourn from day to day, and compel the attendance of absent members.

ART. XXII. A census of the legal voters of each city and town, on the first day of May, shall be taken and returned into the office of the secretary of the commonwealth, on or before the last day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven; and a census of the inhabit-

ants of each city and town, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and of every tenth year thereafter. In the census aforesaid, a special enumeration shall be made of the legal voters, and in each city said enumeration shall specify the number of such legal voters aforesaid, residing in each ward of such city. The enumeration aforesaid shall determine the apportionment of s mators for the periods between the taking of the census. The senate shall consist of forty members. The general court shall, at its first session after each next preceding special enumeration, divide the commonwealth into forty districts of adjacent territory, each district to contain, as nearly as may be, an equal number of legal voters, according to the enumeration aforesaid: prorided, however, that no town or ward of a city shall be divided therefor; and such districts shall be formed, as nearly as may be, without uniting two counties, or parts of two or more counties, into one district. Each district shall elect one senator, who shall have been an inhabitant of this commonwealth five years at least immediately preceding his election, and at the time of his election shall be an inhabitant of the district for which he is chosen; and he shall cease to represent such senatorial district when he shall cease to be an inhabitant of the commonwealth. Not less than sixteen senators shall constitute a quorum for doing business; but a less number may organize temporarily, adjourn from day to day, and compel the attendance of absent members. [See Amendments, Article XXIV.]

ART. XXIII. [No person of foreign birth shall be entitled to vote, or shall be eligible to office, unless he shall have resided within the jurisdiction of the United States for two years subsequent to his naturalization, and shall be otherwise qualified, according to the constitution and laws of this commonwealth: provided, that this amendment shall not affect the rights which any person of foreign birth possessed at the time of the adoption thereof; and, provided, further, that it shall not affect the rights of any child of a

critzen of the United States, born during the temporary absence of the parent therefrom.] [See Amendments, Article XXVI.]

ART. XXIV. Any vacancy in the senate shall be filled by election by the people of the unrepresented district, upon the order of a majority of the senators elected.

ART. XXV. In case of a vacancy in the council, from a failure of election, or other cause, the senate and house of representatives shall, by concurrent vote, choose some eligible person from the people of the district wherein such vacancy occurs, to fill that office. If such vacancy shall happen when the legislature is not in session, the governor, with the advice and consent of the council, may fill the same by appointment of some eligible person.

ART. XXVI. The twenty-third article of the articles of amendment of the constitution of this commonwealth, which is as follows, to wit: "No person of foreign birth shall be entitled to vote, or shall be eligible to office, unless he shall have resided within the jurisdiction of the United States for two years subsequent to his naturalization, and shall be otherwise qualified, according to the constitution and laws of this commonwealth; provided, that this amendment shall not affect the rights which any person of foreign birth possessed at the time of the adoption thereof; and provided, further, that it shall not affect the rights of any child of a citizen of the United States, born during the temporary absence of the parent therefrom," is hereby wholly annulled.

ART. XXVII. So much of article two of chapter six of the constitution of this commonwealth as relates to persons holding the office of president, professor, or instructor of Harvard College, is hereby annulled. ART. XXVIII. No person having served in the army or navy of the United States in time of war, and having been honorably discharged from such service, if otherwise qualified to vote, shall be disqualified therefor on account of being a pauper; or, if a pauper, because of the non-payment of a poll-tax.

ART. XXIX. The General Court shall have full power and authority to provide for the inhabitants of the towns in this Commonwealth more than one place of public meeting within the limits of each town for the election of officers under the constitution, and to prescribe the manner of calling, holding and conducting such meetings.

All the provisions of the existing constitution inconsistent with the provisions herein contained are hereby annulled.

[Note. - Soon after the Declaration of Independence, steps were Taken in Massachusetts towards framing a Constitution or Form of Government. The Council and House of Representatives, or the General Court of 1777-8, in accordance with a recommendation of the General Court, of the previous year, met together as a Convention, and adopted a form of Constitution "for the State of Massachusetts Bay," which was submitted to the people, and by them rejected. attempt to form a Constitution having proved unsuccessful, the General Court on the 20th of February, 1779, passed a Resolve calling upon the qualified voters to give in their votes upon the questions — Whether they chose to have a new Constitution or Form of Government made, and, Whether they will empower their representatives to vote for calling a State Convention for that purpose. A large majority of the inhabitants having voted in the affirmative to both these questions, the General Court, on the 17th of June, 1779, passed a Resolve calling upon the inhabitants to meet and choose delegates to a Constitutional Convention, to be held at Cambridge, on the 1st of September, 1779 to be field at Cambridge, on the 1st of September, 1719 The Convention met at time and place appointed, and organized by choosing James Bowdoin, President, and Samuel Barrett, Secretary. On the 11th of November the Convention adjourned, to meet at the Representatives' Chamber, in Boston, January 5th, 1789. On the 2d of March, of the same year, a form of Constitution having been agreed upon, a Resolve was passed by which the same was submitted to the people, and the Convention adjourned to weat at the Restrict Chirach in Reston. Convention adjourned to meet at the Brattle Street Church, in Boston, June the 7th. At that time and place, the Convention again met, and appointed a Committee to examine the returns of votes from the several towns. On the 14th of June the Committee reported, and on the 15th, the Convention resolved, "That the people of the State of Massachusetts Bay have accepted the Constitution as it stands, in the printed form submitted to their revision." A Resolve providing for carrying the new Constitution into effect was passed; and the Convention then, on the

16th of June, 1780, was finally dissolved. In accordance with the Resolves referred to, elections immediately took place in the several towns; and the first General Court of the Commonwealth of Massa-CHUSETTS met at the State House, in Boston, on Wednesday, October 25th, 1780,

The Constitution contained a provision providing for taking, in 1795, the sense of the people as to the expediency or necessity of revising the original instrument. But no such revision was deemed necessary at that time. On the 16th of June, 1820, an Act was passed by the General Court, calling upon the people to meet in their several towns, and give in their votes upon the question, "Is it expedient that delegates should be chosen to meet in Convention for the purpose of revising or altering the Constitution of Government of this Commonwealth?" A large majority of the people of the State having voted in favor of revision, the Governor issued a proclamation announcing the fact, and calling upon the people to vote, in accordance with the provisions of the aforesaid Act, for delegates to the proposed Convention. The delegates met at the State House, in Boston, November 15, 1820, and organized by choosing John Adams, President, and Benjamin Pollard, Secretary. Mr. Adams, however, declined the appointment, and Isaac Parker was chosen in his stead. On the 9th of January, 1821, the Convention agreed to fourteen Articles of Amendment, and after passing a Resolve providing for submitting the same to the people, and appointing a committee to meet to count the votes upon the subject, was dissolved. The people voted on Monday, April 19th, 1821, and the Committee of the Convention met at the State House to count the votes, on Wednesday, They made their return to the General Court; and at the request of the latter the Governor issued his proclamation on the 5th of June, 1821, announcing that nine of the fourteen Articles of Amendments had been adopted. These articles are numbered in the preceding pages from one to nine inclusive.

The tenth Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the political years 1829-30, and 1830-31, and was

approved and ratified by the people May 11th, 1831.

The eleventh Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the political years 1832 and 1833, and was approved and ratified by the people November 11th, 1833.

The twelfth Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1835 and 1836, and was approved and ratified by the people November 14th, 1836.

The thirteenth Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court during the sessions of the years 1839 and 1840, and was approved

and ratified by the people April 6th, 1840.

The General Court of the year 1851 passed an Act calling a third Convention to revise the Constitution. The Act was submitted to the people, and a majority voted against the proposed Convention. In 1852, on the 7th of May, another Act was passed calling upon the people to vote upon the question of calling a Constitutional Convention. A majority of the people having voted in favor of the proposed Convention. tion, election for delegates thereto took place in March, 1853. The Convention met in the State House, in Boston, on the 4th day of May, 1853, and organized by choosing Nathaniel P. Banks, Jr., President, and William S. Robinson and James T. Robinson, Secretaries. On the 1st of August, this Convention agreed to a form of Constitution, and on the same day was dissolved, after having provided for submitting the same to the people, and appointed a committee to meet to count the votes, and to make a return thereof to the General Court. The Committee met at the time and place agreed upon, and found that the proposed Constitution had been rejected.

The fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth, seventeenth, eighteenth, and ninetecnth Articles of Amendment were adopted by the General Court during the sessions of 1854 and 1855, and were approved and ratified by the people May 23d, 1855.

The twentieth, twenty-first, and twenty-second Articles of Amendment were adopted by the General Court of 1856 and 1857, and were approved

and ratified by the people May 1st, 1857.

The twenty-third Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court of 1858 and 1859, and was approved and ratified by the people May 9th, 1859.

The twenty-fourth and twenty-fifth Articles of Amendment were adopted by the General Court of 1859 and 1860, and were approved and

ratified by the people May 17th, 1860.

The twenty-sicth Article of Amendment was adopted by the General Court of 1862 and 1863, and was approved and ratified April 6th, 1863

The twenty-seventh Article was adopted by the legistatures of the political years 1876 and 1877, and was approved and ratified by the people on the 6th day of November, 1877.

The twenty-eighth Article was adopted by the legislatures of the political years 1880 and 1881, and was approved and ratified by the

people on the 8th day of November, 1881.

The twenty-ninth Article was adopted by the legislatures of the political years 1884 and 1885, and was approved and ratified by the people on the 3d day of November, 1885]

CHAPTER CCXLV.

An Act to regulate the Times and Manner of holding Elections for Senators in Congress.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That the legislature of each State which shall be chosen next preceding the expiration of the time for which any senator was elected to represent said State in Congress shall, on the second Tuesday after the meeting and organization thereof, proceed to elect a senator in Congress, in the place of such senator so going out of office, in the following manner: Each house shall openly, by a riva roce vote of each member present, name one person for senator in Congress from said State, and the name of the person so voted for. who shall have a majority of the whole number of votes cast in each house, shall be entered on the journal of each house by the clerk or secretary thereof; but if either house shall fail to give such majority to any person on said day, that fact shall be entered on the journal. At twelve o'clock. meridian, on the day following that on which proceedings are required to take place, as aforesaid, the members of the two houses shall convene in joint assembly, and the journal of each house shall then be read, and if the same person shall have received a majority of all the votes in each house, such person shall be declared duly elected senator to represent said State in the Congress of the United States; but if the same person shall not have received a majority of the votes in each house, or if either house shall have failed to take proceedings as required by this act, the joint assembly shall then proceed to choose, by a riva roce vote of each member present, a person for the purpose aforesaid, and the person having a majority of all the votes of the said joint

assembly, a majority of all the members elected to both houses being present and voting, shall be declared duly elected; and in case no person shall receive such majority on the first day, the joint assembly shall meet at twelve o'clock, meridian, of each succeeding day during the session of the legislature, and take at least one vote, until a senator shall be elected.

SECT. 2. And be it further enacted, That whenever, on the meeting of the legislature of any State, a vacancy shall exist in the representation of such State in the senate of the United States, said legislature shall proceed, on the second Tuesday after the commencement and organization of its session, to elect a person to fill such vacancy, in the manner hereinbefore provided for the election of a senator for a full term; and if a vacancy shall happen during the session of the legislature, then on the second Tuesday after the legislature shall have been organized, and shall have notice of such vacancy.

Sect. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the governor of the State from which any senator shall have been chosen as aforesaid, to certify his election, under the seal of the State, to the president of the senate of the United States, which certificate shall be countersigned by the secretary of state of the State. Approved July 25, 1866.

STATISTICS.

HISTORICAL, STATE, COUNTY, DISTRICT, POST-OFFICE, ETC., ETC., ETC. [The following table is copied from the "Abstract of the Census of 1860," prepared in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth by George Wingate Chase, and published in 1863. The compilers of the Manual have made the alterations and additions necessary to bring the facts up to date.]

BARNSTABLE COUNTY. INCORP. JUNE 2, 1685.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	owns.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Bornetalilo		Sont 9 1000	7.17
pariistanie.		sept. o, 1093,	Sept. 9, 1959, Indian names, Chequocket, Coatuit, etc.
Bourne .	•	April 2, 1884,	April 2, 1884, Part of Sandwich.
Brewster .	•	Feb. 19, 1803,	Feb. 19, 1803, Indian name, Sawkattukett. Northerly part of Harwich. Part of Harwich annexed to Brewster, June 21, 1811.
Chatham .		June 11, 1712,	June 11, 1712, Indian name, Manamoit. Boundary line between it and Orleans, and also between it and Harwich, changed, 1862.
Dennis .		June 19, 1793,	June 19, 1793, East precinct of Yarmouth.
Eastham .	•	June 2, 1646,	June 2, 1646, Indian name, Nauset. See Orleans.
Falmouth .		June 4, 1686,	June 4, 1686, Indian name, Succanesset. Part of Marshpee annexed to Falmouth, Mar. 17, 1841. See Mashpee. Boundary line established
			between, and Sandwich, Mar. 19, 1880. Boundary line established between, and Mashpee by Act approved June 18, 1885.
Harwich .	•	Sept. 14, 1694,	. Sept. 14, 1694, Indian name, Satucket. See Brewster and Chatham.

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May 28, 1870, Plantation of Marshpee incorp. June 14, 1763, except parts annexed to Falmouth and Sandwich. Incorp. as District of Marshpee, Mar. 31, 1864. Part of Sandwich annexed to, Mar. 19, 1872. Boundary line between Mashpee and Falmouth defined and established by Act approved June 18, 1885. See Falmouth and Sandweich.	Mar. 3, 1797, Southerly part of Eastham. Part of Eastham annexed to Orleans, Mar. 9, 1839. Boundary line between it and Eastham defined Mar. 23, 1867. See Chatham.	June 14, 1717, Cape Cod Precinct. Parts of Truro annexed to Provincetown, June 12, 1813, Mar. 2, 1829, and Mar. 30, 1836.	Sept. 3, 1639, Indian name, Shaume. Parts of Marshpee annexed to Sandwich, Feb. 26, 1811, Apr. 1859, and Mar. 13, 1860. Part of, annexed to Mashpee, Mar. 19, 1872. See Mashpee. Boundary line estab. between and Falmouth, Mar. 19, 1880. See Bourne.	July 16, 1709, Indian name, Pawmet, or Meeshawn. Boundary line between Truro and Wellileet estab. Feb. 22, 1837. See Provincetown.	June 16, 1763, Indian name, Punonakanit. North Precinct of Eastham. Incorp. as a district.* See Truro.	Sept. 3, 1639, Indian name, Mattacheese, or Nobscuset. See Dennis.	* By an Act of March 23, 1786, all places incorporated by the name of Districts before the first day of January,
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Mashpee	Orleans	Provincetown	Sandwich .	Truro.	Wellfle et	Yarmouth.	* B
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^{1777,} were "declared to be towns, to every intent and purpose whatever." By the same Act, Districts Incorporated subsequent to 1777 were vested with similar powers and privileges.

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	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.	Oct. 15, 1778, East Hoosnck. See Cheshire. Town divided and North Adams incorp. as a separate town April 16, 1878. See North Adams.	Westerly part of Great Barrington. Part of Great Barrington annexed to Alford, Feb. 18, 1819. See Egremont.	June 21, 1765, "No. 4." Several grants of land annexed to Becket, Feb. 3, 1798. Part of Loudon (Betliehem) annexed to Becket, Mar. 1, 1810. See Middlegield.	June 24, 1789, North, 11,000 acres. See Otis.	Boston Corner (Dist.), Apr. 14, 1838, Incorporated as a District from unincorporated land. Boundary line between Mount Washington and Boston Corner estab. Mar. 12, 1847. Boston Corner (940 acres and 73 inhabitants) ceded to State of New York, May 14, 1853.	From parts of Lanesborough, Windsor, Adams, and New Ashford. Part of New Ashford annexed to Cheshire, Feb. 6, 1798. See Windsor.	Mar. 2, 1798, From a gore of unincorporated land lying north of Adams.	Mar. 20, 1784, Ashuelot Equivalent. Part of Windsor annexed to Dalton
	Date of Incorporation.	Oct. 15, 1778,	Feb. 16, 1773,	June 21, 1765,	June 24, 1789,	Apr. 14, 1838,	Mar. 14, 1793,	Mar. 2, 1798,	Mar. 20, 1784,
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	AND	•	•	٠	m (D	orne.	•	urg	•
	CITIES AND TOWNS.	Adams	Alford	Becket	Bethlehem (Dist.)	ston C	Cheshire	Clarksburg	Dalton
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:	•	F6D. 19, 1	,00,	Feb. 13, 1700, 1700 lands 1711g west or Shemett. Foundary line between Egremont and Alford estab. Feb. 6.1790. Parts of Sheffield annexed Usermont, Feb. 22, 1790, and Feb. 16, 1854; and part of Mount Washington, June 17, 1817. Boundary line between it and Sheffield estab. 1869. See Mt. Washington.
	•	June 15, 1	1805,	June 15, 1805, From Bernardstone's (Barnardston's) Grant, and a part of Bullock's Grant (unincorporated lands). Part of Clarksburg annexed to Florida, May 2, 1848.
Great Barrington	•	June 30, 1	1761,	June 30, 1761, North Parish of Sheffield. Upper Hoosatonnuck. See Alford.
	•	July 2, 1	1776,	July 2, 1776, Jericho. See New Ashford.
	•	June 21, 1	1804,	June 21, 1804, Westerly Parish of Partridgefield.
Lanesborough .	•	June 21, 1	765,	June 21, 1765, New Framingham. See Cheshire.
•	•	Oct. 21, 1	1777,	Oct. 21, 1777, From the south-westerly part of Washington, north-easterly part of Great Barrington (or Hoplands, so called), the Glass Works Grant, and part of Williams Grant. See Lenox.
•	•	Feb. 26, 1	1767,	Feb. 26, 1767, East part of Richmond. Parts of Washington annexed to Lenox, Jan. 31, 1795, and Feb. 18, 1802. Boundary line between Lenox and Lee estab. Feb. 7, 1820.
•	•	Feb. 24, 1	1773,	Feb. 24, 1773, Tyringham Equivalent. See Becket and Otis.
	•	Apr. 12, 1	1847,	Apr. 12, 1847, Part of Tyringham. Part of New Marlborough annexed to Monterey, May 24, 1851. Part of Sandisfield annexed to, Apr. 24, 1875.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY - Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Mount Washington .	June 21, 1779,	Mount Washington. June 21, 1779, Tauconnock (Taconic) Mountain. Part of Egremont annexed to Mount Washington, June 17, 1817. Boundary line estab. Mar. 12, 1847. See Egremont and Boston Corner.
New Ashford	Feb. 26, 1781,	Feb. 26, 1781, Incorp. as a District, Feb. 26, 1781, and as a Town. May 1, 1836. Part of Hancock annexed to New Ashford, June 26, 1798. See Cheshive.
New Mariborough .	June 15, 1759,	New Mariborough . June 15, 1759, "Wo. 2." Parts of Sheffield annexed to New Mariborough, June 19, 1795, and Feb. 7, 1798, and Apr. 19, 1871; and parts. of Tyringham, Feb. 27, 1811. See Monterey and Tyringham,
North Adams .	Apr. 16, 1878,	Apr. 16, 1878, Part of Adams.
Otis	June 13, 1810,	Town of Loudon and District of Bethlehem united as the Town of Loudon, June 19, 1869, and the name changed to Otis, June 13, 1810. Part of East, 11,000 acres of unincorporated land, annexed to Otis, and part to Sandisfield, Apr. 9, 1838. See Bethlehem.
Partridgefield	July 4, 1771,	July 4, 1771, See Peru, Hinsdale, and Middlefield.
reru	July 5, 1771,	July 5, 1771, Partridgefield incorp. July 4, 1771, and name changed to Peru, June 19, 1804.

		Date c	of I	ncorpor	atio	n, Etc.		1
. Apr. 21, 1761, Indian name, Pontoosuck.	Yokum and Mount Ephraim. Name changed from Richmont in 1785. Boundary line between Richmond and West Stockbridge estab. Mar. 24, 1834. See Lenox.	Mar. 6, 1762, "No. 3." District of Southfield united with Sandisfield, Feb. 8, 1879. Portion of boundary line between Sandisfield and Tolland defined May 4, 1853. See Otis and Southfield. Part of, annexed to Monterey, Apr. 24, 1875.	Feb. 20, 1797, "No. 6."	June 22, 1733, Lower Housatonnuc. See Egremont and New Mariborough. Parts of, annexed to New Mariborough, June 19, 1795, and Apr. 19, 1871.	Southfield (District) . June 19, 1797, South, 11,000 acres. See Sandisfield.	June 22, 1739, Housatonnuc, or Housetonic. Boundary line between Stockbridge and West Stockbridge changed, Feb. 6, 1830. See West Stockbridge.	Mar. 6, 1762, "No. 1." Part of New Marlborough annexed to Tyringham, Feb. 11, 1812. See New Marlborough and Monterey.	Apr. 12, 1777, Hartwood. See Eyremont, Middlefield, and Lenox.
1, 1761,	1, 1765,	6, 1762,	0, 1797,	2, 1733,	9, 1797,	2, 1739,	6, 1762,	2, 1777,
Apr. 2	June 21, 1765,	Mar.	Feb. 2	June 2	June 1	June 2	Mar.	Apr. 1
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Pittsfield	Kichmond	Sandisfield	. yc	Sheffield	h fiel α	Stockbridge	${ m Tyringham}$	Washington
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BERKSHIRE COUNTY - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
West Stockbridge .	Feb. 23, 1774,	Feb. 23, 1774, West part of Stockbridge. Gore of land annexed to West Stockbridge, Mar. 2, 1733. Part of Stockbridge annexed to West Stockbridge, Feb. 12, 1824. See Richmond and Stockbridge.
Williamstown .	June 21, 1765,	June 21, 1765, West Hoosuck. A tract of unincorporated land, bounded west by State of New York, annexed to Williamstown, Apr. 9,1838.
Windsor	July 2, 1771,	July 2, 1771, Gageborough, or "No. 4." Part of Cheshire annexed to Windsor, Feb. 26, 1794. See Cheshire and Dallon.
	BRISTOL	BRISTOL COUNTY. INCORP. JUNE 21, 1685.
Acushnet	Feb. 13, 1860,	Feb. 13, 1860, Northerly part of Fairhaven. Part of, annexed to New Bed- ford, Apr. 9, 1875.
Attleborough	Oct. 19, 1694,	North Purchase. Boundary line between Attleborough and Wrentham estab. Feb. 18, 1819.
Berkley	Apr. 18, 1735,	From parts of Taunton and Dighton. Part of Dighton annexed to Berkley, Feb. 26, 1799; and parts of Taunton, Feb. 6, 1810, Mar. 3, 1842, and Apr. 1, 1879. See Freetown.

set.	Date	of		poration,	Etc.	03.
June 8, 1664, Indian names, Apponeganset, Acushena, and Coakser, Boundary line between Dartmouth and Westport changed Feb. 20, 1828. See Westport.	May 30, 1712, South Precinct of Taunton. Wellington set off from north part of Dighton, June 9, 1814. Boundary line between Dighton and Wellington estab. Feb. 12, 1824. Wellington and Dighton united as one town, Feb. 22, 1826, and Mar. 3, 1827. See Berkley, Somerset, and Freetown.	. Dec. 21, 1725, Indian name, Hockamock. Part of Norton.	Feb. 22, 1812, Easterly part of New Bedford. Part of Freetown annexed to Fairhaven, June 15, 1815. See Acushnet and Rochester.	Southerly part of Freetown. Name of Fall River changed to Troy, June 18, 1804. Name of Troy changed to Fall River, Feb. 12, 1834. Incorp. as a City, Apr. 12, 1834. Act accepted Apr. 23, 1834. Part of Fall River, R.L., annexed to Fall River, Mass, 1861. See Freetown and Pawtucket.	The Free Men's land at Fall River. Centre of main ship channel in Taunton Great Liver estab, as boundary line of Berkley, Dighton, Freetown, Fall River, and Somerset, Mar. I7, 1847. See Fairhaven and Fall River.	Apr. 26, 1770, North Precinct of Norton. Inc. as a District. See note, p. 103.
8, 1664,	0, 1712,	1, 1725,	2, 1812,	. Feb. 26, 1803,	July -, 1863,	6, 1770,
Эппе	May 3	Dec. 2	Feb. 2	Feb. 2	July	Apr. 2
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Dartmouth	Dighton .	Easton .	Fairhaven.	Fall River .	Freetown .	Mansfield.

BRISTOL COUNTY - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
New Bedford	Feb. 23, 1787,	Feb. 23, 1787, Easterly part of Dartmouth. Indian name, Acushnett, or Akushenet. Part of Dartmouth annexed to New Bedford, Mar. 20, 1845. Incorp. as a City, Mar. 9, 1847. Act accepted Mar. 18, 1847. See <i>Dartmouth</i> and <i>Fairlawen</i> . Part of Acushnet annexed to, Apr. 9, 1875.
Norton	June 12, 1711, Mar. 1, 1828,	June 12, 1711, North Precinct of Taunton. See Easton and Mansfield. Mar. 1, 1828, Part of Seekonk. By change of the boundary line between
		Massachusetts and Ithode Island in 1861, all of Fawtucket, except that part lying easterly of Seven-Mile River, was annexed to Rhode Island. The excepted part was the same year annexed to the town of Seekonk.
Raynham	Apr. 2, 1731,	Apr. 2, 1731, Part of Taunton. Boundary line between the two places established 1866.
Rehoboth	June 4, 1645,	June 4, 1645, Indian name, Seconet. See Seekonk.
Seekonk	Feb. 26, 1812,	Feb. 26, 1812, Westerly part of Rehoboth. Part of Seekonk annexed to Rhode Island, 1861. See Pawtucket.
Somerset	Feb. 20, 1790,	Feb. 20, 1790, Indian name, Shewamet. A part of Swansea. Part of Dighton annexed to Somerset, Apr. 4, 1854. See Freetown.
Swansea	Oct. 30, 1667,	Oct. 30, 1667, Indian names, Mattapoiset and Wannamoiset.

		Danco	,
Sept. 3, 1639, Indian name, Techeut, or Cohannet. See Berkey. Act of moorp, as a City granted, Mar. 31, 1860; refused by the Town, Apr., 1860. Act again granted, May 15, 1864, and accepted. Part of, set off to Berkley, Apr. 1, 1879. See Lakeville (in Plymouth County); also Raynham.	June 8, 1814, North part of Dighton. See Dighton.	July 2, 1787, Indian name, Acoakset. Parts of Dartmouth annexed to Westport, Feb. 28, 1785, Feb. 25, 1793, and Mar. 4, 1805. Part of Portsmouth, R.I., annexed to Westport in 1861. See Dartmouth and Pawtucket.	
, 1639,	3, 1814,	, 1787,	
Sept. 3	June 8	July 2	
•	•	•	
•	•	•	
•		•	
Taunton	Wellington .	Westport .	

DUKES COUNTY. INCORP. Nov. 1, 1683.

(Indian name, Cappawock, or Capawack. Martha's Vineyard.)

Oct. 30, 1714, Indian name, Nashuakenmiuk. Manor of Tisbury. In 1820 Chilmark included the Elizabeth Isles. Boundary line between Chilmark and the Indians of Gay Head estab. Mar. 9, 1855. See Gay Head and Gosnold.	Feb. 17, 1880, Part of Edgartown.	July 8, 1671, Indian name, Chappequidick. Boundary line between Edgartown and Tisbury estab. Feb. 5, 1830; also Apr. 23, 1862. See Cottage City.	Apr. 30, 1870, Part of Chilmark.	. Mar. 17, 1864, That part of Chilmark known as the Elizabeth Islands.	July 8, 1671, Indian name, Chappaquonsett. In 1810 Tisbury included the Rivabath Islas. See Chimmes and Educators.
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Chilmark	Cottage City	Edgartown	Gay Head	Gosnold	Tisbury
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ESSEX COUNTY. INCORP. MAY 10, 1643. See Norfolk County.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Amesbury.	. Apr. 29, 1668,	Apr. 29, 1668, New Salisbury, or Salisbury New-town; a part of Salisbury. Part of Salisbury annexed to Amesbury, Mar. 15, 1844. Author'd by Acts of Apr. 30, 1864, and Apr. 2, 1870, to unite with
Andover	. May 6, 1646,	May 6, 1646, Indian name, Cochichavick, Or Quichicheke. Part of, indian name, Cochichavick, or Quichicheke. Part of, annowed to Lawrence, Feb. 4, 1879. See North Andover, Midners, and to Lawrence, Feb. 4, 1879.
Boxford	. Aug. 12, 1685,	Aug. 12, 1685, Rowley Village. Part of Rowley annexed to Boxford, June 10, 1808; and part of Ipswich, Mar. 7, 1846. Boundary line between Exrford and Rowley estab. June 18, 1825. See Groveland and Middleton.
Beverly	Oct. 14, 1668,	Oct. 14, 1668, Bass River. See Danvers.
Bradford	, 1675,	— -, 1675, Merrimack. Union of, with Haverhill, authorized June 12, 1869. Act rejected. Union again authorized in 1872, and again rejected. See Groveiand and Newbury.
Danvers	June 16, 1757,	Willage and Middle Parishes of Salem. A District, Jan. 28, 1752. Boundary line between Darvers and Salem changed Mar. 17, 1840. Naw 18, 1855. Danvers was divided into two towns, that
		part known as North Dan vers received the name of Danvers, and the remaining portion the name of So. Danvers. Bound-
		aryline between Danvers and South Danvers estab. May 31, 1856. Part of Beverly annexed to Danvers, Apr. 27, 1857.

Georgetown . Apr. 21, 1838, New Bowley. Part of Rowley. Gloucester . Gaye Ann. Indian name, Wynghersheek and Tragabirzanda. See Rockport. Incorp. as a City, May 26, 1871; Act rejected by the voters. Incorp. as a City, Apr. 28, 1873, and Act accepted by the voters. Incorp. as a City, Apr. 28, 1873, and Act accepted by the voters. Incorp. as a City, Apr. 28, 1873, and Act accepted by the people. Hamilton . June 21, 1792, Ipswich Hamlet. A Parish of Ipswich. Haverhill — , 1645, Indian name, Pentneket. Haverhill originally included a large part of the territory of the present towns of Salem, Plaistow, Atkinson, and Hampstead, in New Hampshire, and Methuen and Lawrence, Massachusetts. Made a City Mar. 21, 1847, Mar. 21, 1853. Act accepted, Mar. 29, 1853. Small portion of Reduen annexed to Lawrence, Apr. 17, 1847, Mar. 21, 1853. Act accepted, Mar. 29, 1853. Small portion of Act and North Andover annexed to Lawrence, Feb. 4, 1879. See Haverhill. Lynn . Nov, 1637, Indian name, Sagus, or Saugus. Boundary line between Lynn and Chelsae defined, July 21, 1850. See Chelsec, Lynnylied, Natoria, and Soagus.		eg. eg.	. 6 5. 6 7. 6 7. 6 7. 6 7. 6 7. 6 7. 6 7. 6 7	-5	, so	See See	٠,	रू वे वे क् विक्	nn pr.]
Mar June	New Rowley. Part of Rowley.	Cape Ann. Indian name, Wynghersheek and Tragabirzan See Rockport. Incorp. as a City, May 26, 1871; Act rejec by the voters. Incorp. as a City, Apr. 28, 1873, and 4	accepted by the people. [land, Mar. 21, 18 East Parish of Bradford. Part of Boxford, annexed to Gro	Ipswich Hamlet. A Parish of Ipswich.	Indian name, Pentucket. Haverbill originally included large part of the territory of the present towns, of Sale	Plaistow, Akkinson, and Hampstead, in New Hampsn and Methuen and Lawrence, Massachusetts. Made a C by Act approved Mar. 10, 1869, and vote of the people. Bradford.	Indian name, Agawam. See Boxford, Essex, and Hamilton	From parts of Andover and Methuen. Incorp. as a C. Mar. 21, 1853. Act accepted, Mar. 29, 1853. Small portion Methuen annexed to Lawrence, Apr. 4, 1854. Parts of a dover and North Andover annexed to Lawrence, Feb 1879. See Haverhill.	Indian name, Sagus, or Saugus. Boundary line between Ly and Chelsea defined, July 21, 1830. Invorp. as a City, A 10, 1850. Act accepted, May 14, 1850. See Chelsea, Lynnfi Nahant, and Saugus.	
May June	1838,	1639,	1850,	1792,	1645,		1634,	1847,	1637,	
May Junar	21,	25,	8,	21,	ı		ď,	17,	i"	
	Apr.	May	Mar.	June			Aug.	Apr.	Nov.	
Georgetown . Gloucester Hamilton Haverhill Lawrence Lynn		•	•	•	•		•	•	•	-
Georgetown Gloucester. Groveland. Hamilton. Haverhill. Ipswich. Lawrence.	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	İ
Georgetoo Glouceste Grovelan Hamilton Haverhill Ipswich Lawrence	w	ë.	ф.				•	•	•	
Glouc Glouc Grove Hami Have Have Lawr Lawr	retor	seste	elan	lton	rhill		ch	enc	•	
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ESSEX COUNTY - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Chanze of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Lynnfield	July 3, 1782,	Set off from Lynn, and incorp. as a District, July 3, 1782. Incorp. as a Town, Feb. 23, 1814. Boundary line between Lynnfield and Reading estab. Apr. 20, 1854. Line between it and Wakefield defined, 1870. See North Reading.
Manchester	May 14, 1645,	May 14, 1645, Jeffry's Creek.
Marblehead	May 2, 1649,	May 2, 1649, Marble-harbor.
Merrimac	Apr. 11, 1876,	Apr. 11, 1876, Part of Amesbury. See Amesbury.
Methuen	Dec. 8, 1725,	. Dec. 8, 1725, Part of Haverhill. See Lawrence and Haverhill.
Middleton	June 20, 1728,	June 20, 1728, From parts of Salem, Topsfield, Boxford, and Andover.
Nahant	Mar. 29, 1853,	Mar. 29, 1853, Set off from Lynn.
Newbury	May 6, 1635,	May 6, 1635, Indian names, Quascacunquen and Wescussauco. Boundary line between Newbury and Bradford estab. June 16, 1809. See Newburyport and West Newbury.
Newburyport .	Jan. 28, 1764,	Jan. 28, 1764, Part of Newbury. Part of Newbury annexed to Newbury-port, Apr. 17, 1851.

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117	June 14, 1820, Parsons, a part of Newbury. See Parsons.	14, 1820,	June		ury.	West Newbury.
	May 10, 1643, Enon or Salem Village.	10, 1643,	May		•	Wenham .
	Oct. 18, 1650, New Meadows. See Middleton.	18, 1650,	Oct.	•	•	Topsfield .
tc.	Easterly part of Lynn. See Salem.	May 21, 1852,	May	•	•	Swampscott
ion, E	May 18, 1855, See Danvers. Boundary line between South Danvers and Salem changed, Apr. 30, 1856. Name changed to Peabody by Act of April 13, 1868; approved by the people.	18, 1855,	May	•	rs .	South Danvers
orat	Feb. 17, 1815, Part of Lynn. Part of Chelsea annexed to Saugus, Feb. 22,	17, 1815,	Feb.	•	•	Saugus
orpo	Oct. 7, 1640, Colchester. See Amesbury.	7, 1640,	Oct.	٠	٠	Salisbury .
e of Ince	June 24, 1629, Indian name, Naumkeag, or Naumkeake. Incorp. as a City, Mar. 23, 1836. Act accepted, Apr. 4, 1836. Part of, annexed to Swampscott, Apr. 3, 1867. See Danvers, South Danvers, and Middleton.	24, 1629,	June	•	•	Salem
D ate	Sept. 4, 1639, See Boxford and Georgetown.	4, 1639,	Sept.	•	٠	Rowley .
I	Feb. 27, 1840, Part of Gloucester.	27, 1840,	Feb.	•	•	Rockport .
	. May 18, 1855, See South Danvers.	18, 1855,	May	•		Peabody .
	Rob 18 1819 Part of Newhure. Name chanced to West Newhure. June	18 1810.	Roh	•	5	Paneone
	. Apr. 7, 1855, North Parish of Andover. Part of, annexed to Lawrence,	7, 1855,	Apr.	•	ver	North Andover

County.
See Hampsnire
1811.
JUNE 24,
INCORP.
COUNTY.
FRANKLIN (

Cou	nties	and	Town	ns of	M M	assachi	usetts.	
Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.	Huntstown.	Mar. 6, 1762, Falltown. Part of Deerfield annexed to Bernardston, Apr. 1838. See Leyden.	Apr. 14, 1779, "No-town." Part of Conway annexed to Buckland, Apr. 14, 1838.	June 21, 1765, Plantation of Charlemont. See Rowe, Heath, and Shelburne.	Colrain.	June 16, 1767, South-west part of Deerfield. Part of Deerfield annexed to Conway, June 17, 1791. Boundary line between Conway, Deerfield, and Whately defined June 21, 1811. See Buckland.	. May 24, 1682, Indian name, Paucomtock, or Pocomtuk. See Bernardston, Conway, Shelburne, and Whately.	Apr. 17, 1838, Erving's Grant. Part of Northfield — known as Hack's Grant — ann'd to Erving, Feb. 10, 1860. See New Salem and Orange.
Date of Incorportion.	June 21, 1765, Huntstown.	Mar. 6, 1762,	Apr. 14, 1779,	June 21, 1765,	June 30, 1761, Colrain.	June 16, 1767,	May 24, 1682,	Apr. 17, 1838,
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CITIES AND TOWNS.	Ashfield	Bernardston	Buckland	Charlemont	Colrain	Соптау	Deerfield	Erving

			Da	te o	f I	ncor	rpor	ation	a, E	Itc.	117
Sept. 28, 1793, Basterly part of Greenfield. Part of Northfield annexed to Gill, Feb. 28, 1795, and Great Island, in Connecticut River, Mar. 14, 1805.	June 9, 1753, North-easterly part of Deerfield. See Gill.	Feb. 7, 1792, Plantation, "No. 7." See Plainfield.	Feb. 14, 1785, North-easterly part of Charlemont.	May 5, 1774, Part of Sunderland.	Feb. 22, 1809, Part of Bernardston. District of Leyden.	Feb. 21, 1822, From a part of Rowe, and the gore north of Florida.	North Parish of Sunderland. See Wendell.	June 15, 1753, Part of Shutesbury annexed to New Salem, Feb. 20, 1824. See Prescott, Athol, and Orange.	Feb. 22, 1713, Indian name, Squakeag. See Erving and Gill.	Feb. 24, 1810, District of Orange. Parts of Erving's Grant and New Salem annexed to Orange, Mar. 16, 1837. Boundary line between Orange and Erving estab. Feb. 37, 1841. See Alliol.	Feb. 9, 1785, Myrifield, and several tracts of land. Part of Zoar, in Berkshire County, annexed to Rowe, and part to Charlemont, Apr. 2, 1838. See Monroe and Zoar.
1793,	1753,	1792,	1785,	1774,	1809,	1822,	. Dec. 22, 1753,	1753,	1713,	1810,	1785,
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Gill	Greenfield.	Hawley	Heath	Leverett	Leyden	Monroe	Montague.	New Salem	Northfield	Orange	Rowe.

FRANKLIN COUNTY -- Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	·s	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Shelburne	•	June 21, 1768,	June 21, 1708, North-westerly part of Deerfield. Gore of land annexed to Shelburne and Charlemont, Mar. 19, 1703.
Shutesbury .	•	June 30, 1761,	June 30, 1761, Roads-town. See New Salem.
Sunderland .	•	Nov. 12, 1714,	Nov. 12, 1714, Swampfield. See Leverett and Montague.
Warwick Wendell .	• •	Feb. 17, 1763, May 8, 1781,	Feb. 17, 1763, Roxbury Canada. May 8, 1781, Part of Shutesbury and Erving-shire. Part of Montague and
Whately	•	Apr. 24, 1771,	Apr. 24, 1771, North part of Haffield. Part of Described annexed to Whately, Mar. 5, 1810. Boundary line between Williamsburg and Whately estab, Reb. 3, 1849. See Commun.
Zour	•	I I	See Rowe.
HAN	MPI	DEN COUNTY	HAMPDEN COUNTY. Inconp. Feb. 20, 1812. See Hampshire County.
Agawam .	• .	May 17, 1855,	May 17, 1855, Part of West Springfield, —the Parishes of Feeding Hills and Agawam.

Blandford .	•	Apr. 10,	1741,	Apr. 19, 1741, Idasgow. Boundary line between Blandford and Chester estab. Reb. 29, 1809, and June 13, 1819, and between Blandford and Russell, Feb. 23, 1809. See Norwich.
Brimfield .	•	. July 14, 1731,	1731,	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Chester .	•	. Oct. 31, 1765,	1765,	Murrayfield. Name changed to Chester in 1783. See Blandford, Norwich, Middleford, and Worthington.
Chicopee	•	Apr. 29,	, 1848,	Apr. 29, 1848, Northerly part of Springfield.
Granville .	•	Jan 25,	1754,	Jan 25, 1754, Bedford. First incorp. as a District. See Tolland.
Hampden .	•	Mar. 28,	, 1878,	. Mar. 28, 1878, Southerly part of Wilbraham. See Wilbraham.
Holland .	•	July 5,	1785,	July 5, 1785, East Parish of South Brimfield. Incorp. as a District, July 5, 1785, and as a Town, May 1, 1836. See Wates.
Holyoke .	•	Mar. 14,	, 1850,	Mar. 14, 1850, Parish of West Springfield. Incorp. as a City, Apr. 7, 1873.
Longmeadow	•	Oct. 17,	1783,	Oct. 17, 1783, Indian name, Masacsick. Second Parish of Springfield.
Ludlow	•	Feb. 28,	, 1774,	Feb. 28, 1774, Stony IIII. See Springfield.
Monson .	•	Apr. 25,	, 1760,	Apr. 25, 1760, Westerly part of Brimfield. Boundary line between Monson and Palmer estab. Feb. 8, 1828.
Montgomery	•	. Nov. 28, 1780,	, 1780,	Easterly part of "No. 5." Part of Norwich and Southampton annexed to Montgomery, Mar. 6, 1792. See Russell.
Palmer .	•	Jan. 30, 1752,	1752,	The Elbows. Part of Western annexed to Palmer, Feb. 7, 18:1. See Monson.

HAMPDEN COUNTY - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Russell	. Feb. 25, 1792,	Feb. 25, 1792, North-westerly part of Westfield, and part of Montgomery. See Blundford.
South Brimfield.	Sept. 18, 1762, See Wales.	See Wales.
Southwick.	Nov. 17, 1770,	Nov. 17, 1770, Southerly part of Westfield. First incorp. as a District. See
Springfield	May 14, 1636,	May 14, 1636, Indian name, Agawam. Organ.ced as a Town, May 14, 1636, O.S. Boundary line between Springfield and Ludlow estab. June 5, 1830. Incorp. as a City, Apr. 12, 1852. Act accepted, Apr. 21, 1852. See West Springfield, Wilbraham, Longmedow.
Tolland	June 14, 1810,	June 14, 1810, West Parish of Granville. See Sandisfield.
Wales	Sept. 18, 1762,	South Brimfield. Incorp. as a District, Sept. 18, 1762, and as the Town of Wales, Feb. 20, 1828. See Holland.
Westfield	May 16, 1669,	May 16, 1669, Indian name, Woronoack, or Waranoke. Boundary line between Westfield and Southwick changed, Mar. 20, 1837. See Southwick, Russell, and West Springfield.
West Springfield	Feb. 23, 1774,	Feb. 23, 1774, West part of Springfield. Part of Westfield annexed to West Springfield, Mar. 3, 1802. See Agawam and Holyoke.

Wilbraham	•	•	June 15, 1763,	, 1763, Fourth Parish of Springfield. A tract of land called the E1-
				bows annexed to Wilbraham, June 11, 1799. Town divided,
				and southerly part incorp. as the Town of Hampden, March
				28, 1878.

[Apr. 2], 1761, the County of Hampshire was divided into two Counties, the westerly part taking the name of Berkshire. June 24, 1811, the northerly part of Hampshire was erected into a new County by the name of Franklin; and Feb. 29, 1812, the southerly portion of the remaining part was incorporated as the County of Hampden.] HAMPSHIRE COUNTY. INCORP. MAY 7, 1662.

Amherst .	•	Feb. 13, 1759,	Feb. 13, 1759, Second Precinct of Hadley. Parts of Hadley annexed to Amherst, Feb. 28, 1811, Feb. 18, 1812, and Feb. 17, 1814.
Belchertown		June 30, 1761,	June 30, 1761, Cold Spring. See Enfield.
Chesterfield	•	June 11, 1762,	June 11, 1762, New Hingham. Part of Norwich annexed to Chesterfield, Feb. 22, 1794. Boundary line between Chesterfield and Goshen estab. Feb. 7, 1797; and betw'n Chesterfield, Goshen, and Williamsburg, Feb. 16, 1810. See Williamsburg.
Cummington		June 23, 1779,	June 23, 1779, Easterly part of "No. 5, W." See Plainfield.
Easthampton	•	June 17, 1785,	June 17, 1785, Indian name, Pasacomuck. Parts of South and North Hampton. Incorp. as a District, June 17, 1785, and as a Town, June 16, 1809. Boundary line between Easthampton and Southampton estab. Feb. 1, 1828. Changed Feb. 21, 1802. Parts of Southampton annexed to Easthampton, Mar. 13, 1841, and Apr. 4, 1850. Boundary line between Easthampton ton and Worthampton estab. Mar. 26, 1855. See Southampton.

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY - Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS	WNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Enfield .	•	Feb. 16, 1816,	Feb. 16, 1816, Parts of Greenwich and Belchertown.
Goshen .		May 14, 1781,	Chesterfield Gore and northerly part of Chesterfield. See
Granby .		June 11, 1768,	Second Parish of South Hadley. Part of South Hadley annexed to Granly, Mar. 6, 1792. Boundary line between Granly and South Hadley changed June 12, 1824, June 20, 1826, and June 16, 1827.
Greenwich	•	Apr. 20, 1754,	Apr. 20, 1754, Indian name, Quabin. See Dana, Enfield, and Petersham.
Hadley .	•	May 20, 1661,	May 20, 1661, Indian name, Norwottock. Boundary line between Hadley and Amherst changed Mar. 1, 1815. See South Hadley, Amherst, and Northumpton.
Hatfield .	•	. May 11, 1670,	Boundary line betw'n Hatfield and Williamsburg estab. Mar. 14, 1845, and Mar. 19, 1847. See Whately and Williamsbury.
Huntington		June 29, 1773,	See Norwich.
Middlefield	•	Mar. 12, 1783,	Mar. 12, 1783, From parts of Worthington, Chester, Becket, Partridgefield, Washington, and all of Prescott's Grant.

	i	Dat	e o	f In	ncor	poration	on, I	Etc.	123
Oct. 18, 1654, Indian names, Nanotuck, Nonotuck, or Norwottock. Hockannum Meadows set off from Hadley and annexed to Northampton, Apr. 15, 1860. Incorporated as eith June 23, 1883. See Eastleampton, Southermeton, and Westleambon.	E	Jan. 15, 1742, New Lisburne. See Prescott.	Mar. 16, 1785, Incorp. as a District, Mar. 16, 1785, and as a Town, June 15,	Jan. 28, 1822, East Parish of Pelham, and south part of New Salem.	. Apr. 12, 1753, Second Precinct of Hadley. See Granby.	Jan. 5, 1753, Southampton. Second Precinct of Northampton. Part of Easthampton annexed to Southampton, Mar. 13, 1841. See Easthampton, Montgomery, and Westhampton.	Ware River Parish. Parts of Brookfield and Western annexed to Ware, Feb. 8, 1823.	West part of Northampton. Boundary line between Northampton, Westhampton, Easthampton, and Southampton, changed Mar. 12, 1872.	West part of Hatfield. Boundary line between Williams-burg and Chesterfield estab. June 24, 1795. See Chesterfield, Hatfield, and Whately.
8, 1654,	Ju ne 29, 1773,	5, 1742,	6, 1785,	1823,	2, 1753,	5, 1753,	Nov. 25, 1761,	Sept. 29, 1778,	Apr. 24, 1771,
Oet. 1	June 2	Jan. 1	Mar. 1	Jan. 2	Apr. 1	Jan.	Nov.	Sept. 2	Apr. 2
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Northampton	Norwich	Pelham	Plainfield	Prescott	South Hadley	Southampton	Ware	esth	illia
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124 Counties and Towns of Massachusetts.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	id Towns	, i	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Worthington	on o		June 30, 1768,	June 30, 1768, "No. 3, W." Part of Chester annexed to Worthington, June 21, 1799. See Middleffeld.
	MID	DI	ESEX COUNT	MIDDLESEX COUNTY. INCORP. MAY 10, 1643. See Norfolk County.
Acton		•	July 3, 1735,	July 3, 1735, Part of Concord. See Carlisle.
Arlington	•	•	Feb. 27, 1807,	Feb. 27, 1807, See West Cambridge.
Ashby	•	•	Mar. 5, 1767,	Mar. 5, 1767, From parts of Townsend, Fitchburg, and Ashburnham. Part of Ashburnham annexed to Ashby, Nov. 16, 1792; and part to Fitchburg, Mar. 3, 1829.
Ashland	•	•	Mar. 16, 1846,	Mar. 16, 1846, From parts of Hopkinton, Framingham, and Holliston. See Hopkinton.
Ayer.	•	•	Feb. 14, 1871,	Feb. 14, 1871, Parts of Groton and Shirley.
Bedford	•	•	Sept. 23, 1729,	Sept. 23, 1729, From parts of Billenica and Concord.
Belmont		•	Mar. 18, 1859,	Mar. 18, 1859, From parts of West Cambridge, Watertown, and Waltham. Boundaries defined, 1862

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY - Concluded.

Boxborough . Feb. 25, 1783, From parts of Stow, Harvard, and Littleton. Incorp. as a District, Feb. 24, 1807, Southerly part of Cambridge; "Little Cambridge." Part of Cambridge annexed to Brighton, Jan. 27, 1846. Annexed to Boxton by Act of May 21, 1873, and by vote of City and Town. Burlington . Sept. 8, 1633, "New-town." Parts of Charlestown annexed to Cambridge. Part of Woburn. Soe Lexington. Sept. 8, 1633, "New-town." Parts of Charlestown annexed to Cambridge. Parts of Valestown annexed to Cambridge. Parts of Cambridge. Parts of Concord, Acton. Channesdon, and West Cambridge. Charlestown . June 24, 1629, Ludian name, Mishann. Part of Medford annexed to Charlestown, June 24, 1851. See Little Cambridge. June 24, 1629, Ludian name, Mishann. Part of Medford annexed to Charlestown, June 21, 1811. See Combridge. Annexed to Boston by Act of May 14, 1873, and by votes of the two Cities.	Billerica .		•	May 29, 165	55,	. May 29, 1655, Indian name, Shawshin. See Bedford and Carlisle.	
n Feb. 24, 1807, S. n Feb. 28, 1799, P. e Sept. 8, 1633, Apr. 28, 1789, P June 24, 1629, I.	Boxborough		•	Feb. 25, 178		From parts of Stow, Harvard, and Littleton. Incorp. as a District, Feb. 25, 1783, and as a Town, May 1, 1836. See Littleton.	
Sept. 8, 1633, Sept. 8, 1633, Apr. 28, 1780, P.	Brighton .	•	•	Feb. 24, 180	07,	Southerly part of Cambridge; "Little Cambridge." Part of Cambridge annexed to Brighton, Jan. 27, 1816. Annexed to Boston by Act of May 21, 1873, and by vote of City and Town.	D
Sept. 8, 1633, " Apr. 28, 1780, P	Burlington		•	Feb. 28, 179	 66:	Part of Woburn. See Lexington.	wi C
Apr. 28, 1780, Pr June 24, 1629, Ir.	mbridge	•	•	Sept. 8, 16.		"New-town." Parts of Charlestown annexed to Cambridge, Mar. 6, 1802, Feb. 12, 1818, and June 17, 1820. Incorp. as a City, Mar. 17, 1846. Act accepted Mar. 39, 1846. Parts of Walestown annexed to Cambridge, Apr. 27, 1855, Mar. 10, 1885. Boundary alme between Somerville and Cambridge changed Apr. 39, 1856, and Apr. 29, 1862. See Belmont, Brighton, Lexington, and West Cambridge.	oj incorpora
June 24, 1629, Ir	Carlisle .	•	•	Apr. 28, 178	 %	Parts of Concord, Acton, Chelmsford, and Binerca mcorp. as the District of Carlisle, Apr. 28, 1780, and as a Town, Feb. 18, 1805. See Chelmsford.	, 12
	arlestoton	•	•	June 24, 165		Indian name, Mishaum. Part of Medford annexed to Charlestown, June 21, 1811. Incorp. as a City, Feb. 22, 1847. Act accepted Mar. 10, 1847. See Cambridge, West Cambridge, Stoneham, Wohum, and Somerville. Annexed to Boston by Act of May 14, 1873, and by votes of the two Cities.	

MIDDLESEX COUNTY - Continued.

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CITIES AND TOWNS.	WNS.		Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Chelmsford		•	May 29, 1655,	May 29, 1655, Part of, annexed to Carlisle, Feb. 17, 1865. Part of, annexed to Lowell, May 18, 1874. See Lowell, Carlisle, and Westford.
Concord .		•	Sept. 2, 1635,	Sept. 2, 1635, Indian name, Musquetequid. See Acton, Bedford, Lincoln, and Cartiste.
Dracut .		•	Feb. 26, 1701,	Feb. 26, 1701, Parts of, annexed to Lowell, May 18, 1874, and Apr. 1, 1879.
Ounstable.	•	•	Oct. 15, 1673,	Oct. 15, 1673, Boundary line between Dunstable and Tyngsborough estab. Jan. 29, 1788. Parts of Groton annexed to Dunstable, Feb. 25, 1718, Jan. 26, 17196, and June 10, 1803. See Groton and Tyngsborough.
East Sudbury		•	Apr. 10, 1780,	Apr. 10, 1780, East part of Sudbury. Name changed to Wayland, Mar. 11,
Everett .			. Mar. 9, 1870,	Southerly part of Malden. Part of, annexed to Medford, Apr. 20, 1875.
Framingha m		•	June 25, 1700,	Part of Holliston annexed to Framingham, Feb. 11, 1833. Part of Natick annexed, 1871. See Asiuana, Holliston, Hop- kinton, and Marborough.
Groton .	•	•	. May 25, 1655,	Indian names, Petapawag, Wabansconcett. Part of Pepperell annexed to Groton, Feb. 3, 1803. Boundary line between Groton and Dunstable estab. Feb. 15, 1820. See Pepperell, Dunstable, Harvard, Shirley and Ayer.

		D	ate	of	Incorp	poration, I	$\Xi tc.$	12
Jec. 3, 1724, Part of Sherburne. Boundary line between Holliston and Medway changed Mar. 3, 1829; and estab. between Holliston, Holkinton, and Midway, Mar. 27, 1835. See Ashtand, Framingham, and Miljord.	Dec. 13, 1715, Indian name, Moguncoy. See Ashland, Holliston, and Upton.	From parts of Marlborough and nexed Mar. 20, 1868.	Mar. 29, 1712, Part of Cambridge. Part of Burlington annexed to Lexington,	Apr. 19, 1754, From parts of Concord, Lexington, and Weston.	Indian name, Nashoba. Named Littleton, Dec. 3, 1715. Boundary line between Littleton and Boxborough estab. Feb. 20, 1794. See Baxborough.	Part of Chelmsford. Incorp. as a Town, Mar. 1, 1826, and as a City, Aug. 5, 1836. Act accepted Apr. 11, 1837. Tarts of Tewksbury annext to Lowell, Mar. 22, 1832, Mar. 29, 1834, and June 6, 1874, and part of Dracut (Centralville), Feb. 28, 1854, Mar 18, 1874, and Apr. 1, 1879. Part of Chelmsford and Way 18, 1874, and Apr. 1, 1879. Part of Chelmsford and Way 18, 1874.	See Medford, Metrose, and Brevett. Part of Medford annexed to, Apr. 20, 1877. Boundary line between Medford and Malden ehanged Feb. 20, 1878. Inc. as a City Mar. 31, 1881.	May 31, 1660, Indian names, Okommakamesitt, Whipsufferage. Part of Framingham annexed to Marlborough, Feb. 23, 1791; and part of Southborough, Mar. 24, 1843. See Bolton, Northborough, Southborough, and Hudson.
3, 1724,	3, 1715,	. Mar. 19, 1866,	9, 1712,	9, 1754,	Nov. 2, 1714,	. Mar. 1, 1826,	May 2, 1649,	1, 1660,
Dec.	Dec. 1	Mar. 1	Mar. 2	$^{ m Apr.}$ 1	Nov.	Mar.	Мау	May 3
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Holliston	Hopkinton	Hudson	ing	Lincoln	Littleton	rell	den	lbo
Hol	Hol	Hu	Lexington.	Lin	Litt	Lowell	Malden	Marlborough

MIDDLESEX COUNTY - Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Maynard	. Apr. 19, 1871,	. Apr. 19, 1871, Parts of Stow and Sudbury.
Medford	Sept. 28, 1630,	Sept. 28, 1630, Indian name, Mistick, or Mystic. Declared "a peculiar town," Oct. 15, 1684. Part of Malden annexed to Medford, June 10, 1817. See Chardestown and Winchester. Part of Everett annexed to Apr. 20, 1875. Part of, annexed to Malden, Apr. 20, 1877; also Feb. 20, 1878.
Melrose	. May 3, 1850,	Part of Malden. Part of Stoneham annexed to Melrose March
Natick	, 1763,	The Society and Parish of Natick. Incorp. as a District in 1762, and as a Town, Feb. 10, 1781. Part of Sherburne annexed to Natick, Feb. 7, 1820. Boundary line between Natick and Wayland estab. Apr. 25, 1850. Part of, annexed to Framingham, 1871. See Needlam.
Newton .	Jan. 11, 1688,	Jan. 11, 1688, New Cambridge. Name changed to Newtown, Dec. 1691. An island between Needham and Newton, annexed to Newton, June 21, 1803. See Rozbury. Incorp. as "city by Act of June 2, 1873, and Act accepted by the people. Part of the City of Boston anced to, May 5, 1875.
North Reading.	. Mar. 22, 1853,	Mar. 22, 1853, Northern part of Reading. Boundary line between Lynn- field and North Reading chanced May 97, 1857.

		į	Date	of In	icorpor	atio	on, I	Etc.			12
Apr. 6, 1753 Incorp. as a District from Second Precinct of Groton. Part of Pepperell annexed to Groton, Feb. 3, 1803. See Groton.	May 29, 1644, Lynn Village. See Lynnfield, Wilmington, and South Reading.	May 27, 1674, Boggastown. Name changed from Sherburne to Sherborn, May 3, 1852. See Holliston, Natick, and Medway.	South-west part of Groton. Part of Groton annexed to Shirley, Feb. 6, 1798. See Lunenburg and Ayer.	Mar. 3, 1842, Part of Chaulestown. Incorp. as a City by Act of Apr. 14, 1871; accepted by the voters. See Cambridge.	Second Parish of Reading. Part of Stoneham annexed to South Reading, Apr. 5, 1856. Name changed to Wakefield, June 30, 1868.	. Dec. 17, 1725, Part of Charlestown. See South Reading and Melrose.	May 16, 1683, Indian name, Pomposetticut. See Boxborough, Harvard, and Maynard.	Sept. 4, 1639, See Maynard.	Dec. 23, 1734, Indian name, Wamesit. Northerly part of Billerica. Part of, annexed to Lowell, June 5, 1874. See Lowell.	June 29, 1732, Townshend. North part of Turkey Hill. See Ashby.	
6, 1753,	29, 1644,	27, 1674,	5, 1753,	3, 1842,	Feb. 25, 1812,	17, 1725,	16, 1683,	4, 1639,	23, 1734,	29, 1732,	
Apr.	May ?	May ?	Jan.	Mar.	Feb. ?	Dec. 1	May 1	Sept.	Dec. 2	June 2	
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Pepperell .	Reading .	Sherborn .	Shirley .	Somerville.	South Reading	Stoneham.	Stow .	Sudbury .	Tewksbury	Townsend.	

MIDDLESEX COUNTY - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Tyngsborough	June 22, 1789,	June 22, 1789, South and easterly part of Dunstable. Incorp. as a District, June 22, 1789, and as a Town, Feb. 23, 1809. Part of Dunstable americal of Tyngsborough, Mar. 3, 1762. Boundary line between Tyngsborough and Dunstable estab. June 10, 1814. See Dunstable.
Wakefield	Feb. 25, 1812,	Feb. 25, 1812, See South Reading and Lynnfield. Boundary line between Wakefield and Lynnfield defined Apr. 2, 1870.
Waltham	Jan. 4, 1737,	Jan. 4, 1737, Westerly Precinct of Watertown Part of Newton annexed to Waltham, April 16, 1849. Incorp. as a City June 2, 1884. Act accepted July 16, 1884. See Belmont and Newton.
Watertown Wayland	Sept. 7, 1630, Apr. 10, 1780,	Sept. 7, 1630, Indian name, Pigsgusset. See Belmont, Weston, and Cambridge. Apr. 10, 1780, See East Sudbury and Natick.
West Cambridge	Feb. 27, 1807,	Feb. 27, 1807, Westerly Parish of Cambridge. Part of Charlestown annexed to West Cambridge, Feb. 25, 1842. Name changed to Arlington, Apr. 30, 1867. See Winchester, Belmont, and Cambridge.
Westford	Sept. 23, 1729,	Sept. 23, 1729, Westerly Precinct of Chelmsford.
Weston	Jan. 1, 1712.	Jan. 1.1712, Part of Watertown. See Lincoln.

			Date	of Incor	rporation, El	c.	13
. Sept. 25, 1730, From parts of Woburn and Reading.	Apr. 30, 1850, From parts of Wohnrn, Medford, and West Cambridge. Part of, annexed to Wohurn by Act of May 12, 1873, William and West Cambridge.	May 18, 1642, Charlestown Village. See Burlington, Wilmington, and	NANTUCKET COUNTY. INCORP. JUNE 20, 1695. (Indian name, NAUTICAN.)	June 27, 1687, See Sherburn. June 27, 1687, Name changed to Nantucket, June 8, 1795.	NORFOLK COUNTY. INCORP. MARCH 26, 1793. [Norfolk County, as theorporated, included all the original ferritory of Suffolk, except the towns of Boston and Chelsea. May 10, 1653, the Colony was divided into four Counties; viz., Pissex, Middhew, sinfolk, and Norfolk. The latter was composed of the Towns of Harvesterlit, Sallariny, Hampon, Excler, Drover, and Strivberry Bank (Fortsmonth). The four historical form of the Towns having been "also of "Ty", upon the separation of New Hampshire from Massachineetts in 1980, the others were set back to Essex, Feb. 4, 1980, and the original County of Norfolk ceased to exist.]	Nov. 27, 1719, From parts of Dedham, Wrentham, and Mendon. Boundary line between Bellingham, Franklin, and Medway, estab. Feb. 23, 1872; line between Bellingham and Mendon estab. Mar. 7, 1872.	. May 13, 1640, Mount Wollaston, Merry Mount, Mount Dagan. See Quincy
Sept. 25, 1730,	Apr. 30, 1850,	May 18, 1642,	er county.	. June 27, 1687, See Sherburn. June 27, 1687, Name change	NORFOLK rpocrated, included clivided into four rhill, Salisbury, Ile taken off," upon th	Nov. 27, 1719,	May 13, 1640,
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	Winchester	Woburn .	NAI	Nantucket. Sherburn	[Norfolk Con May 10, 1643, the posed of the Tow named Towns ha	Bellingham	Braintree .

NORFOLK COUNTY - Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.		Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Brookline .	•	Nov. 13, 1705,	Nov. 13, 1705, Muddy River; Brooklyn. Part of Roxbury annexed to Brookline, Feb. 24, 1844. Part of, annexed to Boston, 1870. Part of, annexed to Boston, May 8, 1874. See Boston. Line hetween Brookline and City of Boston changed Apr. 27, 1872.
Canton	•	Feb. 23, 1797,	Feb. 23, 1797, Northerly part of Stoughton. See Stoughton.
Cohasset	•	Apr. 26, 1770,	Apr. 26, 1770, Indian name, Conahesset. Second Precinct of Hingham.
Dedham	•	Sept. 8, 1636,	Sept. 8, 1636, Boundary line between Dedham and Dover defined Mar. 7, 1791. See Bellingham, Dover, Borchester, Needlam, Medheld, Walpole, West Roxbury, Hyde Park, and Norwood.
Dorchester .	•	Sept. 7, 1630,	Sept. 7, 1630, Indian name, Mattapan. Boundary line between Dorchester and Quincy changed July 10, 1814, and estab. Feb. 21, 1830. Part of Dedham annexed to Dorchester, June 17, 1831. Annewed to Boston by Act of June 4, 1869, and vote of the
Dover.	•	July 7, 1784,	July 7, 1784, Part of Dedham. Incorp. as a District, July 7, 1784, and as a Town, Mar. 31, 1836. Boundary line between Dover and Dedham defined Mar. 7, 1731. Line between Dover and Walpole changed Feb. 27, 1872.

	Date	of	In	corp	oratio	n,	Etc.		18
From parts of Wrentham, Walpole, Stoughton, and Stoughtonliam (Sharon). Parts of Stoughton and Sharon amexed to Foxbrough, Mar. 12, 1796; part of Wrentham, Feb. 7, 1831; and part of Sharon, Feb. 29, 1850. See Sharon, Walpole, and Wrentham.	Mar. 2, 1778, Westerly part of Wrentham. Part of Medway annexed to Franklin, June 27, 1792. Boundary line between Franklin and Medway estab. Nov. 3, 1792, and Feb. 23, 1832. See Bellingham and Novjolk.	Part of Randolph.	From parts of Dorchester, Dedham, and Milton.	. May 23, 1651, Dedham Village. See Medway.	Part of Medfield. Boundary line between Medway and Sherborn estab. Mar. 3, 1792. See Bellingham, Franklin, Holliston, and Norfoik.	Feb. 21, 1885, Part of Medway.	Indian name, Uncataguisset, or Unquety. See Hyde Park and Quincy.	Nov. 5, 1711, Part of Dedham. Boundary line between Needham and Natick changed June 22, 1797. See Newton. Part of, set off and incorp. as the town of Weltesley, Apr. 6, 1881.	From parts of Wrentham, Franklin, Medway, and Walpole. Boundary line between it and Wrentham changed in 1871.
June 10, 1778,	, 1778,	Feb. 29, 1872,	. Apr. 22, 1868,	1651,	Oct. 24, 1713,	, 1885,	7, 1662,	, 1711,	Feb. 23, 1870,
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NORFOLK COUNTY - Concluded.

CHIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Norwood	. Feb. 23, 1872,	Feb. 23, 1872, From parts of Dedham and Walpole,
Quincy	. Feb. 24, 1792,	Feb. 24, 1792, North Precinct of Braintree. Parts of Dorchester annexed to Quincy, Feb 12, 1819, and May 2, 1855; and a part of Braintree, Apr. 24, 1856. Boundary line between Quincy and Mikon changed and established Apr. 16, 1885. See <i>Dorchester</i> .
Randolph	. Mar. 9, 1793,	Mar. 9, 1793, Part of Braintree. Portion of boundary line defined June 22, 1811. Part set off into a new Town, Feb. 29, 1872. See Holbrook.
Roxbury	Sept. 28, 1630,	Sept. 28, 1630, Part of Newton annexed to Roxbury, Apr. 23, 1838. Incorp. as a City, Mar. 12, 1846. Act accepted Mar. 25, 1846. Boundary line between Boston and Roxbury estab. May 3, 1850, and changed Apr. 3, 1890. Annexed to Boston by Act of June 1, 1847, and vote of the people of the two Cities on the second Monday of September following. See Boston and West Roxbury.
Sharon	June 20, 1765,	June 20, 1765, Indian name, Mashapoag. Stonghtonham. Second Precinct of Stoughton. Part of Stoughton annexed to Sharon, Feb. 12, 1742; also Mar. 36, 1864. Boundary line between Sharon and Foxborough estab. Jan. 30, 1833. Part of, annexed to Walpole, May 1, 1874. See Foxborough and Walpole.

Stoughton .		Dec	. 22, 1726,	Dec. 22, 1726, Indian name, Punkapoag. Part of Dorchester. Part of Canton annexed to Stoughton, Mar. 31, 1847. See Canton, Foxborough, and Staron.	
Walpole .	•	Dec	. 10, 1724,	Dec. 10, 1724, Part of Dedham. Parts of Sharon annexed to Walpole, Feb. 28, 1894, and June 21, 1811; part of Dedham, June 21, 1811; part of Dedham, June 21, 1811; and parts of Foxborough, Mar. 27, 1853, and Mar. 28, 1834. Line between Dover and Walpole claused Feb. 27, 1872. See Foxborough, Norjolk, and Norwood.	Dc
Wellesley.		Apr	il 6, 1881,	April 6, 1881, Incorp. from the Town of Needlam, Apr. 6, 1881.	иe
West Roxbury	•	Ma	. May 24, 1851,	Part of Roxbury. Part of Dedham annexed to West Roxbury, Apr. 21, 1852. Boundary line between it and Boston claanged 1870. Annexed to Boston by Act of May 29, 1873, and by votes of City and Town. Mount Hope Cemetery in, annexed to the City of Boston, Apr. 12, 1872.	of Incor
Weymouth		Sep	t. 2, 1635,	Sept. 2, 1635, Indian name, Wessaguscut, or Wessaguson. Boundary line between Weymouth and Abington estab. Mar. 31, 1847.	pora
Wrentham		Oct	. 15, 1673,	Oct. 15, 1673, Indian name, Wallonopaug. Boundary line between Wrentham and Foxborough estab. Feb. 3, 1819. Boundary line between it and Norfolk changed in 1871. See Attleborough, Bellingham, Foxborough, Franklin, and Norfolk.	ttion, E
		P	LYMOUTI	PLYMOUTH COUNTY. INCORP. JUNE 2, 1685.	c.
Abington		unf	e 10, 1712,	June 10, 1712, Indian name, Manamooskeagin. Easterly part of Bridge-water. See Weymouth, Rockland, and South Abington.	13
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PLYMOUTH COUNTY - Continued.

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CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Bridgewater .	June 3, 1656,	June 3, 1656, Indian name, Nunketest. Duxboro' Plantation. Boundary line between Bridgewater and East Bridgewater estab. Reb. 23, 1838, and Mar. 20, 1846. See East Bridgewater, Haliyar, North Bridgewater, and West Bridgewater.
Brockton	June 15, 1821,	June 15, 1821, Name changed from North Bridgewater to Brockton March 28, 1874. Part of, annexed to South Abington, Apr. 24, 1875. Part of South Abington annexed to, Apr. 24, 1875. Incorp. as a City Apr. 9, 1881.
Carver	June 9, 1790,	June 9, 1790, South part of Plympton. Boundary line between Middle-borough and Carver estab. Mar. 24, 1849. See Plympton.
Duxbury	June 7, 1637,	June 7, 1637, Indian name, Mattakeeset. Duxboro'. Boundary line between Duxbury and Marshfield estab. June 14, 1813. See Kingston and Pembroke.
East Bridgewater	June 14, 1823,	June 14, 1823, Part of Bridgewater. Part of Halifax annexed to East Bridgewater, Apr. 11, 1857. See Bridgewater and South Abington. Part of, annexed to Brockton, Apr. 24, 1875.

	Date	oj	11100	γp	orai	w,	Eic.				10
July 4, 1734, Indian name, Monoponset. From parts of Plympton, Middleborough, and Pembroke. Part of Bridgewater annexed to Halliax, Feb. 29, 1824; and part of Plympton, Mar. 16, 1830. Boundary line between it and Plympton estab. Feb. 6, 1863. See East Bridgewater.	June 14, 1727, Boundary line between Hanover and South Scituate determined May 15, 1857, under Resolves of May 31, 1856. Boundary line between Hanover and South Scituate changed Feb. 11, 1878. Boundary line between Hanover and Pembroke defined Apr. 23, 1885. See Rockland.	. Feb. 22, 1820, Westerly part of Pembroke.	Sept. 2, 1635, Barccove. Hingham and Hull taken from Suffolk County, June 18, 1803. See Cohasset.	. May 29, 1644, Nantasket. See Hingham.	June 16, 1726, Part of Plymouth. Part of Duxbury annexed to Kingston, Apr. 14, 1857.	South-westerly part of Middleborough. Boundary line between it and Taunton defined 1867.	South-easterly part of Rochester. Boundary line between Marion and Wareham estab. Feb. 18, 1859, and Feb. 13, 1866.	Mar. 2, 1640, Green Harbor. Rexham. See Duxbury.	. May 20, 1857, Mattapoisett Precinct, — a part of Rochester.	June -, 1669, Indian names, Assawampsit, or Assawomit, and Nemesket. See Carrer and Lakeville.	
y 4, 1734,	ne 14, 1727,	b. 22, 1820,	ot. 2, 1635,	y 29, 1644,	ne 16, 1726,	. May 13, 1853,	May 14, 1852,	r. 2, 1640,	y 20, 1857,	ne -, 1669,	
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Halifax	Hanover	Hanson	Hingham	Hull .	Kingston	Lakeville	Marion	Marshfield .	Mattapoisett	Middleborough	

PLYMOUTH COUNTY - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
North Bridgewater	. June 15, 1821,	North Bridgewater . June 15, 1821, Part of Bridgewater. Boundary line between North and Vest Bridgewater estab. Jan. 22, 1825. In 1871 the name of the Town was changed to Standish, subject to the approval of the voters. The Act was not approved. Name changed to Brockton, Mar. 28, 1874.
Pembroke.	. Mar. 21, 1711,	Mar. 21, 1711, Westerly part of Duxbury, or Mattakeeset. See Hanover and Hanson.
Plymouth. •	. Dec. 11, 1620,	Dec. 11, 1620, Indian names, Accomack, Apaum, or Umpane, and Patuxet. See Kingston, Wareham, and Plympton.
Plympton.	June 4, 1707,	June 4, 1707, Indian name, Wenatukset. South-westerly part of Plymouth. Boundary line between Plymouth and Carver estab. Feb. 8, 1193. See Carver and Haliyax.
Rochester	June 4, 1686,	June 4, 1686, Indian name, Seipican, or Sippican. Boundary line between Rochester and Fairhaven estab. Apr. 9, 1836. See Marion and Mattapoisett.
Rockland	. Mar. 9, 1874,	Mar. 9, 1874, North and east part of Abington. Boundary line between Hanover and Rockland estab. March 23, 1878.

		Dat	e of I	ncorp	poration	n, Et	c.		139
Oct. 5, 1656, Indian name, Satuit, from Satuit Brook in the eastern part of the Town. See Cohasset and South Scituate.	Mar. 4, 1875, Parts of Abington and Bast Bridgewater. Part of, annexed to Brockton, Apr. 24, 1875.	Feb. 14, 1849, Part of Scituate. See Hanover. Part of Hanover annexed Feb. 11, 1878.	Plantation of Agawam, or Agowaywam. Part of Plymouth annexed to Wareham, Jan. 20, 1827. Boundary line between it and Rochester defined 1864 and 1866. See Marion.	Feb. 16, 1822, Part of Bridgewater. See North Bridgewater.	SUFFOLK COUNTY. Incorp. May 10, 1643. See Norfolk County.	Jan. 10, 1738, Indian name, Winnisimet. Rumney Marsh. See Saugus and North Chelsea.	Mar. 19, 1848, Part of Chelsea. See Winding. Name changed to Revere by Act of Mar. 24, 1871; approved by the Town.	Mar. 19, 1848, See North Chelsea.	. Mar. 27, 1852, Easterly part of North Chelsea.
5, 1626,	4, 1875,	4, 1849,	July 10, 1739,	6, 1822,	UNTY	0, 1738,	9, 1848,	9, 1848,	7, 1852,
Oct.	Mar.	Feb. 1	July 1	Feb. 1	ГК СС	Jan. 1	Mar. 1	Mar. 1	Mar. 2
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	South Abington	South Scituate.	æ	West Bridgewater		•	North Chelsea	•	- d
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	Original Name, Change of Name. Boundary, Etc.	Esept. 7, 1630, Indian name, Shawmut. Tri-Mountain. Noddle's Island (East Boston) granted to Sanuel Maverick, Apr. 1, 1633, and annexed to Boston, Mar. 9, 1636-8. Long, Spectacle, Decr, and Hog Islandsgranted to Boston, Mar. 4, 1634. Dorester Point (South Boston) annexed to Boston, Mar. 6, 1634. Boston incorp. as a City, Feb. 23, 1822. Act accepted Mar. 4, 1822. Boundary line between Boston and Brookline estab., and part of Brookline annexed to Boston, Feb. 23, 1826. Thompson's Island granted to Dorchester, Mar. 3, 1836. Thompson's Island granted to Dorchester, Mar. 2, 1834. Boundary line between Boston and Roxbury estab. Mar. 16, 1836; catholine annexed to Boston, May 2, 1856; and changed Apr. 3, 1830. Part of Dorchester, Rown as Washington Village, annexed to Boston, May 21, 1850. Line changed Apr. 2, 1850. Part of Brookline and Boston changed Apr. 27, 1872. Mount Hope Cemetery in W. Roxbury annexed to Apr. 27, 1872. Nount Hope Cemetery in W. Roxbury annexed to Apr. 27, 1872. 1872. See Roxbury, Dorchester, annexed to Apr. 27, 1872. See Roxbury, Dorchester, annexed by chaps. 303, 314, and 286 of the Acrs of 1873. Part of, annexed to the City of Newton, May 5, 1875.
	Date of Incorporation.	Sept. 7, 1630,
	CITIES AND TOWNS.	Boston

WORCESTER COUNTY. INCORP. APRIL 2, 1731.

Ashburnham		Feb. 22, 1765,	Feb. 22, 1765, Dorchester Canada. Part of Gardner annexed to Ashburnham, Feb. 16, 1815; and part of Westminster, Jan. 28, 1824. See Ashby and Gardner.
Athol	•	Mar. 6, 1762,	Mar. 6, 1762, Indian name, Payguage, or Poquaic. Part of Gerry annexed to Athol, Feb. 28, 1896; part of Orange, Feb. 7, 1816; and parts of New Salem, Feb. 5, 1839, and Mar. 16, 1837. Land confirmed to Athol, June 11, 1829. See Hoydston, Gerry, and Boylston.
Auburn .	•	Apr. 10, 1778, See Ward.	See Ward.
Ward.	•	Apr. 10, 1778,	Apr. 10, 1778, From parts of Worcester, Sutton, Oxford, and Leicester. Name changed to Auburn, Feb. 7, 1857.
Вагте.	•	. Mar. 28, 1753,	North-westerly part of Rutland incorp. as Rutland District, Mar. 28, 1753. Rutland District incorp. as Town of Hutchin- son, June -, 1774. Name changed to Barre, Nov, 1776.
Hutchinson.	•	June -, 1774, See Barre.	See Barre.
Berlin .	•	Mar. 16, 1784,	South Parish of Bolton incorp, as District of Berlin, Mar. 16, 1784, and as a Town, Feb. 6, 1812. Part of Lancaster annexed to Berlin, Feb. 8, 1791; and a part of Northborough, Feb. 14, 1806.
Blackstone	•	Mar. 25, 1845,	. Mar. 25, 1845, Part of Mendon.

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CITIES AND TOWNS.	OWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.	
Bolton .	•	June 24, 1738,	June 24, 1738, Part of Lancaster. Part of Mariborough annexed to Bolton, Feb. 11, 1829. Boundary line between Bolton and Westborough estab. Mar. 16, 1838. See Berlin; also Hudson, in Middlesex County.	
Boylston .		Mar. 1, 1786,	Mar. 1, 1786, North Parish of Shrewsbury. See West Boylston.	
Brookfield .	•	Nov. 12, 1718,	Nov. 12, 1718, Indian name, Quaboag, Quobog, or Quobage. Boundary line between Brookfield and New Braintee estab. June 10, 1791, and Mar. 8, 1792. Part of New Brookfield annexed to Brookfield in the field, Apr. 15, 1854. See North Brookfield and Wave.	•
Charlton .	•	Nov. 2, 1754,	Nov. 2, 1754, West part of Oxford. See Oxford, Southbridge, and Sturbridge.	
Clinton .		Mar. 14, 1850,	Mar. 14, 1850, Part of Lancaster.	
Dana . •	•	Feb. 18, 1801,	Feb. 18, 1801, From parts of Petersham, Hardwick, and Greenwich. Boundary line estab. Feb. 12, 1803. Boundary line between Dana and Greenwich estab. June 19, 1811. Parts of Petersham and Hardwick annexed to Dana, Feb. 4, 1842.	
Douglas .	•	, 1746,	. — -, 1746, Incorp. as a District. (See note on page 103.) Boundary line between it and Uxbridge estab. Apr. 25, 1864. See Webster.	

Fitchburg Feb. 2, 1731, Indian name, Chabanakongmun. From iands between Woodslock and Oxford. Middlesex Gore annexed to Dudley and Sturbridge, June 25, 1794. See Southbridge and Webster. Gardner Feb. 3, 1764, West part of Lunenburg. See Ashby and Westminster. Incorp. Bas a City by Act of Mar. 8, 1873; accepted by the people. Grafton . June 27, 1785, From parts of Westminster, Ashburnham, Winchendon, and Fempleton. See Ashburnham, Winchendon, and Hardwick Jan. 10, 1738-39, Lambstown. Part of Sutton, Mar. 3, 1842. See Worcester. Holden Jan. 9, 1740, North part of Worcester. Roundary line between Holden and Paxon and Stow. See Boxborough. Holden June 13, 1767, North-easterly part of Rutland. See Princeton. Lancaster May 18, 1653, Indian name, Nashwash, or Nashawog. Boundary line between Lancaster and Sterling estab. Mar. 7, 1837. See Berlin, Holden, and Sterling.			Dat	te of 1	ncorpoi	·atre	on, Etc	;.	1
rg	Indian name, Chabanakongmun. From iands between Woodstock and Oxford. Middlesex Gore annexed to Dudley and Sturbridge, June 25, 1794. See Southbridge and Webster.	West part of Lunenburg. See Ashby and Westminster. Incorp. as a City by Act of Mar. 8, 1872; accepted by the people.		Indian name, Hassanamisco. Gore of land annexed to Grafton, Juno 14, 1823; part of Shrewsbury annexed Mar. 3, 1826; and part of Sutton, Mar. 3, 1842. See Worcester.	Lambstown. Part of New Braintree annexed to Hardwick, June 10, 1814; and gores of land, Feb. 7, 1831, and Feb. 6, 1833. See Dana and Petersham.		North part of Worcester. Boundary line between Holden and Paxton estab. Mar. 27, 1793. Part of Paxton annexed to Holden, Mar. 19, 1851. See <i>Paxton</i> and <i>West Boylston</i> .	North-easterly part of Rutland. See Princeton.	Boundary Mar. 7, 1837.
rg	1731,	1764,	1785,	1735,	38-39,	1732,	1740,	1767,	1653,
rg	e.j.	. 3,	ө 27,	. 18,	10,17	е 29,	6.	е 13,	7 18,
rg	Feb	Feb	Jup	\mathbf{Apr}	Jan.	Jun	Jan	Jun	May
Fitchburg Fardner Frafton Hardwick Hardwick Holden Tubbardston	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Fitchburg . Fardner . Frafton . Hardwick . Hardwick . Holden . Tubbardston Lancaster .	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•
Sitchburg Gardner Grafton Hardwick Holden Tubbards	•		•	•	·	•	•	ston	
Fitch Fard Fard Hard Hard Hard Hold Fubb	ey	burg	ner	u o	wick	ard	en .	ard	aste
	Jud	fitch	kard	Fraft	Iard	Iarv	Told	Hubk	anc

WORCESTER COUNTY-Continued.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Leicester	. Feb. 15, 1713,	Feb. 15, 1713, Indian name, Towtaid. See Ward, Spencer, and Paxton.
Leominster .	June 23, 1740,	June 23, 1740, Part of Lancaster. Part of No-town annexed to Leominster, Apr. 13, 1838.
Lunenburg	Aug. 1, 1728,	So. part of Turkey Hills. Boundary line between Lunenburg and Shirley estab. Mar. 3, 1846. See Fitchbury and Townsend.
Mendon	. May 15, 1667,	May 15, 1667, Indian name, Qunshapauge, or Squnshopog. See Bellingham, Blackstone, and Miljord.
Milford	. Apr. 11, 1780,	Apr. 11, 1780, Indian name, Wopowage. East Precinct of Mendon. Part of Holliston annexed to Milford, Apr. 1, 1859.
Millbury	June 11, 1813,	June 11, 1813, North Parish in Sutton.
New Braintree.	. Jan. 31, 1751,	Jan. 31, 1751, Indian name, Wenimesset. See Brookfield and Hardwick.
Northborough .	Jan. 24, 1766,	Jan. 24, 1766, North Precinct of Westborough. Fart of Marlborough annexed to Northborough, June 20, 1807. See Berlin.
Northbridge .	July 14, 1772,	July 14, 1772, North part of Uxbridge. Parts of Sutton annexed to North-bridge, Feb. 17, 1801, and Mar. 16, 1844. See Sutton and Uxbridge.

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. Feb. 28, 1812, North Parish in Brookfield. See Brookfield.	June 11, 1762, West wing of Rutland. Incorp. as District of Oakham, June	Part of Sutton annexed to Oxford, Feb. 18, 1793; Oxford South Gore annexed Feb. 6, 1807; part of Charlton, Feb. 3, 1809; and Oxford North Gore, Mar. 22, 1838. See Charlton, Ward, and Webster.	South part of Rutland and north part of Leieester incorp. as District of Paxton, Feb. 12, 1775. Parts of Holden annexed to Paxton, Feb. 13, 1804, and Apr. 9, 1838; and part of Rutland, May 24, 1851. See Holden and Rutland.	Apr. 20, 1754, Indian name, Nitchawog. See Dana.	Oct. 20, 1786, See Gerry. Boundary line between Phillipston and Royalston changed Mar. 29, 1857. See Royalston.	Oct. 20, 1786, From parts of Templeton and Athol. Name changed to Phillipston, Feb. 5, 1814. See Athol and Royalston.	Apr. 24, 1771, Indian name, Wachusett. East wing of Rutland. Part of Inbhardston amecked to Princeton, Feb. 16, 1810; and part of No-town, April 4, 18:8. Part of Westminster annexed to, Apr. 22, 1870. See Westminster.	Feb. 17, 1765, Royalstonshire. Parts of Athol and Gerry annexed to Royalston, Feb. 26, 1799; and part of Athol, Mar. 7, 1803. See Phillipston.
1812,	1762,	—, -, 1713,	Feb. 12, 1765,	1754,	1786,	1786,	1771,	1765,
28,	, 11,	i^	13,	20,	20,	20,	24,	17,
Feb.	June	Î	Feb.	Apr.	Oct.	Oct.	Apr.	Feb.
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Bro	am	p	ŭ	shan	psto		eton	Istor
North Brookfield	Oakham	Oxford	Paxton	Petersham.	Phillipston	Gerry .	Princeto n	Royalston .
4	0	19		Ι	H	0		Н

WORCESTER COUNTY - Concluded.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	ej.	Date of Incorporation.	Original Name, Change of Name, Boundary, Etc.
Rutland	•	Feb. 23, 1713,	Feb. 23, 1713, Indian name, Nagueag. Boundary line between Rutland and Paxton estab. Feb. 20, 1829. See Hubbardston, Oakland, and
Shrewsbury .	•	. Dec. 19, 1727,	See Boylston and Grafton.
Southborough .	•	July 6, 1727,	July 6, 1727, Part of Marlborough. Boundary line between Southborough and Westborough estab. Mar. 5, 1835. See Marborough.
Southbridge .	•	Feb. 15, 1816,	Feb. 15, 1816, From parts of Sturbridge, Charlton, and Dudley. Part of Dudley annexed to Southbridge, Feb. 23, 1822, and part of Sturbridge, Apr. 6, 1839. Boundary line between it and Sturbridge, Apr. 6, 1839.
Spencer	•	. Apr. 3, 1753,	Second Precinct of Leicester.
Sterling	•	Apr. 25, 1781,	Apr. 25, 1781, Second Precinct of Lancaster. See Lancaster and W. Boylston.
Sturbridge.	•	June 24, 1738,	New Medfield. Part of Charlton annexed to Shurbridge, June 27, 1792. See Dudley and Southbridge. Boundary line between it and Southbridge changed in 1871.
Sutton		June 21, 1715,	June 21, 1715, Nipnug Country. Part of Northbridge annexed to Sutton, June 15, 1831. Boundary line between Sutton and Northbridge changed Mar. 7, 1837. See Ward, Grafton, Millbury, Northbridge, and Oxford.

Templeton .	•	Mar. 6, 1762,	. Mar. 6, 1762, Narragansett, "No. 6." See Gerry and Garaner.
Upton	•	June 14, 1735,	June 14, 1735, From parts of Mendon, Sutton, Uxbridge, and Hopkinton.
Uxbridge	•	June 27, 1727,	June 27, 1727, Indian name, Waeuntug. Part of Mendon. Boundary line between Uxbridge and Northbridge changed Apr. 30, 1856.
Warren	•	Jan. 16, 1741, See Western.	
Webster	•	Mar. 6, 1832,	Mar. 6, 1832, From parts of Dudley and Oxford. Boundary line between Webster and Douglas estab. Feb. 27, 1841.
Westborough .	•	Nov. 18, 1717,	Nov. 18, 1717, Chauncy. See Bolton and Southborough.
West Boylston .	•	Jan. 30, 1808,	Jan. 30, 1808, From parts of Boylston, Holden, and Sterling. Part of Boylston, ston annexed to West Boylston, Feb. 10, 1850, and June I7, Ston annexed to West Boylston, Feb. 10, 1850, See Polley.
West Brookfield	•	Mar. 3, 1848,	. Mar. 3, 1848, Part of Brookfield.
Western .	•	Jan. 16, 1741,	Jan. 16, 1741, From parts of Brookfield, Brimfield, and easterly part of Kingsfield. Name changed to Warren, Mar. 13, 1854. See Pulmer and Ware.
Westminster .	•	Apr. 26, 1770,	Apr. 26, 1770, Narragansett, "No. 2." Parts of Fitchburg annexed to Westminster, Feb. 12, 1795, and Feb. 16, 1818; and part of No-town, Apr. 10, 1818. Part of, annexed to Princeton, Apr. 22, 1870. See Asibourhlam and Gardner.
Winchendon .	•	June 14, 1764,	June 14, 1764, Ipswich Canada. See Gardner.
Worcester.	•	Oct. 15, 1684,	Oct. 15, 1684, Indian name, Quansigamond. Grafton Gore annexed to Worcester, Mar. 22, 1838. See Holden and Ward.

CITIES IN THE COMMONWEALTH,

WITH THE DATE OF THEIR ORGANIZATION, AND THEIR POPULATION.

	NA	ME.		INCORPORATED.	Population,
Boston .				Feb. 23, 1822,	390,406
Salem .				March 23, 1836,	28,084
Lowell .				April 1, 1836,	64,051
Cambridge				March 17, 1846,	59,660
New Bedford				March 9, 1847,	3 3,39 3
Worcester.			٠	Feb. 29, 1848,	68,383
Lynn				April 10, 1849,	45,861
Newburyport				May 24, 1851,	13,716
Springfield				April 12, 1852,	37,577
Lawrence .				March 21, 1853,	38,845
Fall River				April 12, 1854,	56,863
Chelsea .				March 13, 1857,	25,709
Taunton .				May 11, 1864,	23,674
Haverbill .				March 10, 1869,	21,795
Somerville				April 14, 1871,	29,992
Fitchburg.				March 8, 1872,	15,375
Holyoke .				April 7, 1873,	27,894
Gloucester				April 28, 1873,	21,713
Newton				June 2, 1873,	19,759
Malden .				March 31, 1881,	16,407
Brockton .				April 9, 1881,	20,783
Northampton		;		June 23, 1883,	12,896
Waltham .				June 2, 1884,	14,609

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

[Established by Chapter 253, Acts of 1882.]

DISTRICT No. 1.

Towns.	Population 1880.	Towns.	Population.
Barnstable County Barnstable, Bourne,* Brewster, Clatham, Denis, Ea. tham, Falmouth, Harwich, Mashpee, Orleans, Provincetown, Sandwich, Truro, Well:leet, Yarmouth,	4,250 1,144 2,252 3,290 6992 2,422 2,422 3,265 847 1,294 4,345 3,544 1,019 1,908 2,173	Bristol Co. — Con. Seekonk, Somerset, Swansea, Westport, Dukes Co. Chilmark, Cottage City, Edgartown, Gay Head, Gosnold, Tisbury, Nantucket Co. Nantucket,	1,228 2,006 1,356 2,898 494 679 1,301 161 154 1,516
Bristol Co. Acushnet. Dartmouth. Dighton, Fairhaven, Fail River, Freetown. New Bedford, Rehoboth,	1,105 3,430 1,791 2,875 49,006 1,329 26,875 1,891	Plymouth Co. Lakeville,	1,008 958 1,365 5,237 1,043 2,897 148,274

^{*} New town.

DISTRICT No. 2.

Towns.	Population 1880.	Towns.	Population 1880.
Bristol Co. Attleborough, Berkley, Easton, Mansfield, Norton, Raynham, Taunton,	11,111 927 3,902 2,765 1,732 1,681 21,213	Plymouth Co.—Con. Bridgewater, Brockton, Carver, East Bridgewater, Hanover, Hunson, Hingham, Huli,	3,622 13,608 1,039 2,710 1,897 1,309 4,485
Norfolk Co. Braintree, Canton, Cohasset, Holbrook, Quincy, Randolph, Sharon, Stoughton, Weymouth,	3,855 4,523 2,182 2,132 10,529 4,027 1,492 4,875 10,571	Rockland, Scitnate, South Abington, South Scituate, West Bridgewater, Halifax, Marshfield, Pembroke, Duxbury, Kingston, Plympton,	4,553 2,466 3,024 1,820 1,665 542 1,785 1,405 2,196 1,524 694 7,094
Plymouth Co. Abington,	3,697	Total,	149,033

DISTRICT No. 3.

Suffolk Co. Boston, Ward 11, Ward 15,—	16,601	Suffolk Co. — Con. Boston, Ward 22, Ward 23,	12,715 14,008
Precinct 3, . Precinct 4, .	3,084 3,801	Ward 24,	16,871
Ward 17, Ward 18,	14,445 13,141	Norfolk Co.	
Ward 19, Ward 20,	19,973 17,391	Milton,	3,206
Ward 21,	14,712	Total,	149,948

DISTRICT No. 4.

DISTRICT No. 4. - Concluded.

Towns.	Population 1880.	Towns.	Population 1880.
Suffolk Co Con.		Suffolk Co Con.	
Boston, Ward 8, -	0.500	Boston, Ward 15, -	4.000
Precinct 2, .		Precinct 1, .	4,999
Precinct 3, . Precinct 4, .		Precinct 2, . Ward 16.	3,019 15,184
Ward 12,	14,697	Walu 10, .	10,104
Ward 13,	21,462 20,005	Total,	148,727
	DISTRIC	OT No. 5.	·
Middlesex Co.		Suffolk Co.	
Arlington,	4,100	Boston, Ward 8, -	
Dalmont	1,615	Precinct 1	2,814
Burlington,	711	Ward 9, .	12,322
Cambridge,	52,740	Ward 10.	11,503
Lexington,	2,460	Ward 25,	6,693
Somerville,	24,985		
Waltham,		1	
Watertown,		Total,	148,018
Woburn,	10,938		
	DISTRIC	T No. 6.	
Essex Co.		Middlesex Co Con.	
Nahant,	. 808	Wakefield	5,548
Saugus,	2,626	Winchester,	3,802
Swampscott,	2,501		
Lynn,	38,284	Suffolk Co. Boston, Ward 3, Ward 4,	
		Boston, Ward 3,	11,515
Middlesex Co.	4 750	Ward 4,	11,258
Everett,	4,159	Ward 5,	10,961
Malden,	12,017	Chelsea,	21,785
Melrose,	7,573 4,560	Revere,	2,263 1,042
Reading,		Winthrop,	1,042
Stoneham,	4,891	Total,	148,775
	Drampro		1
	DISTRIC	T No. 7.	,
Essex Co.	0.055	Essex Co Con.	
Amesbury,	3,355	Danvers,	6,636
Beverly,	8,445	Essex,	1,670
Boxford,	824 2,643	Georgetown,	2,231 19,329
		Gloucester,	

DISTRICT No. 7. - Concluded.

Towns.	Population 1880.	Towns.	Population 1880.
Essex Co Con.		Essex Co Con.	1
Groveland,	2,227	Peabody,	9.028
Hamilton,		Rockport,	3,912
Haverhill,	18,475	Rowley,	1,201
	3,699	Salem	27,598
Lynnfield,		Salisbury,	4,079
manchester,	1,640	Salisbury,	1,165
Marblehead,	7,467	Wenham,	889
	2,237	West Newbury,	1,989
Middleton,	1,000		
Newbury,	1,566		1
Newburyport, .	. 13,537	Total,	148,463
	DISTRIC	OT No. 8.	
Essex Co.		Middlesex Co Con.	1
Andover,	5,171	Littleton,	994
÷ '	39,178	Lowell,	59,48
Methuen,	4,392	North Reading,	10.34
North Andover, .	3,217	Pepperell,	2,348
rotti iznaover, .	. 0,211	Shirley,	
		Shirley, Stow,	
Middlesex Co.		Tewksbury,	2,17
Acton,	. 1,797	Il Townsend	
Ashby,	. 914	Tyngsborough,	
Aver,	. 1,882	Westford,	
Bedford,	. 931	Wilmington,	933
Billerica,	. 2,000		
Boxborough, .	. 319	Worcester Co.	
Carlisle,	. 478	Bolton,	
Chelmsford, .	. 2,553	Harvard,	
Concord,	3,922	Lancaster, Lunenburg,	2,00
Dracut,	1,605	Lunenburg,	1,10
Dunstable,	453		
Groton,	1,862	Total,	149,92
	DISTRIC	CT No. 9.	
Middlesex Co.	Ī	Middlesex Co Con.	Ī
Ashland	2,394	Maynard,	2,29
Framingham, .	6,235	Natick,	8,48
TT - Difference	3,099	Newton	16,99
Hopkinton, Hudson,	4,602	Sherborn, Sudbury,	1,40
Hudson,	3,739	Sudbury	1,17
Lincoln,	. 882	Wayland,	
Marlborough, .	10,126	1 Wooten	1,44

DISTRICT No. 9. - Concluded.

Towns.	Population 1880.	Towns.	Population 1880.
Worvester Co.		Norfolk Co Con.	
Clinton,	. 8.030	Dover,	653
Berlin,	977	Foxborough,	2,951
	4,908	Franklin,	4,051
	1,094	Hyde Park,	7,090
Milford,	. 9,310	Medfield,	1,365
Northborough, .	1,676	Medway,	3,955
Southborough, .	. 2,142	Millis,*	0.500
Westborough, .	5,214	Needham,	2,538
_		NOTIOIK,	930
		Norwood,	2,345 2,494
Norfolk Co.		Walpole,	2,494
Bellingham, .	. 1,223	Wellesley, Wrentham,	2,482
Brookline,	8,053	wrentham,	2,402
Dedham,	6,224	Total,	147,254
	DISTRIC	T No. 10.	
Worcester Co.		Worcester Co Con.	
Auburn	. 1,317	Shrewsbury,	1.500
Barre,	2,418	Southbridge,	6,46
Boylston,	854	Spencer,	7,466
Brookfield,	. 2,820	Sturbridge	2,065
Charlton,	1,900	Sterling,	1,41
Douglas,	2,241	Sutton,	3,10
Dudley,	2,804	Upton,	2,023
Grafton,	4,030	Uxbridge,	3,111
Hardwick,	2,233	Warren,	3,889
Holden,	2,499	Webster,	5,696
Leicester,	2,779	West Boylston,	2,994
Millbury,	4,741	West Brookfield, .	1,917
New Braintree, . Northbridge, .	610	Worcester,	58,29
North Brookfield,	4,053 4,459	Hammdon Co	1
	. 4,459 . 869	Hampden Co. Brimfield,	1,203
() ())	0.004	Holland,	30:
Paxton.	1 1	Wales,	1,03
Princeton,	1,100	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	1,00
Rutland,	1,060	Total,	148,455
	DISTRIC	T No. 11.	
Franklin Co.		Franklin Co Con.	
Ashfield,	. 1,062	C1 1	935
	0.2.1	Colrain	1 777
Bernardston, Buckland,	934	Colrain,	1,77

^{*} Millis was incorporated from a part of Medway, Feb. 24, 1885.

DISTRICT No. 11. - Concluded.

Towns.		Population 1880.	Towns.		Population 1880.
Franklin Co Deerfield, Erving, Gill, Greenfield, Hawley, Heath, Leverett, Leyden, Monroe, Montague, New Salem, Northfield, Orange, Rowe, Shelburne, Shutesbury, Sunderland, Warwick, Wendell, Whately,	— Con.	3,543 872 733 3,903 502 502 507 742 507 166 4,876 869 1,003 3,171 502 1,621 529 755 713 465	Hampshire Co. Granby, Greenwich, Hadley, Hatfield, Huntington, Middlefield, Northampton, Pelham, Plainfield, Prescott. South Hadley. Southampton, Ware, Westhampton, Williamsburg, Worthington, Worcester Ashburnham, Athol,		753 634 1,938 1,495 1,236 648 12,172 467 460 3,538 1,046 4,817 564 2,234 758
Hampden Holyoke, . Hampshire Amherst, . Belchertown, Chesterfield, Cummington, Easthampton, Easthampton, Enfield, . Goshen, .		21,851 - 4,299 2,346 769 881 4,206 1,043 327	Dana, . Fitchburg, . Gardner, . Hubbardston, Lcominster, Petersham, . Phillipston, . Royalston, . Templeton, . Westminster, Winchendon,	: :	7,786 12,405 4,988 1,386 5,776 1,100 621 2,786 1,652 3,722

DISTRICT No. 12.

2.02.44,	Egremont, 875 Monterey, 635			Dalton,	2,052	Lenox,	
Dalton, 2,052 Lenox,	Ciar Espaine,			Cheshire,	1,537	Lanesborough,	
Clarksburg, 724 Lee, 3,939 Dalton, 2,052 Lenox, 2,043 Egremont, 875 Monterey, 635	Clarksburg,	Clarksburg		Becket,	1,123	Hinsdale,	
Cheshire, 1,537 Lanesborough, 1,278 Clarksburg, 724 Lee, 3,939 Dalton, 2,052 Lenox, 2,043 Egremont, 875 Monterey, 635	Cheshire, 1,537 Lanesborough, 1,278 Clarksburg, 724 Lee, 3,939	Cheshire, 1,537 Lanesborough, 1,278 Clarksburg 3,939	Cheshire 1,537 Lanesborough, 1,278	Alford,	348	Hancock	
Alford, 348 Hancock. 642 Becket, 1,123 Hinsdale, 1,595 Cheshire, 1,537 Lanesborough, 1,278 Clarksburg, 724 Lee, 3,939 Dalton, 2,052 Lenox. 2,043 Egremont, 875 Monterey, 635	Alford, 348 Hancock 642 Becket, 1,123 Hinsdale, 1,595 Cheshire, 1,537 Lanesborough, 1,278 Clarksburg, 724 Lee, 3,939	Alford, 348 Hancock. 642 Becket, 1,123 Hinsdale, 1,595 Cheshire, 1,537 Lanesborough, 1,278 Clarksburg. 724 Lee, 3,939	Alford, 348 Hancock 642 Becket, 1,123 Hinsdale, 1,595 Cheshire, 1,537 Lanesborough, 1,278	Adams,	5,593	Great Barrington, .	4,658
Alford, 348 Hancock. 642 Becket, 1,123 Hinsdale, 1,595 Cheshire, 1,537 Lanesborough, 1,278 Clarksburg, 724 Lee, 3,939 Dalton, 2,052 Lenox, 2,043 Egremont, 875 Monterey, 635	Alford, 348 Hancock. 642 Becket, 1,123 Hinsdale, 1,593 Cheshire, 1,537 Lanesborough, 1,278 Clarksburg, 724 Lee, 3,939	Alford, 348 Haneock. 642 Becket, 1,123 Hinsdale, 1,595 Cheshire, 1,537 Lanesborough, 1,278 Clarksburg. 724 Lee, 3,939	Alford, 348 Hancock. 642 Becket, 1,123 Hinsdale, 1,595 Cheshire, 1,537 Lanesborough, 1,278	Berkshire Co.			
Adams, 5,593 Great Barrington, 4,658 Alford, 348 Hancock. 642 Becket, 1,123 Hinsdale, 1,597 Cheshire, 1,537 Lanesborough, 1,278 Clarksburg, 724 Lee, 3,939 Dalton, 2,052 Lenox. 2,043 Egremont, 875 Monterey, 635	Adams, 5,593 Great Barrington, 4,658 Alford, 348 Hancock 642 Becket, 1,123 Hinsdale, 1,595 Cheshire, 1,537 Lanesborough, 1,278 Clarksburg, 724 Lee, 3,939	Adms, 5,593 Great Barrington, 4,658 Alford, 348 Hancock. 612 Becket, 1,123 Hinsdale, 1,595 Cheshire, 1,537 Lanesborough, 1,278 Clarksburg. 724 Lee, 3,939	Adams, . 5,593 Great Barrington, 4,658 Alford, 348 Hancock. 642 Becket, 1,123 Hinsdale, 1,595 Cheshire, 1,537 Lanesborough, 1,278		1 1		

DISTRICT No. 12. - Concluded.

Towns.	Population 1880.	Towns.	Population 1880.
Berkshire Co. — Con. New Ashford, New Marlborough, North Adams, Otis, Peru, Pittsfield, Richmond, Sandisfield, Savoy, Sheffield, Stockbridge, Tyringnam, Washington, West Stockbridge, Williamstown, Windsor, Hampden Co. Agawam,	203 1,876 10,192 755 403 13,367 1,124 1,107 7,15 2,204 2,360 542 492 1,934 3,395 644 2,216	Palmer,	978 1,477 11,322 1,20, 955 1,40 1,524 3,757 3,757 1,10 33,344 4,52 4,54 4,54 4,54 4,54 4,14 1,628

COUNCIL DISTRICTS.

AS ESTABLISHED BY CHAPTER 222 OF THE ACTS OF 1876.

- I. The Cape, First and Second Plymouth, and the Second and Third Bristol Districts. Legal voters, 46,347.
- Cape District.— Barnstable, Bourne, Brewster, Chatham, Chilmark, Dennis, Eastham, Edgartown, Falmouth, Gay Head, Gosnold, Harwich, Mashpee, Nantucket, Orleans, Provincetown, Sandwich, Tisbury, Truro, Wellfleet, and Yarmouth.
- First Plymouth District. Carver, Duxbury, Halifax, Hanson, Kingston, Lakeville, Marion, Marshfield, Mattapoisett, Middleborough, Pembroke, Plymouth, Plympton, Rochester, Scituate, South Scituate, and Wareham.
- Second Plymouth District. Abington, Bridgewater, Brockton, Cohasset, East Bridgewater, Hingham, Hull, Hanover, Rockland, South Abington, and West Bridgewater.
- Second Bristol District. Berkley, Dighton, Fall River, Rehoboth, Somerset, and Swansea.
- Third Bristol District. Acushnet, Dartmouth, Fairhaven, Freetown, New Bedford, and Westport.
 - II.—The First Bristol, First and Second Norfolk, Eighth Suffolk, and the Second Worcester Districts. Legal voters, 44,798.
- First Bristol District. Attleborough, Easton, Mansfield, Norton, Raynham, Seekonk, and Taunton.
- First Norfolk District. Braintree, Canton, Holbrook, Milton, Quincy, Randolph, Stoughton, and Weymouth.
- Second Norfolk District. Bellingham, Brookline, Dedham, Dover, Foxborough, Franklin, Hyde Park, Medfield, Medway, Millis,* Needham, Norfolk, Norwood, Sharon, Walpole, Wellesley,† and Wrentham.
- Eighth Suffolk District. Wards Nos. 22, 23, 24, and 25, Boston.
 - * Millis was incorporated from a part of Medway, Feb. 24, 1885.
 - † Wellesley was incorporated from a part of Needham, April 6, 1881.

Second Worcester District. — Blackstone, Boylston, Douglas, Grafton, Mendon, Milford, Northborough, Northbridge, Shrewsbury, Southborough, Upton, Uxbridge, and Westborough.

III. — The First and Second Suffolk, and the First, Second, and Third Middlesex Districts. Legal voters, 44,543.

First Suffolk District. — Chelsea, Revere, Winthrop, and Wards Nos. 1 and 2, Boston.

Second Suffolk District. - Wards Nos. 3, 4, and 5, Boston.

First Middlesex District. — Everett, Malden, Medford, and Somerville.
Second Middlesex District. — Arlington, Belmont, Lexington, Newton,
Waltham, and Watertown.

Third Middlesex District. - Cambridge.

IV.—The Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, and Seventh Suffolk Districts. Legal voters, 47,000.

Third Suffolk District. - Wards Nos. 6, 7, and 8, Boston.

Fourth Suffolk District. - Wards Nos. 9, 10, 11, and 12, Boston.

Fifth Suffolk District. - Wards Nos. 13, 14, and 15, Boston.

Sixth Suffolk District. - Wards Nos. 16, 17, and 18, Boston.

Seventh Suffolk District. - Wards Nos. 19, 20, and 21, Boston.

V.—The First, Second, Third, Fourth, and Fifth Essex Districts. Legal voters, 40,654.

First Essex District. - Lynn, Nahant, Saugus, and Swampscott.

Second Essex District. — Lynnfield, Marblehead, Peabody, and Salem. Third Essex District. — Beverly, Essex, Gloucester, Hamilton, Manchester, Rockport, and Wenham.

Fourth Essex District. — Amesbury, Ipswich, Merrimae, Newbury, Newburyport, Rowley, Salisbury, and West Newbury.

Fifth Essex District. — Boxford, Bradford, Danvers, Georgetown, Groveland, Haverhill, Middleton, and Topsfield.

VI.—The Sixth Essex, and the Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, and Seventh Middlesex Districts. Legal voters, 40,730.

Sixth Essex District. - Andover, Lawrence, Methuen, and North-Andover.

Fourth Middlesex District. — Ashland, Framingham, Holliston, Hopkin ton, Marlborough, Natick, Sherborn, Wayland, and Weston.

Fifth Middlesex District. — Acton, Ashby, Ayer, Boxborough, Carlisle, Chelmsford, Concord, Draeut, Dunstable, Groton, Hudson, Lincoln, Littleton, Maynard, Pepperell, Shirley, Stow, Sudbury, Townsend, Tyngsborough, and Westford.

Sixth Middlesex District. — Bedford, Billerica, Burlington, Melrose, North Reading, Reading, Stoneham, Tewksbury, Wakefield, Wilmington, Winchester, and Weburn.

Seventh Middlesex District. - Lowell.

VII.—The First, Third, Fourth, and Fifth Worcester, and the First Franklin Districts. Legal voters, 44,760.

First Worcester District. - Worcester.

Third Worcester District. — Auburn, Brookfield, Charlton, Dudley, Leicester, Millbury, Oxford, Southbridge, Spencer, Sturbridge, Sutton, Warren, Webster, and West Brookfield.

Fourth Worcester District. — Athol, Barre, Dana, Gardner, Hardwick, Holden, Hubbardston, New Braintree, North Brookfield, Oakham, Paxton, Petersham, Phillipston, Royalston, Rutland, Templeton, and Winchendon.

Fifth Worcester District. — Ashburnham, Berlin, Bolton, Clinton, Fitchburg, Harvard, Lancaster, Leominster, Lunenburg, Princeton, Sterling, West Boylston, and Westminster.

Franklin District.— Ashfield, Bernardston, Buckland, Charlemont, Colrain, Conway, Deerfield, Erving, Gill, Greenfield, Hawley, Heath, Leverett, Leyden, Monroe, Montague, New Salem, Northfield, Orange, Rowe, Shelburne, Shutesbury, Sunderland, Warwick, Wendell, and Whately.

VIII.—The Hampshire, First and Second Hampden, and the North and South Berkshire Districts. Legal voters, 42,300.

Hampshire District. — Amherst, Belchertown, Chesterfield, Cumming ton, Easthampton, Enfield, Goshen, Granby, Greenwich, Hadley, Hatfield, Huntington, Middlefield, Northampton, Pelham, Plainfield, Prescott, South Hadley, Southampton, Ware, Westhampton, Williamsburg, and Worthington.

First Hampden District. — Brimfield, Hampden, Holland, Monson, Palmer, Springfield, Wales, and Wilbraham.

Second Hampden District. — Agawam, Blandford, Chester, Chicopee, Granville, Holyoke, 'Longmeadow, Ludlow, Montgomery, Russell, Southwick, Tolland, Westfield, and West Springfield.

North Berkshire District. — Adams, Cheshire, Clarksburg, Dalton, Florida, Hancock, Hinsdale, Lanesborough, New Ashford, North Adams, Peru, Pittsfield, Savoy, Williamstown, and Windsor.

South Berkshire District.—Alford, Becket, Egremont, Great Barrington, Lee, Lenox, Monterey, Mount Washington, New Marlborough, Otis, Richmond, Sandisfield, Shefileld, Stockbridge, Tyringham, Washington, and West Stockbridge.

SENATE DISTRICTS.

AS ESTABLISHED BY CHAPTER 190 OF THE ACTS OF 1876.

[Average ratio for the State, 8,776+.]

SUFFOLK COUNTY - Eight Senators.

[Ratio for one Senator, 9,220+.]

First District.—Chelsea, Revere, Winthrop, and Wards Nos. 1 and 2, Boston. Legal voters, 10,310.

Second District. — Wards Nos. 3, 4, and 5, Boston. Legal voters, 7,924.

Third District. — Wards Nos. 6, 7, and 8, Boston. Legal voters, 8,567.

Fourth District. — Wards Nos. 9, 10, 11, and 12, Boston. Legal voters,

11,757.

rifth District. — Wards Nos. 13, 14, and 15, Boston. Legal voters, 8,629.
Sixth District. — Wards Nos. 16, 17, and 18, Boston. Legal voters, 9,035.
Seventh District. — Wards Nos. 19, 20, and 21, Boston. Legal voters,

9,012.

Eighth District. — Wards Nos. 22, 23, 24, and 25, Boston. Legal voters, 8,527.

${\tt ESSEX\ COUNTY-Six\ Senators.}$

[Ratio for one Senator, 9,726.]

First District.—Lynn, Nahant, Saugus, and Swampscott. Legal voters, 9,067.

Second District.—Lynnfield, Marblehead, Peabody, and Salem. Legal voters, 9,103.

Third District.—Beverly, Essex, Gloucester, Hamilton, Manchester, Rockport, and Wenham. Legal voters, 7,594.

Fourth District. — Amesbury, Ipswich, Merrimac, Newbury, Newbury, port, Rowley, Salisbury, and West Newbury. Legal voters, 7,489.

Fifth District. — Boxford, Bradford, Danvers, Georgetown, Groveland, Haverhill, Middleton, and Topsfield. Legal voters, 7,401.

Sirth District.—Andover, Lawrence, Methuen, and North Andover. Legal voters, 7,976.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY - Seven Senators.

[Ratio for one Senator, 8,434+.]

First District. — Everett, Malden, Medford, and Somerville. I egal voters, 9,103.

Second District. — Arlington, Belmont, Lexington, Newton, Waltham, and Watertown. Legal voters, 7,993.

Third District. - Cambridge. Legal voters, 9,213.

Fourth District. — Ashland, Framingham, Holliston, Hopkinton, Marlborough, Natick, Sherborn, Wayland, and Weston. Legal voters, 7,772.

Fifth District. — Acton, Ashby, Ayer, Boxborough, Carlisle, Chelmsford, Concord, Dracut, Dunstable, Groton, Hudson, Lincoln, Littleton, Maynard, Pepperell, Shirley, Stow, Sudbury, Townsend, Tyngsborough, and Westford. Legal voters, 7,384.

Sixth District. — Bedford, Billerica, Burlington, Melrose, North Reading, Reading, Stoneham, Tewksbury, Wakefield, Wilmington, Winchester, and Woburn. Legal voters, 8,537.

Seventh District. - Lowell. Legal voters, 9,061.

WORCESTER COUNTY - Five Senators.

[Ratio for one Senator, 8,978+.]

First District. - Worcester. Legal voters, 10,853.

Second District. — Blackstone, Boylston, Douglas, Grafton, Mendon, Milford, Northborough, Northbridge, Shrewsbury, Southborough, Upton, Uxbridge, and Westborough. Legal voters, 8,647.

Third District. — Auburn, Brookfield, Charlton, Dudley, Leicester, Millbury, Oxford, Southbridge, Spencer, Sturbridge, Sutton, Warren, Webster, and West Brookfield. Legal voters, 8,349.

Fourth District. — Athol, Barre, Dana, Gardner, Hardwick, Holden, Hubbardston, New Braintree, North Brookfield, Oakham, Paxton, Petersham, Phillipston, Royalston, Rutland, Templeton, and Winchendon. Legal voters, 7,968.

Fifth District.—Ashburnham, Berlin, Bolton, Clinton, Fitchburg, Harvard, Lancaster, Leominster, Lunenburg, Princeton, Sterling, West Boylston, and Westminster. Legal voters, 9,074.

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY - One Senator.

Hampshire District. — Amherst, Belchertown, Chesterfield, Cummington, Easthampton, Enfield, Goshen, Granby, Greenwich, Hadley, Hatfield, Huntington, Middlefield, Northampton, Pelham, Plainfield, Prescott, South Hadley, Southampton, Ware, Westhampton, Williamsburg, and Worthington. Legal voters, 9,253.

HAMPDEN COUNTY - Two Senators.

[Ratio for one Senator, 9,456+.]

First District.— Brimfield, Hampden, Holland, Monson, Palmer, Springfield, Wales, and Wilbraham. Legal voters, 9,483.

Second District. — Agawam, Blandford, Chester, Chicopee, Granville, Holyoke, Lengmeadow, Ludlow, Montgomery, Russell, Southwick, Tolland, Westfield, and West Springfield. Legal voters, 9,429.

FRANKLIN COUNTY - One Senator.

Franklin District. — Ashfield, Bernardston, Buckland, Charlemont, Colrain, Conway, Decrfield, Erving, Gill, Greenfield, Hawley, Heath, Leverett, Leyden, Monroe, Montague, New Salem, Northfield, Orange, Rowe, Shelburne, Shutesbury, Sunderland, Warwick, Wendell, and Whately. Legal voters, 8,516.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY - Two Senators.

[Ratio for one Senator, 7,067+.]

North Berkshire District.—Adams, Cheshire, Clarksburg, Dalton, Florida, Hancock, Hinsdale, Lanesborough, New Ashford, North Adams, 1'eru, Pittsfield, Savoy, Williamstown, and Windsor. Legal voters, 8,330.

South Berkshire District. — Alford, Becket, Egremont, Great Barrington, Lee, Lenox, Monterey, Mount Washington, New Marlborough, Otis, Richmond, Sandisfield, Sheffield, Stockbridge, Tyringham, Washington, and West Stockbridge. Legal voters, 5,805.

NORFOLK COUNTY - Two Senators.

[Ratio for one Senator, 9,357+.]

First District. — Braintree, Canton, Holbrook, Milton, Quiney, Randolph, Stoughton, and Weymouth. Legal voters, 9,355.

Second District. — Bellingham, Brookline, Dedham, Dover, Foxborough, Franklin, Hyde Park, Medfield, Medway, Millis,* Needham, Norfolk, Norwood, Sharon, Walpole, Wellesley,† and Wrentham. Legal voters, 9,36).

PLYMOUTH COUNTY - Two Senators.

[Ratio for one Senator, 8,968.]

Firet District.—Carver, Duxbury, Halifax, Hanson, Kingston, Lakeville, Marion, Marshfield, Mattapoisett, Middleborough, Pembroke, Plymouth, Plympton, Rochester, Scituate, South Scituate, and Wareham. Legal voters, 8,950.

Second District. — Abington, Bridgewater, Brockton, Cohasset, East Bridgewater, Hingham, Hull, Hanover, Rockland, South Abington, and West Bridgewater. Legal voters, 8,986.

* Millis was incorporated from a part of Medway, Feb. 24, 1885.

† Wellesley was incorporated from a part of Needham, April 6, 1891.

BRISTOL COUNTY - Three Senators.

[Ratio for one Senator, 8,958+.]

- First District.—Attleborough, Easton, Mansfield, Norton, Raynham, Seekonk, and Taunton. Legal voters, 8,909.
- Second District. Berkley, Dighton, Fall River, Rehoboth, Somerset, and Swansea. Legal voters, 8,945.
- Third District.—Acushnet, Dartmouth, Fairhaven, Freetown, New Bedford, and Westport. Legal voters, 9,022.
- BARNSTABLE, DUKES, AND NANTUCKET COUNTIES one Senator.
- Cape District. Barnstable, Bourne, Brewster, Chatham, Chilmark, Dennis, Eastham, Edgartown, Falmouth, Gay Head, Gosnold, Harwich, Mashpee, Nantucket, Orleans, Provincetown, Sandwich, Tisbury, Truro, Wellfleet, and Yarmouth. Legal voters, 10,444.

REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICTS.

ESTABLISHED UNDER CHAPTER 15, ACTS OF 1876.

[Average ratio for the State, 1,462 + voters.]

SUFFOLK COUNTY - Fifty Representatives.

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DISTRICT
     I. - Boston, 1st Ward. Legal voters, 2,719. Two representatives.
     II. — Boston, 2d Ward. Legal voters, 2,645. Two representatives
    III. — Boston, 3d Ward. Legal voters, 2,652. Two representatives.
    IV. — Boston, 4th Ward. Legal voters, 2,612. One representative.
     V. - Boston, 5th Ward. Legal voters, 2,660. Two representatives.
    VI. - Boston, 6th Ward. Legal voters, 2,860. Two representatives.
   VII. - Boston, 7th Ward, Legal voters, 2,799. Two representatives.
  VIII. - Boston, 8th Ward. Legal voters, 2,908. Two representatives.
    IX. - Boston, 9th Ward. Legal voters, 2,910. Two representatives.
     X. - Boston, 10th Ward. Legal voters, 2,950. Two representatives.
    XI. - Boston, 11th Ward. Legal voters, 2,936. Two representatives.
   XII. — Boston, 12th Ward. Legal voters, 2,961. Two representatives.
  XIII. - Boston, 13th Ward. Legal voters, 2,888. Two representatives.
  XIV. - Boston, 14th Ward. Legal voters, 3,126. Two representatives.
   XV. - Boston, 15th Ward, Legal voters, 2.615. Two representatives.
  XVI. - Boston, 16th Ward. Legal voters, 2,958. Two representatives.
 XVII. - Boston, 17th Ward. Legal voters, 3,077. Two representatives.
XVIII. — Boston, 18th Ward. Legal voters, 3,000. Two representatives.
  XIX. - Boston, 19th Ward. Legal voters, 3,221. Two representatives.
   XX. - Boston, 20th Ward. Legal voters, 2,913. Two representatives.
  XXI. — Boston, 21st Ward. Legal voters, 2,878. Two representatives.
 XXII. - Boston, 22d Ward. Legal voters, 1,601. One representative.
XXIII. - Boston, 23d Ward. Legal voters, 2,639. Two representatives.
XXIV. - Boston, 24th Ward. Legal voters, 2,872. Two representatives.
 XXV. - Boston, 25th Ward. Legal voters, 1,415. One representative.
 XXVI. - Chelsea, Revere, and Winthrop. Legal voters, 4,946. Three
             representatives
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ESSEX COUNTY - Thirty-three Representatives.

- Rockport and Gloucester, 7th Ward. Legal voters, 1,596. One representative.
- II. Gloucester, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 2,611. Two representatives.
- HI. Gloucester, 8th Ward, Essex, Manchester, and Hamilton. Legal voters, 1,388. One representative.
- IV Wenham and Danvers. Legal voters, 1,441. One representative.
 - V. Beverly. Legal voters, 1,748. One representative.
- VI. Salem, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, and 5th Ward. Legal voters, 2,821.

 Two representatives.
- VII. Salem, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 2,477. Two representatives.
- VIII. Marblehead and Swampscott. Legal voters, 2,440. Two representatives.
 - IX. Lynn, 3d Ward. Legal voters, 1,560. One representative.
 - X. Lynn, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 7th Ward, and Nahant. Legal voters, 4,633. Three representatives.
 - XI. Lynn, 6th Ward. Legal voters, 1,689. One representative.
 - XII. Peabody. Legal voters, 1,720. One representative.
- XIII. Saugus, Lynnfield, Middleton, and Topsfield. Legal voters, 1,446. One representative.
- XIV. Andover and North Andover. Legal voters, 1,446. One representative.
- XV. Boxford, Rowley, and Ipswich. Legal voters, 1,519. One representative.
- XVI. Newbury, Newburyport, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 3,229. Two representatives.
- XVII. Georgetown, Groveland, and Bradford. Legal voters, 1,668.

 One representative.
- XVIII. West Newbury, Salisbury, Amesbury, and Merrimac. Legal voters, 2,962. Two representatives.
 - XIX. Haverhill, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 6th Ward, and Methuen. Legal voters, 4,633. Three representatives.
 - XX. Lawrence, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, and 3d Ward. Legal voters, 2,780. Two representatives.
 - XXI. Lawrence, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 2,823. Two representatives.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY - Forty Representatives.

- I. Cambridge, 1st Ward, and 5th Ward. Legal voters, 2,704. Two representatives.
- II. Cambridge, 2d Ward and 4th Ward. Legal voters, 4,789. Three representatives.
- III. Cambridge, 3d Ward. Legal voters, 1,720. One representative.
- IV. Somerville, 1st Ward. Legal voters, 1,533. One representative.
- V.—Somerville, 2d Ward. Legal voters, 1,396. One representative.
- VI. Somerville, 3d Ward and 4th Ward. Legal voters, 1,531. One representative.
- VII. Medford. Legal voters, 1,512. One representative.
- VIII. Malden and Everett. Legal voters, 3,126. Two representatives.
 - IX. Melrose. Legal voters, 1,035. One representative.
 - X. Stoneham. Legal voters, 1,281. One representative.
 - XI. Wakefield. Legal voters, 1,218. One representative.
- XII. Reading, North Reading, and Wilmington. Legal voters, 1,319.
 One representative.
- XIII. Woburn. Legal voters, 1,958. One representative.
- XIV. Arlington and Winchester. Legal voters, 1,425. One representative,
 - XV. Watertown and Belmont. Legal voters, 1,457. One representative.
- XVI. Newton, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, 6th Ward, and 7th Ward. Legal voters, 3,278. Two representatives.
- XVII. Waltham. Legal voters, 1,897. One representative.
- XVIII. Lexington, Burlington, Bedford, and Billerica. Legal voters, 1,359. One representative.
 - XIX. Tewksbury, Chelmsford, Tyngsborough, and Dracut. Legal voters, 1,258. One representative.
 - XX. Lowell, 1st Ward. Legal voters, 1,617. One representative.
 - XXI. Lowell, 2d Ward. Legal voters, 1,528. One representative.
- XXII. Lowell, 3d Ward. Legal voters, 1,484. One representative
- XXIII. Lowell, 4th Ward. Legal voters, 1,554. One representative.
- XXIV. Lowell, 5th Ward. Legal voters, 1,377. One representative.
- XXV. Lowell, 6th Ward. Legal voters, 1,501. One representative.
- XXVI. Concord, Acton, Carlisle, and Lincoln. Legal voters, 1,407 One representative.

- XXVII. Weston, Wayland, Sudbury, and Maynard. Legal voters, 1.396. One representative.
- XXVIII. Natick. Legal voters, 1,716. One representative.
 - XXIX.—Holliston and Sherborn. Legal voters, 1,105. One representative.
 - XXX. Hopkinton and Ashland. Legal voices, 1,470. One representative.
 - XXXI. Framingham. Legal voters, 1,054. One representative.
- XXXII. Marlborough. Legal voters, 1,645. One representative.
- XXXIII.—Hudson, Stow, Boxborough, and Littleton. Legal voters 1.256. One representative.
- XXXIV. Westford, Groton, Dunstable, and Pepperell. Legal voters, 1,518. One representative.
 - XXXV. Ayer, Shirley, Townsend, and Ashby. Legal voters, 1,614.

 One representative.

WORCESTER COUNTY - Thirty-one Representatives.

- I.—Blackstone and Uxbridge. Legal voters, 1,399. One representative.
- II. Mendon, Milford, and Upton. Legal voters, 2,870. Two representatives.
- III. Northbridge and Grafton. Legal voters, 1,513. One representative.
- IV. Westborough and Southborough. Legal voters, 1,545. One representative.
- V.—Clinton, Berlin, Bolton, Sterling, Lancaster, Harvard, and Lunenburg. Legal voters, 3,098. Two representatives.
- VI. Fitchburg. Legal voters, 2,815. Two representatives.
- VII. Winchendon, Ashburnham, Gardner, Westminster, and Princeton. Legal voters, 3,030. Two representatives.
- VIII. Athol and Royalston. Legal voters, 1,405. One representative.
 - IX.—Petersham, Phillipston, Templeton, and Hubbardston. Legal voters, 1,547. One representative.
 - X.—Dana, Hardwick, Barre, Oakham, and New Braintree. Legal voters, 1,584. One representative.
 - XI.—Rutland, Holden, Paxton, and Leicester. Legal voters, 1,437.

 One representative.
 - XII. West Brookfield, Warren, Brookfield, North Brookfield, and Sturbridge. Legal voters, 2,932. Two representatives.
- XIII. Spencer, Charlton, Southbridge, and Oxford. Legal voters, 2,908. Two representatives.

- XIV. Douglas, Webster, and Dudley. Legal voters, 1,679. One representative.
- XV.—Auburn, Millbury, and Sutton. Legal voters, 1,485. One representative.
- XVI.—Shrewsbury, Northborough, Boylston, and West Boylston. Legal voters, 1,400. One representative.
- XVII. Leominster. Legal voters, 1,391. One representative.
- XVIII. Worcester, 1st Ward. Legal voters, 1,342. One representative.
 - XIX. Worcester, 2d Ward. Legal voters, 1,315. One representative.
 - XX.-Woreester, 3d Ward. Legal voters, 1,359. One representative.
 - XXI. Worcester, 4th Ward. Legal voters, 1,368. One representative.
- XXII. Worcester, 5th Ward. Legal voters, 1,374. One representative.
- XXIII. Worcester, 6th Ward. Legal voters, 1,396. One representative.
- XXIV. Worcester, 7th Ward. Legal voters, 1,346. One representative.
- XXV. Worcester, 8th Ward. Legal voters, 1,353. One representative.

HAMPSΠIRE COUNTY - Six Representatives.

DISTRICT

- Easthampton, Northampton, and Southampton. Legal voters, 3,125. Two representatives.
- II.—Hadley, Hatfield, Westhampton, and Williamsburg. Legal voters, 1,312. One representative.
- III.—Chesterfield, Cummington, Goshen, Huntington, Middlefield, Plainfield, and Worthington. Legal voters, 1,326. One representative.
- IV. Amherst, Pelham, Prescott, and South Hadley. Legal voters, 1,706. One representative.
 - V. Belchertown, Enfield, Granby, Greenwich, and Ware. Legal voters, 1,784. One representative.

HAMPDEN COUNTY - Thirteen Representatives.

DISTRICT

Monson, Brimfield, Holland, and Wales. Legal voters, 1,349.
 One representative.

- II.—Hampden, Palmer, Wilbraham, and Ludlow. Legal voters, 1,630. One representative.
- III.—Chicopee. Legal voters, 1,686. One representative.
- IV.—Springfield, 1st Ward and 2d Ward. Legal voters, 2,589.
 Two representatives.
 - V.—Springfield, 3d Ward and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 1,481.
 One representative.
- VI.—Springfield, 4th Ward, 7th Ward, and Longmeadow. Legal voters, 1,455. One representative.
- VII.—Springfield, 5th Ward and 8th Ward. Legal voters, 1,568.

 One representative.
- VIII.—Holyoke, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, 4th Ward, and 5th Ward. Legal voters, 1,592. One representative.
 - IX.—Holyoke, 6th Ward, 7th Ward, and West Springfield. Legal voters, 1,463. One representative.
 - X.—Westfield, Agawam, and Montgomery. Legal voters, 2,620. Two representatives.
 - XI.—Southwick, Granville, Tolland, Blandford, Chester, and Russell. Legal voters, 1,479. One representative.

FRANKLIN COUNTY - Six Representatives.

DISTRICT

- I.—Erving, Warwick, Orange, and New Salem. Legal voters, 1,416. One representative.
- II.—Montague, Sunderland, Leverett, Shutesbury, and Wendell. Legal voters, 1,467. One representative.
- III.—Greenfield, Gill, and Shelburne. Legal voters, 1,417. One representative.
- IV.—Deerfield, Conway, and Whately. Legal voters, 1,382. One representative.
 - V.—Northfield, Bernardston, Leyden, Colrain, and Heath. Legal voters. 1,368. One representative.
- VI. Ashfield, Buckland, Charlemont, Hawley, Rowe, and Monroe Legal voters, 1,466. One representative.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY - Ten Representatives.

- I.—Hancock, Lanesborough, New Ashford, Williamstown, and Clarksburg. Legal voters, 1,346. One representative.
- II.—Adams and North Adams. Legal voters, 2,820. Two representatives.
- III.—Pittsfield and Dalton. Legal voters, 2,863. Two representatives.

- IV.—Florida, Savoy, Cheshire, Windsor, Washington, Peru, and Hinsdale. Legal voters, 1.423. One representative.
 - V.—Becket, Lee, Otis, and Tyringham. Legal voters, 1,446. One representative.
- VI.—Richmond, Lenox, Stockbridge, and West Stockbridge. Legal voters, 1,477. One representative.
- VII.—Alford, Egremont, Great Barrington, and Monterey. Legal voters, 1,457. One representative.
- VIII.—Mount Washington, New Marlborough, Sandisfield, and Sheffield. Legal voters, 1,303. One representative.

NORFOLK COUNTY - Thirteen Representatives.

DISTRICT

- I.—Dedham and Norwood. Legal voters, 1,514. One representative.
- II.-Brookline. Legal voters, 1,247. One representative.
- III.-Hyde Park. Legal voters, 1,237. One representative.
- IV. Milton and Canton. Legal voters, 1,312. One representative.
- V.—Quincy and Weymouth. Legal voters, 4,400. Three representatives.
- VI.—Braintree and Holbrook. Legal voters, 1,433. One representative.
- VII.—Randolph, Stoughton, Sharon, and Walpole. Legal voters, 3.046. Two representatives.
- VIII.-Franklin, Foxborough, Wrentham, Bellingham, Medway, and Millis.* Legal voters, 2,972. Two representatives.
 - IX.—Needham, Dover, Medfield, Norfolk, and Wellesley.† Legal voters, 1,554. One representative.

BRISTOL COUNTY - Eighteen Representatives.

- I.—Attleborough, Norton, and Mansfield. Legal voters, 2,894.
 Two representatives.
- II.—Easton and Raynham. Legal voters, 1,301. One representative.
- III.—Taunton and Berkley. Legal voters, 4,628. Three representa-
- IV.—Acushnet, Fairhaven, and Freetown. Legal voters, 1,396.
 One representative.
 - V.—New Bedford, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, and 3d Ward. Legal voters, 3,000. Two representatives.
- * Millis was incorporated from a part of Medway, Feb. 24, 1885.
- † Wellesley was incorporated from a part of Needham, April 6, 1881.

- VI New Bedford, 4th Ward, 5th Ward, and 6th Ward. Legal voters, 3,004. Two representatives.
- VII.—Westport and Dartmouth. Legal voters, 1,622. One representative.
- VIII.—Fall River, 1st Ward, 2d Ward, 3d Ward, and 4th Ward. Legal voters, 4,670. Three representatives.
 - IX.—Fall River, 5th Ward, 6th Ward, and Somerset. Legal voters, 2,788. Two representatives.
 - X.—Seekonk, Swansca, Rehoboth, and Dighton. Legal voters, 1,573. One representative.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY - Twelve Representatives.

DISTRICT

- I.—Hingham and Hull. Legal voters, 1,147. One representative.
- II.—Cohasset, Scituate, and South Scituate. Legal voters, 1,610.
 One representative.
- III.—Marshfield, Pembroke, Hanson, and Halifax. Legal voters, 1,443. One representative.
- IV.—Duxbury, Kingston, Plympton, and Carver. Legal voters, 1,565. One representative.
 - V.-Plymouth. Legal voters, 1,656. One representative.
- VI.—Warcham, Rochester, Marion, and Mattapoisett. Legal voters, 1,502. One representative.
- VII.—Middleborough and Lakeville. Legal voters, 1,671. One representative.
- VIII. Bridgewater and East Bridgewater. Legal voters, 1,516. One representative.
 - IX.—Rockland and Hanover. Legal voters, 1,509. One representa-
 - X.—Brockton and West Bridgewater. Legal voters, 2,804. Two representatives.
 - XI.—Abington and South Abington. Legal voters, 1,513. One representative.

BARNSTABLE COUNTY - Six Representatives.

- I.—Sandwich, Bourne and Falmouth. Legal voters, 1,519. One Representative.
- II.—Barnstable and Mashpee. Legal voters, 1,268. One representative.
- III.—Yarmouth and Dennis. Legal voters, 1,502. One representative.

- IV.— Harwich and Chatham. Legal voters, 1,468. One representative.
 - V.—Brewster, Orleans, Eastham, and Wellfleet. Legal voters, 1,457. One representative.
- VI.—Truro and Provincetown, Legal voters, 1,223. One representative.

DUKES COUNTY - One Representative.

DISTRICT

I.—Chilmark, Edgartown, Gay Head, Gosnold, and Tisbury Legal voters, 1,117. One representative.

NANTUCKET COUNTY - One Representative.

DISTRICT

I. - Nantucket Legal voters, 890. One representative.

A LIST

Of the Counties, Towns, and Cities in the Commonwealth, with the Census of Inhabitants in 1875, 1880, and 1885, and of Legal Voters in 1885. Revised and corrected by the Bureau of Statistics of Labor.

COUNTIES,				P	Voters,		
AND TO	WNS	•		1875.	1880.	1885.	1885.
BARNSTAL	LE.						
Barnstable .				4,302	4,242	4,050	1,196
Bourne* .				-	_	1,363	419
Brewster .				1,219	1,144	934	266
Chatham .				2,274	2,250	2,028	601
Dennis				3,369	3,288	2,923	855
Eastham .				639	692	638	175
Falmouth .				2,211	2,422	2,520	686
Harwich .				3,355	3,265	2,783	845
Mashpee .				278	346	311	79
Orleans				1,373	1,294	1,176	364
Provincetown				4,357	4.341	4,480	928
Sandwich* .				3,417	3,543	2,124	556
Truro				1,098	1,017	972	234
Wellfleet .				1,988	1,875	1,687	504
Yarmouth .				2,264	2,173	1,856	540
Totals .				32,144	31,897	29,845	8,248
Berkshu	RE.						
Adams †				15,760	5,591	8,282	1,234
Alford				389	348	341	94
Becket				1,329	1,123	938	255
Cheshire .				1,693	1,537	1,448	369
Clarksburg .				670	724	708	160
Dalton	:			1,759	2,052	2,113	441
Egrement .	:	:		890	875	826	238
Florida			:	572	459	487	113
Great Barrington	-		:	4,385	4,653	4.471	1,131
Hancock .	•		-	730	642	613	173

^{*} Bourne incorporated from the town of Sandwich, April 2, 1884.

[†] North Adams incorporated from the town of Adams, April 16, 1878.

1 and 3 State census.

2 United States census.

COUNTIES, CITIES,	F	OPULATIO	N.	Voters,
AND TOWNS.	1875.	1880.	1885.	1885.
BERKSHIRE — Con.				
Hinsdale	1,571	1,595	1,656	314
Lanesborough	1,357	1,286	1,212	268
Lee	3,900	3,939	4,274	1,015
Lenox	1,845	2,043	2,154	443
Monterey	703	635	571	159
Mount Washington,	182	205	160	36
New Ashford	160	203	163	47
New Marlborough	2, 037	1,876	1,661	430
North Adams*	-	10,191	12,540	2,543
Otis	855	785	703	190
Peru	443	403	368	116
Pittsfield	12,267	13,364	14,466	3,283
Richmond	1,141	1,124	854	203
Sandisfield	1,172	1,107	1,019	286
Saroy	730	715	691	200
Sheffield	2,233	2,204	2,033	494
Stockbridge	2,039	2,357	2,113	532
Tyringham	517	542	457	130
Washington	603	493	470	109
West Stockbridge	1,981	1,923	1,648	312
Williamstown	3,683	3,394	3,729	736
Windsor	624	644	657	163
Totals	68,270	69,032	73,826	16,247
BRISTOL.				
Acushnet	1,059	1,105	1,071	300
Attleborough	9,224	11,111	13,175	3,049
Berkley	781	927	941	280
Dartmouth	3,434	3,430	3,448	969
Dighton	1,755	1,791	1,782	452
Easton	3,898	3,902	3,948	851
Fairhaven	2,768	2,875	2,880	833
Fall River	45,349	48,961	56,863	9,426
Freetown	1,396	1,329	1,457	393
Mansfield	2,656	2,765	2,939	769
New Bedford	25,895	26,845	33,393	7,043
Norton	1,595	1,732	1,718	455
Raynham	1,687	1,681	1,535	419
Rehoboth	1,827	1,891	1,788	476
Seekonk	1,167	1,227	1,295	823
Somerset	1,940	2,006	2,475	617
Swansea	1,308	1,355	1,403	414
Taunton	20,445	21,213	23,674	5,232
Westport	2,912	2,894	2,706	732
Totals	131,087	139,040	158,491	33,036
	1			

^{*} North Adams incorporated from the town of Adams, April 16, 1878.

COUNTI	ES.	CI	ries	з.	P	OPULATIO	N.	Voter
AND				•	1875.	1880.	1885.	1885
Di	UKI	es.						[
Chilmark					508	494	412	153
Cottage City	*				_	672	709	203
Edgartown *					1,707	1,303	1,165	378
Gay Head					216	161	186	47
Gosnold .					115	152	122	32
Tisbury .	•		•		1,525	1,518	1,541	466
Totals					4,071	4,300	4,135	1,276
E	SSE	x.				,]
Amesbury †					3,816	3,355	4,493	949
Andover.					5,097	5,169	5,711	1,24
Beverly .					7,271	8,456	9,186	2,42
Boxford .					834	824	840	23
Bradford					2,347	2,643	3,106	679
Danvers .			•		6,024	6,598	7,048	1,56
Essex .	•	•	•		1,713	1,670	1,722	45
deorgetown	•	•	•	•	2,214	2,231	2,299	€4
Floucester	•	•	•	•	16,754	19,329	21,713	4,95
Froveland	•	•	•	•	2,084	2,227		56
Tamilton	•	•	•	•			2,272	26
	•	•	•	•	797	935	850	
Iaverhill	•	•	•	•	14,628	18,472	21,795	5,61
pawich .	•	•	•	•	3,674	3,699	4,207	1,010
awrence		•		•	34,916	39,151	38,845	7,41
ynn .				•	32,600	38,274	45,861	11,93
Lynnfield					769	686	766	180
f anchester					1,560	1,640	1,638	44
farblehead					7,677	7,467	7,518	2,060
Jerrimac †					2,171	2,237	2,378	64
fethuen.					4,205	4,392	4,507	88
fiddleton					1.092	1,000	899	25
Vahant .					766	808	637	146
Vewbury					1,426	1,566	1,590	436
Vewburyport		·	•	·	13,323	13,538	13,716	3,23
orth Andov	er				2,981	3,217	3,425	780
eabody		•	÷	•	8,066	9,028	9,530	2,199
Rockport	•	•	•	•	4,480	3,912	3,888	1,009
lowley.	•	•	•	•	1,162	1,201	1,183	366
alem .	•	•	•	•	25,958	27,563	28,084	6,041
alisbury	•	•	•	•	4,078	4,079	4,840	1,355
augus .	•	•	•	•	2,578	2,625	2,855	817
	•	•	•	•				718
wampscott	•	•		•	2,128	2,500	2,471	522
opsfield	•	•	•	•	1,221	1,165	1,141	
Venham	•	•		•	911	889	871	270
Vest Newbur	У	٠	•	٠	2,021	1,989	1,899	532
Totals					223,342	244,535	263,694	62,619

^{*} Cottage City incorporated from Edgartown, Feb. 17, 1880.

[†] Merrimac incorporated from Amesbury, April 11, 1876.

COUNTII			,	P	OPULATIO	х.	Voters
AND	TOWN	NS.		1875.	1880.	1885.	1885.
T'R A	NKLIN						
Ashfield,				1,190	1,066	1,097	331
Bernardston				991	934	930	278
Buckland				1,921	1,739	1,760	401
Charlemont				1,029	932	958	295
Colrain, .				1,699	1,777	1,605	362
Conway .				1,452	1,760	1,573	348
Deerfield				3,414	3,543	3,042	739
Erving .		•	•	794	872	873	247
Gill.		•	٠	673	733	860	223
Greenfield		•	•	3,540	3,903	4,869	1,242
Hawley .			•	588	592	545	152
Heath .		•	•	545	560	568	149
Leverett .		•	٠	831	742	779	227
Leyden .		•	•	524	507	447	113
Monroe .			٠	190	166	176	51
Montague New Salem		•	•	3,380	4,875	5,628	1,059
New Salein Northfield		•	•	923	869	832	256
		•	•	1,641	1,603	1,705	454
Orange . Rowe .		•	•	2,497 661	3,169 502	3,650 582	1,082 149
Shelburne		•	•	1,590	1,621	1,614	444
Shutesbury		•	•	558	529	485	147
Sunderland		•	•	860	755	700	198
Warwick		. •	٠	744	713	662	181
Wendell.		•	•	503	465	509	122
Whately	: :	:		958	1,074	999	277
Totals				33,696	36,001	37,448	9,518
77	MPDEN					·	
Agawam	MPDEN.	٠.		2,248	2,216	2,357	491
Blandford	. :	·		961	979	954	278
Brimfield	: :		:	1,201	1,203	1,137	295
Chester .				1,396	1,473	1,318	355
Chiconee				10,335	11.286	11,528	1,871
Franville				1,240	1,205	1,193	339
Tampden *				_ ´_	958	868	212
Holland .				334	302	229	72
Holyoke.				16,260	21,915	27,894	4,046
Longmeadow	٠			1,467	1,401	1,677	377
Ludlow .				1,222	1,526	1,649	305
Monson .				3,733	3,758	3,958	820
Montgomery				304	303	278	84
Palmer .				4,572	5,504	5,923	1,069
Russell .				643	823	847	188
Southwick		٠.		1,114	1,104	982	266
Springfield				31,053	33,340	37,577	8,698

^{*} Hampden incorporated from town of Wilbraham, March 28, 1878.

COUNTIES, CITIES,		P	OPULATIO	N.	Voters,	
AND TOWNS.		1875.	1880.	1885.	1885.	
HAMPDEN - Con.						
Tolland	.	452	452	422	117	
Wales		1,020	1,030	853	223	
Westfield	.	8,431	7,587	8,961	2,346	
West Springfield	.	3,739	4,149	4,448	943	
Wilbraham*	.	2,576	1,628	1,724	356	
Totals		94,304	104,142	116,777	23,751	
HAMPSHIRE.						
Amherst		3,937	4,298	4,199	1,173	
Belchertown		2,315	2,346	2,307	560	
Chesterfield	.	746	769	698	211	
Cummington	.	916	881	805	244	
Easthampton		3,972	4,206	4,291	777	
Enfield	•	1,065	1,043	1,010	233	
Goshen	.	$\frac{349}{812}$. 327	336 729	96 185	
Greenwich		606	633	532	152	
Hadlev		2,125	1,938	1.747	412	
Hatfield	. 1	1,600	1,495	1,367	319	
Huntington	.	1,095	1,236	1,267	328	
Middlefield	:	603	648	513	109	
Northampton	.	11,108	12,172	12,896	2,558	
Pelham		633	614	549	168	
Plainfield	.	481	457	453	134	
Prescott		493	460	448	142	
South Hadley		3,370	3,538	1,025	243	
Southampton		1,050	1,046	3,949	747	
Ware		4,142	4,817	6,003	969	
Westhampton	•	556	563	541	144	
Williamsburg Worthington		2,029 818	2,234 758	2,044 763	498 225	
Totals						
	•	44,821	47,232	48,472	10,627	
MIDDLESIX.		1,708	1,797	1,785	534	
Arlington		3,906	4,100	4,673	977	
Ashby	: 1	962	914	871	277	
Ashland	.	2,211	2,394	2,633	661	
Ayer	.	1,872	1,881	2,190	546	
Bedford		900	931	930	235	
Belmont	.	1,937	1.615	1,639	355	
Billerica	.	1,881	2,000	2,161	518	
Boxborough		318	319	348	97	

^{*} Hampden incorporated from town of Wilbraham, March 28, 1878.

COUNTIES, CIT			P	OPULATIO	N.	Voters,
AND TOWNS	3.		1875.	1880.	1885.	1885.
MIDDLESEX — C	'on					
Burlington	070.		650	711	604	145
Cambridge	•	:	47,838	52,699	59,660	12,488
Carlisle	•		548	478	526	150
Chelmsford	•	:	2,372	2,553	2,304	619
Concord	•	•	2,676	3,922	3,727	760
Dracut	•	•	1,116	1,595	1,927	397
Dunstable	•	٠	452	453	431	123
Everett	•	٠	3,651	4,159	5,825	1,204
Framingham .	•	•	5,167	6,235	8,275	1,933
	•	•	1,908		1,987	534
Groton	•	•	1,905	1,862		803
Holliston	•	•	3,399	3,098	2,926	
Hopkinton	•	•	4,503	4,601	3,922	1,069
Hudson	•	•	3,493	3,739	3,968	960
Lexington	•	•	2,505	2,460	2,718	654
Lincoln	•		834	907	901	193
Littleton			950	994	1,067	277
Lowell			49,688	59.475	64,051	12,387
Malden			10,843	12,017	16,407	3,934
Marlborough			8,424	10,127	10,941	2,455
Maynard			1,965	2,291	2,703	492
Medford			6,627	7,573	9,041	2,119
Melrose			3,990	4,560	6,101	1,487
Natick			7,419	8,479	8,460	2,114
Newton			16,105	16,995	19,759	3,981
North Reading .			979	900	878	254
Pepperell			1,927	2,348	2,587	721
Reading		Ţ.	3,186	3,181	3,539	868
Sherborn	•	Ť	999	1,401	1,391	286
Shirley	•	÷	1,352	1,365	1,242	292
Somerville	•	•	21, 68	24,933	29,992	6,656
Stoneham	•	•	4,984	4,890	5,652	1,547
Stow		•	1.022	1,045	976	258
Sudbury	:	•	1,177	1,178	1,165	318
Tewksbury	•	•	1.997	2,179	2,323	363
Townsend	•	•	2,196	1,967	1,846	543
Tyngsborough .	•	•	665	631	604	177
Wakefield	•	•			6,069	1,541
	•	•	5,349	5,547		3,231
Waltham	•	٠	9,967	11,712	14,609 6,238	1,439
Watertown	•	•	5,099	5,426		1,439
Wayland	•	•	1,766	1,962	1,946	
Westford	•	•	1,933	2,147	2,193	509
Weston	•	•	1,282	1,448	1,427	324
Wilmington		•	879	933	991	240
Winchester	•		3,099	3,802	4,390	1,015
Woburn	٠	٠	9,568	10,931	11,750	2,905
Totals			284,112	317,830	357,260	79,456

COUNTII					F	OPULATIO:	N.	Voters,
AND TOWNS.		3.		1875.	1880.	1885.	1885.	
NAN	TI CI	SET.						
Nantucket	•	•			3,201	3,727	3,143	812
No	RFOI	ĸ.						
Bellingham					1,247	1,223	1,198	241
Braintree					4,156	3,855	4,040	1,004
Brookline					6,675	8,057	9,195	1,820
Canton .					4,192	4,516	4,380	980
Cohasset .					2,197	2,182	2,216	556
Dedham .					5,756	6,233	6,641	1,437
Dover .					650	653	664	165
Foxborough					3,168	2,950	2,814	703
Franklin .				.	2,983	4,051	3,983	901
Holbrook					1,726	2,130	2,334	649
Hyde Park				.	6,316	7,088	8,400	1,824
Medfield .					1,163	1,371	1,594	381
Medway *					4,212	3,956	2,777	746
Millis* .					-	-	683	167
Milton .					2,738	3,206	3,555	792
Needham †					4,548	5,252	2,586	603
Norfolk .				.	920	930	825	178
Norwood					1,749	2,345	2,921	747
Quincy .		.:			9,155	10,570	12,144	2,673
Kandolph		٠.			4,064	4,027	3,807	1,074
Sharon .				•	1,330	1,492	1,328	338
Stoughton				•	4,842	4,875	5,183	1,386
Walpole .					2,290	2,494	2,443	580
Wellesley †					, -		3,013	551
Weymouth		•	•	•	9,819	10,570	10,740	2,930
Wrentham	٠	•	٠		2,395	2,481	2,710	661
Totals					88,321	96,507	102,174	24,087
PLY	MOU	TII.						
Λ bington				•	3,241	3,697	3,699	1,064
Bridgewater	•	•			3,969	3,620	3,827	879
Brockton.		•	•		10,578	13,608	20,783	5,390
Carver .	•			.	1,127	1.039	1,091	295
Duxbury.			•		2,245	2,196	1,924	577
East Bridgew	ater	•			2,808	2,710	2,812	742
Halifax .	•		•		563	542	530	140
Hanover .	٠	٠	٠	· 1	1,801	1,897	1,966	570
Hanson .	•	٠		•	1,265	1,309	1,227	368
Hingham			٠	.	4,654	4,485	4,375	1,179
Huli.	٠	•	•	.	316	383	451	139
Kingston.	•	•	•	•	1,569	1,524	1,570	453
Lakeville					1,061	1,008	980	280

^{*}Millis incorporated from a part of Medway, Feb. 24, 1885.

[†] Wellesley incorporated from a part of Necdham, April 6, 1881.

COUNTIES, C		SΛl	ND.	I	OPULATIO:	N.	Voters
TOW	NS.			1875.	1880.	1885.	1885.
PLYMOUT	n — C	on.					
Marion				862	958	965	279
Marshfield .	-	- :		1,817	1,781	1,649	526
Mattapoisett .				1.361	1,365	1,215	360
Middleborough	·		Ţ.	5,023	5,237	5,173	1,502
Pembroke .	•	•	•	1,399	1,405	1,313	363
Plymouth .	•	•		6,370	7,093	7,239	1,896
	•	•	•		694	1,209	
Plympton . Rochester .	•	•	•	755		600	181
	•	•	٠	1,001	1,043	1,021	311
Rockland .	•	•	•	4,203	4,553	4,784	1,265
Scituate	•	•	•	2,463	2,466	2,350	623
South Scituate	•	•	٠	1,818	1,820	3,595	1,045
South Abington	1.	•	•	2,456	3,024	1,589	486
Wareham .		•		2,874	2,896	3,254	735
West Bridgewa	iter	•	•	1,758	1,665	1,707	443
Totals .		•		69,362	74,018	81,689	22,096
Suff	OLE						
Boston	oni.			341,919	362,839	390,406	89,851
Chelsca	•	•	•	20,737	21,782	25,709	
	•	•	٠				6,116
Revere Winthrop .	•	•	•	1,603	2,263	3,637	846
winthrop .	•	•	•	627	1,043	1,370	356
Totals .	•	•	•	364,886	387,927	421,122	97,169
Worci	STER						
Ashburnham .				2,141	1,666	2,058	504
Athol				4,134	4,307	4,758	1,273
Auburn,				1,233	1,317	1,268	231
Barre				2,460	2,419	2,093	564
Berlin				987	977	899	261
Blackstone .				4,640	4,907	5,435	955
Bolton				987	903	876	214
Boylston .				895	854	834	198
Brookfield .				2,660	2,820	3,013	768
Charlton .				1,852	1,900	1,823	493
Clinton			·	6,781	8,029	8,945	1,566
Dana		•	•	760	736	695	214
Douglas	•	•	•	2,202	2,241	2,205	497
Dudley	•	•	•	2,653	2,803	2,742	446
Fitchburg	•	•	•	12,289	12,429	15,375	3,659
Gardner .		•	•	3,730	4,988	7,283	1,704
Grafton .	•	•	•		4,988	1,400	877
	•	•	•	4,442		4,498	
Hardwick .	•	•	•	1,992	2,233	3,145	520
Harvard	•	•	•	1,304	1,253	1,184	338
Holden	•	•	•	2,180	2,499	2,470	532
Hubbardston .				1,440	1,386	1,303	381

COUNTIES, CITIES,	1	POPULATIO	N.	Voters
AND TOWNS.	1875.	1880.	1885.	1885.
Worcester - Con.			1	
Tarana a sa	1,957	2,008	2,050	440
Leicester	0,420	2,779	2,923	650
Leominster	F 001	5,772	5,297	1,478
Lunenburg	4 450	1,101	1,071	327
M 1	1,176	1,094	945	261
4414	9,818	9,310	9,343	2,362
	4,529	4,741	4,555	829
	606	610	558	132
T 11 1	1 4 000	1,676	1.853	393
T	4,000	4,053	3,785	702
	0'=40	4,459	4,201	947
2 11		869	749	197
			2,355	64
	2,938	2,604		126
	600	592	561	
	1,203	1,109	1,032	308
	. 666	621	530	159
	1,063	1,100	1,038	297
	1,260	1,192	1,153	333
	1,030	1,059	963	259
	1,524	1,500	1,450	409
	1,986	2,142	2,100	477
Southbridge		6,464	6,501	1,050
Spencer		7,466	8,247	1,320
Sterling		1,414	1,331	359
	2,213	2,062	1,981	41:
Sutton		3,105	3,101	588
Γempleton		2,789	2,627	691
Jpton	2,125	2,023	2,265	513
Jxbridge		3,111	2,948	728
Warren		3,889	4,031	781
Webster	5,064	5,696	6,220	991
Westborough		5,214	4,880	1,145
West Boylston	0.005	2,994	2,927	506
West Brookfield	1 2000	1,917	1,747	437
Westminster	1 1 1	1.652	1,556	438
Winchendon	0'=00	3,722	3,872	914
Worcester	49,317	58,291	68,383	14,848
Totals	210,295	226,897	244,031	53,670

RECAPITULATION.

COUN	COUNTIES.			er of	I	POPULATIO	N.	Voters,
COUN	JON TIES.			Number Cities a Towns.	1875.	1880.	1885.	1885.
Barnstable				15	32,144	31,897	29,845	8,248
Berkshire				32	68,270	69,032	73,826	16,247
Bristol.				19	131,087	139,040	158,491	33,036
Dukes .				6	4,071	4,300	4,135	1,276
Essex .				35	223,342	244,535	263,694	62,619
Franklin				26	33,696	36,001	37,448	9,518
Hampden				22	94,304	104,142	116,777	23,751
Hampshire				23	44,821	47,232	48,472	10,627
Middlesex			٠.	54	284,112	3 17,830	357,260	79,456
Nantucket				1	3,201	3,727	3,143	812
Norfolk				26	88,321	96,507	102,174	24,087
Plymouth				27	69,362	74,018	81,689	22,096
Suffolk				4	364,886	387,927	421,122	97,169
Worcester				58	210,295	226,897	244,031	53,670
Totals		•		348	1,651,912	1,783,085	1,942,107	442,612

VALUATION OF THE COMMONWEALTH.

ESTABLISHED BY CHAPTER 71 OF THE ACTS OF 1883.*

BARNSTABLE COUNTY.

TOWNS.			Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
Barnstable, Brewster, Chatham, Dennis, Eastham, Falmouth, Harwich, Mashpee, Orleans, Provincetown, Sandwich, Truro, Wellfleet, Yarmouth,			1,137 245 610 782 190 672 809 72 351 1,262 840 260 511 525	\$3,288,203 00 1,190,365 00 732,995 00 1,398,053 00 224,039 00 3,754,895 00 1,006,212 00 106,138 00 577,729 00 1,953,198 00 1,854,336 00 259,110 00 924,310 00 1,593,025 00	\$1 85 65 45 81 14 2 04 61 06 34 1 15 1 06 16 54 89
Total,	•		8,266	\$18,862,548 00	\$10 75
	В	ERI	KSHIRE (COUNTY.	
Adams, Alford, Becket,	:		1,583 113 292 342 180 462 246 123	\$3,077,789 00 267,510 00 384,043 00 784,689 00 198,793 00 1,643,099 00 421,390 00 153,211 00	\$1 78 15 23 45 12 91 25 09
Great Barrington,			1,113	2,872,974 00	1 62

176

436

348

1,001

Hancock,

Hinsdale,

I ee,

Lanesborough,

422,569 00

766,393 00

582,845 00

1,991,859 00

24

45

34

1 15

^{*} This schedule constitutes the basis of apportionment for State and County taxes until the year 1886, when a new apportionment will be made.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY - Concluded.

TOWNS.			Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each
Lenox,			460	\$1,448,552 00	\$0 81
Monterey,	·		158	254,506 00	15
Mount Washington,			40	69,789 00	04
New Ashford, .			49	86,335 00	05
New Marlborough,			446	669,903 00	40
North Adams, .			3,049	4,768,560 00	2 82
Otis,			199	219,712 00	14
Peru,			124	123,865 00	08
Pittsfield,			3,370	8,605,789 00	4 87
Richmond,			280	462,852 00	27
Sandisfield,			245	382,228 00	23
Savoy,			165	199,301 00	12
Sheffield,			541	1,003,998 00	58
Stockbridge, .			551	2,809,505 00	1 53
Tyringham,			133	246,933 00	14
Washington, .			117	201,024 00	12
West Stockbridge,			476	771,118 00	45
Williamstown, .			751	1,647,084 00	94
Windsor,	•	•	160	208,278 00	13
Total,			17,729	\$37,746,496 00	\$21 65
		BRI	STOL CO	OUNTY.	1
Acushnet,			268	\$673,223 00	\$0 38
Attleborough, .			3,446	5,253,300 00	3 11
Berkley,			273	434,241 00	26
Dartmouth,			758	2,259,338 00	1 27
Dighton,			417	793,845 00	46
Easton,			1,068	4,080,595 00	2 26
Fairhaven,			741	1,628,772 00	93
Fall River,			12,881	43,171,771 00	24 02
Freetown,			357	880,073 00	50
Mansfield,			717	1,167,203 00	69
New Bedford, .			7,340	31,241,697 00	17 18
Norton,			436	850,434 00	49
Raynham,			393	1,023,915 00	58
Rehoboth,			479	750,925 00	44
Seekonk,	•		300	696,867 00	40
Somerset,	•		587	1,206,200 00	69
Swanzey,			343	808,140 00	46
Taunton,			5,833	16,920,007 00	9 49
Westport,	•	٠	654	1,420,499 00	81
Total,			37,291	\$115,261,045 00	\$64 42

DUKES COUNTY.

			DC	KES CO	UNII.	
TOW	vs.			Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
Chilmark				154	\$247,045 00	\$0 15
Cottage City,				172	1,206,900 00	65
Edgartown, .				383	862,901 00	49
Gay Head, .				37	13,153 00	01
Gosnold, .				25	206,884 00	ii
Tisbury, .	•			405	705,900 00	41
Total, .				1,176	\$3,242,783 00	\$1 82
			ES	SEX CO	UNTY.	
Amesbury, .				1,111	\$1,569,835 00	\$0 94
Andover, .		·		999	5,053,079 00	2 76
Beverly, .	·			2,159	10,170,780 00	5 57
Boxford,	•			225	655,285 00	37
Bradford, .	Ċ			719	1,338,230 00	78
Danvers, .				1,611	3,761,596 00	2 14
Essex,	Ĭ			461	963,121 00	55
Georgetown,	Ť	•		663	1,018,494 00	60
Gloucester, .	:	:	:	3,681	9,897,446 00	5 58
Groveland, .	:	•		527	880,771 00	52
Hamilton, .	•	•	•	230	662,433 00	37
Haverhill, .	•	•	•	5,089	11,918,280 00	6 78
Ipswich, .	•	•	٠.	884	2,097,482 00	1 19
Lawrence, .	•	•	•	10,115	26,670,644 00	15 05
	•	•	. 1		25,056,583 00	
Lynn,	•	•	•	11,465		14 34
Lynnfield,	•	•	.	195	564,496 00	32
Manchester,	٠	•	•	434	3,827,635 00	2 06
Marblehead,	•	•	•	2,083	3,964,927 00	2 30
Merrimac, .	•	•	•	702	1,169,368 00	€9
Methuen,	•			1,141	2,777,610 00	1 58
Middleton, .			.	251	527,771 00	30
Nahant, .			- 1	165	6,524,446 00	3 45
Newbury, .			.	353	1,059,405 00	59
Newburyport,			.	3,343	8,321,954 00	4 72
North Andover,			.	932	2,620,179 00	1 47
Peabody, .			.	2,317	7,188,290 00	4 02
Rockport, .			-	982	2,077,044 00	1 19
Rowley, .			.	352	545,095 00	32
Salem,				7,076	27,765,824 00	15 33
Salisbury, .				1,125	2,227,043 00	1 29
Saugus, .				627	1,368,602 00	78
Swampscott,				612	3,955,202 00	2 14
Topsfield, .				313	766,875 00	44
Wenham, .			. 1	260	540,277 00	31
West Newbury,				544	1,159,471 00	66
Total, .				63,746	\$180,665,573 00	\$101 50

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

то	w	ns.			Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
Ashfield,					295	\$465,242 00	\$0 27
Bernardston					233	452,021 00	26
Buckland,	.				522	514,715 00	32
Charlemont,					266	337,207 00	20
Colrain,					430	630,828 00	38
Conway,					398	743,250 00	43
Deerfield.					820	1,267,481 00	75
Erving, .					279	303,825 00	19
Gill, .					216	433,922 00	25
Greenfield.					1,206	3,300,159 00	1 86
Hawley,					171	150,654 00	10
Heath, .					148	175,660 00	îĭ
Leverett.					206	268,536 00	16
Leyden,					107	212,016 00	12
Monroe,	i				41	35,122 00	02
Montague,	:				1,296	2,823,642 00	1 62
New Salem,	•	Ţ.	Ċ		230	314,965 00	19
Northfield.			Ţ.		406	698,832 00	41
Orange,			Ţ.		1,185	1,739,037 00	1 03
Rowe, .	Ĭ		· ·		142	165,298 00	10
Shelburne,			·		430	871,429 00	50
Shutesbury,	•	•	•		121	153,413 00	09
Sunderland,		•	•	:	203	410,185 00	24
Warwick,		•	•		207	298,187 00	18
Wendell.	:	:	•		132	181,962 00	111
Whately,	:	:	:	:	275	440,124 00	26
Total,					9,965	\$17,387,712 00	\$10 15

HAMPDEN COUNTY.

Agawam,				590	\$1,289,442 00	\$0.74
Blandford,			.	259	345,838 00	21
Brimfield,				308	504,794 00	30
Chester,				398	496,343 00	30
Chicopee,				2,276	5,501,366 00	3 12
Granville,			1	316	364,856 00	22
Hampden,			.	270	438,196 00	26
Holland,			. !	64	114,179 00	07
Holyoke,			. !	5,717	13,794,102 00	7 83
Longmeado	w.		. 1	459	1,187,317 00	67
Ludlow.	·		.	373 *	770,548 00	44
Monson,				934	1,621,636 00	95
Montgomery	٠.			82	134,487 00	08
Palmer,			.	1,373	2,436,540 00	1 42
Russell,			.	200	444,043 00	25
Southwick.				289	610,922 00	35
		 	!		, i	

HAMPDEN COUNTY - Concluded.

The second secon		-	MACOUR 'S	the second second		
Tow	NS.			Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000 includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each
Springfield, Tolland, Wales, Westfield, West Springfiel Wilbraham,	: id,	:	:	9,177 105 263 2,085 1,069 351	\$38,053,100 00 179,721 00 373,278 00 6,445,626 00 3,331,201 00 729,470 00	\$20 95 11 22 3 60 1 86 42
Total, .	٠		•	26,958	\$79,170,005 00	\$44 37
		HA	MPS	SHIRE CO	OUNTY.	
Amherst, . Belchertown, Chesterfield, Cummington, Easthampton, Enfield, . Goshen, . Granby, . Greenwich, Hadley, . Huntington, Middlefield, Northampton, Pelham, . Plainfield, . Frescott, . South Hadley, . South Hadley, . Westhampton, Ware, . Westhampton, Williamsburg, Worthington,	:			946 550 202 239 814 306 97 203 159 483 361 135 2,720 140 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 15	\$2,686,660 00 1,053,966 00 301,129 00 349,900 00 2,510,867 00 765,999 00 129,232 00 454,553 00 266,081 00 1,217,675 00 1,072,553 00 343,971 00 8,449,441 00 167,246 00 163,780 00 185,512 00 1,929,923 00 512,667 00 2,272,512 00 272,133 00 981,972 00 321,502 00	\$1 51 61 18 21 1 40 43 07 26 16 69 60 29 19 4 72 10 10 11 1 11 30 1 32 16 57
Total, .	٠	٠	•	11,356	\$26,896,393 00	\$15 28
		M	IIDE	LESEX (COUNTY.	
Acton, Arlington, . Ashby, . Ashland, . Ayer,	:	:		527 1,082 280 690 564	\$1,304,610 00 5,287,661 00 503,981 00 1,362,629 00 1,072,180 00	\$0 74 2 80 29 79 62

MIDDLESEX COUNTY - Concluded.

				X 0001	11 - Concinuea.	
TOW	NS.			Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000 includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each
Bedford, .				242	\$786,221 00	\$0.44
Belmont, .				446	3,255,397 00	1 76
Billerica, .			•	508	1,955,451 00	1 08
Boxborough,	•	•	•	107	260,875 00	15
Burlington, .	•	٠	•	179	507,005 00	28
Cambridge, .	•	•	•	13,922	54,125,010 00	29 89
Carlisle, .	•	٠	•	160	390,098 00	22
Chelmsford,	•	•	•	640	1,718,914 00	97
Concord, .	•	•	•	899	3,501,295 00	1 93
Dracut, .	•	٠	•	404	1,175,260 00	66
Dunstable, .	•	٠	•	130	321,934 00	18
Everett, .	•	•	•	1,275	4,782,803 00	2 65
Framingham,	•	•	•	1,710	5,857,242 00	3 26 1 78
Groton, .	•	•	•	494	3,294,096 00	1 100
Holliston, .	•	•	•	826	1,744,813 00	1 35
Hopkinton, .	•	•	•	1,193	2,339,925 00	1 13
Hudson, .	•	•	•	1,078 708	1,945,521 00	1 45
Lexington, . Lincoln, .	•	•	•	257	2,615,150 00	76
Littleton, .	•	•	•	271	1,397,008 00 789,397 00	1 44
Lowell, .	•	•	•	15,328	49,710,399 00	27 71
Malden, .	•	٠	•		11,602,396 00	6 46
	•	•	•	3,513		2 33
Marlborough,	•	•	•	$\frac{2,627}{660}$	3,935,471 00	95
Maynard, . Medford, .	•	•	•	1,958	1,680,344 00 8,517,180 00	4 68
Melrose, .	•	•	•	1,292		2 22
Natick, .	•	•	•	2,058	3,962,449 00 4,667,869 00	2 66
Newton, .	•	•	•	4,502	29,705,781 00	16 09
North Reading,	•	•	•	213	519,210 00	29
Pepperell, .	•	:	•	728	1,586,662 00	91
Reading, .	•		•	851	2,444,570 00	1 37
Sherborn, .	•	•	•	303	870,725 00	49
Shirley, .	•	•	•	321	753,570 00	43
Somerville, .	•	•	•	6,717	23,700,228 00	13 15
Stoneham, .	•	•	•	1,356	3,065,362 00	1 75
Stow,	•	•	:	294	964,936 00	54
Sudbury, .	•	•	:	381	1,089,233 00	61
Tewksbury,	•	•	:	393	1,182,599 00	66
Townsend, .	:		:	596	1,118,447 00	65
Tyngsborough,		:	:	167	378,680 00	22
Wakefield, .	•	:	•	1,559	3,763,486 00	2 14
Waltham, .	:			3,346	10,078,480 00	5 64
Watertown,				1,467	8,167,098 00	4 45
Wayland, .	:			512	1,271,538 00	72
Westford, .				530	1,133,975 00	65
Weston, .				398	2,271,472 00	1 24
Wilmington,			·	284	571,348 00	33
Winchester,		·	·	833	4,027,054 00	2 20
Woburn, .	:	:	:	3,358	8,484,615 00	4 80
Total, .				85,137	\$293,519,623 00	\$163 05

NANTUCKET COUNTY.

	_					
TOW	NS.			Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000 includ. Poll at one-tent of mill cach
Nantucket, .				910	\$2,741,793 00	\$1 53
			NOI	RFOLK C	COUNTY.	
Bellingham,				330	\$584,853 00	\$0.34
Braintree, .				1,067	3,328,766 00	1 86
Brookline, .				2,128	29,283,034 00	15 63
Canton, .				995	3,401,873 00	1 89
Cohasset, .				589	3,330,087 00	1 81
Dedham, .				1,559	5,898,238 00	3 26
Dover,				186	485,468 00	27
Foxborough,			. !	719	1,562,482 00	89
Franklin, .				895	1,899,308 00	1 09
Holbrook, .				678	1,480,040 00	85
Hyde Park, .				2,005	4,759,320 00	2 71
Medfield, .				361	1,215,454 00	68
Medway, .			- 1	999	1,698,557 00	99
Millis,*					_	-
Milton,				871	12,347,903 00	6 59
Needham, .	•			647	1,793,899 00	1 01
Norfolk, .	•	•	•	188	394,140 00	23
Norwood, .		•	.	741	1,975,037 00	1 11
Quincy,	•	•	-	2,878	7,997,580 00	4 50
Randolph, .	•		•	1,206	2,525,319 00	1 45
Sharon, .	•	•	• [348	1,170,418 00	65
Stoughton, .	•	•		1,360	2,201,197 00	1 30
Walpole, .	•	•	- 1	645	1,439,847 00	82 1 94
Wellesley, .	•	•	•	594	3,565,770 00	1 94 3 66
Weymouth,.	•	٠	•	3,036 684	6,371,748 00 1,339,170 00	3 66 77
Wrentham, .	•	•	•			
Total, .	•,	٠		25,709	\$102,049,508 00	\$56 30
		P	LYM	OUTH (COUNTY.	
Abington, .				1,093	\$1,898,755 00	\$1 11
Bridgewater,		:	:	1,022	2,420,598 00	1 38
Brockton, .			.	4,723	8,971,073 00	5 20
Carver, .				219	604,671 00	34
Duxbury, .			. !	586	1,289,969 00	74
East Bridgewate	er,		.	810	1,621,772 00	93
Halifax, .	•			162	260,489 00	15
Hanover, .			.	517	1,243,171 00	71
Hanson, .	•	٠	\cdot	350	572,699 00	34
				'		

^{*} Millis was incorporated from part of Medway, Feb. 24, 1885.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY - Concluded.

TOWNS	з.		Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000 includ. Poll at one-tentl of mill each
Hingham, .			1,201 125	\$3,804,325 00	\$2 12
~~.	. :	•	484	1,549,695 00 2,010,259 00	83 1 11
Lakeville,		:	266	509,034 00	29
Marion		•	248	860,880 00	48
Marshfield,			507	1,131,565 00	65
manapoisem, .			337	1,435,320 00	79
Middleborough,			1,500	3,020,441 00	1 74
Pembroke,			426	673,234 00	40
Plymouth,		•	1,796	4,992,301 00	2 81
Plympton,		•	170	300,295 00	18
Rochester, Rockland,		•	249 1,343	479,426 00 2,283,243 00	28 1 34
Rockland, Scituate,		•	609	1,364,500 00	78
South Abington,	•	:	978	2,275,104 00	1 30
South Scituate, .		•	482	1,182,701 00	67
Wareham,			557	1,256,413 00	72
West Bridgewate	r, .		451	976,257 00	56
Total,			21,211	\$48,988,190 00	\$27 95
		CITT			
		801	FOLK C	OUNTY.	,
Boston,			102,578	\$712,433,381 00	\$385 37
Chelsea,	:	:	102,578 6,328	\$712,433,381 00 17,078,877 00	9 63
Chelsea, Revere,	:	:	102,578 6,328 698	\$712,433,381 00 17,078,877 00 2,607,964 00	9 63 1 44
Chelsea, Revere,	:	:	102,578 6,328	\$712,433,381 00 17,078,877 00	9 63
	:		102,578 6,328 698	\$712,433,381 00 17,078,877 00 2,607,964 00	9 63 1 44
Chelsea, Revere,	:	:	102,578 6,328 698 267 109,871	\$712,433,381 00 17,078,877 00 2,607,964 00 1,692,557 00	9 63 1 44 92
Chelsea, Revere,		:	102,578 6,328 698 267 109,871	\$712,433,381 00 17,075,877 00 2,607,964 00 1,692,557 00 \$733,812,779 00	9 63 1 44 92 \$397 36
Chelsea,		:	102,578 6,328 698 267 109,871 CESTER 477 1,208	\$712,433,381 00 17,075,877 00 2,607,964 00 1,692,557 00 \$733,812,779 00	9 63 1 44 92
Chelsea,		:	102,578 6,328 698 267 109,871 CESTER 477 1,208 281	\$712,433,331 00 17,078,877 00 2,607,904 00 1,692,557 00 \$733,812,779 00 COUNTY. \$982,773 00 2,437,811 00 501,594 00	\$0 63 1 44 92 \$397 36 \$0 57 1 40 29
Chelsea, Revere, Winthrop, Total, Ashburnham, Athol, Auburn, Sarre,		wor	102,578 6,328 698 267 109,871 CESTER 477 1,208 281 686	\$712,433,381 00 17,078,877 00 2,607,964 00 1,692,557 00 \$733,812,779 00 COUNTY. \$982,773 00 2,437,811 00 501,594 00 1,544,494 00	\$0 63 1 44 92 \$397 36 \$0 57 1 40 29 88
Ashburnham, Athol, Auburn, Barre, Berlin,		wor	102,578 6,328 698 267 109,871 CESTER 477 1,208 281 680 259	\$712,433,331 00 17,075,877 00 2,607,964 00 1,692,557 00 \$733,812,779 00 COUNTY. \$982,773 00 2,437,811 00 501,594 00 1,549,494 00 495,260 00	\$0 63 1 44 92 \$397 36 \$0 57 1 40 29 88 29
Chelsea, Revere, Winthrop, Total, Ashburnham, Athol, Auburn, Barre, Berlin, Blackstone,		wor	102,578 6,328 698 267 109,871 CESTER 477 1,208 281 686 259 1,279	\$712,433,331 00 17,078,877 00 2,607,964 00 1,692,557 00 \$733,812,779 00 COUNTY. \$982,773 00 2,437,811 00 501,594 00 1,549,494 00 495,200 00 2,089,982 00	\$0 57 1 40 92 \$397 36 \$0 57 1 40 29 88 29 1 23
Ashburnham, Athol, Auburn, Berlin, Berlin, Barre, Bellin, Bolton,		wor	102,578 6,328 698 267 109,871 CESTER 477 1,208 281 686 259 1,279 254	\$712,433,381 00 17,078,877 00 2,607,964 00 1,692,557 00 \$733,812,779 00 COUNTY. \$982,773 00 2,437,811 00 501,594 00 1,549,494 00 495,260 00 2,080,982 00 517,940 00	\$0 63 1 44 92 \$397 36 \$0 57 1 40 29 88 29 1 23 30
Chelsea, Revere, Winthrop, Total, Total, Ashburnham, Athol, Auburn, Barre, Berlin, Blackstone, Bolton, Boylston,		wor	102,578 6,328 698 267 109,871 CESTER 477 1,208 281 686 259 1,279 254 211	\$712,433,331 00 17,075,877 00 2,607,964 00 1,692,557 00 \$733,812,779 00 COUNTY. \$982,773 00 2,437,811 00 501,594 00 1,549,494 00 495,200 00 2,089,982 00 517,940 00 511,940 00	\$0 57 1 40 \$397 36 \$0 57 1 40 29 88 29 1 23 30 29
Chelsea, devere, Winthrop, Total, Ashburnham, Athol, Auburn, Barre, Berlin, Blackstone, Golton, Boylston, Brookfield,		wor	102,578 6,328 698 207 109,871 CESTER 477 1,208 281 686 259 1,279 254 211 888	\$712,433,381 00 17,078,877 00 2,607,964 00 1,692,557 00 \$733,812,779 00 COUNTY. \$982,773 00 2,437,811 00 501,594 00 1,549,494 00 495,260 00 2,089,982 00 517,940 00 511,314 00 1,302,834 00 1,302,834 00	\$0 63 1 44 92 \$397 36 \$0 57 1 40 29 88 29 1 23 30 29 77
Chelsea,		wor	102,578 6,328 698 267 109,871 CESTER 477 1,208 281 686 259 1,279 254 211	\$712,433,331 00 17,075,877 00 2,607,964 00 1,692,557 00 \$733,812,779 00 COUNTY. \$982,773 00 2,437,811 00 501,594 00 1,549,494 00 495,200 00 2,089,982 00 517,940 00 511,940 00	\$0 57 1 40 \$397 36 \$0 57 1 40 29 88 29 1 23 30 29

WORCESTER COUNTY - Concluded.

TOW	ĸs.			Polls.	Property.	Tax of \$1,000, includ. Polls at one-tenth of mill each.
Douglas				713	\$1,048,700 00	\$0 62
Dudley, .				562	955,749 00	56
Fitchburg, .				4,020	11,313,163 00	6 36
Gardner, .				1,871	2,702,525 00	1 61
Grafton, .				1,070	2,159,397 00	1 24
Hardwick, .	•	٠		678	1,174,894 00	69
Harvard, .				343	985,514 00	55
Holden, .				633	1,016,783 00	60
Hubbardston,				385	779,472 00	45
Lancaster, .	•		•	451	2,770,392 00	1 50
Leiccster, .	•		•	712	1,862,317 00	1 05
Leominster,		٠	•	1,699	3,998,127 00	2 28
Lunenburg,	•	•	•	319	728,650 00	42
Mendon, .	•	•	•	290	620,039 00	36
Milford,	•	•	•	2,459	5,526,252 00	3 16
Millbury, . New Braintree,	•	•	•	1,120	2,184,175 00	1 26
New Braintree,	•	•	•	174 431	477,962 00	27
Northborough, Northbridge,	•	•	•	1,092	1,171,415 00 2,758,383 00	66 1 56
North Brookfield		•	•	1,235	1,947,360 00	1 15
Oakham, .	٠,	•	•	236	348,988 00	21
Oxford, .	•	•	•	704	1,449,507 00	83
D. m.ha.m.	•	•	•	169	276,696 00	16
Petersham, .	•	•	•	296	617,962 00	36
Phillipston,	•	•	:	160	289,581 00	17
Princeton, .	•	•	:	307	913,487 00	51
Royalston, .	•	•	:	368	817,205 00	47
Rutland, .		•		268	486,856 00	28
Shrewsbury,		÷	Ċ	417	1,063,151 00	60
Southborough,				541	1,391,487 00	79
Southbridge,				1,474	3,288,471 00	1 88
Spencer				1,881	3,564,300 00	2 06
Sterling, .				380	953,978 00	54
Sturbridge,				578	1,065,186 00	62
Sutton, .				722	1,381,522 00	80
l'empleton, .				837	1,223,905 00	73
Upton,				516	857,428 00	50
Uxbridge, .				805	2,145,934 00	1 21
Warren, .				1,130	2,226,348 00	1 29
Webster, .				1,343	2,466,428 00	1 43
Westborough,				1,300	2,712,779 00	1 56
West Boylston,				726	1,172,550 00	69
West Brookfield	,		•	497	873,234 00	51
Westminster,	٠		•	461	833,145 00	48
Winchendon,	٠			1,107	1,940,556 00	1 13
Worcester, .	٠	•	•	17,641	49,756,155 00	27 96
Total, .				63,519	\$147,215,670 00	\$83 87

CITIES AND TOWNS ALPHABETICALLY,

WITH THE

CONGRESSIONAL, COUNCILLOR, SENATORIAL, AND REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICT OF EACH.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Congressional.	Coun- cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Abington Acton Acushnet Adams Agawam Alford Amesbury Amherst Andover Arlington Ashburnham Ashby Ashfield Ashland Athol Attleborough Auburn Ayer	2 8 1 12 12 12 7 11 8 5 11 8 11 9 11 2 10 8	1618885863767276	2d Plymouth 5th Middlesex 3d Bristol N. Berkshire 2d Hampden S. Berkshire 4th Essex Hampshire 6th Essex 2d Middlesex 5th Worcester 5th Middlesex 4th Worcester 1st Bristol 3d Worcester 5th Middlesex	11th Plymouth. 26th Middlesex. 4th Bristol. 2d Berkshire. 10th Hampden. 7th Berkshiro. 18th Essex. 4th Hampshire. 14th Essex. 14th Middlesex. 7th Worcester. 35th Middlesex. 6th Franklin. 20th Middlesex. 8th Worcester. 1st Bristol. 15th Worcester.
Barnstable Barre Becket Bedford Belchertown Belehertown Bellingham Belmont Berlin Berlin Bernardston Beverly Billerica Blackstone Blandford Bolton	1 10 12 8 11 9 5 2 9 11 7 8 9	178682317756287	Cape . 4th Worcester . S. Berkshire 6th Middlesex . Hampshire 2d Norfolk . 2d Middlesex . 2d Bristol . 5th Worcester . Franklin . 3d Essex . 6th Middlesex . 2d Worcester . 2d Hampden . 5th Worcester . 5th Worcester . 3d February . 5th Middlesex . 3d Worcester . 3d Hampden . 5th Worcester . 5th Worcest	2d Barnstable. 10th Worcester. 5th Berkshire. 18th Middlesex. 5th Hampshire. 8th Norfolk. 15th Middlesex. 3d Bristol. 5th Worcester. 5th Franklir. 5th Essex. 18th Middlesex. 1st Worcester. 11th Hampden. 5th Worcester.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Con- gres- sional.	Coun-	Senatorial.	Representative.
Boston	Dis., W'ds 11,15 (Precis3 4), 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 21, 21), W'ds 12,57,67 (Pre2,23,4), 12,13,14,15 (Pre1,2), 10 Dis., W'ds 8 (Prec't1), 9, 10, 25, 6th Dis., W'ds 3, 4, 5,	2d District, Wards 22, 23, 24, 25. 3d District, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5. 4th District, Wards 6 to 21 inclusive.	1st Suffolk, W'ds 1, 2, 2d Suffolk, W'ds 3, 4, 5, 3d Suffolk, W'ds 6, 7, 8, 4th Suffolk, W'ds 9, 10, 11, 12 5th Suffolk, W'ds 13, 14, 15, 6th Suffolk, W'ds 16, 17, 18, 7th Suffolk, W'ds 19, 221, 8th Suffolk, W'ds 22, 23, 24, 25	, , lst to 25th Suffolk.
Bourne	1 8 7 10 7 2	1 6 5 2 5 2	Cape	1st Barnstable. 33d Middlesex. 15th Essex. 16th Worcester. 17th Essex. 6th Norfolk.
Bridgewater Brimfield Brockton Brookfield Brookline Buckland Burlington		1 8 1 7 2 7 6	2d Plymouth 1st Hampden 2d Plymouth 3d Worcester 2d Norfolk Franklin 6th Middlesex	1st Hampden. 10th Plymouth. 12th Worcester. 2d Norfolk. 6th Franklin. 18th Middlesex.
Cambridge .	5	3	3d Middlesex	Wards 1, 5, Ist Middlesex, Wards 2, 4, 2d Middlesex, Ward 3, 3d Middlesex.
Canton Carlisle Carver Charlemont . Charlton Chatham Chelmsford	2 8 2 11 10 1 8	2 6 1 7 7 1 6	1st Norfolk	4th Norfolk. 26th Middlesex. 4th Plymouth. 6th Franklin. 13th Worcester. 4th Barnstable. 19th Middlesex.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Con- gres- sional.	Coun- cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Chelsea Cheshire Chester Chesterfield . Chicopee Chilmark	6 12 12 11 12 1	3 8 8 8 8	1st Suffolk N. Berkshire 2d Hampden Hampshire 2d Hampden Cape	26th Suffolk. 4th Berkshire. 11th Hampden. 3d Hampshire. 3d Hampden. 1st Dukes.
Clarksburg Clinton Cohasset Colrain Concord Conway	12 9 2 11 8	8 7 1 7 6 7	N. Berkshire 5th Worcester 2d Plymouth Franklin 5th Middlesex Franklin	1st Berkshire. 5th Worcester. 2d Plymouth. 5th Franklin. 26th Middlesex 4th Franklin.
Cottage City . Cummington .	1 11	i 8	Cape Hampshire .	1st Dukes. 3d Hampshire.
Dalton Dana Dana Danvers Dartmouth Dedham Decrfield Dennis Dighton Douglas Dover Dracut Dunstable Dunstable Duxbury	12 11 7 1 9 11 1 10 9 8 10 8	87512711226761	N. Berkshire 4th Worcester 5th Essex 3d Bristol 2d Norfolk Franklin Cape 2d Bristol 2d Worcester 2d Norfolk 5th Middlesex 3d Worcester 5th Middlesex Ist Plymouth	3d Berkshire. 10th Worcester. 4th Essex. 7th Bristol. 1st Norfolk. 4th Franklin. 3d Barnstable. 10th Bristol. 14th Worcester. 9th Norfolk. 19th Middlesex. 14th Worcester. 34th Middlesex.
E. Bridgewater, Eastham . Easthampton . Easton . Edgartown . Egremont . Enfield . Erving . Essex . Everett .	2 1 11 2 1 12 11 11 7 6	1 1 8 2 1 8 8 7 5 3	2d Plymouth Cape Hampshire 1st Bristol Cape S. Berkshire Hampshire Franklin 3d Essex 1st Middlesex	8th Plymouth. 5th Barnstable. 1st Hampshire. 2d Bristol. 1st Dukes. 7th Berkshire. 5th Hampshire. 1st Franklin. 3d Essex. 8th Middlesex.
Fairhaven .	1	1	3d Bristol	4th Bristol. Wards 1, 2, 3, 4,
Fall River .	1	1	2d Bristol .	8th Bristol. Wards 5, 6, 9th Bristol.
Falmouth Fitchburg Florida Foxborough	1 11 12 9	1 7 8 2	Cape	1st Barnstable. 6th Worcester. 4th Berkshire. 8th Norfolk.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Con. gres- sional.	Coun- cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Framingham . Franklin Freetown .	9 9 1	$\begin{smallmatrix}6\\2\\1\end{smallmatrix}$	4th Middlesex . 2d Norfolk . 3d Bristol .	31st Middlesex. 8th Norfolk. 4th Bristol.
Gay Head . Gardner Georgetown . Gill	1 11 7 11	1 7 5 7	Cape 4th Worcester . 5th Essex . Franklin	1st Dukes. 7th Worcester. 17th Essex. 3d Franklin. Ward 7, 1st Essex
Gloucester .	7	5	3d Essex .	Wards 1 to 6, 2d Essex.
Goshen Gosnold Grafton Granby Granville . Gt. Barrington, Greenfield . Greenwich . Groton Groveland .	11 10 11 12 12 11 11 8 7	8128887865	Hampshire Cape 2d Worcester Hampshire 2d Hampden S. Berkshire Franklin Hampshire 5th Middlesex 5th Essex	Ward 8, 3d Essex. 3d Hampshire. 1st Dukes. 2d Worcester. 5th Hampshire. 11th Hampden. 7th Berkshire. 3d Franklin. 5th Hampshire. 34th Middlesex. 17th Essex.
Hadley	11 2 7 12 12 2 10 8 1 11 7 11 11 12 12 12 10 10 9 11	81588117718577182786 8	Hampshire 1st Plymouth 3d Essex . 1st Hampden N. Berkshire 2d Plymouth 1st Plymouth 4th Worcester 5th Worcester Cape . Lampshire 5th Essex . Franklin . Franklin . Franklin . Stranklin . Hampshire 1st Norfolk 4th Worcester 1st Hampden 4th Middlesex 2d Hampden	2d Hampden. 1st Berkshire. 9th Plymouth. 2d Plymouth. 10th Worcester. 5th Worcester. 4th Barnstable. 2d Hampshire. 19th Essex. 6th Franklin. 1st Plymouth.
Hopkinton . Hubbardston . Hudson	9 11 9	6 7 6	4th Middlesex . 4th Worcester . 5th Middlesex .	9th Hampden. 30th Middlesex. 9th Worcester. 33d Middlesex.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Con- gres- sional.	Coun- cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Hull Huntington . Hyde Park .	2 11 9	1 8 2	2d Plymouth . Hampshire . 2d Norfolk .	1st Plymouth. 3d Hampshire. 3d Norfolk.
Ipswich	7	5	4th Essex	15th Essex.
Kingston	2	1	1st Plymouth .	4th Plymouth.
Lakeville. Lancaster Lanesborough,	1 8 12	1 7 8	1st Plymouth 5th Worcester N. Berkshire	7th Plymouth. 5th Worcester. 1st Berkshire. Wards 1, 2, 3,
Lawrence .	8	6	6th Essex .	20th Essex. Wards 4, 5, 6,
Lee Leicester . Lenox . Leominster . Leominster . Lexington . Lexington . Lividen Littleton Littleton . Longmeadow .	12 10 12 11 11 5 11 9 8 12	87787737666£	S. Berkshire 3d Worcester S. Berkshire 5th Worcester Franklin 2d Middlesex Franklin 5th Middlesex 2d Hampden 7th Middlesex	21st Essex. 5th Berkshire. 11th Worcester. 6th Berkshire. 17th Worcester. 2d Franklin. 18th Middlesex. 5th Franklin. 26th Middlesex. 6th Hampden. Ward 1, 20th Middlesex. Ward 2, 21st Middlesex. Ward 3, 22d Middlesex. Ward 4, 23d Middlesex. Ward 4, 23th Middlesex. Ward 4, 23th Middlesex. Ward 6,
Ludlow Lunenburg .	12	8 7	2d Hampden . 5th Worcester .	25th Middlesex. 2d Hampden. 5th Worcester. Ward 3,
Lynn	6	5	1st Essex . {	9th Essex. Wards 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 10th Essex. Ward 6,
Lynnfield .	7	5	2d Essex	11th Essex. 13th Essex
Malden Manchester . Mansfield .	6 7 2	3 5 2	1st Middlesex . 3d Essex 1st Bristol	8th Middlesex. 3d Essex. 1st Bristol.

	Con-			
CITIES AND	gres-	Coun-	Senatorial.	Representative.
Towns.	sional.	eillor.	Benatoriai.	Representative.
	sionai.			
	1	I		
Marblehead .	7	5	2d Essex	8th Essex.
Marion	1	1	1st Plymouth .	6th Plymouth.
Marlborough .	9	6	4th Middlesex .	32d Middlesex.
Marshfield .	2	1	1st Plymouth .	3d Plymonth.
Mashpee	1	1	Cape	2d Barnstable.
Mattapoisett .	î	î	1st Plymouth .	6th Plymouth.
Maynard	1 9	6	5th Middlesex .	27th Middlesex.
Medfield . · .	9		2d Norfolk .	9th Norfolk.
Medford	6	2 3 2 6	1st Middlesex .	7th Middlesex.
Medway	9	2	2d Norfolk .	8th Norfolk.
Melrose	6		6th Middlesex .	9th Middlesex.
35 3	9	9	2d Worcester .	2d Worcester.
Mendon Merrimae .	7	2 5	4th Essex	18th Essex.
Methuen	8	6	6th Essex	19th Essex.
Middleborough,	i	ĭ	1-4 Dl	7th Plymouth.
Middlefield .	11	8	Hampshire .	3d Hampshire.
Middleton .	7	5	F41. Ti	13th Essex.
Milford	9	9	2d Worcester .	2d Worcester.
M(2111)	10	- - -	0.1 337	15th Worcester.
Millis	9	6	2d Norfolk .	8th Norfolk.
Milton .	3	6	1st Norfolk .	4th Norfolk.
Monroe	11	- -	Europe lelies	6th Franklin.
Monson	12	6	T. A. T.T	1st Hampden.
	11	2 7 2 2 7 8 7 8	Franklin	
Montague .	12		S. Berkshire	2d Franklin. 7th Berkshire.
Monterey .	12	8	2d Hampden .	10th Hampden.
Montgomery .	12	8	S. Berkshire .	7th Berkshire.
Mt. Washington,	12	-	S. Berksmre .	nn berksnire.
Nahant	6	5	1st Essex	10th Essex.
Nantucket .	1	1	Cape	1st Nantucket.
Natick	9	6	4th Middlesex .	28th Middlesex.
Needham .	9	2 8	2d Norfolk .	9th Norfolk.
New Ashford .	12	8	N. Berkshire .	1st Berkshire.
			(Wards 1, 2, 3,
New Bedford .	1	1	3d Bristol .	5th Bristol.
New Beatora .		-	ou blistor.	Wards 4, 5, 6,
		ļ	(6th Bristol.
New Braintree,	10	7	4th Worcester .	10th Worcester.
New Marlboro',	12	8 7 5 5	S. Berkshire .	7th Berkshire.
New Salem .	11	7	Franklin	1st Franklin.
Newbury .	7	5	4th Essex	16th Essex.
Newburyport .	7	5	4th Essex	16th Essex.
Newton	9	3 1	2d Middlesex .	16th Middlesex.
Norfolk	9	2 8	2d Norfolk .	9th Norfolk.
North Adams .	12	8	N. Berkshire .	2d Berkshire.
Northampton .	11	8 1	Hampshire .	1st Hampshire.
N. Andover .	8	6	6th Essex	14th Essex.
Northborough,	9	2	2d Worcester .	16th Worcester.
Northbridge .	10	$\frac{2}{2}$	2d Worcester .	2d Worcester.
N. Brookfield .	10		4th Worcester .	12th Worcester.
Northfield .	11	7	Franklin	5th Franklin.
			!	

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Con- gres- sional.	Coun- cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
N. Reading . Norton Norwood	8 2 9	6 2 2	6th Middlesex . 1st Bristol . 2d Norfolk .	12th Middlesex. 1st Bristol. 1st Norfolk.
Oakham Orange Orleans Otis Oxford	10 11 1 12 10	7 7 1 8 7	4th Worcester . Franklin Cape S. Berkshire . 3d Worcester .	10th Worcester. 1st Franklin. 5th Barnstable. 5th Berkshire. 13th Worcester.
Palmer Paxton Paxton Peabody Pelham Pepperell Peru Petersham Phillipston Plainfield Plymouth Plympton Prescott Princeton Provincetown Provincetown	12 10 7 11 2 8 12 11 11 12 2 11 2 2 11	87581687778811871	1st Hampden 4th Worcester 2d Essex Hampshire 1st Plymouth 5th Middlesex N. Berkshire 4th Worcester W. Berkshire 1tampshire 1st Plymouth 1st Plymouth Hampshire 5th Worcester Cape	2d Hampden. 11th Worcester. 12th Essex. 4th Hampshire. 3d Plymouth. 3th Middlesex. 4th Berkshire. 9th Worcester. 3d Berkshire. 3d Hampshire. 5th Plymouth. 4th Plymouth. 4th Hampshire. 7th Worcester. 6th Barnstable.
Quincy	2	2	1st Norfolk .	5th Norfolk.
Randolph Raynham Reading . Rehoboth Revere . Richmond Rockhester Rockland . Rockport . Rowley . Royalston . Russell . Rutland .	2 2 6 1 6 12 1 2 7 11 7 11 12 10	22613811575787	1st Norfolk 1st Bristol . 6th Middlesex . 2d Bristol . 1st Suffolk . 8. Berkshire 1st Plymouth . 2d Plymouth . 3d Essex . Franklin . 4th Essex . 4th Worcester . 2d Hampden . 4th Worcester .	7th Norfolk. 2d Bristol. 12th Middlesex. 10th Bristol. 26th Suffolk. 5th Berkshire. 6th Plymouth. 9th Plymouth. 1st Essex. 6th Franklin. 15th Essex. 8th Worcester. 11th Hampden. 11th Worcester.
Salem	7	5	2 d Essex . $\left\{ ight.$	Wards 1, 2, 5, 6th Essex. Wards 3, 4, 6,
Salisbury . Sandisfield .	7 12	5 8	4th Essex S. Berkshire .	7th Essex. 18th Essex. 7th Berkshire.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Congressional.	Coun- cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Sandwich Saugus Savoy Scituate Scekonk Sharon Sheffield Shelburne Sherborn Shirley Shirley Shutesbury Shutesbury Somerset	1 6 12 2 1 1 2 11 9 8 10 11 1 1	1 5 8 1 2 2 8 7 6 6 6 2 7 1	Cape	1st Barnstable. 13th Essex. 4th Berkshire. 2d Plymouth. 10th Bristol. 7th Norfolk. 7th Berkshire. 3d Franklin. 29th Middlesex. 35th Middlesex. 16th Worcester. 2d Franklin. 9th Bristol. Ward 1, 4th Middlesex.
Somerville .	5	3	1st Middlesex	Ward 2, 5th Middlesex. Wards 3, 4, 6th Middlesex.
S. Abington . Southborough . Southborough . Southbridge . South Hadley . South Scituate, Southwick . Spencer	2 11 9 10 11 2 12 10	1 8 2 7 8 1 8 7	2d Plymouth Hampshire 2d Worcester 3d Worcester Hampshire 1st Plymouth 2d Hampden 3d Worcester	11th Plymouth. 1st Hampshire. 4th Worcester. 13th Worcester. 4th Hampshire. 2d Plymouth. 11th Hampden. 13th Worcester. Wards 1 and 2, 4th Hampden.
Springfield .	12	8	1st Hampden {	Wards 3 and 6, 5th Hampden. Wards 4 and 7, 6th Hampden. Wards 5 and 8,
Sterling Stockbridge . Stoneham Stoughton . Stoughton . Sturbridge . Sudbury . Sunderland . Sutton Swampscott . Swampscott . Swampscott	10 12 6 2 8 10 9 11 10 6	7 8 6 2 6 7 6 7 5 1	5th Worcester S. Berkshire 6th Middlesex 1st Norfolk 5th Middlesex 2d Worcester 5th Middlesex Franklin 3d Worcester 1st Essex 2d Bristol .	7th Hampden. 5th Woreester. 6th Berkshire. 10th Middlesex. 7th Norfolk. 33d Middlesex. 12th Worcester. 27th Middlesex. 2d Franklin. 15th Woreester. 8th Essex. 10th Bristol.
Taunton Templeton . Tewksbury .	2 11 8	2 7 6	1st Bristol 4th Worcester . 6th Middlesex .	3d Bristol. 9th Woreester. 19th Middlesex.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Congressional.	Coun- cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Tisbury Tolland Topsfield Townsend Truro Tyngsborough, Tyringham	1 12 7 8 1 8 12	1 8 5 6 1 6 8	Cape	1st Dukes. 11th Hampden. 13th Essex. 35th Middlesex. 6th Barnstable. 19th Middlesex. 5th Berkshire.
Upton Uxbridge .	10 10	$\frac{2}{2}$	2d Worcester . 2d Worcester .	2d Worcester. 1st Worcester.
Wakefield Wales Walpole Waltham Ware Wareham Warren Warren Washington Washington Watertown Wayland Webster Wellesley Welldeet Wendell Westborough West Boylston, West Boylston, West Bridgew'tr, W. Brookfield Westfield Westfield Westfield Westfield Westford Westminster W. Newbury Westport W. Springfield, W. Stockbridge Weymouth Whately Williamsburg Williamsburg Williamsburg Williamsburg Williamsburg Williamsburg	6 10 9 5 11 1 10 11 12 5 9 10 9 1 1 17 9 10 12 8 11 11 7 9 11 12 12 8 11 11 7 9 1 12 12	68238177836721752717868756188278886	6th Middlesex 1. 1st Hampden 2d Norfolk 2d Middlesex Hampshire 1. 1st Plymouth 3d Worcester Franklin . 5. Berkshire 2d Middlesex 4th Middlesex . 4th Middlesex . 4th Middlesex . 2d Worcester . 2d Plymouth . 3d Worcester . 2d Hampden . 5th Middlesex . 4th Middlesex . 4th Middlesex . 4th Middlesex . 4th Middlesex . 3d Bristol . 2d Hampden . 1st Norfolk . 1st Norfolk . 1st Hampden . Hampshire . 1st Hampden . Hampshire . N. Berkshire . 6th Middlesex .	11th Middlese I. 1st Hampden. 7th Norfolk. 17th Middlese I. 15th Hampden. 7th Norfolk. 17th Middlese I. 15th Hampshire. 6th Plymouth. 12th Worcester. 15th Franklin. 4th Berkshire. 15th Middlese I. 15th Middlese I. 15th Middlese I. 15th Middlese I. 15th Morfolk. 5th Barnstable. 2d Franklin. 4th Worcester. 16th Worcester. 16th Worcester. 16th Worcester. 16th Worcester. 10th Hampden. 2d Hampdshire. 1st Berkshire. 1st Hampshire. 1st Berkshire. 1st Berkshire. 1st Berkshire. 1st Berkshire.
Winchendon . Winchester . Windsor Winthrop . Woburn	11 6 12 6 5	7 6 8 3 6	4th Worcester . 6th Middlesex . N. Berkshire . 1st Suffolk . 6th Middlesex .	7th Worcester. 14th Middlesex. 4th Berkshire. 26th Suffolk. 13th Middlesex.

CITIES AND TOWNS.	Con. gres- sional.	Coun- cillor.	Senatorial.	Representative.
Worthington .	10 11 9	7 8 2	1st Worcester { Hampshire 2d Norfolk	Ward 1, 18th Worcester. Ward 2, 19th Worcester. Ward 3, 20th Worcester. Ward 4, 21st Worcester. Ward 6, 22d Worcester. Ward 7, 24th Worcester. Ward 8, 25th Worcester. Ward 3, 25th Worcester. Ward 4, 21st Worcester. Ward 5, 25th Worcester.
Yarmouth .	1	1	Cape	3d Barnstable.

GOVERNORS AND LIEUT.-GOVERNORS IN MASS.

[Revised and Corrected by David Pulsifer, Esq.]

CHOSEN ANNUALLY BY THE PEOPLE.

GOVERNORS OF PLYMOUTH COLONY.

1620 Nov. 11, John Carver.	1638 June 5, Thomas Prence.
1621 April, William Bradford.	1639 June 3, William Bradford.
1633 Jan. 1, Edward Winslow.	1644 June 5, Edward Winslow.
1634 Mar. 27, Thomas Prence.	1645 June 4, William Bradford.
1635 Mar. 3, William Bradford.	1657 June 3, Thomas Prence.
1636 Mar. 1, Edward Winslow.	1673 June 3, Josiah Winslow.
1637 Mar. 7, William Bradford.	1680 Dec. 18, Thomas Hinckley.*

DEPUTY-GOVERNORS OF PLYMOUTH COLONY.

1680 Thomas Hinckley.† | 1682 William Bradford, to 1686 1681 James Cudworth. | 1689 William Bradford, to 1692

CHOSEN ANNUALLY UNDER THE FIRST CHARTER.

Governors or	MASSACHUSETTS.
1629 Apr. 30, John Endicott.‡	1646 May 6, John Winthrop.
1630 Oct. 20, John Winthrop.‡	1649 May 2, John Endicott.
1634 May 14, Thomas Dudley.	1650 May 22, Thomas Dudley.
1635 May 6, John Haynes.	1651 May 7, John Endicott.
1636 May 25, Henry Vane.	1654 May 3, Richard Bellingham.
1637 May 17, John Winthrop.	1655 May 23, John Endicott.
1640 May 13, Thomas Dudley.	1665 May 3, Richard Bellingham.
1641 June 2, Richard Bellingham.	1672 Dec. 12, John Leverett (act'g).
1642 May 18, John Winthrop.	1673 May 7, John Leverett.
1644 May 29, John Endicott.	1679 May 28, Simon Bradstreet, to
1645 May 14, Thomas Dudley.	1686.

* Mr. Hinckley was Governor till the union of the colories in 1692, except during the administration of Andros.

t Previously there was no Deputy-Governor, a Governor pro tem. being appointed by the Governor to serve in his absence.

ity the Royal Charter, which passed the seals March 4, 1628-9, Matthew Cradock was appointed the first Governor, and Thomas Goffe, beputy-siovernor, both of whom had held the same offices before the Charter was granted. On the 18th of the following May the same persons were re-chosen under the Charter; but they never came to New England. On the 20th of October, 1629, John Winthrop was chosen Governor, and John Humphry, Deputy-Governor. On the 30th of April, 1629, John Lindicott was chosen, in London, to be Governor of the Plantation in New England, and held the office until the arrival of the Governor (Winthrop) in 1630.

DEPUTY-GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1629	Thomas Dudley	* .	. to	1634	1651	Thomas	$\operatorname{Dudle} {\boldsymbol y}$. to	165 3
1634	Roger Ludlow			1635	1653	Richard	Bellingh	am		1654
1635	Richard Bellingh	am .		1636	1654	John En	dicott			1655
1636	John Winthrop			1637	1655	Richard	Bellingh	am		1665
1637	Thomas Dudley			1640	1665	Francis	Willough	h by		1671
1640	Richard Bellingh	am .		1641	1671	John Le	verett			1672
1641	John Endicott			1644	1673	Sam'l Sy	monds,	to Oct		1678
1644	John Winthrop			1646	1678	Oct., Sin	non Brad	stree	ŧ,	1679
1646	Thomas Dudley			1650	1679	Thomas	Danfort	h		1686
1650	John Endicott			1651						

Note.—May 25, 1686, Joseph Dudley assumed the office of President under a commission of King James II., and, with a council, had jurisdiction over the king's dominion of New England. This office he held till Dec. 20, the same year, when Sir Edmund Andros appeared as Governor of New England, appointed by James II. April 20, 1689, Governor Andros was deposed by a revolution of the people.

AFTER THE DISSOLUTION OF THE FIRST CHARTER.

Simon Bradstreet was Governor from May 24, 1689, to May 14, 1692; and Thomas Danforth was Deputy-Governor during the same time.

APPOINTED BY THE KING UNDER SECOND CHARTER. GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1692 May 14, Sir William Phipps. 1730 June 30, William Tailer. 1694 Nov. 17, William Stoughton. 1730 Aug. 8, Jonathan Belcher. 1741 Aug. 17, William Shirley. 1699 May 26, Richard Coote, Earl of Bellamont. 1749 Sept. 11, Spencer Phips. 1700 July, William Stoughton. 1753 Aug. 7, William Shirley. 1701 July 7, The Council. 1756 Sept. 25, Spencer Phips. 1702 June 11, Joseph Dudley. 1757 April 4, The Council. 1714-15 Feb., The Council. 1757 Aug. 3, Thomas Pownal. 1714-15 March, Joseph Dudley. 1760 June 3, Thomas Hutchinson. 1715 Nov. 9, William Tailer.t 1760 Aug. 1. Sir Francis Bernard. 1716 Oct. 4, Samuel Shute. Bart. 1722 Dec. 27, William Dummer. 1769 Aug. 1, Thomas Hutchinson. 1728 July 13, William Burnet. 1771 March, Thomas Hutchinson.

* Thomas Goffe died at sea while on his passage to New England.

John Humphry was elected, but did not serve.

1774 May 13, Thomas Gage.

1729 Sept. 7. William Dummer.

† Those whose names are printed in italies were Acting Governors.
† In November, 1715, Elizeus Burgess was proclaimed Governor, he having had the appointment in March, 1714; but he never came over to perform his duties, and resigned the office in 1716.

LIEUT .- GOVERNORS IN MASSACHUSETTS.

1692 Wm. Stoughton to July,	1701	1730 William Tailer.
1702 Thomas Povey,	1706	1733 Spencer Phips.
1705-6 Jan., vacancy to Oct.,	1711	1758 Thomas Hutchinson
1711 William Tailer		1771 Andrew Oliver.
1716 William Dummer.		1774 Thomas Oliver.

UNTIL THE CONSTITUTION.

1774 Oct., a Provincial Congress. | 1775 July, The Council.

UNDER THE CONSTITUTION. GOVERNORS OF MASSACHUSETTS.

1780	John Hancock, to	1785	1843 Marcus Morton, to	1844
1785	James Bowdoin, .	1787	1844 George N. Briggs, .	1851
1787	John Hancock, Oct. 8,	1793	1851 George S. Boutwell, .	1853
1794	Samuel Adams,	1797	1853 John H. Clifford, .	1854
1797	Increase Sumner, June 7,	1799	1854 Emery Washburn, .	1855
1800	Caleb Strong,	1807	1855 Henry J. Gardner, .	1858
1807	Jas. Sullivan, Dcc. 10,	1808	1858 Nathaniel P. Banks, .	1861
1809	Christopher Gore, .	1810	1861 John A. Andrew, .	1866
1810	Elbridge Gerry,	1812	1866 Alexander H. Bullock,	1869
${\bf 1812}$	Caleb Strong,	1816	1869 William Claffin,	1872
1816	John Brooks,	1823	1872 William B. Washburn,*	1874
1823	Wm. Eustis, Feb. 6, .	1825	1875 William Gaston, .	1876
1825	Levi Lincoln,	1834	1876 Alexander H. Rice, .	1879
1834	John Davis, March 1,	1835	1879 Thomas Talbot,	1880
1836	Edward Everett, .	1840	1880 John Davis Long, .	1883
1840	Marcus Morton,	1841	1883 Benjamin F. Butler, .	1884
1841	John Davis,	1843	1884 George D. Robinson,	

LIEUTGOVERNORS	OF MASSACHUSETTS.
1780 Thos. Cushing, to Feb. 28, 1788	1802 Edward H. Robbins, . to 1806
1788 Benjamin Lincoln, . 1789	1807 Levi Lincoln, ‡ 1809
1789 Samuel Adams,† . 1794	1809 David Cobb, 1810
1794 Moses Gill, May 20, . 1800	1810 William Gray, 1812
1801 Sam'l Phillips, Feb. 10, 1802	1812 William Phillips, . 1823

* Resigned May 1, 1874. Chosen U.S. Senator, April 17, 1874. † The Lieutenant-Governors whose names are in italics were Acting

Governors also during vacancies in the office of Governor.

† General William Heath was elected in 1806, and declined to accept the office.

1823 Levi Lincoln, to Feb.,	1824	1858 Eliphalet Trask, . to 1861
1824 Marcus Morton, July,	1825	1861 John Z. Goodrich, Mar. 29, 1861
1826 Thomas L. Winthrop,	1833	1861 John Nesmith, Sept., 1862
1833 Samuel T. Armstrong,	1836	1863 Joel Hayden, 1866
1836 George Hull,	1843	1866 William Claffin, 1869
1843 Henry H. Childs, .	1844	1869 Joseph Tucker, 1873
1844 John Reed,	1851	1873 Thomas Talbot, * . 1875
1851 Henry W. Cushman, .	1853	1875 Horatio G. Knight, . 1879
1853 Elisha Huntington, .	1854	1879 John D. Long, 1880
1854 William C. Plunkett, .	1855	1880 Byron Weston, 1883
1855 Simon Brown,	1856	1883 Oliver Ames.
1856 Henry W. Benchley, .	1858	

UNITED STATES SENATORS FROM MASSACHUSETTS, From 1789 to 1883.

Caleb Strong,	1789-96	Tristram Dalton, . 1789-91
Theodore Sedgwick, .	1796-99	George Cabot, . 1791-96
Samuel Dexter,	1799-1800	Benjamin Goodhue, . 1796-1800
Dwight Foster,	1800-03	Jonathan Mason, 1800-03
John Quincy Adams, .	1803-08	Timothy Pickering, . 1803-11
James Lloyd,	1808-13	Joseph Bradley Varnum, 1811-17
Christopher Gore,	1813-16	Harrison Gray Otis, . 1817-22
E!i Porter Ashmun, .	1816-18	James Lloyd, 1822-26
Prentiss Mellen,	1818-20	Nathaniel Silsbee, . 1826-35
Elijah Hunt Mills,	1820-27	John Davis, 1835-41
Daniel Webster,	1827 - 41	Isaac Chapman Bates, . 1841-45
Rufus Choate,	1841-45	John Davis, 1845-53
Daniel Webster,	1845-50	Edward Everett, 1853-54
Robert Charles Winthrop,	1850-51	Julius Rockwell, 1854-55
Robert Rantoul, Jr., .	1851-51	Henry Wilson, 1855-73
Charles Sumner, †	1851-74	George S. Boutwell, . 1873-77
William B. Washburn, .	1874 75	George Frisbie Hoar, ‡. 1877-
Henry Laurens Dawes, ‡	1875-	

Note. - Mr. Wilson was elected Vice-President in 1872; George S. Boutwell chosen to fill vacancy,

^{*} Acting Governor from May 1, 1874. † Charles Sumner died March 11, 1874; William B. Washburn chosen

to fill vacancy, April 17, 1874.

† Mr. Dawes's term will expire March 4, 1887; Mr. Hoar's term, March 4, 1889.

SECRETARIES.

List of Persons who have held the Office of Secretary Of the Commonwealth,

Since 1780.

John Avery,	1780-1806	John G. Palfrey, .	1844-48
Jonathan L. Austin,	1806-08	William B. Calhoun,	1848-51
William Tudor, .	1808-10	Amasa Walker, .	1851-53
Benjamin Homans,	1810-12	Ephraim M. Wright,	1853-56
Alden Bradford, .	1812-24	Francis DeWitt, .	1856-58
Edward D. Bangs,	1824-36	Oliver Warner, .	1858-76
John P. Bigelow, .	1836-43	Henry B. Peirce, .	1876-
John A. Bolles, .	1843-44		

TREASURERS.

List of Persons who have held the Office of TREASURER AND RECEIVER-GENERAL,

Since 1780.

		 -	
Henry Gardner, .	1780-83	Thomas Russell, .	1842 -43
Thomas Ivers, .	1783-87	John Mills,	1843-44
Alexander Hodgdon,	1787-92	Thomas Russell, .	1844-45
Thomas Davis, .	1792-97	Joseph Barrett, .	1845-19
Peleg Coffin,	*1797-1801	Ebenezer Bradbury,	1849-51
Jonathan Jackson,	1802-06	Charles B. Hall, .	1851-53
Thompson J. Skinner,	1806-08	Jacob H. Loud, .	1853-55
Josiah Dwight, .	1808-10	Thomas J. Marsh, .	1855-56
Thomas Harris, -	1810-11	Moses Tenney, Jr.,	1856-61
Jonathan L. Austin,	1811-12	Henry K. Oliver,	1861-66
John T. Apthorp, .	1812-17	Jacob H. Loud, .	1866-71
Daniel Sargent, .	1817-22	Charles Adams, Jr.,	1871-76
Nahum Mitchell, .	1822-27	Charles Endicott, .	1876-81
Joseph Sewall, .	1827-32	Daniel A. Gleason,	1881-86
Hezekiah Barnard,	1832-37	Alanson W. Beard,	1886-
David Wilder, .	1837-42		

^{*} Secretary Avery had a warrant to take care of the Treasury on the resignation of Coffin, in 1802.

1739-41

1879-83

1883-

ATTORNEY-GENERALS.

List of Persons who have held the Office of Attorney-General.

UNDER THE PROVINCE CHARTER.

Anthony Checkley.

John Henry Clifford.

John Henry Clifford.

Rufus Choate,

Paul Dudley,		1702-18	Jeremiah Gridley, .	1742
Thomas Newton, .		1718-21	John Overing,	1743-48
John Overing, .		1728-32	James Otis,	1748
John Read,		1733-35	Edmund Trowbridge, .	1749-67
William Brattle, .		1736	Jeremiah Gridley,	1767
William Brattle, .		1738	Jonathan Sewall,	1767-69
UN	DEF	THE C	ONSTITUTION.	
Robert Treat Paine,		1780-90	Stephen Henry Phillips,	1858-61
James Sullivan, .	. 1	790-1807	Dwight Foster,	1861-64
Barnabas Bidwell,		1807-10	Chester I. Reed, †	1864 67
Perez Morton, .		1810-32	Charles Allen,	1867-72
James T. Austin, .		1832-43	Charles R. Train,	1872-79

* The office of Attorney-General was abolished in 1843, and re-established in 1849.

1854-58

*1849-53 George Marston. .

1853-54 Edgar J. Sherman,

† Resigned during the session of the Legislature of 1867. The vacancy was filled by the election of Charles Allen.

SOLICITOR-GENERALS.

List of Persons who have held the Office of Solicitor-General.

Jonathan Sewall,					•	*1767
Samuel Quincy,						1771-75
Daniel Davis.						1880-32

^{*} Jonathan Sewall appointed Attorney-General Nov. 18, 1767.

Auditors.

List of Persons who have held the Office of Auditor of ACCOUNTS.

[Established by Act of 1849.]

David Wilder, Jr.,		1849-54	Julius L. Clarke, .	1865-66
Joseph Mitchell, .		1854-55	Henry S. Briggs, .	1866-70
Stephen N. Gifford,		1855-56	Charles Endicott, .	1870-76
Chandler R. Ransom,		1856-58	Julius L. Clarke, 2.	· 1876-79
Charles White, .		1858-61	Charles R. Ladd, 2.	1879-
Levi Reed, 1	•	1861-65		

¹Resigned Dec. 20, 1865.

² Mr. Clarke resigned, and Mr. Ladd was appointed in his place May 6, 1879.

SECRETARIES OF THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

List of Persons who have held the office of Secretary of THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

[See Act of 1837.]

Horace Mann, .	1837-48	Joseph White, .	1861-77
Barnas Sears, .	1848-55	John W. Dickinson,	1877-
George S. Boutwell,	1855-61		

ORGANIZATION OF THE LEGISLATURE,

Since 1780.

The first General Court, under the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, assembled at Boston on Wednesday, Oct. 25, 1780, and was finally prorogued (having held three sessions) May 19, 1781. From this time until 1832, the political year commenced on the last Wednesday in May; and the General Court held two, and frequently three, sessions during each year. In 1832, by an amendment of the Constitution, the commencement of the political year was changed to the first Wednesday in January.

SENATE.

PRESIDENTS.

Thos. Cushing, resigned, \	1780-81	David Cobb,	1803-04
Jeremiah Powell,)	1100-01	David Cobb,	1804-05
Jeremiah Powell,	1781-82	Harrison Gray Otis,	1805-06
Samuel Adams,	1782-83	John Bacon,	1806-07
Samuel Adams,	1783-84	Samuel Dana, .	1807-08
Samuel Adams,	1784 - 85	Harrison Gray Otis,	1808-09
Samuel Adams, resigned, }	1785-86	Harrison Gray Otis,	1809-10
Samuel Phillips, Jr.,	1189-80	Harrison Gray Otis,	1810-11
Samuel Phillips, Jr., .	1786-87	Samuel Dana, .	1811-12
Samuel Adams,	1787-88	Samuel Dana, .	1812-13
Samuel Phillips, Jr., .	1788-89	John Phillips,	1813-14
Samuel Phillips, Jr., .	1789-90	John Phillips,	1814-15
Samuel Phillips,	1790-91	John Phillips,	1815-16
Samuel Phillips,	1791-92	John Phillips, .	1816-17
Samuel Phillips,	1792-93	John Phillips,	1817-18
Samuel Phillips,	1793-94	John Phillips.	1818-19
Samuel Phillips,	1794-95	John Phillips.	1819-20
Samuel Phillips,	1795-96	John Phillips,	1820-21
Samuel Phillips,	1796-97	John Phillips,	1821-22
Samuel Phillips,	1797-98	John Phillips, .	1822-23
Samuel Phillips,	1798-99	Nathaniel Silsbee,	1823-24
Samuel Phillips, 1	799-1800	Nathaniel Silsbee, .	1824-25
Samuel Phillips,	1800-01	Nathaniel Silsbee, .	1825-26
David Cobb,	1801-02	John Mills,	1826-27
David Cobb,	1802-03	John Mills	1827-28
•			

Sherman Leland, 1828-29	,
Samuel Lathrop, 1829-30	Charles W. Upham, . 1858
Samuel Lathrop, 1830-31	Charles A. Phelps, . 1859
Leverett Saltonstall, . 1821	Charles A. Phelps, . 1860
William Thorndike, . 1832	William Claffin, 1861
Benj. T. Pickman, . 1833	John H. Clifford, 1862
Benj. T. Pickman, . 1834	Jonathan E. Field, . 1863
Benj. T. Pickman, deceased, 1	Jonathan E. Field, . 1864
George Bliss,	Jonathan E. Field, . 1865
Horace Mann, 1836	Joseph A. Pond 1866
Horace Mann, 1837	Joseph A. Pond 1867
Myron Lawrence, 1838	George O. Brastow, . 1868
Myron Lawrence, 1839	Robert C. Pitman, resigned,* 1869
Daniel P. King, 1840	George O. Brastow,
Daniel P. King, 1841	Horace H. Coolidge, . 1870
Josiah Quincy, Jr., . 1842	Horace H. Coolidge, . 1871
Phineas W. Leland, resigned, 1	Horace H. Coolidge, . 1872
Frederick Robinson. 1843	Geo. B. Loring, 1873
Josiah Quincy, Jr., . 1844	Geo. B. Loring, 1874
Levi Lincoln 1845	Geo. B. Loring, 1875
William B. Calhoun, . 1846	Geo. B. Loring, 1876
William B. Calhoun, . 1847	John B. D. Cogswell, . 1877
Zeno Scudder, 1848	John B. D. Cogswell, . 1878
Joseph Bell, 1849	John B. D. Cogswell, . 1879
Marshall P. Wilder, . 1850	Robert R. Bishop, 1880
Henry Wilson, 1851	Robert R. Bishop, 1881
Henry Wilson, 1852	Robert R. Bishop, 1882
Charles H. Warren, . 1853	George Glover Crocker, 1883
Charles Edward Cook, . 1854	George A. Bruce, . 1884
Henry W. Benchley, . 1855	Albert E. Pillsbury, . 1885
Elihu C. Baker 1856	Albert E. Pillsbury, . 1886
•	
CLEI	K g.
William Baker, Jr., . 1780-84	Samuel F. Lyman, . 1822
Samuel Cooper, . 1785-95	Paul Willard, 1823-29
Edward McLane, . 1796-99	Charles Calhoun, 1830-42
Edward Payne Hayman, 1800	Lewis Josselyn, 1843
George Elliot Vaughn, . 1801-02	Charles Calhoun, 1844-50
Wendell Davis, 1803-05	Chauncy L. Knapp, . 1851
John D. Dunbar, 1806-07	Francis H. Underwood, 1852
Nathaniel Coffin, 1808-10	Charles Calhoun, 1853-54
Marcus Morton, . 1811-12	Peter L. Cox, 1855-57
Samuel F. McCleary, . 1813-21	Stephen N. Gifford, . 1858-

^{*} Appointed Justice of Superior Court.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

	SPEAR		
		Timothy Bigelow,	1818-19
, , ,	. 1781-82	Timothy Bigelow,	1819-20
Nathaniel Gorham,	. 1782	Elijah H. Mills, resigned,	1820-21
	. 1782-83	Josiah Quincy,	1821
	. 1783-84	Josiah Quincy, resigned,	1821-22
	. 1784-85	Luther Lawrence,	1822
•	. 1785-86	Levi Liucoln,	1822-23
	1786-87	William C. Jarvis, .	1823-24
James Warren, .	1787-88	William C. Jarvis, .	1824-25
Theodore Sedgwick,	1788-89	Timothy Fuller,	1825-26
David Cobb,	1789-90	William C. Jarvis, .	1826-27
David Cobb,	1790-91	William C. Jarvis, .	1827-28
David Cobb,	1791 92	William B. Calhoun, .	1828-29
David Cobb,	1792-93	William B. Calhoun, .	1829-30
Edward H. Robbins,	1793-94	William B. Calhoun, .	1830
Edward H. Robbins,	1794-95	William B. Calhoun, .	1831
Edward H. Robbins,	1795-96	William B. Calhoun, .	1832
Edward H. Robbins,	1796-97	William B. Calhoun, .	1833
Edward H. Robbins,	1797-98	William B. Calhoun, .	1834
Edward H. Robbins,	1798-99	Julius Rockwell,	1835
Edward H. Robbins,	1799-1800	Julius Rockwell,	1836
Edward H. Robbins,	1800-01	Julius Rockwell,	1837
Edward H. Robbins,	1801-02	Robert C. Winthrop, .	1838
John Coffin Jones,	1802-03	Robert C. Winthrop, .	1839
Harrison Gray Otis,	1803-04	Robert C. Winthrop, .	1840
Harrison Gray Otis,	1804-05	George Ashmun,	1841
Timothy Bigelow,	1805-06	Thomas Kinnicut,	1842
Perez Morton,	1806-07	Daniel P. King,	1843
Perez Morton,	1807-08	Thomas Kinnicut, resigned.	1844
Timothy Bigelow,	1808-09	Samuel H. Walley, Jr.,	1844
Timothy Bigelow,	1809-10	Samuel H. Walley, Jr.,	1845
Perez Morton, resigned,	1810-11	Samuel H. Walley, Jr.,	1846
Joseph Story,	1811	Ebenezer Bradbury, .	1847
Joseph Story, resigned,	1811-12	Francis B. Crowninshield,	1848
Eleazer W. Ripley,	1812	Francis B. Crowninshield,	1849
Timothy Bigelow, .	1812-13	Ensign H. Kellogg, .	1850
Timothy Bigelow,	1813-14	Nathaniel P. Banks, Jr.,	1851
Timothy Bigelow,	1814-15	Nathaniel P. Banks, Jr.,	1852
Timothy Bigelow,	1815-16	George Bliss,	1853
Timothy Bigelow,	1816-17	Otis P. Lord,	1854
Timothy Bigelow,	-	Daniel C. Eddy,	1855
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Charles A. Phelps,	1856	John E. Sanford, .	1872
Charles A. Phelps,	1857	John E. Sanford, .	1873
Julius Rockwell, .	1858	John E. Sanford, .	1874
Charles Hale,	1859	John E. Sanford, .	1875
John A Goodwin,	1860	John D. Long, .	1876
John A. Goodwin,	1861	John D. Long, .	1877
Alexander H. Bullock,	1862	John D. Long, .	1878
Alexander H. Bullock,	1863	Levi C. Wade, .	1879
Alexander H. Bullock,	1864	Charles J. Noyes, .	1880
Alexander H. Bullock,	1865	Charles J. Noyes, .	1881
James M. Stone, .	1866	Charles J. Noyes, .	1882
James M. Stone, .	1867	George A. Marden,	1883
Harvey Jewell, .	1868	George A. Marden,	1884
Harvey Jewell, .	1869	John Q. A. Brackett,	1885
Harvey Jewell, .	1870	John Q. A. Brackett,	1886
Harvey Jewell, .	1871		

CLERKS.

Andrew Henshaw, .	1780-81	Lewis Josselyn,	1851- 52
George Richards Minot,	1782-91	William Schouler,	1853
Henry Warren,	1792-1802	William Stowe,	1854
Nicholas Tillinghast, .	1803-05	Henry A. Marsh,	1855
Chas. Pinckney Sumner,	1806-07	W. E. P. Haskell,	1856
Nicholas Tillinghast, .	1808-09	William Stowe,	1857-61
Chas. Pinckney Sumner,	1810-11	William S. Robinson, .	1862-73
Benjamin Pollard,	1812-21	Charles H. Taylor, .	1873-74
Pelham W. Warren, .	1822-31	George A. Marden, .	1874-83
Luther S. Cushing, .	1832-43	Edward A. McLaughlin,	1883-
Charles W. Storey, .	1844-50		

SERGEANTS-AT-ARMS.

Benjamin Stevens, .	1835-59	Oreb F. Mitchell, .	1875-86
John Morrissey, .	1859-75	John G. B. Adams,	1886-

The office of Sergeant-at-Arms was established by law in 1835. Previous to that time, Jacob Kuhn was Messenger to the General Court from 1786.

TABLE.

Showing the Length of the Sessions of the Legislature, and the Number of Representatives in each Year since 1832.

YEAR.						Time of Meeting.	Prorogued.	Length of Session.	No. o Reps
832, 833,	:	· :	:	:	•	January 4.	March 24.	80 days.	528 574
834,		•				1.	April 2.	92 "	570
.835,*						7.	8	92 "	615
836,						6.	16.	102 "	619
837,						4. 3.	20.	107 "	635
838,			•			3.	25.	113 "	480
839,		•				2.	10.	99 "	521
840,	•		•	•		1.	March 24.	84 "	521
841,	•			•		6.	18.	72 "	39
842,*	•	•	•	•		5.	3.	58 "	336
843,	•	•	•	•		4.	24.	00	352
844,	•	•	:	•		3. 1. 7.	16.	1 't	321
845,	•	•	•	•	•	Ţ.	26.	00	27
846,	•	•	•	•	•	6.	April 16.	100	26- 25-
847,	•	•	•	•	•		16.	111	275
848,* 849,	•	•	•	•	•	5. 3.	May 10.	127 "	26
850,	•	•	•	•		2.	3.	122 "	29
851.	•	•	•	•	•	1.	24.	146 "	396
852.	:	•	:	:	•	8.	22.	137 "	40
853,	:	:	:	:	•	5.	25.	142 "	288
854,	•	:	:	:	:	4.	April 29.	116 "	31
855.	:	:	:	:	:	3.	May 21.	138 "	380
856.	:	•	:	:	:	ı i.	June 6.	158 "	329
857,*	•	•	•	•	:	7.	May 30.	144 "	35

^{*}There was an extra session of sixty-two days in 1835, to revise the Statutes; one of nine days in 1842, to divide the Commonwealth into Congressional Districts; one of three days in 1848, to chose electors of President and Vice-President; one of eighteen days in 1857, to establish districts for the choice of Councillors. Representatives and Senators; one of one hundred and thirteen days in 1859, to revise the General Statutes; one of fourteen days in 1869, to consider the subject of the disease among the cattle of the Commonwealth in relation to public affairs, consequent on the Rebellion; one of eight days in 1863, to provide for raising the quota under the call of the President of the United States of the 17th of October, 1863, for 300,000 men; one of thirty days in 1872, to consider what legislation was necessary by reason of the great fire in Boston, November 9 and 10; and one of ten days in 1881, to compile the Public Statutes.

YEAR.						Time of Meeting.	Prorogued.		Leng Sess	No. of Reps.	
1858,						January 6.	March	27.	81	days,	240
1859.*	:		:	:		5.	April	6.	92	"	240
1860.*				·		4.	1 1	4.	92	44	240
1861,*						2.		11.	100	"	240
1862,		·				1.	1	30.	120	"	240
1863.*						7.		29.	113	"	240
1864,						6.	May	14.	130	"	240
1865.						4.		17.	137	"	240
1866.						3.		30.	147	"	240
1867.						2.	June	1.	150	"	240
1868.						1.		12.	164	"	240
1869.	:					6.		24.	170	"	240
1870.						5.	1	23.	170	"	240
1871,	:	•		·		4.	May	31.	148	"	240
1872,*						3.		7.	126	"	240
1873,	•	•			·	1.	June	12.	163	66	240
1874,	•	•	·	•		7.	1	30.	175	"	240
1875,	•	•	•	:	:	6.	May	19.	134	"	240
1876,		•			·	5.	April	28.	115	66	240
1877,	Ĭ					3.	May	17.	135	"	240
1878,	•		:			2.		17.	136	"	240
1879,	•	•	:	:	:	1.	April	30.	120	"	240
1880,	•		•	·	:	7.		24.	109	"	240
1881,*	•	•	:	•	÷	5.	May	13.	129	"	240
1882,	•	:	:	:	:	4.		27.	144	"	240
1883.	•	:	:	•	:	3.	July	27.	206	66	240
1884.	•	:	•	•	:	2.	June	4.	155	66	240
1885.	:	•	•	•	:	7.	1 220	19.	164	66	240

^{*} See Note on preceding page.

DIED.

JUDICIARY.

Judges of the Superior Court of Judicature of the Province of Massachusetts Bay, from 1692 to 1775.*

CHIEF JUSTICES. LEFT THE BENCH.

APPOINTED.

1692.	William Stoughton,		. 1701.	Resigned.	1701.
1702.	Isaac Addington,		. 1703.	Resigned.	1715.
1708.	Wait Winthrop, .		. 1717.		1717.
1718.	Samuel Sewall, .		. 1728.	Resigned.	1730.
1729.	Benjamin Lynde,		. 1745.		1745.
1745.	Paul Dudley, .		. 1751.		1751.
1752.	Stephen Sewell, .		. 1760.		1760.
1761.	Thomas Hutchinson,		. 1769.	Appointed Governor.	1780.
1769.	Benjamin Lynde,		. 1771.	Resigned.	1781.
1772.	Peter Oliver, .		. 1775.	Removed at Revolution.	1791.
		***	0 M T O T	~	
		303	STICE	з.	
1692.	Thomas Danforth,		. 1699.		1699.
1692.	Wait Winthrop, .		. 1701.	Resigned.	1717.
1692.	John Richards, .		. 1694.		1694.
1693.	Samuel Sewall, .		. 1718.	Appointed Chief Justice	. 1730.
1695.	Elisha Cooke, .		. 1702.	Removed.	1715.
1700.	John Walley, .		. 1712.		1712.
1701.	John Saffin,		. 1702.	Removed.	1710.
1702.	John Hathorne, .		. 1712.	Resigned.	1717.
1702.	John Leverett, .		. 1708.	Resigned.	1724.
1708.	Jonathan Corwin,		. 1715.	Resigned.	1718.
1712.	Benjamin Lynde,		. 1729.	Appointed Chief Justice	. 1745.
1712.	Nathaniel Thomas,		. 1718.	Resigned.	1718.
1715.	Addington Davenpor	t,	. 1726.		1736.
	_				

^{*} The judges died in office, except where otherwise stated.

1718. Paul Dudley, 1745. App'd Chief Justice. 1751. 1718. Edmund Quincy, 1737. 1737. 1737. 1729. John Cushing, 1745. Removed. 1737. 1733. Jonathan Remington, . 1745. 1745. 1756. 1736. Richard Saltonstall, 1756. 1756. 1756. 1737. Thomas Greaves, . 1738. Resigned. 1747. 1739. Stephen Sewall, . 1752. App'd Chief Justice. 1768. 1745. Nathaniel Hubbard, . 1746. Resigned. 1748. 1747. John Cushing, 1771. Resigned. 1776. 1752. Chambers Russell, . 1766. 1766. Peter Oliver, 1772. App'd Chief Justice. 1761. 1767. Edmund Trowbridge, . 1775. Resigned. 1793. 1793. 1771. Foster Hutchinson, . 1775. Removed at Revolution. 1799. 1772. William Cushing, 1774. Removed at Revolution. 1810. 1774. William Browne, 1775. Removed at Revolution. 1802.	APPOI	INTED.	LEFT	THE BE	NCH.	DIED.
1729. John Cushing . 1733. Removed. 1737. 1733. Jonathan Remington . 1745. 1745. 1736. Richard Saltonstall . 1756. 1756. 1737. Thomas Greaves . 1738. Resigned 1747. 1739. Stephen Sewall . 1752. App'd Chief Justice 1760. 1745. Nathaniel Hubbard . 1746. Resigned 1748. 1747. John Cushing . 1779. App'd Chief Justice 1771. 1747. John Cushing . 1776. Resigned 1776. 1752. Chambers Russell . 1776. App'd Chief Justice 1776. 1756. Peter Oliver . 1772. App'd Chief Justice 1791. 1767. Edmund Trowbridge . 1775. Resigned 1793. 1771. Foster Hutchinson . 1775. Removed at Revolution 1794. 1772. Nathaniel Ropes . 1774. Removed at Revolution 1810.	1718.	Paul Dudley, .		. 1745.	App'd Chief Justice.	1751.
1733. Jonathan Remington, . 1745. 1745. 1736. Richard Saltonstall, . 1756. 1756. 1737. Thomas Greaves, . 1732. Resigned. 1747. 1739. Stephen Sewall, . 1752. App'd Chief Justice. 1748. 1745. Nathaniel Hubbard, . 1746. Resigned. 1748. 1745. Benjamin Lynde, . 1779. App'd Chief Justice, 1781. 1747. John Cushing, . 1771. Resigned. 1775. 1752. Chambers Russell, . 1766. 1766. 1766. 1753. Peter Oliver, . 1772. App'd Chief Justice. 1791. 1767. Edmund Trowbridge, 1775. Resigned. 1792. 1771. Foster Hutchinson, 1775. Removed at Revolution. 1779. 1772. Nathaniel Ropes, 1774. 1774. 1774. 1772. William Cushing, 1775. Removed at Revolution. 1810.	1718.	Edmund Quincy,		. 1737.		1737.
1736. Richard Saltonstall, . 1756. 1756. 1756. 1737. Thomas Greaves, . 1738. Resigned. 1747. 1739. Stephen Sewall, . 1752. App'd Chief Justice. 1760. 1745. Nathaniel Hubbard, . 1746. Resigned. 1748. 1745. Benjamin Lynde, . 1769. App'd Chief Justice, 1775. 1747. John Cushing, . 1771. Resigned. 1775. 1752. Chambers Russell, . 1766. 1766. 1766. 1765. Peter Oliver, . 1772. App'd Chief Justice. 1791. 1767. Edmund Trowbridge, . 1775. Resigned. 1793. 1771. Foster Hutchinson, . 1775. Removed at Revolution. 1774. 1772. William Cushing, . 1774. Removed at Revolution. 1810.	1729.	John Cushing .		. 1733.	Removed.	1737.
1737. Thomas Greaves, . 1738. Resigned. 1747. 1739. Stephen Sewall, . 1752. App'd Chief Justice. 1760. 1745. Nathaniel Hubbard, . 1746. Resigned. 1748. 1745. Benjamin Lynde, . 1769. App'd Chief Justice, 1781. 1747. John Cushing, . 1771. Resigned. 1775. 1752. Chambers Russell, . 1766. 1766. 1756. Peter Oliver, . 1772. App'd Chief Justice. 1791. 1767. Edmund Trowbridge, . 1775. Resigned. 1793. 1771. Foster Hutchinson, . 1775. Removed at Revolution. 1774. 1772. Nathaniel Ropes, . 1774. Removed at Revolution. 1810. 1772. William Cushing, . 1775. Removed at Revolution. 1810.	1733.	Jonathan Remington	ι, .	. 1745.		1745.
1789. Stephen Sewall, . 1752. App'd Chief Justice. 1760. 1745. Nathaniel Hubbard, . 1746. Resigned. 1748. 1745. Benjamin Lynde, . 1769. App'd Chief Justice, 1781. 1747. John Cushing, . 1771. Resigned. 1776. 1752. Chambers Russell, . 1766. 1766. 1756. Peter Oliver, . 1772. App'd Chief Justice. 1791. 1767. Edmund Trowbridge, . 1775. Resigned. 1793. 1771. Foster Hutchinson, . 1775. Removed at Revolution. 1794. 1772. Wathaniel Ropes, . 1774. Removed at Revolution. 1810. 1772. William Cushing, . 1775. Removed at Revolution. 1810.	1736.	Richard Saltonstall,		. 1756.		1756.
1745. Nathaniel Hubbard, . 1746. Resigned. 1748. 1745. Benjamin Lynde, . 1769. App'd Chief Justice, 1781. 1747. John Cushing, . 1771. Resigned. 1776. 1752. Chambers Russell, . 1766. 1766. 1756. Peter Oliver, . 1772. App'd Chief Justice. 1791. 1767. Edmund Trowbridge, . 1775. Resigned. 1793. 1771. Foster Hutchinson, . 1775. Removed at Revolution. 1799. 1772. Nathaniel Ropes, . 1774. Removed at Revolution. 1810. 1772. William Cushing, . 1775. Removed at Revolution. 1810.	1737.	Thomas Greaves,		. 1738.	Resigned.	1747.
1745. Benjamin Lynde, . 1769. App'd Chief Justice, 1781. 1747. John Cushing, . 1771. Resigned. 1775. 1752. Chambers Russell, . 1766. 1766. 1756. Peter Oliver, . 1772. App'd Chief Justice. 1791. 1767. Edmund Trowbridge, . 1775. Resigned. 1793. 1771. Foster Hutchinson, . 1775. Removed at Revolution. 1799. 1772. Nathaniel Ropes, . 1774. 1774. 1772. William Cushing, . 1775. Removed at Revolution. 1810.	1739.	Stephen Sewall, .		. 1752.	App'd Chief Justice.	1760.
1747. John Cushing, 1771. Resigned. 1775. 1752. Chambers Russell, 1766. 1766. 1756. Peter Oliver, 1772. App'd Chief Justice. 1791. 1767. Edmund Trowbridge, . 1775. Resigned. 1793. 1771. Foster Hutchinson, . 1775. Removed at Revolution. 1774. 1772. Walliam Cushing, . 1775. Removed at Revolution. 1810.	1745.	Nathaniel Hubbard,		. 1746.	Resigned.	1748.
1752. Chambers Russell, . 1766. 1766. 1756. Peter Oliver, . 1772. App'd Chief Justice. 1791. 1767. Edmund Trowbridge, . 1775. Resigned. 1793. 1771. Foster Hutchinson, . 1775. Removed at Revolution. 1799. 1772. Nathaniel Ropes, . 1774. 1774. 1772. William Cushing, . 1775. Removed at Revolution. 1810.	1745.	Benjamin Lynde,		. 1769.	App'd Chief Justice,	1781.
1756. Peter Oliver, 1791. 1791. 1791. 1791. 1793. 1793. 1793. 1793. 1793. 1793. 1793. 1794. 1794. 1799. 1774. 1774. 1774. 1774. 1774. 1775. Removed at Revolution. 1810. 1810.	1747.	John Cushing, .		. 1771.	Resigned.	1775.
1767. Edmund Trowbridge, . 1775. Resigned. 1793. 1771. Foster Hutchinson, . 1775. Removed at Revolution. 1799. 1772. Nathaniel Ropes, . 1774. 1774. 1772. William Cushing, . 1775. Removed at Revolution. 1810.	1752.	Chambers Russell,		. 1766.		1766.
1771. Foster Hutchinson, 1775. Removed at Revolution. 1799. 1772. Nathaniel Ropes, 1774. 1772. William Cushing, 1775. Removed at Revolution. 1810.	1756.	Peter Oliver, .		. 1772.	App'd Chief Justice.	1791.
1772. Nathanicl Ropes, 1774. 1774. 1772. William Cushing, 1775. Removed at Revolution. 1810.	1767.	Edmund Trowbridge	е,	. 1775.	Resigned.	1793.
1772. William Cushing, 1775. Removed at Revolution. 1810.	1771.	Foster Hutchinson,		. 1775.	Removed at Revolution.	1799.
	1772.	Nathaniel Ropes,		. 1774.		1774.
1774. William Browne, 1775. Removed at Revolution. 1802.	1772.	William Cushing,		. 1775.	Removed at Revolution.	1810.
	1774.	William Browne,		. 1775.	Removed at Revolution.	1802.

Justices of the Superior Court of Judicature and the Supreme Judicial Court of Massachusetts since the Revolution.

CHIEF JUSTICES.

APPOINTE	D.	LEFT	THE BE	NCH.	DIED.
1775. Jo	hn Adams,		. 1776.	Resigned.*	1826.
1777. W	illiam Cushing	, .	. 1789.	Resigned.†	1810.
1790. Na	thaniel Peaslee	e Sargent	t, 1791.		1791.
1791. Fr	ancis Dana,		. 1806.	Resigned.	1811.
1806. Th	eophilus Parso	ns, .	. 1813.		1813.
1814. Sa	muel Sewall,		. 1814.		1814.
1814. Isa	ac Parker,		. 1830.		1830.
1830. Le	muel Shaw,		. 1860.	Resigned.	1861.
1860. Ge	orge Tyler Big	elow,	. 1868.	Resigned.	1878.
1868. Re	uben Atwater	Chapmai	n, 1873.		1873.
1873. Ho	race Gray,‡		. 1882.		
1882. Ma	rcus Morton.				

^{*}Mr. Adams never took his seat on the bench.

[†]Chief Justice Cushing resigned on being appointed one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States.

[†] Chicf Justice Gray vacated his office by accepting an appointment as one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States.

JUSTICES.

APPO	INTED. LEFT THE BI	ENCH.	DIED.
1775.	William Cushing, 1777.	App'd Chief Justice.	1810.
1775.	Nathaniel Peaslee Sargent, 1790.	App'd Chief Justice.	1791.
1775.	William Reed, 1776.	Superseded.	1780.
1775.	Robert Treat Paine, 1776.	Superseded.	1814.
1776.	Jedediah Foster, 1779.		1779.
1776.	James Sullivan, 1782.	Resigned.	1808.
1777.	David Sewall, 1789.	Resigned.*	1825.
1782.	Increase Sumner, 1797.	Elected Governor.	1799.
1785.	Francis Dana, 1791.	App'd Chief Justice.	1811.
1790.	Robert Treat Paine, 1804.	Resigned.	1814.
1790.	Nathan Cushing, 1800.	Resigned.	1812.
1792.	Thomas Dawes, 1802.	Resigned.	1825.
1797.	Theophilus Bradbury, . 1803.		1803.
1800.	Samuel Sewall, 1814.		1814.
1801.	Simeon Strong, 1805.		1805.
1801.	George Thacher, 1824.	Resigned.	1824.
1802.	Theodore Sedgwick, 1813.		1813.
1806.	Isaac Parker, 1814.	App'd Chief Justice.	1830.
1813.	Charles Jackson, 1823.	Resigned.	1855.
1814.	Daniel Dewey, 1815.		1815.
1814.	Samuel Putnam, 1842.	Resigned.	1853.
1815.	Samuel Sumner Wilde, . 1850.	Resigned.	1855.
1824.	Levi Lincoln, 1825.	Elected Governor.	1868.
1825.	Marcus Morton, 1840.	Elected Governor.	1864.
1837.	Charles Augustus Dewey, . 1866.		1866.
1842.	Samuel Hubbard, 1847.		1847.
1848.	Charles Edward Forbes, . 1848.	Resigned.	1881.
1848.	Theron Metcalf, 1865.	Resigned.	1875.
1848.	Richard Fletcher, 1853.	Resigned.	1869.
1850.	George Tyler Bigelow, . 1860.	App'd Chief Justice.	1878
1852.	Caleb Cushing, 1853.	Resigned.†	1872
1 853.	Benj. Franklin Thomas, . 1859.	Resigned.	1878.
1853.	Pliny Merrick, 1864.	Resigned.	1867.
1859.	Ebenezer Rockwood Hoar, 1869.	Resigned.†	
1860.	Reuben Atwater Chapman, 1868.	App'd Chief Justice.	1373.
1864.	Horace Gray, Jr., 1873.	App'd Chief Justice.	
1865.	James Denison Colt, 1866.	Resigned.	1881.

*Mr. Justice Sewall resigned on being appointed Judge of the United States District Court for the District of Maine.

 \dagger Mr. Justice Cushing and Mr. Justice Hoar resigned on being appointed to the office of Δ ttorney-General of the United States.

Judiciary.

APPOI	NTED. LEFT THE BE	NCH.	DIED.
1856.	Dwight Foster, 1869.	Resigned.	1884.
1866.	John Wells, 1875.		1875.
1868.	James Denison Colt, 1881.		1881.
1869.	Seth Ames, 1881.	Resigned.	1881.
1869.	Marcus Morton, 1882.	App'd Chief Justice.	
1873.	Wm. Crowninshield Endicott, 1882.	Resigned.	
1373.	Charles Devens, Jr., 1877.	Resigned.*	
1375.	Otis Phillips Lord, 1832.	Resigned.	1884.
1377.	Augustus Lord Soule, . 1881.	Resigned.	
1881.	Charles Devens.*		
1881.	Walbridge Abner Field.		
1881.	William Allen.		
1882.	Waldo Colburn, 1885.		1885.
1882.	Oliver Wendell Holmes, Jr.		
1885.	William Sewall Gardner.		
		_	
Justic	e of the Court of Common Pleas,)	from its Establishment	in 1820

until its Abolition in 1859.

CHIEF JUSTICES.

APPOI	NTED. LEFT	THE BE	NCH.	DIED.
1820.	Artemas Ward,	. 1839.	Resigned.	1847.
1839.	John Mason Williams,	. 1844.	Resigned.	1868.
1844.	Daniel Wells,	. 1854.		1854.
1854.	Edward Mellen,	. 1859.		1875.
	JU	STICE	S.	
1820.	Solomon Strong,	. 1842.	Resigned.	1850.
1820.	John Mason Williams,	. 1839.	App'd Chief Justice.	1868.
1820.	Samuel Howe,	. 1828.		1828.
1828.	David Cummins, .	. 1844.	Resigned.	1855.
1839.	Charles Henry Warren,	. 1844.	Resigned.	1874.
1842.	Charles Allen,	. 1844.	Resigned.	1869.
1843.	Pliny Merrick,	. 1848.	Resigned.	1867.
1844.	Joshua Holyoke Ward,	. 1848.		1848.
1844.	Emory Washburn, .	. 1847.	Resigned.	1877.
1844.	Luther Stearns Cushing,	. 1848.	Resigned.	1856.
1845.	Harrison Gray Otis Colby	, 1847.	Resigned.	1853.
1847.	Charles Edward Forbes,	. 1848.	App'd to Sup Jud. C't.	1881.
1847.	Edward Mellen,	. 1854.	App'd Chief Justice.	1875.
1848.	George Tyler Bigelow,	. 1850.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1878.

^{*}Mr. Justice Devens resigned on being appointed to the office of Attorney-General of the United States, and was re-appointed to the Supreme Bench in 1881.

APPO	INTED.	LEFT	THE BE	NCH.	DIED.
1848.	Jonathan Coggswell	Perki	ins,1859.		1877.
1848.	Horatio Byington,		. 1856.		1856.
1848.	Thomas Hopkinson	, .	. 1849.	Resigned.	1856.
1849.	Ebenezer Rockwood	d Hoan	r, 1853.	Resigned.	
1850.	Pliny Merrick, .		. 1854.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1867.
1851	Henry Walker Bish	op,	. 1859.		1871.
1853	George Nixon Brigg	gs,	. 1859.		1861.
1854.	George Partridge Sa	inger,	. 1859.		
1855.	Henry Morris, .	•	. 1859.		
1856.	David Aiken, .	•	. 1859.		
·	Justices of the Super	ior Co	urt since	its Establishmen t in 1 85	9.
	СН	IEF	JUST	ICES.	
APPOI	NTED.	LEFT	THE BE	NCH.	DIED.
1859.	Charles Allen, .		. 1867.	Resigned.	1869.
1867.	Seth Ames,		. 1869.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1881.
1869.	Lincoln Flagg Brigh	am.			
		лия	STICE	S.	
1859.	Julius Rockwell,			~ •	
1859.	Otis Phillips Lord,		. 1875.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1884.
1859.	Marcus Morton, Jr.,		. 1869.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	2002.
1859.	Seth Ames,		. 1867.	App'd Chief Justice.	1881.
1859.	Ezra Wilkinson, .		. 1882.	app a calci custico.	1882.
1859.	Henry Vose, .		. 1869.		1869.
1859.	Thomas Russell, .		. 1867.	Resigned.	2000
1859.	John Phelps Putnan		. 1882.	2003.82041	1882.
1859.	Lincoln Flagg Brigh		. 1869.	App'd Chief Justice.	2002.
1867.	Chester Isham Reed		. 1871.	Resigned.	1873.
1867.	Charles Devens, Jr.,		. 1873.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	
1869.	Henry Austin Scudd		. 1872.	Resigned.	
1869.	Francis Henshaw De			Resigned.	
1869.	Robert Carter Pitma				
1871.	John William Bacon				
1872.	William Allen		. 1881.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C's.	
1873.	Peleg Emory Aldric				
1875.	Waldo Colburn, .	•	. 1882.	App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	1885.
1875.				App'd to Sup. Jud. C't.	
1881.	Hamilton Barelay St			••	
1881.	Marcus Perrin Knov				
	a				

1882. Caleb Blodgett
1882. Albert Mason,
1882. James Madison Barker,
1885. Charles Perkins Thompson.

Present Organization of the Courts.

[All judges in the Commonwealth are appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Council, and hold office during good behavior.]

Supreme Judicial Court.

Marcus Morton of Andover, Chief Just	ice,		. 8	Salary	, \$6,500
Walbridge Abner Field of Boston,	Justic	е,		"	6,000
Charles Devens of Worcester,	66			"	6,000
William Allen of Northampton,	"			"	6,000
Charles Allen of Boston,	4.6			"	6,000
Oliver Wendell Holmes, Jr., of Boston	, "			4.6	6,030
William Sewall Gardner of Newton,	66			**	6,000

Superior Court.

Lincoln Flagg Brigham of Salem, Chief	Justice,		Salary	\$5,300
Julius Rockwell of Lenox,	Justice,		64	5,000
Robert Carter Pitman of Newton,	"		"	5,000
John William Bacon of Natick,	"		"	5,000
Peleg Emory Aldrich of Worcester,	66		"	5,000
Hamilton Barclay Staples of Worcester,	"		"	5,000
Marcus Perrin Knowlton of Springfield,	66		66	5,00)
Calcb Blodgett of Boston,	66		66	5,000
Albert Mason of Brookline,	44		64	5,000
James Madison Barker of Pittsfield,	66		"	5,000
Charles Perkins Thompson of Glouceste	r, "		4.6	5,000

Probate Courts and Courts of Insolvency.

There is a Probate Court and a Court of Insolvency in each county, distinct in their jurisdiction, powers, proceedings, and practice, but having the same judge and register. These courts are held by the judge of probate and insolvency, appointed for the county; but the judges of the several counties may, in case of necessity or convenience, interchange services, and perform each other's duties.

The names of the judges, registers, assistant registers, and commissioners of insolvency may be found among the list of County Officers.

Police Courts and Municipal Courts.

Boston. - (Municipal Court.) William E. Parmenter, Chief Justice; Joseph M. Churchill, William J. Forsaith and John H. Hardy, Associate Justices. Special Justice, Geo. Z Adams. Clerks, William T. Connolly, civil side. John C. Leighton, criminal side. ROXBURY DISTRICT .-Justice, Solomon A. Bolster. Special Justices, George R. Wheelock, Walter S. Frost. Clerk, Alfred Williams. Dorchester District .-Justice, Joseph R. Churchill. Special Justices, George M. Reed, George A. Fisher. Clerk, N. Thomas Merritt, Jr. WEST ROXBURY DISTRICT. - Justice, James M. F. Howard. Special Justices, George R. Fowler, Charles G. Keyes, Brighton District. - Justice, Henry Baldwin. Special Justices, James H. Rice, Joseph Bennett. South Boston District - Justice, Robert I. Burbank. Special Justices, Joseph D. Fallon, Charles J. Noyes. Clerk, Joseph H. Allen. EAST BOSTON DISTRICT. - Justice, Benjamin Pond. Special Justices, Roscoe H Thompson, William Whitton Dwyer. Clerk, Willard S. Allen. Charlestown District. - Justice, George L. Ruffin. Special Justices, Henry W. Bragg, Joseph H. Cotton. Clerk, Daniel Williams.

BROCKTON (jurisdiction, Brockton, Bridgewater and West Bridgewater).—Justice, Charles W. Sumner. Special Justices, Warren A. Reed, Loyed E. Chamberlain. Clerk, Charles W. Robinson.

BROOKLINE. - Justice, Charles H. Drew. Special Justices, Albert L. Lincoln, Jr., Charles F. Perkins.

CHELSEA (jurisdiction, Chelsea and Revere). — Justice, Eben Hutchinson. Special Justices, William H. Hart, Albert D. Bosson. Clerk, Augustus A. Wilder.

CHICOPEE. — Justice, Loranus E. Hitchcock. Special Justices, Simon G. Southworth, Luther White.

FITCHBURG. — Justice, Thornton K. Ware. Special Justices, David H. Merriam, Charles S. Hayden. Clerk, Edward P. Loring.

GLOUCESTER.—Justice, James Davis. Special Justices, Elbridge G. Friend, William W. French. Clerk, Sumner D. York.

HAVERHILL (jurisdiction, Haverhill, Bradford and Groveland). — Justice, Henry Carter. Special Justices, Ira A. Abbott, Henry N Merrill. Clerk, Edward B. George.

HOLYOKE. - Justice, Wm. B. C. Pearsons. Special Justices, Porter Underwood, Edward W. Chapin. Clerk, Albert A. Tyler.

LAWRENCE. - Justice, Nathan W. Harmon. Special Justices, Wilbur F. Gile, Charles U. Bell. Clerk, Henry F. Hopkins.

LEE. - Justice, John Branning. Special Justices, Franklin W. Gibbs, Albert B. Clarke.

LOWELL. - Justice, Samuel P. Hadley. Special Justices, John J. Pickman, Charles S. Lilley. Clerk, James F. Savage.

LYNN. - Justice, Rollin E. Harmon. Special Justices, Ira B. Keith, John W. Berry. Clerk, Henry C. Oliver.

Marlborough. — Justice, Edward F. Johnson. Special Justices, James W. McDonald, William D. Burdett. Clerk, Harry C. Waldron.

Newburyport (jurisdiction, Newburyport and Newbury). — Justice, John N. Pike. Special Justices, David L. Withington, Horace I. Bartlett. Clerk, Edward F. Bartlett.

NEWTON. - Justice, John C. Park. Special Justices, Henry H. Mather, Edward H. Mason. Clerk, Edward W. Cate.

Somerville. — Justice, Isaac Story. Special Justices, Alpheus R. Brown, Charles G. Pope. Clerk, Herbert A. Chapin.

Springfield (jurisdiction, Springfield, West Springfield, Hampden, Wilbraham, Agawam and Longmeadow). — Justice, Gideon Wells, Special Justice, Samuel B. Spooner. Clerk, George Leonard.

WILLIAMSTOWN.—Justice, Keyes Danforth. Special Justices, Andrew M. Smith, Henry L. Sabin.

District Courts.

CENTRAL BERKSHIRE (court held at Pittsfield; jurisdiction in Haucock, Lanesborough, Peru, Windsor, Hinsdale, Dalton, Washington, Pittsfield and Richmond). — Justice, Joseph Tucker. Special Justices, Lorenzo H. Gamwell, William T. Filley. Clerk, Walter B. Smith.

NORTHERN BERKSHIRE (court held at Adams and North Adams; jurisdiction in Adams, Clarksburg, North Adams, Savoy, Florida and

Cheshire). - Justice, George P. Lawrence. Special Justices, Henry J. Bliss, Shepherd Thayer. Clerk, William Bowers.

SOUTHERN BERKSHIE (court held at Great Barrington; jurisdiction in Sheffield, Great Barrington, Egremont, Alford, Mount Washington, Monterey and New Marlborough).—Justice, Norman W. Shores. Special Justices, James H. Rowley, Herbert C. Joyner.

SECOND PLYMOUTH (court held at Abington and Hingham; jurisdiction in Abington, Rockland, Hingham, Hull, Hanover, Hanson, South Abington, Scituate and South Scituate).—Justice, Geo. W. Kelley. Special Justices, Zenas Jenkins, Walter S. Bouve. Clerk, Otis W. Soule.

THIRD PLYMOUTH (court held at Plymouth; jurisdiction in Plymouth, Kingston, Plympton, Pembroke, Duxbury and Marshfield).—Justice, Charles G. Davis. Special Justices, Wm. S. Danforth, Daniel E. Damon. Clerk, Benj. A. Hathaway.

FOURTH PLYMOUTH (court held at Middleborough and Wareham; jurisdiction in Middleborough, Wareham, Lakeville, Marion, Mattapoisett and Rochester). — Justice, Francis M. Vaughan. Special Justices, Lemuel LeB. Holmes, Andrew L. Tinkham. Clerk, William L. Chipman.

FIRST NORTHERN MIDDLESEX (court held at Ayer; jurisdiction in Ayer, Groton, Pepperell, Townsend, Ashby, Shirley, Westford, Littleton and Boxborough).—Justice, Levi Wallace. Special Justices, John Spaulding, Warren H. Atwood. Clerk, George W. Sanderson.

FIRST SOUTHERN MIDDLESEX (court held at Framingham; jurisdiction in Ashland, Framingham, Holliston, Sherborn, Sudbury and Wayland).—Justice, Constantine C. Esty. Special Justices, Lucius H. Wakefield, Walter Adams. Clerk, Joseph H. Ladd.

FIRST EASTERN MIDDLESEX (court held at Malden and Wakefield; jurisdiction in Wilmington, North Reading, Reading, Stoneham, Wakefield, Melrose, Malden, Everett and Medford).—Justice, John W. Pettengill. Special Justices, Thomas S. Harlow, Solon Bancroft. Clerk, William N. Tyler.

SECOND EASTERN MIDDLESEX (court held at Waltham; jurisdiction at Waltham, Watertown and Weston). — Justice, Enos T. Luce. Special Justices, Henry S. Milton, Samuel P. Abbott. Clerk, Thomas B. Eaton.

THIRD EASTERN MIDDLESEX (court held in Cambridge; jurisdiction in Cambridge, Arlington and Belmont).—Justice, William H. Orcutt. Special Justices, Samuel W. McDaniel, Jabez Fox. Clerk, Emerson W. Law.

FOURTH EASTERN MIDDLESEX (court held in Woburn; jurisdiction in Woburn, Winchester and Burlington).—Justice, Parker L. Converse. Special Justices, George S. Littlefield, Charles D. Adams. Clerk, Edward F. Johnson.

CENTRAL MIDDLESEX (court held at Concord; jurisdiction in Acton, Bedford, Carlisle, Concord, Lincoln, Maynard, Stow and Lexington).—
Justice, John S. Keyes. Special Justices, Charles Thompson, Augustus E. Scott.

FIRST ESSEX (court held at Salem; jurisdiction in Salem, Beverly, Danvers, Hamilton, Middleton, Topsfield and Wenham). — Justice, Joseph B. F. Osgood. Special Justices, Daniel E. Safford, Nathaniel J. Holden. Clerk, Samuel P. Andrews.

FIRST BRISTOL (court held at Taunton and Attleborough; jurisdiction in Taunton, Rehoboth, Berkley, Dighton, Seekonk, Attleborough, Norton, Mansfield, Easton and Raynham).—Justice, Wm. H. Fox. Special Justices, Erastus M. Reed, John H. Galligan. Clerk, Arthur M. Alger.

SECOND BRISTOL (court held at Fall River; jurisdiction in Fall River Freetown, Somerset, Swansea and Westport).—Justice, Josiah C. Blaisdell. Special Justices, Benj. K. Lovatt, Arba N. Lincoln. Clerk, Augustus B. Leonard.

THERD BRISTOL (court held at New Bedford; jurisdiction in New Bedford, Fairhaven, Acushnet, Dartmouth and Westport).—Justice, Alanson Borden. Special Justices, Francis W. Tappan, Frank A. Milliken. Clerk, Thomas J. Cobb.

FIRST NORTHERN WORCESTER (court held at Athol and Gardner; jurisdiction in Athol, Petersham, Phillipston, Royalston, Templeton, Gardner and Hubbardston). — Justice, Charles Field. Special Justices, James A. Stiles, Sidney P. Smith. Clerk, Julian P. Dunn.

FIRST SOUTHERN WORCESTER (court held at Southbridge and Webster; jurisdiction in Sturbridge, Southbridge, Charlton, Dudley, Oxford and Webster).—Justice, Clark Jillson. Special Justices, Henry J. Clark, Elisha M. Phillips.

SECOND SOUTHERN WORCESTER (court held at Blackstone and Uxoridge; jurisdiction in Blackstone, Uxbridge, Douglas and Northbridge).—Justice, Arthur A. Putnam. Special Justice, Zadok A. Taft.

THIRD SOUTHERN WORCESTER (conrt held at Milford; jurisdiction in Milford, Mendon and Upton).—Justice, Charles A. Dewey. Special Justices, James R. Davis, Charles E. Whitney.

FIRST EASTERN WORCESTER (court held at Westborough and Grafton; jurisdiction in Northborough, Southborough, Westborough and Grafton).—Justice, Dexter Newton. Special Justices, Benj. B. Nourse, Luther K. Leland.

SECOND EASTERN WORCESTER (court held at Clinton; jurisdiction in Clinton, Berlin, Bolton, Harvard, Lancaster and Sterling). — Justice, Christopher C. Stone. Special Justice, Jonathan Smith. Clerk, Frank E. Howard.

CENTRAL WORCESTER (court held at Worcester; jurisdiction in Worcester, Millbury, Sutton, Auburn, Leicester, Paxton, W. Boylston, Boylston, Holden and Shrewsbury).— Justice, Samuel Utley. Special Justices, George M. Woodward, David Manning, Jr. Clerk, Edward T. Raymond.

East Norfolk (court held at Quincy; jurisdiction in Randolph, Braintree, Cohasset, Weymouth, Quincy, Holbrook and Milton).—
Justice, James Humphrey. Special Justices, James A. Tower, E. Granville Pratt. Clerk, J. White Belcher.

EASTERN HAMPDEN (court held at Palmer; jurisdiction in Palmer, Brimfield, Monson, Holland and Wales).—Justice, George Robinson. Special Justices, Henry F. Brown, James B. Shaw.

HAMPSHIRE (court jurisdiction in towns of Hampshire County).—
Justice, William P. Strickland. Special Justices, Alburn J. Fargo,
Robert W. Lyman. Clerk, Haynes H. Chilson.

District Attorneys.

[Elected by several Districts for the term of three years, ending January, 1887.]

NORTHERN DISTRICT. - Middlesex County, William B. Stevens, of Stoneham. Assistant, P. H. Cooncy of Natick.

EASTERN DISTRICT. - Essex County, Henry F. Hurlburt of Lynn.

SOUTHERN DISTRICT. - Bristol, Barnstable, Dukes and Nantucket counties, Hosea M. Knowlton of New Bedford.

SOUTH-EASTERN DISTRICT. - Norfolk and Plymouth counties, Everett C. Bumpus of Quincy.

MIDDLE DISTRICT. - Worcester County, William S. B. Hopkins of Worcester.

WESTERN DISTRICT. — Hampden and Berkshire counties, Andrew J. Waterman of Springfield.

NORTH-WESTERN DISTRICT. — Hampshire and Franklin counties, Daniel W. Bond of Northampton.

SUFFOLK COUNTY. — Oliver Stevens of Boston. Timothy J Dacey, First Assistant Attorney. Melvin O. Adams, Second Assistant. Clerk, Frederick E. Hurd.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

- Sheriffs, Registers of Deeds, and County Treasurers are elected by the people of the several counties for terms of three years. The current triennial term of Sheriffs expires on the first Wednesday of January, 1887, and that of the Registers of Deeds and County Treasurers in January, 1889.
- Registers of Probate and Insolvency and Clerks of Courts are elected for terms of five years. The current term of the former expires on the first Wednesday in January, 1889; that of the latter in 1887.
- Commissioners of Insolvency are elected by the people, three in number for each county, except Worcester County, which has four. Each Commissioner holds his office for three years, from the first Wednesday in January following his election. The current term expires on the first Wednesday in January, 1887.
- County Commissioners are elected, one annually, and severally for terms of three years; and two Special Commissioners are elected every third year, the current term ending in December, 1886.
- By section 14 of chapter 22 of the Public Statutes, the County Commissioners and Special Commissioners of the several counties are paid from the treasuries of their respective counties a gross sum in full for their services and travel, the same to be apportioned to each, according to the number of days' service and actual amount of travel performed by each respectively.
- By the provisions of section 7 of chapter 155 of the Public Statutes, the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Council, is required to designate and commission a certain number of Justices of the Peace as Trial Justices in the several counties to try criminal cases. No Justice of the Peace not thus designated and commissioned has any power or authority in criminal cases, except to receive complaints and issue warrants, for which no fees are to be allowed.
- By the provisions of section 9 of chapter 155 of the Public Statutes, each Trial Justice holds office for the term of three years from the time of his designation, unless such designation is sooner revoked, or unless his commission of Justice of the Peace shall sooner expire.

BARNSTABLE COUNTY-Incorporated 1685.

77.1 m T
Shire Town, Barnstable. Salary.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency - Hiram P. Harriman, Well-
fleet,
Register of Probate and Insolvency - Freeman H. Lothrop,
Barnstable
Barnstable,
Clerk of Courts - Smith K. Hopkins, Barnstable, 1,000
County Treasurer (elected) - Marshall L. Adams, Province-
town.
Register of Deeds (elected) — Asa E. Lovell, Barnstable.
County Commissioners (compensation, \$1,100) —
Nathan D. Freeman, Provincetown, Term expires December, 1886
Joshua C. Robinson, Falmouth, . " " 1887
Solomon E. Hallett, Chatham, . " " 1888
Special Commissioners —
Freeman Howes, Yarmouth, Term expires December, 1886
Andrew F. Sherman, Sandwich, " " 1886
Commissioners of Insolvency-Fred. C. Swift, Yarmouth; Eben S.
Whittemore, Sandwich.
Trial Justices - James H. Hopkins, Provincetown; Eben S. Whitte
more, Sandwich; Theodore F. Bassett, Hyannis; Smith K. Hop-
kins, Barnstable; Shubael B. Kelley, Harwich; Geo. T. Wyer-
kins, Barnstable; Shubael B. Kelley, Harwich; Geo. T. Wyer-Wellfleet; Charles F. Chamberlayne, Bourne; George Godfrey,
kins, Barnstable; Shubael B. Kelley, Harwich; Geo. T. Wyer-
kins, Barnstable; Shubael B. Kelley, Harwich; Geo. T. Wyer-Wellfleet; Charles F. Chamberlayne, Bourne; George Godfrey, Chatham; Jonathan Kelley, 2d, Dennis.
kins, Barnstable; Shubael B. Kelley, Harwich; Geo. T. Wyer-Wellfleet; Charles F. Chamberlayne, Bourne; George Godfrey, Chatham; Jonathan Kelley, 2d, Dennis. BERKSHIRE COUNTY—Incorporated 1761.
kins, Barnstable; Shubael B. Kelley, Harwich; Geo. T. Wyer-Wellfleet; Charles F. Chamberlayne, Bourne; George Godfrey, Chatham; Jonathan Kelley, 2d, Dennis. BERKSHIRE COUNTY—Incorporated 1761. Shire Town, PITTSFIELD.
kins, Barnstable; Shubael B. Kelley, Harwich; Geo. T. Wyer-Wellfleet; Charles F. Chamberlayne, Bourne; George Godfrey, Chatham; Jonathan Kelley, 2d, Dennis. BERKSHIRE COUNTY—Incorporated 1761. Shire Town, PITTSFIELD. Salary.
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kins, Barnstable; Shubael B. Kelley, Harwich; Geo. T. Wyer-Wellfleet; Charles F. Chamberlayne, Bourne; George Godfrey, Chatham; Jonathan Kelley, 2d, Dennis. BERKSHIRE COUNTY—Incorporated 1761. Shire Town, PITTSFIELD. Salary. Judge of Probate and Insolvency—James T. Robinson, North Adams,
kins, Barnstable; Shubael B. Kelley, Harwich; Geo. T. Wyer-Wellfleet; Charles F. Chamberlayne, Bourne; George Godfrey, Chatham; Jonathan Kelley, 2d, Dennis. BERKSHIRE COUNTY—Incorporated 1761. Shire Town, PITTSFIELD. Salary. Judge of Probate and Insolvency—James T. Robinson, North Adams, \$1,600 Register of Probate and Insolvency—Edward T. Slocum, Pitts-
kins, Barnstable; Shubael B. Kelley, Harwich; Geo. T. Wyer-Wellfleet; Charles F. Chamberlayne, Bourne; George Godfrey, Chatham; Jonathan Kelley, 2d, Dennis. BERKSHIRE COUNTY—Incorporated 1761. Shire Town, Pittsfield. Salary. Judge of Probate and Insolvency—James T. Robinson, North Adams,
kins, Barnstable; Shubael B. Kelley, Harwich; Geo. T. Wyer-Wellfleet; Charles F. Chamberlayne, Bourne; George Godfrey, Chatham; Jonathan Kelley, 2d, Dennis. BERKSHIRE COUNTY—Incorporated 1761. Shire Town, PITTSFIELD. Salary. Judge of Probate and Insolvency—James T. Robinson, North Adams, \$1,600 Register of Probate and Insolvency—Edward T. Slocum, Pittsfield,
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kins, Barnstable; Shubael B. Kelley, Harwich; Geo. T. Wyer-Wellfleet; Charles F. Chamberlayne, Bourne; George Godfrey, Chatham; Jonathan Kelley, 2d, Dennis. BERKSHIRE COUNTY—Incorporated 1761. Shire Town, PITTSFIELD. Salary. Judge of Probate and Insolvency—James T. Robinson, North Adams, \$1,600 Register of Probate and Insolvency—Edward T. Slocum, Pittsfield, 1,600 Sheriff—Hiram B. Wellington, Pittsfield,
kins, Barnstable; Shubael B. Kelley, Harwich; Geo. T. Wyer-Wellfleet; Charles F. Chamberlayne, Bourne; George Godfrey, Chatham; Jonathan Kelley, 2d, Dennis. BERKSHIRE COUNTY—Incorporated 1761. Shire Town, PITTSFIELD. Salary. Judge of Probate and Insolvency—James T. Robinson, North Adams, \$1,600 Register of Probate and Insolvency—Edward T. Slocum, Pittsfield,
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kins, Barnstable; Shubael B. Kelley, Harwich; Geo. T. Wyer-Wellfleet; Charles F. Chamberlayne, Bourne; George Godfrey, Chatham; Jonathan Kelley, 2d, Dennis. BERKSHIRE COUNTY—Incorporated 1761. Shire Town, PITTSFIELD. Salary. Judge of Probate and Insolvency—James T. Robinson, North Adams, \$1,600 Register of Probate and Insolvency—Edward T. Slocum, Pittsfield,

BERKSHIRE COUNTY - Concluded.	
Special Commissioners —	
James M. Waterman, Williamstown, Term expires December, 1	88
Henry W. Sheldon, New Marlborough, " " " 1	88
Commissioners of Insolvency - Charles J. Parkhurst, North Adam	ns
John F. Noxon, Pittsfield; Chas. E. Hibbard, Lee.	
Trial Justices - Henry J Dunham and William C. Spaulding, W	es
Stockbridge; Geo. A. Shepard, Sandisfield.	
4 ,	
BRISTOL COUNTY - Incorporated 1685.	
Shire Towns, TAUNTON AND NEW BEDFORD.	
Sala Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Wm. E. Fuller, Taunton, \$2,	
Sheriff — Andrew R. Wright, Fall River,	JU
	٤٨
County Treasurer — George F. Pratt, Taunton, 1,8 Registers of Deeds — North District, Joseph E. Wilbar, Taunto	
	111
South District, George B. Richmond, New Bedford.	
County Commissioners (compensation, \$2,000) —	20
Franklin Gray, Fall River, Term expires December, 18	
Itemy II. Hayer, Taunton,	38
Killey E. Terry, New Dedicte, .	88
Special Commissioners —	
George N. Crandall, Attleborough, Term expires December, 18	
Daniel D. Hamin, Headinet,	38
Commissioners of Insolvency - George E. Williams, Taunton; George	g
A. Adams, Attleborough; William B. Smith, New Bedford.	
DUKES COUNTY-Incorporated 1683.	
Shire Town, EDGARTOWN.	
Salar	rv
Judge of Probate and Insolvency - Joseph T. Pease, Edgartown, \$6	•
	300
Sheriff-Jason L. Dexter, Edgartown, \$300 and fe	
Clerk of Courts - Samuel Keniston, Edgartown, \$300 and fe	
County Treasurer - John S. Smith, Edgartown, \$3	
Register of Deeds - John S. Smith, Edgartown, \$200 and fe	
County Commissioners (compensation, \$400) —	-
Benj. B. Smith, Tisbury, Term expires December, 18	88
William H. Crowell, Edgartown, . " " 18	
Frederick H. Lambert, Chilmark, . " " 18	

$\begin{array}{c} {\rm DUKES~COUNTY-Concluded.} \\ Special~\textit{Commissioners--} \end{array}$

Special Commissioners— Shubael L. Norton, Cottage City, . Term expires December, 1886 Wm. A. Vanderhoop, Jr., Gay Head, " " 1886 Commissioners of Insolvency—John Davis, Chilmark; Wm. J. Rotch, Tisbury; Chas. G. M. Dunham, Edgartown. Trial Justices—Jeremiah Pease, Edgartown; Ichabod N. Luce, Cottage City.
ESSEX COUNTY-Incorporated 1634.
Shire Towns, Salem, Lawrence, and Newburyport. Salary.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency—George F. Choate, Salem, \$3,000 Register of Probate and Insolvency—Jeremiah T. Mahoney, Salem, 2,000 Sheriff—Horatio G. Herrick, Lawrence, 1,800 Clerk of Courts—Dean Peabody, Lynn.
County Treasurer — E. Kendall Jenkins, Andover, 1,800 Registers of Deeds—Southern District, Charles S. Osgood, Salem; Northern District, John R. Poor, Lawrence. County Commissioners (compensation, \$3,900) — John W. Raymond, Beverly, . Term expires December, 1886
John W. Raymond, Beverly, Term expires December, 1886 Geo. J. L. Colby, Newburyport, "" 1887
Edward B. Bishop, Haverhill, . " " 1888
Special Commissioners— Daniel B. Lord, Salem, Term expires December, 1886 Orlando B. Tenney, Georgetown, " " 1886 Commissioners of Insolvency—John J. Flaherty, Gloucester; William F. Moyes, Lawrence; Frank C. Richardson, Essex. Trial Justices—J. Scott Todd, Rowley; Nathaniel F. S. York, Rock- port; William M. Rogers, Methuen; Orlando B. Tenney, George- town; George H. Poor, Andover; George W. Cate, Amesbury; Amos Merrill, Peabody; Orlando S. Baley, Amesbury; William Nutting, Jr., Marblehead; Wesley K. Bell, Ipswich; Stephen Gil- man, Lynnfield; Joseph T. Wilson, Nahant.
FRANKLIN COUNTY-Incorporated 1811.
Shire Town, Greenfield. Salary. Judge of Probate and Insolvency—Chester C. Conant, Greenfield,

Term expires December, 1886

FRANKLIN COUN	TY-	- Con	cluded.			
						Salary.
Sheriff - George A. Kimball, Greenfie	eld,					\$800
Clerk of Courts - Edward E. Lyman,	Gree	nfield	١, .			1,500
County Treasurer - Cyrus M. Moody,	Gree	enfiel	d, .			600
Register of Deeds - Edwin Stratton, (reen	field.				
County Commissioners (compensation	, \$1,1	100) -	-			
Carlos Batchelder, Conway, .		Гегт	expires	Dece	mb	er, 1886
Frederick G. Smith, Greenfield,		66	"		66	1887
Edward F. Mayo, Warwick, .		6.6	* *		66	1888
Special Commissioners —						

Charles A. Pierce, Deerfield, 66 1886 Commissioners of Insolvency - Henry M. Puffer, Shelburne; Erastus

F. Gunn, Montague.

Beriah W. Fay, New Salem, .

Trial Justices - Gotham D. Williams, Greenfield; Samuel D. Bardwell, Shelburne Falls; Henry W. Billings, Conway; Silas Blake, Ashfield; Charles Pomeroy, Northfield; William S. Dana and Fractus F Gunn Montague: Pufus D Chase Orange: Frederick

Erastus F. Gunn, Montague; Rufus D. Chase, Orange; Frederick
L. Greene, Greenfield; Dexter F. Hagar, Deerfield.
HAMPDEN COUNTY - Incorporated 1812.
Shire Town, Springfield.
Salary.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency - Wm. S. Shurtleff, Springfield, \$2,000
Register of Probate and Insolvency - Samuel B. Spooner, Spring-
field,
Sheriff-Hiram Q. Sanderson, Springfield, 1,250
Clerk of Courts - Robert O. Morris, Springfield.
County Treasurer - M. Wells Bridge, Springfield, 1,500
Register of Deeds - James E. Russell, Springfield.
County Commissioners (compensation, \$1,600) -
Henry A. Chase, Holyoke, Term expires December, 1886
Lewis F. Root, Westfield, " " " 1887
Leonard Clark, Springfield, " " 1888
Special Commissioners—
Ira G. Potter, North Wilbraham, . Term expires December, 1886
Berjamin F. Burr, Ludlow, " " 1886
Commissioners of Insolvency - Henry C. Bliss, West Springfield;
Willis S. Kellogg, Westfield; Joseph N. Prew, Holyoke.

Trial Justices - Homer B. Stevens, Westfield; Henry Fuller, Westfield; Henry B. Lewis, Westfield; Rufus Smith, Chester; Charles F. Grosvenor, Ludlow.

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY - Incorporated 1662.

Shire Town, Northampton.	
8	alary.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency - William G. Bassett, East-	
hampton,	\$1,400
Register of Probate and Insolvency - Hubbard M. Abbott,	
Northampton,	1,400
Sheriff - Jairus E. Clark, Easthampton,	800
Clerk of Courts - William H. Clapp, Northampton,	1,600
County Treasurer - Lewis Warner, Northampton,	600
Register of Deeds - Henry P. Billings, Northampton.	
County Commissioners (compensation, \$1,200) —	
Elnathan Graves, Williamsburg, . Term expires Decembe	r, 1886
Flavel Gaylord, Amherst, " " "	1887
Elisha A. Edwards, Southampton, " " "	1888
Special Commissioners -	
Silas G. Hubbard, Hatfield, Term expires Decembe	r. 1886
Charles E. Blood, Ware, " " "	1886
Commissioners of Insolvency - Enos Parsons, Northampton;	
Smith, South Hadley; Charles O. Parmenter, Amherst.	2,1011
omini, couch maney, onaries or mandeer, maneres	
MIDDLESEX COUNTY-Incorporated 1643.	
Shire Towns, CAMBRIDGE (EAST) AND LOWELL.	
	dalary.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Geo. M. Brooks, Concord, .	salary. \$3,000
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Geo. M. Brooks, Concord, . Register of Probate and Insolvency, Joseph H. Tyler, Win-	\$3,000
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — Geo. M. Brooks, Concord, . Register of Probate and Insolvency, Joseph H. Tyler, Winchester,	\$3,000 2,500
Judge of Probate and Insolvency—Geo. M. Brooks, Concord, . Register of Probate and Insolvency, Joseph H. Tyler, Winchester,	\$3,000
Judge of Probate and Insolvency—Geo. M. Brooks, Concord, . Register of Probate and Insolvency, Joseph H. Tyler, Winchester, Sheriff—Henry G. Cushing, Lowell,	\$3,000 2,500 2,000
Judge of Probate and Insolvency—Geo. M. Brooks, Concord, . Register of Probate and Insolvency, Joseph H. Tyler, Winchester, Sheriff—Henry G. Cushing, Lowell,	\$3,000 2,500 2,000 2,100
Judge of Probate and Insolvency—Geo. M. Brooks, Concord, . Register of Probate and Insolvency, Joseph H. Tyler, Winchester,	\$3,000 2,500 2,000 2,100 1,800
Judge of Probate and Insolvency—Geo. M. Brooks, Concord, . Register of Probate and Insolvency, Joseph H. Tyler, Winchester, Sheriff—Henry G. Cushing, Lowell,	\$3,000 2,500 2,000 2,100 1,800
Judge of Probate and Insolvency—Geo. M. Brooks, Concord, Register of Probate and Insolvency, Joseph H. Tyler, Winchester, Sheriff—Henry G. Cushing, Lowell, Clerk of Courts—Theodore C. Hurd, Cambridge. Assistant Clerk of Courts—John L. Ambrose, Somerville, County Treasurer—Joseph O. Hayden, Somerville, Registers of Deeds—Northern District, Joseph L. Thompson, L Southern District, Charles B. Stevens, Cambridge.	\$3,000 2,500 2,000 2,100 1,800
Judge of Probate and Insolvency—Geo. M. Brooks, Concord, . Register of Probate and Insolvency, Joseph H. Tyler, Winchester, Sheriff—Henry G. Cushing, Lowell,	\$3,000 2,500 2,000 2,100 1,800 owell;
Judge of Probate and Insolvency—Geo. M. Brooks, Concord, Register of Probate and Insolvency, Joseph H. Tyler, Winchester, Sheriff—Henry G. Cushing, Lowell, Clerk of Courts—Theodore C. Hurd, Cambridge. Assistant Clerk of Courts—John L. Ambrose, Somerville, County Treasurer—Joseph O. Hayden, Somerville, Registers of Deeds—Northern District, Joseph L. Thompson, L Southern District, Charles B. Stevens, Cambridge.	\$3,000 2,500 2,000 2,100 1,800 owell;
Judge of Probate and Insolvency—Geo. M. Brooks, Concord, . Register of Probate and Insolvency, Joseph H. Tyler, Winchester,	\$3,000 2,500 2,000 2,100 1,800 owell;
Judge of Probate and Insolvency—Geo. M. Brooks, Concord, . Register of Probate and Insolvency, Joseph H. Tyler, Winchester,	\$3,000 2,500 2,000 2,100 1,800 owell;
Judge of Probate and Insolvency—Geo. M. Brooks, Concord, Register of Probate and Insolvency, Joseph H. Tyler, Winchester, Sheriff—Henry G. Cushing, Lowell, Clerk of Courts—Theodore C. Hurd, Cambridge. Assistant Clerk of Courts—John L. Ambrose, Somerville, County Treasurer—Joseph O. Hayden, Somerville, Registers of Deeds—Northern District, Joseph L. Thompson, L Southern District, Charles B. Stevens, Cambridge. County Commissioners* (compensation, \$1,500)— William S. Frost, Marlborough, Term expires Decembe J. Henry Read, Westford, """	\$3,000 2,500 2,000 2,100 1,800 owell; r, 1886 1887
Judge of Probate and Insolvency—Geo. M. Brooks, Concord, . Register of Probate and Insolvency, Joseph H. Tyler, Winchester,	\$3,000 2,500 2,000 2,100 1,800 owell; r, 1886 1887 1888
Judge of Probate and Insolvency—Geo. M. Brooks, Concord, Register of Probate and Insolvency, Joseph H. Tyler, Winchester, Sheriff—Henry G. Cushing, Lowell, Clerk of Courts—Theodore C. Hurd, Cambridge. Assistant Clerk of Courts—John L. Ambrose, Somerville, County Treasurer—Joseph O. Hayden, Somerville, Registers of Deeds—Northern District, Joseph L. Thompson, L Southern District, Charles B. Stevens, Cambridge. County Commissioners* (compensation, \$1,500)— William S. Frost, Marlborough, Term expires Decembe J. Henry Read, Westford, Alphonso M. Lunt, Cambridge, Special Commissioners— Edward E. Thompson, Woburn, Term expires Decembe	\$3,000 2,500 2,000 2,100 1,800 owell; r, 1886 1887 1888
Sudde of Probate and Insolvency—Geo. M. Brooks, Concord, Register of Probate and Insolvency, Joseph H. Tyler, Winchester, Sheriff—Henry G. Cushing, Lowell, Clerk of Courts—Theodore C. Hurd, Cambridge. Assistant Clerk of Courts—John L. Ambrose, Somerville, County Treasurer—Joseph O. Hayden, Somerville, Registers of Deeds—Northern District, Joseph L. Thompson, L Southern District, Charles B. Stevens, Cambridge. Connty Commissioners* (compensation, \$1,500)— William S. Frost, Marlborough, Term expires Decembe J. Henry Read, Westford, Alphonso M. Lunt, Cambridge, """ Special Commissioners— Edward E. Thompson, Woburn, Term expires Decembe Lyman Dike, Stoneham, """	\$3,000 2,500 2,000 2,100 1,800 owell; r, 1886 1887 1888 r, 1886 1886
Judge of Probate and Insolvency—Geo. M. Brooks, Concord, Register of Probate and Insolvency, Joseph H. Tyler, Winchester, Sheriff—Henry G. Cushing, Lowell, Clerk of Courts—Theodore C. Hurd, Cambridge. Assistant Clerk of Courts—John L. Ambrose, Somerville, County Treasurer—Joseph O. Hayden, Somerville, Registers of Deeds—Northern District, Joseph L. Thompson, L Southern District, Charles B. Stevens, Cambridge. County Commissioners* (compensation, \$1,500)— William S. Frost, Marlborough, Term expires Decembe J. Henry Read, Westford, Alphonso M. Lunt, Cambridge, Special Commissioners— Edward E. Thompson, Woburn, Term expires Decembe	\$3,000 2,500 2,000 2,100 1,800 owell; r, 1886 1887 1888 r, 1886 1886

* The jurisdiction of the County Commissioners of Middlesex extends

over Revere and Winthrop, in the County of Suffolk.

Salary

MIDDLESEX COUNTY - Concluded.

Trial Justices - James T. Joslin, Hudson; Edwin C. Morse, Natick; George L. Hemenway, Hopkinton; Chas. H. Kohlrausch, Jr., Billerica.

NANTUCKET COUNTY - Incorporated 1695.

			Ci.	aiary.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency - Thaddeus C. 1	Defrie	z, .		\$500
Register of Probate and Insolvency - Samuel Swa	in, .			600
Sheriff — Josiah F. Barrett,				300
Clerk of Courts - John F. Brown,				600
County Treasurer - Samuel Swain,				100
Register of Deeds - Edward B. Hussey,				300
Commissioners of Insolvency - Benjamin F. Coffi	n, W	illiam	w.	McIn-
took Albert A Condpos (Justed November	1001	1 4		12

tosh, Albert A. Gardner (elected November, 1884, but never qualified).

Trial Justices - Thomas B. Field; Allen Coffin, Nantucket.

NOTE.—The selectmen of the town of Nantucket have the powers and perform the duties of county commissioners. The treasurer of the town is also county treasurer.

NORFOLK COUNTY - Incorporated 1793.

Shire Town, DEDHAM.

	Salary.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency - George White, Wellesley, .	\$2,000
Register of Probate and Insolvency - Jonathan Cobb, Dedham,	1,500
Sheriff Augustus B. Endicott, Dedham,	1,200
Clerk of Courts - Erastus Worthington, Dedham.	
County Treasurer - Chauncey C. Churchill, Dedham,	1,200
Register of Deeds - John H. Burdakin, Dedham.	
County Commissioners (compensation, \$1,900) —	
John O A Field Outpart Torm awrites December	1000

John Q. A. Field, Quincy, . Term expires December, 1886
George W. Wiggin, Franklin, . " " 1887
Jabez Talbot, Stoughton, . " " 1888

Special Commissioners -

George P. Morey, Walpole, . . Term expires December, 1886
Benjamin F. Baker, Brookline, . " " " 1886

Commissioners of Insolvency — George W. Wiggin, Franklin; Emery Grover, Needham; Robert W. Carpenter, Foxborough.

Trial Justices - Emery Grover Needham; Samuel Warner, Wrentham; Alonzo B. Wentworth, Dedham; George W. Wiggin, Franklin; Oscar A. Marden, Stoughton; Thomas E. Grover, Canton; Henry B. Terry, Hyde Park; John C. Lane, Norwood; Nathan A. Cook, Bellingham; George K. Daniell, Wellesley.

PLYMOUTH COUNTY-Incorporated 1685.

Shire Town, Plymouth.	Salary.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency - Jesse E. Keith, Abington,	
Register of Probate and Insolvency - Edward E. Hobart	
• •	. 1,500
Sheriff — Alpheus K. Harmon, Plymouth,	. 900
Clerk of Courts - Wm. H. Whitman, Plymouth.	
County Treasurer - Albert Davis, South Abington,	. 1,000
Register of Deeds - Wm. S. Danforth, Plymouth.	
County Commissioners (compensation, \$1,900) —	-
Charles H. Paine, Halifax, Term expires Decem	-
William Rankin, Brockton, " " "	1887
Jedediah Dwelley, Hanover, " " "	1888
Special Commissioners —	
Obed Delano, Marion, Term expires Decem	ber, 1886
Chas. W. S. Seymour, Hingham, . " "	1886
Commissioners of Insolvency - Hosea Kingman, Bridgewater	; Charles
W. Sumner, Brockton; Arthur Lord, Plymouth.	
SUFFOLK COUNTY - Incorporated 1643.	
SUFFOLK COUNTY - Incorporated 1643.	Salary.
SUFFOLK COUNTY - Incorporated 1643. Judge of Probate and Insolvency - John W. McKlm, Boston,	Salary. \$5,000
Judge of Probate and Insolvency - John W. McKlm, Boston,	\$5,000
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — John W. McKlm, Boston, Register of Probate and Insolvency — Elijah George, Boston, Assistant Register — John H. Paine,	. \$5,000 . 3,000 . 2,000
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — John W. McKlm, Boston, Register of Probate and Insolvency — Elijah George, Boston, Assistant Register — John H. Paine,	. \$5,000 . 3,000 . 2,000 . 1,200
Indge of Probate and Insolvency — John W. McKlm, Boston, Register of Probate and Insolvency — Elijah George, Boston, Assistant Register — John H. Paine,	. \$5,000 . 3,000 . 2,000
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — John W. McKlm, Boston, Register of Probate and Insolvency — Elijah George, Boston, Assistant Register — John H. Paine,	. \$5,000 . 3,000 . 2,000 . 1,200 . 2,500
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — John W. McKlm, Boston, Register of Probate and Insolvency — Elijah George, Boston, Assistant Register — John H. Paine,	. \$5,000 . 3,000 . 2,000 . 1,200 . 2,500 Boston.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — John W. McKlm, Boston, Register of Probate and Insolvency — Elljah George, Boston, Assistant Register — John H. Paine,	. \$5,000 . 3,000 . 2,000 . 1,200 . 2,500 Boston.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — John W. McKlm, Boston, Register of Probate and Insolvency — Elijah George, Boston, Assistant Register — John H. Paine,	. \$5,000 . 3,000 . 2,000 . 1,200 . 2,500 Boston.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — John W. McKlm, Boston, Register of Probate and Insolvency — Elijah George, Boston, Assistant Register — John H. Paine,	. \$5,000 . 3,000 . 2,000 . 1,200 . 2,500 Boston.
Judge of Probate and Insolvency — John W. McKlm, Boston, Register of Probate and Insolvency — Elijah George, Boston, Assistant Register — John H. Paine,	. \$5,000 . 3,000 . 2,000 . 1,200 . 2,500 Boston.

Note.—In the city of Boston the Board of Aldermen have all the powers and duties of County Commissioners, except in relation to trials by jury and recovery of damages in such trials, in cases of laying out and discontinuing highways, and appeals from assessors for abatement of taxes. The Treasurer of the city of Boston is likewise County Treasurer.

Commissioners of Insolvency - Edward J. Jenkins, Thomas F. Strange,

William E. Cassidy, all of Boston.

Salary.

WORCESTER COUNTY—Incorporated 1731. Shire Towns, WORCESTER AND FITCHBURG.

Judge of Probate and Insolvency - Adin Thayer, Worcester, . \$3,000

Register of Probate and Insolvency - Frederic W. Southwick,
Worcester,
Sheriff—Augustus B. R. Sprague, Worcester, 2,000
Clerk of Courts - Theodore S Johnson, Worcester.
County Treasurer - Edward A. Brown, Worcester, 1,800
Registers of Deeds - Harvey B. Wilder, Worcester District; Charles F.
Rockwood, Northern District.
County Commissioners (compensation, \$3,400) —
William O. Brown, Fitchburg . Term expires December, 1886
James H. Barker, Milford, " " 1887
George S. Duell, Brookfield, " " 1888
Special Commissioners —
Henry S. Miner, Worcester, Term expires December, 1886
Charles J. Rice of Winchendon, . " " 1886
Commissioners of Insolvency - Charles Field, Athol; David H. Mer-
riam, Fitchburg; John M. Cochran, Southbridge; Daniel B. Hub-
bard, Grafton.
Trial Justices - James W. Jenkins, Barre; George S. Duell, Brook-
field; Chauncey W. Carter and Hamilton Mayo, Leominster;
Charles E. Jenks, North Brookfield; Luther Hill, Spencer;

Horace W. Bush, West Brookfield; Frank B. Spalter, Winchendon; John W. Tyler, Warren; Henry A. Farwell, Hubbardston;

Thomas A. Frouty, Spencer.

BOARD OF AGRICULTURE.

[Established by Act of April 21, 1852. See also chap. 20 P. S.]

Members	0.00	official
memoers	ex	omciis

His Excellency George D. Robinson.

His Honor Oliver Ames. Hon. Henry B. Peirce, Secretary of the Common			
Charles A. Goessmann, State Agricultural Chem James C. Greenough, President Massachusetts A		ural Col	le g e.
Appointed by the Governor and Cou	ncil.		
Marshall P. Wilder of Boston,	Term	expires	1886
James S. Grinnell of Greenfield,	**		1887
James R. Nichols of Haverhill,	"	"	1888
Chosen by the County Societies.			
Amesbury and Salisbury, J. H. Hill of Amesbury,	Term	expires	1888
Barnstable, Nathan Edson of Barnstable,	"	**	1886
Berkshire, Harvey M. Owen of Lanesborough,		44	1888
Blackstone Valley, George W. Hobbs of Uxbridge,	"	"	1888
Bristol, Avery P. Slade of Somerset,	"	"	1887
Decrfield Valley, Arthur A. Smith of Colrain, .	"	**	1887
Essex, Benjamin P. Ware of Marblehead,	"	**	1887
Franklin, Jonathan Buddington of Leyden,	**	**	1886
Hampden, Ethan Brooks of West Springfield,		66	1888
" East, William R. Sessions of Hampden,	"	44	1888
Hampshire, W. L. Warner of Sunderland,	44	**	1886
Hampshire, Franklin and Hampden, Jonathan D.			
Porter of Hatfield	44	"	1888
Highland, W. S. Bowen of Peru,	"	44	1887
Hingham, Edmund Hersey of Hingham,	44	4.6	1888
Hoosac Valley, Daniel Upton of North Adams,	44	66	1888
Housatonic, Merritt I. Wheeler of Great Barrington,	"	**	1888
Hillside, Alvin Barrus of Goshen,		"	1887
Marshfield, Daniel E. Damon of Plymouth,	"	6.6	1888
Martha's Vineyard, Everett A. Davis of Tisbury, .	4.6	44	1886
Massachusetts, E. F. Bowditch of Framingham, .	**	66	1888
Massachusetts Horticultural, E. W. Wood, Newton,	44	4.6	1888
Middlesex, John B. Moore of Concord,	66	6.6	1888
" North, A. C. Varnum of Lowell,	"	46	1886
" South, S. B. Bird of Framingham, .	**	4.4	1887

Nantucke	et, R. E. Burgess of Nantucket, .			Term	expire	s 1888
Plymouth	, John Lane of East Bridgewater,			"	"	1887
Union, L	ewis C. Nye of Blandford,			44	46	1886
Worceste	er, C. L. Hartshorn of Worcester,			"	"	1887
"	North, Edwin A. Goodrich of Fitch	ıbuı	g,	4.6	44	1887
"	Northwest, J. P. Lynde of Athol,			"	6.6	1886
"	South, John O. McKinstry, Southb	ridg	ŗе,	**	4.6	1886
46	West, J. Henry Goddard of Barre	,		"	"	1887
	John	E.	Rus	SELL,	Secreta	ry.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

[Established by Act of April 20, 1837.]

The Board consists of the Governor and Lieutenant-Governor, ex officias, and eight members, one to be appointed annually by the Governor and Conneil.

Horace E. Scudder, Cambridge,					Term	expire	es 1886
Admiral P. Stone, Springfield, .					44	"	1887
Abby W. May, Boston,					44	4.6	1888
Milton B. Whitney, Westfield, .					66	"	1889
Francis A. Walker, Boston, .					"	"	1890
Edward C. Carrigan, Boston, .					44	"	1891
Elijah B. Stoddard, Worcester,					66	"	1892
Alonzo A. Miner, Boston,					44	"	1893
John W Dickinson Sagratury	0	et an i	n th	. T 41			

John W. Dickinson, Secretary. Office in the Library.

C. B. Tillinghast, Clerk and Treasurer.

George A. Walton, John T. Prince, and George H. Martin, Agents.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOLS.

The general management of the several State Normal Schools is vested by statute in the Board of Education, and all moneys appropriated for their maintenance are expended under its direction.

State Normal School at Framingham

[Opened at Lexington, July, 1839; transferred to West Newton, Sept., 1844; removed to Framingham, 1853.]

Principal - Miss Ellen Hyde.

[For young women.]

Education. — Health, Lunacy, and Charity. 238

State Normal School at Westfield.

[Opened at Barre September, 1839; suspended, 1841; re-opened at Westfield, September, 1844.]

Principal - Joseph G. Scott.

[For both sexes.]

State Normal School at Bridgewater.

[Opened September, 1840.]

Principal - Albert G. Boyden, A. M.

[For both sexes.]

State Normal School at Salem.

[Opened September, 1854.]

Principal - Daniel B. Hagar, Ph. D.

[For young women.]

State Normal School at Worcester.

[Opened September, 1874.]

Principal - E. Harlow Russell.

[For both sexes.]

State Normal Art School at Boston.

[Opened October, 1873.]

Principal - George H. Bartlett.

[For both sexes.]

BOARD OF HEALTH, LUNACY, AND CHARITY.

[Established by Act of April 30, 1879.]

Charles F. Donnelly, Boston, Chairman.		Term expires	1887
Edward Hitchcock, M. D., Amherst,		" "	1886
John Fallon, Lawrence,		"	1886
Albert A. Haggett, Lowell,		66 46	1887
Charles A. Denny, Leicester,		**	1888
Edgar E. Dean, M. D., Brockton, .		"	1888
Everett Torrey, Boston,		"	1889
Samuel A. Green, Boston,		**	1890
Clara T. Leonard, Springfield,		46 66	1890
John D. Wells, Clerk of the Board.			

Frank B. Sanborn, Concord, Inspector of Charities. S. C Wrightington, Fall River, Superintendent of In-door Poor.

Hiram S. Shurtleff, Superintendent of Out-door Poor.

Samuel W. Abbott, M. D., Health Officer.

COMMISSIONERS, ETC.

ON CATTLE - Levi Stockbridge Amherst, 1888; John F. Winchester, Lawrence, 1886; Alonzo W. Cheever, Dedham, 1887.

OF CORPORATIONS - Charles Endicott, Canton. Office, State House.

HARBOR AND LAND — Chairman, John E. Sanford, Taunton, 1888; John I. Baker, Beverly, 1886; Joseph K. Baker, Dennis, 1887.

ON INLAND FISHERIES — Frederick W. Putnam, Cambridge, 1887; Edward A. Brackett, Winchester, 1889; Edward H. Lathrop, Springfield, 1889.

ON INSURANCE — John K. Tarbox, Lawrence. Deputy, William S. Smith. Office, Commonwealth Building.

ON PILOTS FOR THE PORT OF BOSTON - Nathaniel Spooner, Boston, 1886; Thomas P. Howes, Boston, 1887.

ON PRISONS—Emma F. Cary, Cambridge, 1890; William Roberts, Waltham, 1886; Eliza L. Homans, Boston, 1887; John B. Moore, Concord, 1888; Thomas Parsons, Brookline, 1889. Secretary, Warren F. Spalding, Cambridge.

ON RAILROADS — Everett A. Stevens, Boston, 1886; Edward W. Kinsiey, Boston, 1887. Chairman, Thomas Russell, Boston, 1888. Clerk, William A. Crafts, Boston. Supervisor of Railroad Accounts, Frederick E. Jones. Office, No. 20 Beacon Street.

ON SAVINGS BANKS — Cadwallader Curry, Brookline, 1885; Edward P. Chapin, Springfield, 1887. Office, Commonwealth Building.

Bureau of Labor Statistics — Chief, Carroll D. Wright, Reading. 1st Clerk, Charles F, Pidgin. Office, Commonwealth Building.

INSPECTOR OF LEATHER - C. Osgood Morse, Boston.

INSPECTOR OF GAS AND GAS METERS — Charles W. Hinman, Boston. Assistant Inspector, Charles D. Jenkins, Boston.

INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF FISH - William Cogswell, Salem.

SURVEYOR-GENERAL OF LUMBER - John W. Wiggin, Boston.

STATE ASSAYERS OF ORES AND METALS—S. Dana Hayes, Boston; Augustus Λ. Hayes, Boston; Stephen P. Sharples, Cambridge; Horace L. Bowker, Boston; W. French Smith, Somerville; Charles R. Fletcher, Boston.

STATE ASSAYER OF LIQUORS - Stephen P. Sharples, Cambridge.

CIVIL SERVICE — Charles Theodore Russell, Jr., 1888; James M. Bugbee, 1886; Charles W. Clifford, 1887; Henry Sherwin, Chief Examiner.

STATE AID - Charles R. Ladd, Auditor of Accounts. Samuel Dalton, Adjutant-General. Charles W. Hastings, Clerk of Board.

POLICE OF BOSTON - Albert T. Whiting, Boston, 1890; William H. Lee, Boston, 1889; William M. Osborne, 1888.

GAS — Forrest E. Barker, Worcester, 1886; Edward T. Rowell, Lowell, 1887; Starkes Whiton, Hingham, 1888.

PHARMACY, BOARD OF REGISTRATION IN—Henry A. Estabrook, Fitchburg, 1886; John H. Manning, Pittsfield, 1887; Freeman H. Butler, Lowell, 1883; Henry M. Whitney, Lawrence, 1889; Sam'l A. D. Sheppard, Newton, 1890.

DRAINAGE - John Q. Adams, Quincy; Solomon B. Stebbins, Boston; Edmund W. Converse, Newton; Edward D. Hayden, Woburn; Leverett S. Tuckerman, Salem.

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

LUNATIC HOSPITALS.

The government of each is vested in a Board of Seven Trustees, five of whom shall be men and two of whom shall be women, one to be appointed annually by the Governor and Council, and the place of the senior member, as arranged in the following order, to be vacated each year:—

Worcester.

Augustus G. Bullock, Worcester, 1892; Thomas H. Gage, Worcester, 1886; John F. Moors, Greenfield, 1887; William Dickinson, Worcester, 1888; James H. Whittemore, Boston, 1889; Miss Anna S. Folsom, Boston, 1890; Miss Frances M. Lincoln, Worcester, 1891.

Superintendent - John G. Park, M. D.

[The Temporary Asylum for Chronic Insane, Hosea M. Quinby, M.D., Superintendent, is also under charge of above Trustees.]

Taunton.

Oakes A. Ames, Easton, 1892; George Howland, Jr., New Bedford, 1886; William C. Lovering, Taunton, 1887; Simeon Borden, Fall River, 1888; Le Baron Russell, Boston, 1889; Mrs. Ruth S. Murray, New Bedford, 1890; Mrs. Grace S. Bartlett, Taunton, 1891.

Superintendent - John P. Brown, M.D.

Northampton.

Adams C. Deane, Greenfield, 1892; Henry W. Taft, Pittsfield, 1886; Lyman D. James, Williamsburg, 1887; Christopher C. Merritt, Springfield, 1888; Silas M. Smith, Northampton, 1889; Mrs. Sarah T. Woodworth, Chicopeé, 1890; Mrs. Sarah M. Butler, Northampton, 1891.

Superintendent - Edward B. Nims, M.D.

Danvers.

Charles P. Preston, Danvers, 1892; Daniel S. Richardson, Lowell, 1886; Harriet R. Lee, Salem, 1887; Solon Bancroft, Reading, 1888; Samuel W. Hopkinson, Bradford, 1889; Orville F. Rogers, Boston, 1890; Miss Florence Lyman, Boston, 1891.

Superintendent - William B. Goldsmith, M.D.

Westborough Insane Hospital.

Francis A. Dewson, Newton, 1890; Mrs. Emily Talbot, Boston, 1886; Archibald H. Grimke, Hyde Park, 1886; Lucius G. Pratt, Newton, 1887; Mrs. Phebe Leonard, Bridgewater, 1888; Charles R. Codman, Barnstable, 1889; Henry S. Russell, Milton, 1889.

STATE PRIMARY AND REFORM SCHOOLS.

Trustees—Samuel R. Heywood, Worcester, 1899; Elizabeth C. Putnam, Boston, 1890; Milo Hildreth, Northborough, 1886; George W. Johnson, Brookfield, 188; James J. O'Connor, Holyoke, 1887; Anne B. Richardson, Lowell, 1888; Melvin H. Walker, Westborough, 1889.

[This Board of Trustees was established by sect. 8, chap. 291, Acts of 1879, and they have charge of the government of the Lyman School at Westborough, the Industrial School for Girls at Lancaster, and the State Primary School at Monson.]

Lyman School for Boys at Westborough.

Superintendent - Henry E. Swan.

State Industrial School for Girls at Lancaster.

Superintendent - Mrs. Luann L. Brackett.

State Primary School at Monson.

Superintendent — Λ mos Andrews. Physician — William Holbrook, M.D.

MASSACHUSETTS EYE AND EAR INFIRMARY.

At Boston.

[By Resolves 1872, chap. 28.]

Two Trustees appointed by the Governor.

Trustees - Willard P. Phillips, Salem; Isaac N. Stoddard, Plymouth.

MASSACHUSETTS SCHOOL FOR THE FEEBLE-MINDED.

At South Boston.

Chap. 150 of the Acts of 1850 was repealed by chap. 126 of the Acts of 1878; and the Board now, by said Act, consists of six Trustees, appointed by the Governor for the term of three years.

Charles D. Homans, Boston; James M. Trotter, Hyde Park,—1888; John S. Damrell, Boston; William W. Swan, Boston,—1886; Elisha S. Converse, Malden; Edward G. Porter, Lexington,—1887.

PERKINS INSTITUTION AND MASSACHUSETTS SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND.

At South Boston.

Trustees — John S. Dwight, Boston; Francis Brooks, Boston; Thomas F. Temple, Boston; Fred. L. Ames, Easton.

STATE PRISON.

At Boston (Charlestown District).

Warden — Roland G. Usher, appointed Feb. 14, 1883. Deputy Warden — Augustus W. Keene. Clerk — Frederick G. Pettigrove. Physician — Charles D. Sawin, M.D. Chaplain — John W. F. Barnes.

Agent for Discharged Convicts - Daniel Russell; office, 35 Avon Street, Boston.

MASSACHUSETTS REFORMATORY.

At Concord (Warnerville, P. O.).

Superintendent—Gardiner Tufts. Physician—George E. Titcomb, M. D. Clerk—Charles S. Hart. Instructor—Rev. W. J. Batt.

REFORMATORY PRISON FOR WOMEN.

At Sherborn (South Framingham, P. O.).

Superintendent - Ellen C. Johnson, Boston. Physician - Anna M. Wilkin, Sherborn. Chaplain - Susan P. Harrold, Somerville.

STATE ALMSHOUSE AND STATE WORKHOUSE.

[Chap. 297, Acts of 1884.]

Trustees of the State Almshouse and State Workhouse—Mrs. Sarah D. Fiske, Malden, 1885; William T. Carolin, M. D., Lowell, 1886; Weaver Osborn, Fall River, 1886; Oliver R. Clark, Tewksbury, 1886; J. White Belcher, Randolph, 1887; Lyman A. Belknap, Andover, 1887; Mrs. Anna F. Prescott, Boston, 1887.

STATE ALMSHOUSE.

At Tewksbury.

Superintendent and Resident Physician - C. Irving Fisher. Assistant Physicians - Eben C. Norton, Ella M. Patton.

STATE WORKHOUSE.

At Bridgewater.

Superintendent - Hollis M. Blackstone. Physician - Edward Saw-yer, M.D.

COLLEGES IN MASSACHUSETTS.

WITH THEIR PRESIDENTS AND TRUSTEES.

HARVARD COLLEGE.

CORPORATION.

CHARLES WILLIAM ELIOT, President.

Fellows.

Francis Parkman.
Martin Brimmer.
William C. Endicott.

John Quincy Adams. Ephraim Whituey Gurney.

Edward W. Hooper, Treasurer.

BOARD OF OVERSEERS.

Hon. E. R. Hoar, President of the Board. Rev. Alexander McKenzie, Secretary.

Members ex officiis.

Charles W. Eliot, President of the University. Edward W. Hooper, Treasurer of the University.

Elective Members.

[Term of office expires June, 1886.]

John Lowell.

John O. Sargent. Robert M. Morse.

Henry Lee. Francis E. Parker.

[Term of office expires June, 1887.]

Edward Everett Hale. Ebenezer Rockwood Hoar. Morrill Wyman. Henry P. Kidder.

Theodore Lyman.

[Term of office expires June. 1888.]

Samuel A. Green. Charles Francis Adams, Jr. Leverett Saltonstall. Moorfield Storey.

William G. Russell.

William G. Russell.

[Term of office expires June, 1889.]

Andrew P. Peabody. Phillips Brooks. Francis M. Weld. Roger Wolcott.

Solomon Lincoln.

Roger Wolcott

[Te Charles R. Codman.

[Term of office expires June, 1890.]
n. Henry Cabot Lodge.

Richard M. Hodges.

Charlemagne Tower.

Robert D. Smith.

[Term of office expires June, 1891.]

Alexander Agassiz.

John Fiske.

John T. Morse, Jr. Edwin P. Seaver. George O. Shattuck.

MASSACHUSETTS AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

JAMES C. GREENOUGH, President.

Trustees.

Marshall P. Wilder. Charles G. Davis. Henry Colt. Phineas Stedman. Arthur A. Brigham. Daniel Needham.

William Knowlton.

John Cummings.
James S. Grinnell.
Benjamin P. Ware.
William H. Bowker.
George Noyes.
J. H. Demond.
Edward C. Choate.

Trustees ex officiis.

His Excellency Geo. D. Robinson, Governor of the Commonwealth. James C. Greenough, President of the College. John W. Dickinson, Secretary of Board of Education. John E. Russell, Secretary of Board of Agriculture.

WILLIAMS COLLEGE.

CORPORATION.

FRANKLIN CARTER, President.

Trustees.

Rev. Mark Hopkins.
Joseph White.
Rev. Robert R. Booth.
Rev. Samuel I. Prime.
Francis H. Dewey.
Horatio Gates Knight.
Charles A. Davison.
Derick L. Boardman.

James M. Barker.
James White.
Rev. Arthur Mitchell.
Alfred C. Clark.
Rev. William W. Adams.
Rev. Lewellyn Pratt.
Horace E Scudder.
James Gilfillan.

Joseph White, Secretary and Treasurer.

AMHERST COLLEGE.

Rev. Julius H. Seelye, President.

Trustees.

Thomas H. McGraw, George Henry Whiteomb, Rev. Edward S. Dwight. Nathan Allen. Edward B. Gillett. Rev. Richard S. Storrs. Rev. Roswell D. Hitchcock. Rev. Edmund K. Alden,

. Edmund K. Alden. Rev. Edward S. Dwight, Sec'y. Rev. William S. Karr.
John E. Sanford,
Henry D. Hyde.
Rev. James D. Wilson,
George Howland,
Francis A. Walker.
Edward A. Strong,
John S. Brayton,
Wm. A. Dickinson, Treas.

TUFTS COLLEGE.

Rev. Elmer II. Capen, President.

Trustees.

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Rev. Alonzo A. Miuer. James O. Curtis. Rev. Lucius R. Paige.

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Rev. Elmer H. Capen. Charles G. Pope.

Zebulon L. White. William H. Finney.

Charles S. Fobes.
Hosea M. Knowlton.
Thomas H. Armstroug.

Rev. Henry W. Rugg.

John D. W. Joy.

Rev. J. Coleman Adams.
Charles Whittier.
Rev. Edwin C. Bolles.
Wilmot L. Warren.
Byron Groce.
Arthur E. Dennison.
Henry D. Williams.
Joseph Davis.
Thomas G. Frothingham.

William Oscar Cornell. William B. B. ment. Hosea W. Parker.

William D. Washburn. John B. Winslow.

lohn B. Winslow.

John D. W. Joy, Vice-President. Thomas H. Armstrong, Secretary. William H. Finney, Treasurer.

BOSTON UNIVERSITY.

[Office, 12 Somerset Street.]

CORPORATION.

William Claffin, President.

Jacob Sleeper, Vice-President.

Bradford K. Peirce, Secretary. Richard W. Husted, Treasurer.

William F. Warren, Member ex officio.

[Term expires 1886.]

Joseph H. Chadwick. Mrs. Mary B. Classin. II. O. Houghton. Bradford K. Peirce. Daniel Steele.

[Term expires 1887.]

Mrs. Augustus Hemenway.

v. Geo. M. Steele.

Liverus Hull.

Joseph B. Thomas. John H. Twombly.

Rev. James R. Day.

[Term expires 1888.]

Edward H. Dunn. Richard W. Husted. Pliny Nickerson.

Colleges.

[Term expires 1889.]

William R. Clark. John Kendrick. Edwin H. Johnson.

Charles W. Pierce.

[Term expires 1890.]

William Claffin. Jacob Sleeper. Rt. Rev. R. S. Foster. Alden Speare. William O. Grover. William T. Perrin.

WELLESLEY COLLEGE.

CORPORATION.

Rev. NOAH PORTER, President. Rev. HOWARD CROSBY, Vice-President.

Trustees.

Rev. Alvah Hovey. Rev. George Z. Grav. Rev. Nathaniel G. Clark. Rev. Randolph S. Foster. Rev. John Hall. Rev. Bradford K. Peirce. Rev. William H Wilcox.

Rev. Wm. F. Warren.

Dwight L. Moody. Rev. Joseph T. Duryea Rev. Alexander McKenzie.

Elisha S. Converse.

William Claffin. Mrs. William Claffin.

M. II. Simpson. Rufus S. Frost. A. W. Stetson.

Mrs. Arthur Wilkinson. Mrs. H. B. Goodwin. Mrs. Caroline A. Wood.

William S Houghton. Mrs. William S. Houghton.

Miss Alice E. Freeman.

Mrs. Henry F. Durant, Secretary and Treasurer.

SMITH COLLEGE.

Rev. L. CLARK SEEYLE, President.

Trustees.

Rev. John M. Green. Rev. William S. Tyler. Rev. Julius H. Seelye. William B. Washburn. Rev. Edwards A. Park. Joseph White.

Birdsey Northrop.

George W. Hubbard, Treasurer.

Edward B. Gillett. George W. Hubbard. A. Lyman Williston. Rev. Robert M. Woods. Rev. William R. Huntington.

Rodney Wallace.

BOSTON COLLEGE.

Rev. Edward V. Boursaud, President and Treasurer.

Trustees.

Rev. Alphonse Charlier, Secretary.
Rev. William Duncan. Rev. Edward

Rev. Edward H. Welch.

Rev. D. Leo Brand.

COLLEGE OF THE HOLY CROSS. (Worcester.)

Rev. ROBERT W. BRADY, President.

Trustees.

Rev. Robert W. Brady, President.

Rev. James H. Ward, Vice-President.

Rev. Albert R. Peters, Treasurer.

Rev. Patrick H. Brennan, Secretary.

Rev. Timothy O'Leary.

Rev. Hugh D. Langlois.

Rev. Michael I. Hughes.

TOWNS IN MASSACHUSETTS,

WITH THE

POST-OFFICES THEREIN.

(Corrected annually by Omar Loring, Supt. Money Order Dir.,

Corrected	Boston Post-Office.)				
TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.		
Abington	Abington. North Abington.	Ashland	Ashland.		
Acton .	Acton. South Acton. West Acton. Ellsworth.	Athol .	Athol. Athol Centre. South Athol.		
	{ Acushnet Long Plain Adams.	Attleborough	Attleborough. Attleborough Falls. N. Attleborough. S. Attleborough. Hebronville. Dodgeville. Briggs Corner.		
Agawam	$egin{array}{l} \operatorname{Agawam.} \ \operatorname{Zylonite.} \ \operatorname{Feeding Hills.} \end{array}$. Auburn.		
Alford .	. Alford.	Ayer .	Ayer.		
Amesbury	. Amesbury.		Barnstable. West Barnstable. Centreville.		
Amherst	Amherst. North Amherst. South Amherst. Barretts.	Barnstable .	Marston's Mills.		
Andover	· { Andover. Ballard Vale.		Craigville.		
Arlington	· { Arlington. Arlington Heights.	Barre	Barre. Barre Plains. Smithville.		
Ashburnhan	Ashburnham. Ashburnh'm Dep't. Burrageville.	Becket .	Becket. West Becket. Becket Centre.		
Ashby .	. Ashby.	Bedford .	Bedford.		
Ash field	· { Ashfield. · { South Ashfield.	Belchertown	Belchertown. Dwight.		

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	Towns.	POST-OFFICES.
Bellingham	Bellingham N. Bellingham. Caryville.	Bourne .	Bourne. Pocasset. Buzzard's Bay.
Belmont	· Belmont. Waverly.	Down No.	Monument Beach. Cataumet. Sagamore.
Berkley	· Berkley. · Myrickville.	Boxborough	h. West Acton P. O.
Berlin	. $\left\{ egin{array}{l} \operatorname{Berlin.} \\ \operatorname{West Berlin.} \end{array} \right.$	Boxford	· Boxford. West Boxford.
Bernardston	, Bernardston.	Boylston	· Boylston. Boylston Centre.
Beverly	Beverly. Beverly Farms. North Beverly.	Bradford	(Dua deau d
Billerica	Billerica. North Billerica. East Billerica. South Billerica.	Braintree	Braintree. South Braintree. East Braintree.
Blackstone	(Millville.	Brewster	Brewster. East Brewster. West Brewster. South Brewster.
Bland ford	· { Blandford. North Blandford.	Bridgewate:	r, { Bridgewater. Scotland.
Bolton	. Bolton. [Allston.*	Brimfield.	Brimfield. West Brimfield. East Brimfield.
	Boston * South Boston.* East Boston.* Station A.* Roxbury.*		· { Brockton. Campello.
	West Roxbury.* Jamaica Plain.* Roslindale.*	Brookfield	· { Brookfield. East Brookfield.
	Brighton.* Dorchester.*	Brookline .	. Brookline.
Boston .	Mattapan.*	Buckland	. Buckland.
	Cambridge.* Cambridgeport.*	Burlington	. Burlington.
	North Cambridge,* East Cambridge,* Chelsea.* Mount Auburn.* Revere.* Somerville,*	Cambridge	Cambridge. Cambridgeport. North Cambridge. East Cambridge. Mount Auburn.
	Winthrop.* Brookline.*	Canton	· { Canton. Ponkapoag.

^{*} Stations supplied by the Boston office.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Carlisle	Carlisle.	Concord .	Concord. Westvale. Warnerville.
Carver	. North Carver. South Carver.	Conway .	Conway.
	Charlemont. East Charlemont.	Cottage City	Cottage City.
Charlemont	Zoar. Davis.	Cummington	Cummington. W. Cummington. Swift River.
Charlton	Charlton. Charlton City. Charlton Depot.	Dalton	Dalton.
	Chatham. Chatham Port.	Dana	Dana. North Dana.
Chatham,	North Chatham. South Chatham. West Chatham.	Danvers .	Danvers. Danvers Centre. Danvers Port.
Chelmsford	Chelmsford. N. Chelmsford. West Chelmsford.		Tapleyville. Asylum Station.
	(So. Chelmsford.		Dartmouth. North Dartmouth.
Chelsea.	. Chelsea.	Dartmouth .	⟨ South Dartmouth.
Cheshire	. Cheshire.		(Nonquitt.
Chester .	Chester. Chester Centre. North Chester.	Dedham .	Dedham. West Dedham. Islington. Walnut Hill.
Chester field	Chesterfield. West Chesterfield.	Deerfield .	Deerfield. South Deerfield. West Deerfield.
Chicopee	. {Chicopee. Chicopee Falls. Willimanset.	Decrytera :	West Deerfield.
Chilmark	Chilmark.	Dennis	Dennis Port. East Dennis. South Dennis.
Clarksburg	Clarksburg. (N.Adams P.O.) Briggsville.	Dighton .	West Dennis. Dighton. North Dighton.
Clinton	· Clinton.	Douglas .	Douglas. East Douglas.
Cohasset	. { Cohasset. Nantasket. Beechwood.	Dover	Dover.
	Colrain.	Dracut	Dracut. Collinsville.
Colrain	Adamsville. Elm Grove. Griswoldville.	Dudley	Dudley. West Dudley.
	Shattucksville.	Dunstable .	Dunstable.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Duxbury	Duxbury. West Duxbury. South Duxbury.	Franklin	Franklin. South Franklin.
	(Island Creek.	Freetown	Freetown. East Freetown.
East Bridge water	- E. Bridgewater. Elmwood.	Gardner	Gardner. South Gardner.
Eastham .	(Eastham. North Eastham.	Garaner	West Gardner.
Easthampton	Easthampton. Mount Tom.		. Gay Head.
	(Easton.	Georgetown	
Easton .	North Easton. South Easton.	Gill .	· { Gill. · { Riverside.
Edgartown .	Edgartown.		Gloucester.
Egremont .	Egremont. North Egremont. South Egremont.	Gloucester	Bay View. West Gloucester. Lanesville.
Enfield.	Enfield.		(Annisquam.
Erving .	Erving.	Goshen	. Goshen.
Essex	Essex.	Gosnold	. { (Wood's Holl P.O.)
Everett	Everett.		
Fairhaven .	Fairhaven.		Grafton. North Grafton.
Fall River .	Fall River.	Grafton	. Saurdersville. Farnumsville. Fisherville.
	Falmouth. East Falmouth. North Falmouth.	Granby	. Granby.
Falmouth .	West Falmouth. Wood's Holl. Quissett. Hatchville.	Granville	Granville. Granville Corners. East Granville. West Granville.
Fitchburg .	Waquoit. Fitchburg. West Fitchburg.	Great Bar rington	- { Great Barrington. Housatonic. Van Deusenville.
Florida .	{ Florida. { Hoosac Tunnel.	Green field	· { Greenfield. Factory Village.
Fox borough.	Foxborough East Foxborough. West Foxborough.	Greenwich	· Greenwich. Greenwich Village.
	Framingham.	Groton .	· { Groton. West Groton.
Framingham	Saxonville. Nobscot.	Groveland .	Groveland. South Groveland.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Hadley .	Hadley. North Hadley.	Holland .	Holland.
Halifax Hampde n	. Halifax Hampden.	Holliston .	Holliston. East Holliston. Braggville. Metcalf.
Hamilton	· Hamilton. · Asbury Grove. · Hancock.	Holyoke .	Holyoke.
Hancock Hanove r	. Hancock. Hanover. South Hanover. West Hanover.	Hopkinton .	Hopkinton. Woodville. Hayden Row.
Hanson	· Hanson. · South Hanson.	Hubbard ston	. { Hubbardston. E. Hubbardston. Williamsville.
${\it Hardwick}$	Hardwick. Gilbertville. Furnace.	Hudson .	Hudson.
Harvard	Harvard.	Hull	Hull.
	(Harwich. Harwich Port.	Huntington .	Huntington. Norwich.
Harwich	East Harwich. North Harwich. South Harwich.	Hyde Park	Hyde Park.
	West Harwich. Pleasant Lake.	Ipswich .	. Ipswich.
Hatfield	{ Hatfield. ! North Hatfield.		Kingston. Lakeville.
$\it Haverhill$. { Haverhill. East Haverhill. Ayer's Village.	Lancaster .	(Lancaster. South Lancaster.
Hawley .	Hawley. West Hawley.	Lanesboro'	Lanesborough. Berkshire.
Heath .	. Heath.	Lawrence .	Lawrence.
Hingham	Hingham. Hingham Centre. South Hingham.	Lee .	Lee. South Lee. East Lee.
<i>Hinsdale</i>	South Hingham. West Hingham. Hinsdale.	Leicester	, { Leicester. Cherry Valley. Rochdale.
Holden .	. $\left\{ egin{aligned} & \operatorname{Holden.} \\ & \operatorname{Jeffersonville.} \\ & \operatorname{Quinapoxet.} \end{aligned} \right.$	Lenox .	Lenox Furnace. New Lenox.
Holbrook	· { Holbrook. Brookville.	Leominster	Leominster.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	Towns.	POST-OFFICES.
Leverett .	Leverett. North Leverett.	Mattapoiset	t Mattapoisett.
	•	Maynard	. Maynard.
Lexington .	Lexington. East Lexington.	Medfield	. Medfield.
Leyden	Leyden. West Leyden.	Medford	Medford. West Medford. College Hill.
Lincoln .	Lineoln. South Lincoln.		(Glenwood.
Littleton .	Littleton. Common.	Medway	. { Medway. West Medway. Rockville.
Longmeadow	Longmeadow.	Melrose.	· Melrose. Melrose Highlands.
Lowell	Lowell. Middlesex Village.	Mendon	. Mendon.
		Merrimac	Merrimac. Merrimac Port.
Ludlow	Ludlow. Centre.	Methuen	. Methuen.
Lunenburg .	Lunenburg.		Middleborough.
Lynn Lynnfield .	Lynn, { Lynnfield. } Lynnfield Centre.	Middleboro'	N. Middleborough. S. Middleborough. Rock. Eddyville.
Lynnyieta .		Middlefield	Middlefield. Bancroft.
Malden .	Malden. Maplewood. Linden. Faulkner.	Middleton	
	Edgeworth.	Milford	. South Milford. Hopedale.
	Manchester.		
${\it Mansfield}$.	(Mansfield.) West Mansfield.	Millbury	· West Millbury.
Marblehead .	Marblehead. Nanepashemet.	Millis .	. Millis.
Marion	Marion.	Milton .	. { Milton. East Milton. Blue Hill.
${\it Marlborough}$	Marlborough.		
	Marshfield.	Monroe .	. Monroe.
Marshfield .	Centre Marshfield. North Marshfield. East Marshfield.	Monson	. Monson.
	Brant Rock. Sea View.	Montague	Montague. Montague City. Turner's Falls.
Mashpee .	Mashpee.		(Miller's Falls.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICE.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Monterey .	Monterey.	N. Adams .	(North Adams.) Blackinton.
Montgomery	Montgomery.		
Mt. Wash'gt'n	Mt. Washington.	N. Andover .	North Andover. N. Andover Depot.
Nahant .	Nahant.	N. Brookfield	North Brookfield.
Nantucket .	Nantucket. Siasconset.	N. Reading .	J
Natick	Natick. South Natick.	Northampton -	Northampton. Florence. Leeds. Loudville.
Needham .	Needham. Highlandville. Charles River Vil.		West Farms. Smith's Ferry.
New Ashford	New Ashford.	Northboro' .	Northborough.
New Bedford		Northbridge	Northbridge. Northb'dge Centre. Whitinsville.
N. Braintree	New Braintree.		
N. Marlboro'	New Marlborough. Hartsville. Mill River.	Northfield .	Northfield. Northfield Farms. West Northfield.
	Southfield. Clayton.	Norton	Norton. East Norton. Barrowsville. Chartley.
New Salem .	Cooleyville, N. New Salem. Millington.	Norwood .	Norwood.
Newbury .	Newbury. Byfield.	Oakham .	Oakham. Cold Br'k Springs.
Newburyport,	South Byfield.	Orange	Orange. North Orange
	Newton. Newtonville. Auburndale.	Orleans .	Orleans. East Orleans. South Orleans.
Newton	West Newton. Newton Centre. Newton L. Falls.	Otis	Otis. West Otis.
	Newton U. Falls. Chestnut Hill. Newton Highlands.	Oxford	Oxford. North Oxford.
Norfolk .	Nonantum. Norfolk. City Mills.	Palmer	Palmer, Bond's Village, Thorndike, Three Rivers.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Paxton .	. Paxton.	Reading	. Reading.
Peabody Pelham	Peabody. South Peabody. Pelham.	Rehoboth	(Rehoboth. North Rehoboth. South Rehoboth. Harris.
	(Pembroke.	Revere .	. Revere.
Pembroke	North Pembroke. East Pembroke. Bryantville.	Richmond	· { Richmond. Richmond Furnace.
Pepperell	· Pepperell. East Pepperell.	Rochester	· { Rochester. North Rochester.
Peru .	. Peru.	Rockland	. Rockland.
Petersham	. Petersham.	Rockport	· { Rockport. } Pigeon Cove.
Phillipston	- /	Rowe .	. Rowe.
Pittsfield	Pittsfield. West Pittsfield. Pontoosuc.	Rowley .	. Rowley.
Plain field	Coltsville.	Royalston	Royalston. South Royalston.
Fianheiu	(Plymouth.	Russell .	· { Russell. Salmon Falls.
Plymouth	South Plymouth. Chiltonville. North Plymouth.	Rutland	Rutland. West Rutland. North Rutland.
Plympton	· Plympton. Silver Lake.	Salem .	. Salem.
Prescott	· { Prescott. North Prescott.	Salisbury	. { Salisbury. East Salisbury. Salisbury Beach.
Princeton	Princeton. East Princeton. Mt. Wachusett. Princeton Depot. Brook Station.	Sandisfield	Sandisfield.
Provincetou	n Provincetown.		(Sandwich.
Quincy .	Quincy. Atlantic. Wollaston.	Sandwich	East Sandwich. South Sandwich. Spring Hill.
Dandolr ¹	Quincy Point. West Quincy. Randolph.	Saugus.	Saugus. East Saugus. Clifton Dale.
Randolph	Randolph.		
Raynham	North Raynham.	Savoy .	· { Savoy. Savoy Centre.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Scituate	Scituate. Egypt. Scituate Centre. North Scituate.	Sterling .	Sterling. West Sterling. Pratt's Junction. Loring.
Seekonk	Greenbush.	Stockbridge .	Stockbridge. Glen Dale. Curtisville.
Sharon	Sharon. East Sharon.	Stoneham .	Stoneham.
Sheffield	Sheffield. Ashley Falls.	Stoughton .	Stoughton. East Stoughton. North Stoughton.
Shelburne	Shelburne. Bardwell's Ferry. Shelburne Falls.	Stow	Stow. Rock Bottom.
	(East Shelburne.	Sturbridge .	Sturbridge. Fiskdale.
Sherborn	Sherborn. South Sherborn.	Sudbury .	(Sudbury.
Shirley.	Shirley.	Suddury .	South Sudbury. North Sudbury.
Shrewsbury		Sunderland	Sunderland.
Shutesbury	. Shutesbury.	~	Sutton. West Sutton.
Somerset	Somerset. Pottersville.	Sutton	Manchaug. Wilkinsonville.
Somerville .		Swampscott .	(Swampscott.
So. Abington	South Abington.	2, 2, 2, 2	Beach Bluff.
So. Hadley	South Hadley. So. Hadley Falls.	Swansea .	Swansea. North Swansea. Hortonsville.
So. Scituate	South Scituate. West Scituate. Ridge Hill.	Taunton .	Taunton. East Taunton. Myricksville.
Southampton	-		Britannia. Walker.
Southboro'.	Southborough. Cordaville. Fayville. Southville.	Templeton .	Templeton. East Templeton. Baldwinsville. Otter River.
Southbridge	Southbridge. Globe Village.	Tewksbury .	Tewksbury.
Southwick .	Southwick.		Tisbury.
Spencer .	Spencer.	Tisbury .	Vineyard Haven. West Tisbury.
Springfield .	Springfield. Indian Orchard. Brlghtwood.	Tolland .	North Tisbury. Tolland.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Topsfield	. Topsfield.	Wellfleet .	Wellfleet. South Wellfleet.
Townsend	. Townsend. Townsend Harbor. West Townsend.	Wendell .	Wendell. Wendell Depot. Lock's Village.
Truro .	Truro. North Truro. South Truro.	Wenham .	Wenham. Wenham Depot.
Tyngsboro,	. Tyngsborough.	W. Boylston .	West Boylston.
Tyringham	. Tyringham.		,
Cpton .	· { Upton. West Upton.	West Bridge- water	W. Bridgewater. Cochesett. Matfield.
Uxbridge	Uxbridge. North Uxbridge.	W. Brookfield	West Brookfield.
Wakefield	Wakefield. Greenwood.	W. Newbury.	West Newbury. Artichoke.
Wales .	. Wales.	West Spring- field	West Springfield. Mittineague. Merrick.
Walpole	. { Walpole. East Walpole. South Walpole.	West Stock-	West Stockbridge.
Waltham	. Waltham.		(Rock Dale Mills.
Ware .	. Ware.	Westborough	Westborough.
Wareham	Wareham. West Wareham.	Westfield .	Westfield.
m arenam	· { South Wareham. East Wareham. Onset.	Westford .	Westford. Forge Village, Graniteville, Nashoba.
Warren	Warren. West Warren.		Westhampton.
Warwick	. Warwick.	_	(Westminster.
Washington	. Washington.	Westminster	Westmins'r Depot. So. Westminster. Wachuset.
Water town	• Watertown•		Wachuset.
Wayland	· { Wayland. Cochituate.	Weston	Weston.
Webster	• Webster.	Westport .	Westport. Westport Point. South Westport,
Welles l ey	Wellesley. Wellesley Hills.	" cstport" .	Central Village. North Westport.

TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.	TOWNS.	POST-OFFICES.
Weymouth .	Weymouth. East Weymouth. North Weymouth. South Weymouth.	Winthrop .	-
	South Weymouth.	Wohama	Woburn. Montvale. North Woburn. Cummingsville
Whately .	Whately. East Whately.	woourn .	North Woburn. Cummingsville.
Wilbraham .	(Wilbraham. No. Wilbraham.	Worcester .	Worcester.
Williamsb'g .	Williamsburg.		(Worthington.
Williamst'wn	Williamstown. S. Williamstown. Sweet's Corner.	Worthington	Worthington. W. Worthington. Ringville. So. Worthington.
Wilmington.	Wilmington. N. Wilmington.	Wrentham .	Wrentham. W. Wrentham. Plainville. Sheldonville.
Winchendon	Winchendon. Waterville.		
Winchester .	Winchester.	Yarmouth .	Yarmouth. Yarmouth Port. South Yarmouth. West Yarmouth. East Yarmouth.
Windsor .	Windsor. East Windsor.		West Yarmouth.

ABRIDGMENT OF U. S. POSTAL REGULATIONS.

POSTAGE

TO ANY PART OF THE U. S. AND THE TERRITORIES; AND TO THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

Two cents for each ounce, or fraction thereof, on letters, sealed packages, mail matter, wholly or partly in writing.

Two cents per ounce, or fraction thereof, on drop-letters where free delivery by carriers is established: where such free delivery is not established, the rate is one cent.

One cent for two ounces, or fraction thereof, on almanacs, books (printed), calendars, catalogues, corrected-proofs, hand-bills, pamphlets, posters, proof-sheets, and circulars.

One cent for every four ounces on newspapers and magazines of the second class.

One cent for each ounce, or fraction thereof, on blank books, blank cards, book manuscript, card-boards, and other flexible material, engravings, envelopes, letter-envelopes, merchandise, photographic views, printed blanks, printed cards, sample cards, samples of ores, metals, minerals, seeds, cuttings, bulbs, roots, and scions.

POSTAGE TO GREAT BRITAIN AND OTHER FOREIGN COUNTRIES, SEE "POSTAGE ON FOREIGN LETTERS."

REGISTRATION OF DOMESTIC LETTERS.

The Post-Office Department or its revenue is not by law liable for the loss of any registered mail matter.

Letters, or other mail matter on which postage is fully prepaid, can be registered for transmission between post-offices in the United States or Territories.

The fee for registering at any post-office in the United States or Territories, and addressed to any other office in the United States or Territories, is fixed at ten cents, in addition to the regular postage.

When a "domestic" letter or third-class matter is presented for registration, the postmaster must require the name and post-office address of the sender to be indorsed on the face of the envelope, which must bear stamps of sufficient value to prepay both postage and registry fee.

MONEY ORDERS.

Postal conventions for the exchange of money orders have been concluded with the following foreign countries: viz., Switzerland, Great Britain and Ireland, Germany, Italy, France, Algeria, British East Indies, New South Wales, Victoria, Jamaica, New Zealand, Hawaii, Tasmania, Cape of Good Hope, Windward Islands, Japan, Sweden, Hong Kong, Constantinople, and Portugal; also with the Dominion of Canada.

The postmaster of any foreign money-order office in the United States—the same being designated by the Postmaster-General—will furnish a blank form of application, on which the sender must enter all the particulars of the amount (in United States money), names, address, etc., and must state the full name and exact residence of the person to whom the order is to be made payable. The postmaster will then issue an international order, to be sent by the remitter to the payee.

The fees or charges on domestic orders are as follows: -

On	order	s not e	exce	eding	g \$ 10	0.				8 cents.
"						exceeding				
"	**	**	\$15	"	4.6	44	\$30			15 cents.
44	66	"	\$30	**	"	46	\$40			20 cents.
66	66	"	\$40	"	"	"	\$50			25 cents.
44	44	"	\$50	44	44	44	\$60			30 cents.
4 6	44	"	\$60	44	4 6	"	\$70			35 cents.
"	66	44	\$70	44	64	44	\$80			40 cents.
44	44	"	\$80	**	"	" 9	3100			45 cents.

A single money order may include any amount from one cent to one hundred dollars inclusive, but must not contain a fractional part of a cent.

The fees on all international orders are, -

On	orders	not	exee	edln	g \$1	0 .				10 ets.
"	66	over	\$10	and	not	exceeding	\$20			20 cts.
66	44	"	\$20	"	"	**	\$30			30 cts.
66	6.6	66	\$30	66	66	66	Φ40			40 ota

MONEY-ORDER OFFICES IN MASSACHUSETTS.

		W. W.T
Abington.	*Brockton.	*Holliston.
*Adams.	Campello.	*Holyoke.
Amesbury.	Canton.	Hopkinton.
Amherst.	Chatham.	Hudson.
Andover.	*Chicopee.	Huntington.
Arlington.	Chicopee Falls.	Hyannis.
Ashburnham.	City Mills.	Hyde Park.
Ashland.	*Clinton.	Indian Orchard
Athol.	College Hill.	*Lawrence.
Attleborough.	*Concord.	Lancaster.
Auburndale.	Conway.	Lee.
*Ayer.	Cottage City.	Leeds.
Baldwinsville.	Cummington.	*Leominster.
Barnstable.	Danvers.	*Lowell.
Barre.	Dedham.	*Lynn.
Belchertown.	Dennis.	*Malden.
Berlin.	East Bridgewater.	Mansfield.
*Beverly.	East Douglas.	Marblehead.
Blackstone.	*Easthampton.	*Marlborough.
*Boston.	East Pepperell.	Maynard.
*Brighton Station.	East Weymouth.	*Medford.
*Cambridge Station.	Edgartown.	Medway.
*Cambridgeport St'n.	*Everett.	Melrose.
*Charlestown Station.		Merrick.
*Chelsea Station.	*Fall River.	Methuen.
*Dorchester Station.	Fiskedale.	Middleborough.
*East Boston Station.	*Fitchburg.	Milford.
*East Cambridge St'n.	Framingham.	Millbury.
*Jamaica Plain.	Foxborough.	Miller's Falls.
Mattapan Station.	Florence.	Millville.
No. Cambridge St'n.	Franklin.	Milton.
*Roxbury Station.	Gardner.	*Monson.
*Somerville Station.	Georgetown.	Montague.
*South Boston St'n.	Globe Village.	Nantucket.
*Stat'n A, South End.	9	*Natiek.
*Brookline Station.	*Great Barrington.	Needham.
Ballardvale.	*Greenfield.	*New Bedford.
Brewster.	Harwich.	*Newburyport.
*Bridgewater.	Hatfield.	*Newton.
Brimfield.	*Haverbill.	Newton Centre.
Brookfield.	Hinsdale.	Newton centre.
DI COMILCIA:	ALIMOURIUS	4-10-11-0023-12240-8

*North Adams. *Northampton. North Andover Depot. *North Attleborough. *North Brookfield. Northborough. Northfield. Orange. *Orleans. Oxford. Palmer. Peabody. *Pittsfield. *Plymouth. Princeton. *Provincetown. *Quincy. Reading. Rockland. Rockport. *Salem. Sandwich. Saugus. *Saxouville. *Shelburne Falls.

Shirley Village.

South Abington.

Southborough. Wareham. *Southbridge. Warnerville. Warren. South Deerfield. South Dennis. Watertown. *South Framingham. *Webster. South Gardner. Wellesley. South Hadley. Wellfleet. South Hadley Falls. *Westborough. South Natick. *Westfield. Southville. Westminster. South Weymouth. *West Gardner. South Yarmouth. West Lancaster. West Medway. *Spencer. West Newton. *Springfield. *Stoneham. West Upton. Stoughton. Swampscott. *Taunton. Templeton.

Weymouth.
Whitinsville.
Wilbraham.
Williamsburg.
Williamstown.
Winchendon.
Winchester.
*Woburn.
*Woburn.
*Armouth Port.

Offices marked with a star are first class, and are authorized to issue and pay international as well as domestic orders.

*Turner's Falls.

Vineyard Haven.

Upton.

Wales.

*Ware.

Uxbridge.

*Wakefield.

*Waltham.

POSTAL NOTES

For sums not exceeding \$4.99 will be issued and paid at all money order offices on a fee of 3 cents.

POSTAGE ON FOREIGN LETTERS.

Foreign Letters should indicate on the outside the route by which they are to be sent, as the difference by various routes is great. The rate given is for ½ onnce or under. A star (*) against the rate denotes that prepayment is optional, except for registered letters: where there is no star, the postage must be prepaid.

For rates by special routes, and on particular dates, inquire at the post-office.

										C	ents.
Australia, N	EW Z	ZEAL	AND,	and	NEV	v Sot	тн Т	WALI	es, v	ia	
Southan	pton										15
Via Brindi	si										18
New Zeala	nd, I	Tew	South	wa:	les,	Victor	ia, a	nd Q	ueen	s-	
land, via	San	Fran	ncisco	٠.							12
Australia,	exce	pt Q	ueens	land,	Ne	w So	uth \	Wales	s, an	d	
Victoria	, via	San :	Franc	cisco							5
ASPINWALL	•										5
Ванамая.											3
BELGIUM, via	Engla	and,	or di	rect s	tean	ıer					5*
BERMUDA.		•									- 5*
Brazil .											10
BUENOS AYRE	s and	AR	GENT	INE C	ONF	EDER	ATIO	n, vie	Eng	g-	
land									. `	٠.	10
CANADA, inclu	iding	Nev	v Bri	ınswi	ck,	Nova	Sco	tia.	Princ	ce	
Edward	_							. ′			3
CEYLON .											10*
CHINA .											10*
Shanghai, an	d pla	ces i	n Chi	na no	t na	med l	belov	٧ .			5*

Foreign Letters.

												ents.
Hong Ko							, Fo	с Сн	ow, I	Kiun	G	
	ow, I	NINGI	Po, a	nd H.	ANKO	w						10*
Cuba.									•			5*
Denmark												5*
EGYPT												5*
France, i	nclud	ling A	lger	ia, via	Eng	land	, or v	ia dir	ect st	eame	r	5*
GIBRALTA	R											5*
GERMAN I	Емрі	RE ai	nd A	USTRI	A							5*
GREAT BI	RITAI	n and	IRE	LANI)							5*
GREECE												5*
GUIANA,	Britis	h, Fr	ench	, and	Dute	ch						10*
HOLLAND												5*
Hondura	s											13
India, Bi	RITIS	н, als	о Гв	ENCE	c Coi	ONIE	S					10*
Via S												10*
ITALY												5*
MANILA,	Phili	ppine	Isla	nds								10*
MAURITIU												10
Mexico		• • •										5
Nassau												3
Newfoun	DLA	ND										5
Norway												5*
Panama												5
Peru												10
ECUADOR	and	Сни	I									17
Portugal	L, via	Sout	ham	pton	or Li	verp	ool					5*
Russia				•								5*
SANDWIC	н Isi	ANDS	;									6
SINGAPOR	E, vi	a San	Fra	ncisc	0							10*
SPAIN												5*
SWEDEN												5*
SWITZERI												5*
TURKEY,			or A	siatio								5*
VENEZUE		•										13
WEST INI						s), d	irect	mail				5*
Dultin		•	-			,,						19

VOTE FOR PRESIDENT IN 1884.

(By Counties.)

Note. —The vote for the first candidate for elector-at-large on each ticket is given. A summary at the end of the tables gives the aggregate vote for all the chief candidates for electors-at-large.

COUNTY OF BARNSTABLE.

	To	owns	3.			Blaine.	Cleveland.	Butler.	St. John.	Scattering.
Barnstable Bourne. Brewster Chatham Dennis. Eastham Falmouth Harwich Mashpee Orleans. Provincetov Sandwich Truro. Wellfleet Yarmouth	vn					309 188 77 201 264 55 292 262 262 159 437 228 93 190 247	229 60 7 77 28 13 123 49 25 104 103 13 42 26 64	40 13 28 11 39 3 97 1 7 39 65 6 6 27 6	6 -1 11 9 10 18 26 1 5 17 22 11 13 12	-
			С	oun	TY C	F Berk	shire.	'		
Adams . Alford . Becket . Cheshire Clarksburg, Dalton . Egremont Florida . Great Barri Hancock Hinsdale I.anesborou	ngto) ; ; ;) ;				505 23 92 117 71 161 104 63 443 82 107 101 413	330 55 106 112 6 154 80 3 358 30 149 90 347	19 	13 8 5 10 5 17 12 27 4 15 5	

County of Berkshire - Concluded.

		U01	UNTY	OF	BER	KSHIRE -	– Conciu	aea.		
	То	WN	s.			Blaine.	Cleveland.	Butler.	St. John.	Scattering.
Monterey Mt. Washing New Ashfort New Marlbo North Adam Otis Peru Pru Sandisfield Richmond Sandisfield Savoy Sheffield Stockbridge Tyringham Washington West Stockb Williamstow Windsor	d roug s · · · · ·					113 61 25 15 119 856 68 1,099 73 80 67 194 199 51 26 124 286 69	215 58 6 26 182 484 69 26 1,547 61 98 41 149 243 63 37 150 209 35	10 6 10 15 3 - 1 31 1 - 1	5 8 1 15 73 4 3 33 - 10 - 6 7 - 4 10 14 2	-
Totals	•				•	5,901	5,519	117	328	-
				Cou	NTY	of Bris	STOL.			
Acushnet Attleborougl Berkley Dartmouth Dighton Easton . Fairhaven Fall River Freetown Mansfield New Bedfor Norton . Raynham Rehoboth Seekonk Somerset Swinzey Taunton Westport						124 1,166 161 344 227 270 331 3,204 179 208 2,511 193 184 232 112 283 172 2,109 281	31 648 14 50 41 234 138 2,244 32 136 1,352 77 64 55 66 96 45 1,123 29	36 4 5 7 17 -337 -2 23 168 12 3 4 -7 3 360 3	13 58 10 15 21 24 20 91 9 46 182 3 17 17 12 9 8 148	
Totals						12,291	6,475	989	721	-

Vote for President in 1884.

COUNTIES OF DUKES AND NANTUCKET.

	Т	'own	s.		Blaine.	Cleveland.	Butler.	St. John.	Scattering.
Chilmark Cottage City Edgartown Gay Head Gosnold Tisbury		:			62 73 184 -24 12 213	36 46 55 9 56 202	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	2 25 5 - 31 - 63	-
Nantucket			•		328	204	2	17	-

COUNTY OF ESSEX.

				 1	1	1	1	1
Amesbury .				323	259	33	13	-
Andover				479	214	46	26	-
Beverly				815	492	230	77	-
Boxford				103	48	7	3	-
Bradford .				271	180	55	3	-
Danvers				565	276	254	34	-
Essex .				191	99	70	5	-
Georgetown .				244	120	100	10	-
Gloucester				1,291	961	309	120	l –
Groveland				174	165	63	11	-
Hamilton				77	72	5	1	-
Haverhill				1,773	1,143	476	117	-
Ipswich				378	258	51	18	-
Lawrence				2,403	2,162	484	114	-
Lynn .				3,463	2,487	1,801	323	-
Lynnfield				78	- 38	13	11	-
Manchester .				135	114	62	41	-
Marblehead				548	618	363	154	-
Merrimac .				247	206	13	24	-
Methuen .				390	244	33	18	-
Middleton				90	49	12	2 7	-
Nahant				43	82	4	7	-
Newbury				184	84	16	9	-
Newburyport	t			1,075	1,122	127	29	2
North Andov	er			254	235	36	4	-
Peabody .				624	646	219	30	-
Rockport .				379	128	121	34	-
Rowley .			•	153	91	8	8	-

COUNTY OF ESSEX - Concluded.

	То	wns.	•		Blaine.	Cleveland.	Butler.	St. John.	Scattering.
Salem . Salisbury Saugus . Swampscott Topsfield Wenham West Newbo	:			:	2,071 515 258 242 145 99 224	1,663 273 237 129 67 59 97	374 24 49 22 16 31 85	131 47 29 27 7 9	2
Totals					20,304	15,148	5,612	1,506	4

COUNTY OF FRANKLIN.

	_		_	~						
Ashfield						102	96	-	18	-
Bernardston						116	75	1	6	-
Buckland						119	183	5	12	-
Charlemont						143	46	4	12	-
Colrain .						178	61	3	4	-
Conway.						159	95	1	14	_
Deerfield						246	203	23	32	-
Erving .			- 1			81	82	13	7	-
Gill .	:	•	•	•	•	86	54		10	-
Greenfield	•	•	•	•		443	427	21	48	_
Hawley .	•	•	•	•		72	10	1	8	_
Heath .	•	•	•	•		61	26	1 -	5	_
Leverett	•	•	•	•	•	71	32	35	16	_
Leyden .	•	•	•	•	•	53	40	ı	6	_
Monroe	•	•	•	•	•	20	2	1 1	3	_
	•	•	•	•	•	315	268	95	32	
Montague	•		•	•	•	123	19	3	9	_
New Salem	•		•	•	•	148	166	14	11	-
Northfield	•	•	•	•	٠			17		_
Orange .	•	•	•	•	•	486	328		39 5	_
Rowe .	•		•		•	69	19	1		-
Shelburne				•	•	259	87	6 5	17	-
Shutesbury				•		49	18	5	9	i -
Sunderland					•	107	45	-	12	-
Warwick						65	67	2 3	-	-
Wendell						40	31		3	-
Whately						65	91	40	7	-
7										
Totals						3,676	2,577	294	345	-
							!	t		1

COUNTY OF HAMPDEN.

T	s.		Blaine.	Cleveland.	Butler.	St. John.	Scattering.	
Agawam Blandford Brimfield Chester Chicopee Granville Hampden Holland Hollyoke Longmeadow Ludlow Monson Montgomery Palmer Russell Southwick Springfield Tolland Watles Westfield West Springl Wilbraham				113 104 96 155 567 121 96 337 125 122 357 43 335 43 100 2,967 83 644 265 164	200 88 80 107 695 120 71 1,277 114 55 229 20 309 57 93 2,592 27 47 800 186 59	7	21 3 12 10 58 1 3 - 69 9 15 22 2 2 53 4 1 170 - 54 35 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 18	

COUNTY OF HAMPSHIRE.

						1			I
Amherst .					374	224	23	83	-
Belchertown					178	133	29	34	-
Chesterfield .					107	41	3 2 9	2	-
Cummington			•		114	51	2	9	-
Easthampton					325	292	9	25	-
Enfield					107	76	-	7	-
Goshen		•	•	•	57	6	1 -	-	-
Granby				•	73	53	1 3	13	-
Greenwich .	•	•		•	53	41	3	5	-
Hadley		•		•	171	103	12	15	-
Hatfield		•			120	110	6	3	-
Huntington .				•	113	59	28	2	-
Middlefield .			•	•	67	12	67	-	-
Northampton				•	889	747	100	66	-
Pelham				•	42	32	5	15	-
Plainfield .				•	86	6	-	-	-
					Į.	I	1	1	I

COUNTY OF HAMPSHIRE - Concluded.

	Co	UNTY	OF	Нам	PSHIRE	— Concli	ıded.		
ŗ	Fowns	3.			Blaine.	Cleveland.	Butler.	St. John.	Scattering.
Prescott South Hadley Southampton Ware Westhamptor Williamsburg Worthington Totals		:	:	:	47 247 135 387 68 153 100 4,013	207 36 278 12 149 47 2,730	2 1 13 35 5	30 5 9 9 9 5 346	-
		C	Coun	тү с	F MIDD	LESEX.			
Acton Arlington Arlington Ashby Ashland Ayer Bedford Belmont Billerica Boxborough Burlington Cambridge Carlisle Chelmsford Concord Dracut Dunstable Everett Framingham Groton Holliston Hopkinton Hudson Lexington Lincoln Littleton Lincell Marlborough Maynard Medford Medrose					212 410 131 220 212 106 169 279 31 36 3,430 86 5296 333 156 529 486 529 278 307 264 83 125 4,785 1,350 1,350 657 757	166 371 59 126 184 49 177 54 40 0 54 4,040 258 78 258 107 550 118 220 220 220 220 235 165 165 165 17 165 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	21 41 53 53 12 24 18 1 12 664 21 664 21 664 21 73 85 214 10 - 43 189 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43	8 21 10 7 14 9 9 15 5 3 3 22 15 18 1 1 1 42 157 6 6 8 3 142 105 6 6 9 3 3 43	

County of Middlesex - Concluded.

	То	wns				Blaine.	Cleveland.	Butler.	St. John.	Scattering.
Newton North Readi	nø		•			1,594 99	1,158 49	124 6	135	_
Pepperell	45	•	•	•		249	145	16	15	_
Reading	:	·	Ċ	·		380	194	57	47	_
Sherborn	:	·	·			105	62	5	111	_
Shirley .						164	44	13	4	-
Somerville						2,106	1,525	251	120	_
Stoneham						556	244	305	56	-
Stow .						102	71	1	2	_
Sudbury						129	81	3	2	-
Tewkseury						160	54	17	9	-
Townsend	•					210	98	13	13	-
Γ yngsborou	gh	•		•		79	39		-	-
Wakefield				•		579	389	192	38	-
Waltham	•	•		•	•	1,217	1,087	179	48	-
Watertown	•	•	•		•	446	413	136	42	-
Wayland	•	•	•	•	•	151	58	101	6	-
Westford	•	•	•	•	•	233	144	3	12	-
Weston	•	•	•	•	•	156	76	2	9	-
Wilmington	•	•	٠	•	•	85	24	37	6	-
Winchester	•	•	•	•	•	835	336	53	26	-
Woburn	•	٠	•	•	•	795	1,060	265	50	-
Totals						27,654	22,206	5,339	1,818	_

COUNTY OF NORFOLK.

					1	l	i	1
Bellingham				103	65	9	7	-
Braintree				322	352	104	16	-
Brookline				613	670	51	36	-
Canton .				295	377	9	13	-
Cohasset				237	138	2	17	_
Dedham				502	472	188	15	-
Dover .				51	41	5	6	-
Foxborough				354	145	12	20	-
Franklin				340	186	6	29	-
Holbrook				287	185	15	10	-
Hyde Park				626	474	111	56	-
Medfield			. !	137	99	5	7	_
Medway				317	222	117	35	_
Milton .				261	263	14	14	-
Needham				250	146	21	15	-
Norfolk.				56	42	1	11	-

COUNTY OF NORFOLK - Concluded.

	то	wns	•			Blaine.	Cleveland.	Butler.	St. John.	Scattering.
Norwood						221	248	53	20	_
Quincy .						917	919	115	84	_
Randolph						262	382	236	12	-
Sharon .						118	133	9	10	-
Stoughton						494	486	47	32	-
Walpole						227	208	-	10	-
Wellesley						172	193	28	25	-
Weymouth						923	760	254	113	-
Wrentham		•	•	•	•	266	115	14	12	-
Totals						8,351	7,321	1,426	625	-

COUNTY OF PLYMOUTH.

						1		1	1	l .
Abington						367	303	121	23	-
Bridgewate	r.					331	264	22	14	-
Brockton						1,714	781	631	127	-
Carver .						56	59	40	7	_
Duxbury						214	105	7	5	_
East Bridge	ewate	r		Ĭ.		269	240	25	25	_
Halifax .				•	•	75	27	ĩ	3	_
Hanover	•	•	•	•	•	190	93	41	47	_
Hanson .	•	:	•	•	•	112	63	27	10	_
Hingham	•	•	•	•	•	459	296	ii	61	_
Hull .	•	•	•	•	•	26	47	1 11	13	-
	•	•	•	•	•			1.5		-
Kingston	•	٠	•	•	•	169	124	12	14	-
Lakeville	•	•	•	•	•	102	46	3	15	-
Marion .	•	•		•	•	82	46	8	17	-
Marshfield	•			•	•	158	108	1	7	-
Mattapoiset	t.	•				188	15	-	17	-
Middleboro	ugh					554	298	58	93	-
Pembroke						129	86	24	15	-
Plymouth						750	421	107	23	-
Plympton						50	83	7	2	-
Rochester						98	14	20	7	-
Rockland						408	245	209	68	_
Scituate						209	147	42	42	_
South Abin	eton	Ť				363	235	153	34	_
South Scitu	ute	•	•	•		186	124	3	23	_
Wareham		٠	•	•		230	117	55	20	_
West Bridg	· ·		•	•	•	164	68	39	11	_
m cat Driug	se wat	C I	•	•	•	10+	0.0	99	11	
Totals						7.050	4 155	1.007	740	
1 otals	•	•	•	•	•	7,653	4,455	1,667	743	-
							1	ł		

COUNTY OF SUFFOLK.

	То	wns.				Blaine.	Cleveland.	Butler.	St. John.	Scattering.
Boston . Chelsea . Revere . Winthrop	:	:	:	:	:	20,827 2,110 235 111	32,572 1,677 236 136	3,718 151 10 1	1,251 120 23 4	=
Totals			•			23,283	34,621	3,880	1,398	-

COUNTY OF WORCESTER.

					1	1		1	
Ashburnham					218	96	7	14	2
Athol	:	:	·	:	439	328	109	24	
Auburn					95	44	7	ii	-
Barre	·	·			250	109	6	11	
Berlin	•	•	•		147	20	12	7	
Blackstone .	•	•	•	:	273	456	19	9	-
Bolton	•	:	•	•	107	27	1 9	13	1 -
Boylston	•	:	•	•	93	30	ľí	11	
Brookfield .	•	•	•	•	312	229	34	23	1 -
Charlton .	•	•	•	•	237	109	4	15	i -
Clinton	•	•	•	•	630	683	42	16	~
Dana	•	•	•	•	58	49	3	7	_
Th. 1	•	•	•	•	173	222	5	18	-
Douglas . Dudley	•	•	•	•	134	131	60	5	-
Fitchburg .	•	•	•	•		959	85		! -
Gardner .	•	•	•	•	1,507 569	563		76	-
	•	•	•	•			46	21	-
Grafton .	•	•	•	•	392	134	52	17	-
Hardwick .	•	•	•	•	195	134	7	3	-
Harvard .	٠,	•	•	•	118	98	9	8	-
Holden	•	•	•	•	217	70	29	8	-
Hubbardston	•	•	•	•	145	92	11	14	-
Lancaster .		•	•	•	221	64	18	3	-
Leicester .	•		•		290	165	34	15	
Leominster .					780	265	37	3	!
Lunenburg .					121	36	23	. 15	-
Mendon					115	65	6	12	-
Milford					780	728	204	33	-
Millbury .					366	194	31	8	-
New Braintree					48	48	-	3	-
Northborough					169	114	8	7	_
Northbridge .					340	124	43	45	-
North Brookfiel	d.				324	240	131	27	-
Oakham .					72	36	/=	12	-
Oxford					186	171	20	42	
		-	-	-					

County of Worcester - Concluded.

	Γow	ns.		Blaine.	Cleveland.	Butler.	St. John.	Scattering.
Paxton . Petersham Phillipston Princeton Royalston Rutland Shrewsbury . Southborough Southbridge . Spencer Sterling . Sturbridge . Sturbridge . Sturbridge . Uxbridge . Wester . Wester . Wester . West Boylsto West Brookfi Westminster Winchendon . Worcester	n eld			82 132 93 176 93 182 180 413 542 196 183 211 203 317 293 324 4495 231 136 221 475	28 63 27 26 43 52 71 140 439 261 48 137 110 185 265 269 222 288 110 176 70	1 4 3 5 7 6 15 3 191 191 2 2 2 15 87 80 183 183 184 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185	57 	
Totals .				5,954 21,661	2,525 12,712	3,495	287 1,286	2

Aggregate of Votes for Presidential Electors-at-large for 1884.

	BLAINE	INE.	CLEVELAND	LAND.	BUTLER.	ER.	Sr. John	oun.	
COUNTIES.	Mark Hopkins.	Thomas Talbot.	Јопаз Н. French.	Reuben Noble.	Јорп Г. Вакет.	Albion C. Drinkwater.	Robert C. Pitman.	Alonzo A. Miner.	All others.
Barnstable	3.144	3.144	937	937	385	383	162	162	1
Berkshire	5,901	5,901	5,519	6,519	117	117	328	328	ı
ristol	12,291	12,290	6,475	6,475	686	686	121	721	,
Dukes	568	568	202	201	9	9	33	3	1
Essex.	20,304	20,305	15,148	15,151	5,612	2,600	1,506	1,481	1
ranklin	3.676	3,676	2,577	2,575	201	295	345	345	1
Hampden	7.897	7,894	7,245	7,244	850	830	565	562	1
Hampshire	4.013	4,013	2,730	2,739	344	251	346	372	1
Middlesex	27,654	27,648	22,206	22,206	6,339	5,339	1,818	1,816	'
antucket	328	328	203	204	2	¢1	17	17	1
orfolk	8.351	8,352	7,321	7,322	1,426	1,426	625	624	1
Divisionth	7,653	7,653	4,455	4,455	1,667	1,666	743	743	•
offolk	93, 983	23,277	34,621	34,590	3,880	3,877	1,398	1,367	1
Worcester	21,661	21,662	12,712	12,698	3,495	3,405	1,286	1,286	61
200	140 704	110 711	100 959	100 908	603.10	570 10	0 003	0 887	6
Totals	1±0,12±	140,111	Lociosa 1	100,000	1 1 1	24,44	0,00	00,6	1

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR.

(BY COUNTIES.)

COUNTY OF BARNSTABLE.

Т	OWN	s.			Robinson.	Prince.	Lothrop.	Sumner.	All others.
Barnstable,					240	146	-	6	1
Bourne, .			•		96	23	_	-	-
Brewster,					39	10	-	-	-
Chatham,					140	59	7	-	-
Dennie, .		•			149	19	_	-	-
Eastham,					29	8	i -	-	i -
Falmouth,					180	34	7	2	-
Harwich,					171	60	11	_	-
Mashpee,					52	-	-	_	-
Orleans, .					90	17	-	-	-
Provincetown	١,				188	75	-	20	-
Sandwich,					169	119	5	-	-
Truro, .			•		51	9	-	4	-
Wellfleet,	•	•	•		101	42		-	-
Yarmouth,	•	•	•	•	206	22	-	-	-
Totals,	•			•	1,901	643	30	32	1
			C	oun'	ту ог В	ERKSHIR	E.		
Adams, .					366	239	11	_	_
Alford, .			:	:	17	46	5	_	_
Becket, .			·	:	54	55	5	_	-
Cheshire,					89	74	3	_	-
Clarksburg,					33	7	_	1	1
Dalton, .					132	107	14		_
					97	74	11	-	_
Florida.	:				30	5	_	_ :	_
Great Barrin	gto	o			300	318	32	1	_
Hancock,		<i>.</i>			58	16	1		-
Hinsdale,					79	110	13	_	_
Lanesboroug	b.				97	58		_	_
Lee, .					319	242	7	-	-
Lenox, .					82	103	_	-	_
Monterey,					60	50	-	-	-
					1		1		

COUNTY OF BERKSHIRE - Concluded.

Towns.			Robinson.	Prince.	Lothrop.	Sumner.	All others.
Mt. Washington, New Ashford, New Marlborough, North Adams, Otie, Peru, Pittsfield, Richmond, Sandisfield, Savoy, Sheffield, Stockbridge, Tyringham, Washington, West Stockbridge, Williamstown, Windsor,			21 10 92 718 76 54 904 60 55 67 162 165 40 18 91 241 86	4 19 127 387 57 19 1,165 49 76 45 131 152 53 19 124 152 26	1 13 23 4 29 6 -1 11 5	1111	1
Totals,	•	•	4,643	4,109	194	15	4
Acushnet, Attleborough, Berkley, Dartmouth, Dighton, Easton, Fairhaven, Fail River, Freetown, Mansfield,			51 415 102 185 174 154 183 2,251 81 157	14 183 10 21 40 128 78 2,216 19 60	4 17 5 7 6 4 11 4 3 21	- - - - - - - 5 1	
New Bedford, Norton, Raynham, Rehoboth, Seekonk, Somerset, Swanzey, Taunton, Westport, Totals,	•		1,784 97 140 107 46 161 86 1,539 175 7,888	872 29 52 22 19 86 21 1,075 19 4,964	135 13 5 5 6 174 23 443	20	3

COUNTIES OF DUKES AND NANTUCKET.

	JOUR	TIE	s or	DUKES	AND NA	NTUCKE	r.	
Town	s.			Robinson.	Prince.	Lothrop.	Sumner.	All others.
Chilmark, Cottage City, Edgartown, Gay Head, Gosnold,	:	:	:	41 57 72 17	21 33 29 -	3 16 3 -	-	-
Tisbury, . Totals, .				108	126	49		
Nantucket, .				260	182	-	-	-
			Cor	UNTY OF	Essex.			
Amesbury, Andover, Beverly, Boxford, Bradford, Danvers, Essex, Georgetown, Gloucester, Groveland, H milton, Haverhill, Ipswich, Lawrence, Lynn, Lynn, Lynn, Marbiehead, Merrimac, Methuen, Middleton, Nahant, Newbury, Newbury, North Andover, North Andover, Peabody,				236 360 622 63 184 419 114 235 961 122 77 1,194 355 1,834 105 502 278 69 35 85 797 205 537	154 136 349 16 131 162 71 176 756 60 899 219 2,099 2,411 137 706 122 154 47 47 47 47 47 47 485	2 57 1 1 28 4 - - 51 91 103 90 - 43 110 17 6 - - - 1 2 8	- 1 1 133 7 7 7 15 1 8 8 10 390 1 1 60 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

County of Essex - Concluded.

Town	s.		Robinson.	Prince.	Lothrop.	Sumner.	All others.
Salisbury, .			349	160	_	1	
Saugus,			216	194	32	6	-
Swampscott			183	62	14	8	-
Topsfield, . Wenham, .			77	32	2	-	_
Wenham, .			61	40	2	_	-
West Newbury,	٠	٠	101	63	-	-	-
Totals, .			15,678	12,546	629	742	25

COUNTY OF FRANKLIN.

		96 98 69 87 158 149 158 64 51 337 54 51 337	28 46 94 21 46 74 126 71 24 283 5 18 27 23	9 12 9 -6 17 4 -31 5	- - 1 14 6 - 5 - 1 3	-
		69 87 158 149 158 64 51 337 54 51 47	94 21 46 74 126 71 283 5 18	9 -6 17 4 -31 5	14 6 - 5 - 1	-
		87 158 149 158 64 51 337 54 51 47	21 46 74 126 71 24 283 5 18 27	9 -6 17 4 -31 5	14 6 - 5 - 1	-
		158 149 158 64 51 337 54 51 47	46 74 126 71 24 283 5 18 27	6 17 4 - 31 5	14 6 - 5 - 1	-
	•	149 158 64 51 337 54 51 47	46 74 126 71 24 283 5 18 27	17 4 - 31 5	14 6 - 5 - 1	-
	•	158 64 51 337 54 51 47	126 71 24 283 5 18 27	17 4 - 31 5	6 - 5 - 1	-
	•	158 64 51 337 54 51 47	126 71 24 283 5 18 27	17 4 - 31 5	6 - 5 - 1	-
		64 51 337 54 51 47	71 24 283 5 18 27	31 5	6 - 5 - 1	-
	:	51 337 54 51 47	24 283 5 18 27	31 5	5 1	-
:	:	337 54 51 47	283 5 18 27	5	- 1	-
	:	54 51 47	5 18 27	5	- 1	-
	:	51 47	18 27	- 1		=
·	•	47	27	5		
	-					
					_	_
•		18	20		_ 1	-
•	•	184	208	16	16	1
•	•	74	8	2	10	1
•	•	115	106	5		-
•		357	199	22	4	-
	•	47	7	4	*	-
•		184	39	15		-
•	•			19	2	-
•	•	36	10	- 1	1	-
	•	111	30	4	- 1	-
	•			1	2	_
	•			_	-	-
	•	40	75	2	-	-
		2,711	1,637	169	55	1
	:			33 18 40 75	33 18 - 2	33 18 40 75 2 -

COUNTY OF HAMPDEN.

Tor	vns.		Robinson.	Prince.	Lothrop.	Sumner.	All others.
Λgawam, .			68	86	6	_	_
Blandford, .			108	83	-	_	_
Brimfield, .			67	33	5	_	_
Chester, .			117	73	-	- 1	_
Chicopee, .			603	395	29	- 1	_
Granville, .			61	.72		-	~
Hampden, .			56	49	- 1	-	_
Holland, .			27	10	- !	- 1	· -
Holyoke, .			999	1,151	1	4	_
Longmeadow,			55	17	-	~	-
Ludiow, .			87	13	7	-	-
Monson, .			238	141	1	- 1	_
Montgomery			30	9	-	-	
Palmer,			222	192	41	-	-
Russell,			45	63	-	-	_
Southwick, .			76	70	1	- 1	2
Springfield, .			2,465	1,575	80	13	2 4
Tolland, .			26	36	-	- !	_
Wales,			66	34	-	-	_
Westfield, .			513	527	32	2	13
West Springfie	·ld.		204	72	- i	- 1	_
Wilbraham, .	٠.		125	33	18	-	-
Totals, .			6,258	4,734	221	19	19

COUNTY OF HAMPSHIRE.

		1 1		l t	1	
Amherst, .		278	101	1	-	1
Belchertown,		169	90	-	- [-
Chesterfield, .		79	23	-	-	-
Cummington,		113	15	1	-	_
Easthampton,		293	147	8	-	_
Enfield,		132	56	2	- 1	_
Goshen, .		73	6	-	-	_
Granby, .		74	16	-	- 1	_
Greenwich, .		52	26	-	-	-
Hadley,		117	47	1	- 1	1
Hatfield, .		87	80	6	-	-
Huntington, .		78	56	-	- !	1
Middlefield, .		40	7	-	- 1	-
Northampton,		650	511	16	- 1	2
Pelham, .		45	14	-	- 1	••
Plainfield, .		83	6	-	-	-
		1				

COUNTY OF HAMPSHIRE - Concluded.

Town	ıs.	 	Robinson.	Prince.	Lothrop.	Sumner.	All others.
Prescott, .			29	8	_	_	_
South Hadley,			250	134	11	-	_
Southampton,			90	21	-	_	-
Ware,			276	234	-	1	-
Westhampton,			56	5	7	-	-
Williamsburg,			140	123	25	-	-
Worthington,	٠		69	20	-	-	-
Totals, .			3,273	1,751	78	1	5

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

Acton, . Arlington, Ashlby, . Ashland, Ayer, Bedford, Belmont, Billerica, Boxborough, Burlington, Cambridge, Carlisle,					178 401 100 214 139 73 153 195 31 26 2,783	107 234 47 127 129 32 80 63 31 34 2,747 23	3 8 14 - 2 5 - 1 105	- - - - - - - 2 12	- - - - - - - 20
							14	-	_
Bedford,					73	32	_	_	_
Belmont,					153		2	_	-
					195	63	5	-	-
Box borough,							-	-	_
Burlington,									-
Cambridge,						2,747	105	12	20
	٠						-	-	-
Chelmstord,					242	79	-	-	_
Concord,	٠				217	110	-	-	-
Dracut, .					94	83	-	-	-
Dunstable,					39	50	-	-	-
Everett, .	٠				395	126	8	-	1
Framingham	,				539	434	10	-	-
Groton, .	٠				132	48	-	-	-
Holliston,	٠				256	239	32	-	2
Hopkinton,	٠		•		218	293	2	-	-
Hudson,	٠			•	240	186	41	74	_
Lexington,	٠	•			228	73	_	-	_
Lincoln,.	٠	•	•		56	21	9	-	-
Littleton,	٠		•		94	36	-	-	-
Lowell, .		•			3,918	3,876	56	2	2
Malden, .	٠	•		:	1,198	584	14	7	-
Mariborough	١,	•	•		494	594	-	155	-
Maynard,	٠	•			157	110	-	-	-
Medford,	٠	•			515	301	12	3	-
Melrose,	٠				588	250	23	3	-
					I	1	1	l	

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX - Concluded.

Т	own	ıs.			Robinson.	Prince.	Lothrop.	Sumner.	All others.
Natick, .					581	671	50	46	_
Newton,					1,345	489	5	8	1
North Readi	og,				63	20	4	_	-
Pepperell,					234	110	14	_	~
Reading.					276	90	38	31	_
Sherborn,					79	38	7	_	_
Shirley, .					92	43	4	_	_
Somerville,					1,573	824	1	3	3
Stoneham,				·	420	349	33	89	_
Stow, .				÷	71	30	-	_	3
Sudbury,	-		:	:	93	49	_	_	_
Tewksbury,	:				99	32	4	_	_
Townsend,	•	•	•		138	70		2	_
Tyngsboroug	rh	•	:	•	45	23			_
Wakefield.	,,,	•	•	:	493	363	15	68	_
Waltham,	•	•	•	•	1,085	623	22	1	1
Watertown,	•	•	•	•	368	338	16	1	i
Wayland,	•	•	•	•	144	48	10	52	-
	•	•		•	175	133		92	-
Westford,	•	•	•	•	115	155	3	-	1
Weston,	•	•			47	10		2	
Wilmington,	•	•	•	•			- 10		1
Winchester,	•	•	•		300 681	198 875	10	7	1
Woburn,	•	•	•	•	681	819	19	1	
Totals,		•	٠		22,487	16,588	590	567	33
			(Coun	TY OF	Norfolk			
Bellingham,					46	17	5	_	_
Braintree,		·			296	250	8	2	_
Brookline,					612	301	13	_	1
Canton, .					280	317	10	_	_
		·			177	59	5	_ :	-
					405	291	6	59	_
Cohasset,			•	•	30	13	š	_	_
Cohasset, Dedham,	•								_
Cohasset, Dedham, Dover,					248	60	28		
Cohasset, Dedham, Dover, Foxhorough,		:	:		248			_	_
Cohasset, Dedham, Dover, Foxhorough, Franklin,		:	•	:	248 174	73	20		-
Cohasset, Dedham, Dover, Foxhorough, Franklin, Holbrook,	:	:	•	:	248 174 258	73 149	20 9	3	-
Cohasset, Dedham, Dover, . Foxborough, Franklin, Holbrook, Hyde Park,		:	:	•	248 174 258 516	73 149 270	20 9 21	3 23	$\frac{-}{2}$
Cohasset, Dedham, Dover, Foxhorough, Franklin, Holbrook, Hyde Park, Medfield,	:	:	:	:	248 174 258 516 134	73 149 270 54	20 9 21 3	3	-
Cohasset, Dedham, Dover, Foxhorough, Franklin, Franklin, Medfield, Medfield,	:		:	•	248 174 258 516 134 146	73 149 270 54 131	20 9 21 3 37	3 23	$\frac{-}{2}$
Cohasset, Dedham, Dover, Foxhorough, Franklin, Holbrook, Hyde Park, Medfield,	:		•	•	248 174 258 516 134	73 149 270 54	20 9 21 3	3 23	- 2

County of Norfolk - Concluded.

Town	īs.			Robinson.	Prince.	Lothrop.	Sumner.	All others.
Norfolk, .				30	12	6	-	_
Norwood, .				225	199	34	4	- - 1
Quincy,	•	•		763	608	21	17	2
Randolph, .	•	•		211	401	7	120	-
Sharon,				97	94	11	2	
Stoughton, .			•	418	414	21	2	1
Walpole, .	•		•	122	108	17	- :	-
Wellesley, .				129	131	13	5	-
Weymouth, .				640	559	47	33	-
Wrentham, .	٠		•	132	48	5	-	-
Totals, .				6,558	4,776	355	296	6
Abington, . Bridgewater,				243 241	264 202	21 8	48	-
Brockton, .	•	•	•	1,525	1,054	76	22	1
Carver,	•	•	:	28	43 -	5	1	_
Duxbury, .	· ·	•		154	83	_	_ i	_
East Bridgewate	r.	•	Ċ	231	167	26	_	_
Halifax,	٠,			38	15	9	_	_
Hanover, .				125	65	12	5	_
Hanson,				57	28	5	_	_
Hingham, .				328	133	37	-	1
Hull,				14	25	3	-	-
Kingston, .				175	117	_	-	-
Lakeville, .				75	40	2	-	-
Marion				44	22	14	-	-
Marion, . Marshfield, .	:	:		44 93	22 40	14 1	-	_
Marion, Marshfield, . Mattapoisett,	:	:	:	44 93 100	22 40 8	14 1 29	-	-
Marion, . Marshfield, . Mattapoisett, Middleborough,	:	:	-	44 93 100 312	22 40 8 141	14 1 29 71	- - 8	-
Marion,	:	:		44 93 100 312 77	22 40 8 141 40	14 1 29 71 11	-	- - -
Marion,	:	:		44 93 100 312 77 556	22 40 8 141 40 252	14 1 29 71 11	- - 8 - 37	-
Marion, Marshfield, Mattapoisett, Middleborough, Pembroke, Plymouth, Plympton,		:		44 93 100 312 77 556 32	$22 \\ 40 \\ 8 \\ 141 \\ 40 \\ 252 \\ 48$	14 1 29 71 11 -	-	-
Marion, Marshfield, Mattapoisett, Middleborough, Pembroke, Plymouth, Plympton, Rochester,				44 93 100 312 77 556 32 40	$22 \\ 40 \\ 8 \\ 141 \\ 40 \\ 252 \\ 48 \\ 10$	14 1 29 71 11 - 2 3	37 	
Marion, Marshfield, Mattapoisett, Middleborough, Pembroke, Plymouth, Plympton, Rochester, Rockland,			•	44 93 100 312 77 556 32 40 319	22 40 8 141 40 252 48 10 298	14 1 29 71 11 - 2 3 30	37 - - 63	
Marion, Marshfield, Mattapoisett, Middleborough, Pembroke, Plymouth, Plympton, Rochester, Rockland, Scituate,				44 93 100 312 77 556 32 40 319 151	22 40 8 141 40 252 48 10 298 143	14 1 29 71 11 - 2 3 30 30	37 - 63 8	
Marion, Marshfield, Mattapoisett, Middleborough, Pembroke, Plymouth, Plympton, Rochester, Rockland, Scituate, South Abington,			•	44 93 100 312 77 556 32 40 319 151 302	22 40 8 141 40 252 48 10 298 143 197	14 1 29 71 11 - 2 3 30 30 23	37 - - 63	- - - - - - 2 2
Marion, Marshfield, Mattapoisett, Middleborough, Pembroke, Plymouth, Plympton, Rochester, Rockland, Scituate, South Abington, South S. ituate,				44 93 100 312 77 556 32 40 319 151 302 114	22 40 8 141 40 252 48 10 298 143 197 81	14 1 29 71 11 - 2 3 30 30 23 7	37 - 63 8	2
Marion, Marshfield, Mattapoisett, Middleborough, Pembroke, Plymouth, Plymouth, Rochester, Rockland, Scituate, South Abington, South S :tuate, W archam,	:			44 93 100 312 77 556 32 40 319 151 302 114 97	22 40 8 141 40 252 48 10 298 143 197 81	14 1 29 71 11 - 2 3 30 30 23 7	37 - 63 8	2
Marion, Marshfield, Mattapoisett, Middleborough, Pembroke, Plymouth, Plympton, Rochester, Rockland, Scituate, South Abington,	:			44 93 100 312 77 556 32 40 319 151 302 114	22 40 8 141 40 252 48 10 298 143 197 81	14 1 29 71 11 - 2 3 30 30 23 7	37 - 63 8	2

COUNTY OF SUFFOLK.

Т	'own	vs.			Robinson.	Prince.	Lothrop.	Sumner.	All others.
Boston, .					18,270	23,003	296	94	20
Chelsea,					1,593	995	68	-	6
Revere, .					173	141	22	-	-
Winthrop,	•	٠	٠	•	91	56	2	-	
Totals,				•	20,127	24,195	388	94	26

COUNTY OF WORCESTER.

					!			
Ashburnham,				149	67	15	-	_
Athol				343	200	_ '	9	-
Auburn, .				52	14	13	_	-
Barre,				175	66	7	_	-
Berlin,				79	8	13	2	-
Blackstone, .				142	394	2	-	_
Bolton,				65	13	12	3	_
Boylston, .				57	21	11	_	i -
Brookfield				177	180	24	1	-
Charlton, .				131	64	7	_	_
Clinton,	Ċ			405	533	76	_	_
Dana,	Ċ	·	·	37	19	_	_	_
Douglas, .	Ĭ.		·	105	119	6	_	_
Dudley, .	•	•		76	107	2	27	-
Fitchburg,	٠		:	1,182	738	6	2	1
Gardner, .	٠	•	Ċ	323	234	72	_	$\hat{2}$
Grafton, .	٠	:	:	330	132	12	۱ _	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{array}$
Hardwick,	•	:	•	116	66	1-	i _	1 -
Harvard, .	•	•	Ċ	83	60	7	_	l _
Holden,	•	•	:	130	70	2	_	_
Hubbardston,	•	•	•	87	45	22		_
Lancaster, .	:	•	•	123	48	9	1	1
	•	•	•	196	123	3	2	1 -
Leicester, .	•		•	490	134	15	"	_
Leominster, .	٠		•	80	134	10	9	_
Lunenburg, .	٠	•	•	83	48	6	-	_
Mendon, .	•		٠			31	1	_
Milford,	٠		•	641	706		4	-
Millbury, .			•	228	158	4	4	-
New Braintree,			•	40	9	_	-	1 1
Northborough,				128	38	6	-	1
Northbridge,				221	117	52	-	_
North Brookfi le	1,			216	142	22	48	-
Oakham, .				49	16	5	-	-
Oxford,				168	119	35	-	-
				-	1	1		1

County of Worcester - Concluded.

Town	ş.		Robinson.	Prince.	Lothrop.	Sumner.	All others.
Paxton,			54	20	4	_	_
Petersham, .			94	36	-	- 1	-
Phillipston, .			49	10	-	-	-
Princeton, .			65	14	7 3	-	-
Royalston, .			140	54	3	2	-
Rutland, .			63	33	-	- 1	_
Shrewsbury, .			99	51	25	-	-
Southborough,			120	77	2	-	-
Southbridge,			360	297	6		-
Spencer, .			392	362	46	-	-
Sterling, .			123	30	4	-	-
Sturbridge, .			106	57	3	-	-
Sutton,			145	95	20	6	-
Γempleton, .			176	57	-	- 1	-
Upton,			130	107	22	- 1	1
Uxbridge, .			251	207	13	3	-
Warren, .			241	144	41	- 1	-
Webster, .			250	325	12	15	-
Westborough,			329	192	15	-	-
West Boylston,	٠		105	58	25	- !	-
West Brookfield,			121	121	9	- 1	
Westminster,			115	32	19	- 1	-
Winchendou,			271	75	60		-
Worcester, .	•	٠	3,899	3,175	280	7	1
Totals, .			14,596	10,451	1,123	142	

Aggregate of Votes for Governor, for 1885.

Co	UNT	ies.			Ковіпяоп	Prince.	Lothrop.	Sumner.	All other
Barnstable,					1,901	643	30	32	1
Berkshire,					4,643	4,109	194	15	4
Bristol, .					7,888	4,964	443	28	5
Dukes, .					295	126	49	-	-
Essex, .					15,678	12,546	629	742	25
Franklin,					2,711	1,637	169	55	1
Hampden,	٠	• ,	•	•	6,258	4,734	221	19	19
Hampshire,		•	•	•	3,273	1,751	78	1	5
Middlesex, Nantucket,		•	•	•	22,487 260	16,588 182	590	567	33
Norfolk,	•	•	•	:	6,558		355	296	6
Plymouth,	•	•	•	•	5,568	3,644	445	236	5
Suffolk, .	:	•	•	:	20,127		388	94	26
Worcester,	:	:	:	:	14,596		1,123	142	8
Totals,					112,243	90,346	4,714	2,227	138
George D I Frederick O Thomas J. I James Sum All others	. Pi Lotl ner	rince hrop	of E of T	osto aunt	n .			• •	112,243 90,346 4,714 2,227
			Fo	r L	ieuten	ant-Go	verno	r.	
Oliver Ame	s of	East	on						112,641
Henry H. G	ilm	ore o	f Co	mbr	idge .				91,008
Charles B. I								•	4,707
								•	1,551
William Mu		y 01 .	воы	011,				•	
All others .		•	•	•				•	. 39
F	or	Sec	ret	ary	of th	e Con	nmonw	ealth.	
Henry B. P	eirc	e of .	Abin	gton					. 113,520
Jeremiah C				_					90,324
George Ker									4,619
Hiram W.							•	•	1,518
			an C	1 11/1	WIGHE	• •		•	•
All others	•			•				•	. 44

Vite for State Officers — 1885.

For Treasurer an	ıd :	Rec	eive	er-G	ene	ral.	
Alanson W. Beard of Boston .							110,438
Henry M Cross of Newbury port							93,188
Claudius B. Travis of Natick .							4,576
Walter Harmon of Boston .							1,158
All others							61
For Audito	ro	of A	cco	unt	s.		
Charles R Ladd of Springfield							113,075
James E. Delaney of Holyoke							90,323
William W. Sherman of Lowell							4,685
Arad H. Wood of Lunenburg							1,615
All others							158
For Attor	ne	y-G	ene	ral.			
Edgar J. Sherman of Lawrence							112,814
Henry K. Braley of Fall River							90,689
Samuel M. Fairfield of Malden							4,591
Asa F. Hall of Hudson							1,578
All others							152
For Execut				illo	rs.		
Disti	RICT	No.	1.	illo			10.490
Distri Jonathan Bourne of New Bedford	RICT	No.	1.				,
Distriction Distri	RICT	. Xo.	1.				7,873
Distri Jonathan Bourne of New Bedfor Philander Cobb of Kingston . Edward L. Hyde of Middleborou	RICT d.	. No.	1.	•			7,873 720
Distri Jonathan Bourne of New Bedfor Philander Cobb of Kingston . Edward L. Hyde of Middleborou	RICT d.	. No.	1.	•			7,873 720 104
Disti Jonathan Bourne of New Bedfor Philander Cobb of Kingston . Edward L. Hyde of Middleborou Weston Howland of Fairhaven Michael C. Maroney of Warcham	RICT d.	. No.	1.	•		•	7,873 720 104 132
Distri Jonathan Bourne of New Bedfor Philander Cobb of Kingston . Edward L. Hyde of Middleborou	RICT d.	. No.	1.	•		•	7,873 720 104
Distri Jonathan Bourne of New Bedfor Philander Cobb of Kingston . Edward L. Hyde of Middleborou Weston Howland of Fairhaven Michael C. Maroney of Warcham All others	RICT d. gh	No.	1.	•		•	7,873 720 104 132 7
Distriction Distri	RICT d. gh	No.	1.	•		•	 7,873 720 104 132 7
Distriction Distriction of New Bedford Philander Cobb of Kingston . Edward L. Hyde of Middleborou Weston Howland of Fairhaven Michael C. Maroney of Warcham All others Distriction Distriction of Warren E. Locke of Norwood William Aspinwall of Brookline	gh	No.	1.	•		•	 7,873 720 104 132 7 15,594 11,727
Distriction Distriction of New Bedford Philander Cobb of Kingston . Edward L. Hyde of Middleborou Weston Howland of Fairhaven Michael C. Maroney of Warcham All others Distriction Distriction of Warren E. Locke of Norwood William Aspinwall of Brookline	gh	No.	1.	•			 7,873 720 104 132 7 15,594 11,727 724
Distriction of Distriction of Distriction of New Bedford Philander Cobb of Kingston . Edward L. Hyde of Middleborou Weston Howland of Fairhaven Michael C. Maroney of Warcham All others	RICT	No.	1. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•			 7,873 720 104 132 7 15,594 11,727 724 100
Distriction Distriction of New Bedford Philander Cobb of Kingston . Edward L. Hyde of Middleborou Weston Howland of Fairhaven Michael C. Maroney of Warcham All others Distriction Distriction of Warren E. Locke of Norwood William Aspinwall of Brookline	RICT	No.	1. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•		•	 7,873 720 104 132 7 15,594 11,727 724
Distriction of Distriction of Distriction of New Bedford Philander Cobb of Kingston . Edward L. Hyde of Middleborou Weston Howland of Fairhaven Michael C. Maroney of Warcham All others	RICT	No.	1. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•			 7,873 720 104 132 7 15,594 11,727 724 100
Distriction of Distriction of Distriction of New Bedford Philander Cobb of Kingston . Edward L. Hyde of Middleborou Weston Howland of Fairhaven Michael C. Maroney of Warcham All others	RICT	No.	1. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•			 7,873 720 104 132 7 15,594 11,727 724 100
Distriction of New Bedford Philander Cobb of Kingston . Edward L. Hyde of Middleborou . Weston Howland of Fairhaven Michael C. Maroney of Warcham All others Distriction of Warcham and the state of Norwood William Aspinwall of Brookline Joshua B. Hanners of Walpole Henry Gardner of Braintree . All others Distriction of Distriction of Somervil Joseph Cogan of Cambridge .	RICT	No.	1. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				 7,873 720 104 132 7 15,594 11,727 724 100 5
Distriction of New Bedford Philander Cobb of Kingston . Edward L. Hyde of Middleborou . Weston Howland of Fairhaven Michael C. Maroney of Warcham All others Distriction of Warcham and the state of Norwood William Aspinwall of Brookline Joshua B. Hanners of Walpole Henry Gardner of Braintree . All others Distriction of Distriction of Somervil Joseph Cogan of Cambridge .	RICT gh RICT	No.	1.				 7,873 720 104 132 7 15,594 11,727 724 100 5
Distriction of Distriction of Distriction of New Bedford Philander Cobb of Kingston . Edward L. Hyde of Middleborou Weston Howland of Fairhaven Michael C. Maroney of Warcham All others	RICT	No.	1.				 7,873 720 104 132 7 15,594 11,727 724 100 5

DISTBI	ст	No.	4.			
Lawrence J. Logan of Boston						14,250
Charles W Whitcomb of Boston						11,906
Israel S. Trafton of Boston .						168
All others						15
Distric	e r	No.	5.			
Frank D. Allen of Lynn						13,302
						9,747
David I. Robinson of Gloucester						485
J. Peter Gardiner of Danvers.						567
All others					•	42
Distric	cr	No.	6.			
Abraham B. Coffin of Winchester			•			15,477
Nathaniel P. H. Melvin of Lawren						12,827
Amos Cummings of Woburn .						414
H. B. Foster of North Andover						199
Walter Raynor of Reading .						59
All others						50
Distri	r r	No.	7.			
Henry C. Greeley of Clinton .						14,684
Charles R. Field of Greenfield						9,956
George F. Clark of Hubbardston						1,060
All others						56
Distri	ore	No.	R			
Lewis J. Powers of Springfield .		110.	٠.			13,989
Oscar Edwards of Northampton		•	:			10,763
Eliphalet Trask of Springfield		•	•			348
Charles H. Wells of Hancock .				•	•	116
All others				•		13

REPRESENTATIVES, FORTY-NINTH CONGRESS. (BY DISTRICTS.)

Congressional District No. 1.

		 					_
Tow	'NS."		Davis.	Howland.	Stow.	Hatfield.	All others.
Acushnet, Barnstable, Bourne, Brewster, Chatham, Chilmark, Cottage City Dartmouth, Dennis, Dighton, Eastham, Edgartown, Fall River, Fallmouth, Fall River, Fallmouth, Freetown, Gay Head, Gosnold, Harwen, Lakev lle, Mashpee, Mattapoisett, Middleborough, Nantucket, New Bedford, Orleans, Provincetown, Rehoboth, Rochester, Sandwich, Seekonk, Somerset, Swanzey, Truro, Warcham, Welffeet, Westport, Yarmouth,			126 419 205 82 201 6419 225 201 67 72 349 280 231 566 189 332 3,513 338 119 24 183 263 108 57 2712 165 445 233 99 236 1173 2188 218 218 218 256 256 256	30 207 43 43 43 43 45 15 17 183 193 46 49 40 46 49 40 40 195 1,189 195 1,189 100 100 100 111 111 111 111 11		13 6 - 11 1 28 14 8 21 10 10 2 2 20 0 81 15 15 15 17 18 6 6 6 6 17 - 12 8 8 11 11 19 12 18 17 7	1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1
Totals, .			14,080	5,307	1,041	735	16

Congressional District No. 2.

Топ	NS	•			Long.	Everett.	Dean.	Buttrick.	All others.
					J.	Ev	De	Bu	A
Abington, .					383	304	114	17	١.
Attleborough,				.]	1,168	653	31	56	-
Berkley, .					161	14	4	10	-
Braintree, .					343	345	102	10	-
Bridgewater,				. 1	335	264	22	10	-
Brockton, .					1,764	719	615	102	3
Carver,				.	59	59	40	4	
Canton,					303	370	7	9	
Cohasset, .					240	137	2	16	١.
Duxbury, .	•	•			217	103	5	10	١.
Easton, .	•		•		290	222	_	19	١.
East Bridgewate	· ·	•	•	•	273	243	22	22	
Halifax, .	٠,	•	•		76	27		3	
Hanover, .	•		•	•	206	91	39	38	
Hanson, .	•	•	•	•	113	63	27	10	
Hingham, .		•	•	•		213	21		
	•	•		•	568		-	40	
Holbrook, .	•				297	184	14	8	
Hull,	٠				30	44		12	
Kingston, .	٠			•	182	118	10	9	
Mansfield, .					210	136	18	44	•
Marshfield, .					159	107	1	7	•
Norton, .					192	80	9	2	.
Pembroke,					133	86	20	15	:
Plymouth, .					794	395	106	-20	
Plympton, .					50	83	7	2	
Quincy,					951	971	90	35	
Randolph, .					265	383	232	12	
Raynham, .					188	59	3	18	
Rockland, .					429	241	205	58	
Scituate, .					215	145	42	39	
Sharon, .					125	126	10	9	١.
South Abington,					371	236	145	27	١.
South Scituate,			Ċ		194	119	3	19	
Stoughton, .		Ţ.		:	507	478	43	27	
Taunton, .	•	•	•		2.097	1,117	361	137	
West Bridgewat	·r.	•	•		169	69	36	11	
Weymouth, .	,	:	:	:	982	730	245	95	
Totals,	•	•	•			9,734	2,630	972	_

Congressional District No. 3.

congressiona	o Destree	0 2101 01			_
Towns.	Ranney.	Swasey.	Loring.	Field.	All others.
Boston, Wards 11, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, and Precincts 3 and 4 of 15,	13,230 366 13,596	9,087 161 9,248	2,396 16 2,412	386 10 396	19
Congression	ul Distri	t No. 4.			
Towns.		Collins.	O'Neil.	Sayre.	All others.
Boston, Wards 1, 2, 6, 7, 12, 13 Precincts 2, 3 and 4 of 8, and 1 a 15,	and 2 of	13,664	7,182	228	19
Congression	al Distri	ct No. 5			
Towns.	Hayden.	Paine.	Frazar.	Dexter.	All others.
Arlington, Belmont, Boston, Wards 9, 10, 25, and Precinct 1 of 8, Burlington, Cambridge, Lexington, Somerville, Waltham,	2,882 50 4,146 331 2,437 1,200	351 165 2,519 43 3,829 140 1,392 1,237	42 22 76 9 344 1 135 93	6 3 40 - 166 1 28	3

294 Representatives, Forty-Ninth Congress.

Congressional District No. 6.

		Te	OWN 8	S.			Lovering.	Lodge.	Johnson.	All others.
Boston, W	ards	3, 4	, and	5,			3,683	2,791	79	_
Chelsea,							1,709	2,285	69	1
Everett,							415	503	30	-
Lynn, .							4,530	3,359	157	5
Malden,							1,259	1,463	35	2
Medford,							621	824	7	-
Melrose,							393	644	23	i -
Nahant,							55	81	2	-
Reading,							244	417	23	-
Revere,							218	278	9	-
Saugus, .							266	293	9	-
Stoneham,							606	514	41	1
Swampscot							134	267	20	-
Wakefield,							568	614	9	-
Winchester	r.					.	309	432	16	-
Winthrop,				•			136	116	1	-
Totals,							15,146	14,881	530	9

Congressional District No. 7.

					_					_
	Т	owns	•				Stone.	Spofford.	Baker.	All others.
Amesbury, .							330	267	38	_
Beverly, .	•	•	•	•	•		683	359	574	
Boxford,	•	•	•	•	•		104	48	10	_
T 10 1	•	•	•	•	•		272	174	72	_
Bradioid, . Danvers, .	•	•	•	•	•	•	546	257	324	
		•			•	•	183	125	56	-
Essex,	•	•		•	•	•			114	-
Georgetown,	•				•	- 1	241	123		-
Gloucester, .						•	1,241	1,209	225	-
Groveland, .				-			168	173	71	-
Hamilton, .							78	70	5	-
Haverhill, .							1,800	1,059	656	-
Ipswich, .							389	262	56	-
Lynnfield, .					·		77	43	12	8

Congressional District No. 7 - Concluded.

	To)WNS	•		Stone.	Spofford.	Baker.	All others.
Manchester,					139	112	101	_
Marblehead,					522	679	479	_
Merrimac, .					228	237	15	4
Middleton, .					86	53	14	-
Newbury, .					185	91	18	-
Newburyport,					982	1,281	91	2
Peabody, .					595	626	286	-
Rockport, .					552	61	39	-
Rowley, .					152	103	6	-
Salem,					2,034	1,573	521	24
Salisbury, .					478	328	53	-
Topsfield, .					126	90	15	-
Weьham, .					81	79	32	-
West Newbury,	•	•			203	141	65	-
Totals, .					12,475	9,623	3,948	38

Congressional District No. 8.

	То	wns			Allen.	Lilley.	Eastman.	Reed.	All others.
Acton, .					219	184	1	5	_
Andover,				. 1	492	234	30	13	-
Ashby, .				. !	132	59	-	9	-
Ayer, .					205	199	- 1	6 7	. 5
Bedford,					118	42	10	7	-
Billerica,					275	70	6	5	-
Bolton, .				. 1	115	19	5	13	_
Boxborough	٠,			.	33	41	-	_	-
Carlisle,				.	90	26	-	1	-
Chelmsford				.	299	95	54	7	-
Concord.					378	230	11	7	-
Dracut, .					153	111	5	1	-
Dunstable,					51	59	-	-	
Groton,					225	117	-	9	-
Harvard,					124	96	-	6	

Congressional District No. 8 - Concluded.

Т	ow	NS.		Allen.	Lilley.	Eastman.	Reed.	All others.
Lancaster, .				221	64	18	_	_
Lawrence, .				2,426	2,274	390	85	1
Littleton, .				132	11	-	_	67
Lowell,				4,710	4,333	386	123	1
Lunenburg, .				128	32	23	11	1
Methuen, .				407	249	21	12	-
North Andove	er,			258	236	34	2	-
North Readin	g,			104	47	6	6	-
Pepperell, .	_			257	146	-	15	-
Shirley, .				164	50	11	2	-
Stow,				120	54	-	2	1
Tewksbury, .				159	64	13	6	-
Townsend, .				222	100	9	13	-
Tyngsborough	n,			81	35	-	-	-
Westford, .				238	149	-	8	-
Wilmington,				107	20	22	4	-
Totals, .				12,643	9,446	1,055	378	76

Congressional District No. 9.

Tow	'NS.		Ely.	Fales.	Lyman.	Lemon.	Stowe.	All others.
Ashland, . Bellingham, Berlin, . Blackstone, Brookline, . Clinton, . Dedham, . Dover, . Foxborough, Framingham, Franklin, .			220 101 146 273 538 592 579 51 871 526 335	94 55 13 449 160 586 211 19 132 409 85	36 17 9 21 642 149 200 28 19 223 116	36 8 12 8 8 37 166 5 78	6 5 6 4 13 9 6 2 15 21	
Holliston, . Hopkinton,	:		276 306	201 304	29 14	73 58	41 16	-

Congressional District No. 9 - Concluded.

Town	NS.		Ely.	Fales.	Lyman.	Lemon.	Stowe.	All others.
Hudson, Hyde Park, Lincoln, Marlborough, Maynard, Medfield, Medway, Mendon, Milford, Natick, Needham, Norfolk, Northborough, Norwood, Sherborn, Southborough, Sudbury, Walpole, Wayland, Welesley, Westborough, Weston, Weston, Wrentham.			296 636 86 671 1222 138 315 116 745 56 161 214 94 176 131 224 14 94 154 154 175 154 175 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 18	103 309 20 441 11 9 2222 59 766 311 66 214 23 3 74 72 137 60 121 210	66 184 - 95 109 102 25 7 52 252 252 252 26 1,094 26 117 28 41 70 9 78 8 2 87 116 82	212 106 418 31 -99 45 156 2485 126 -7 7 7 42 5 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	58 40 6 53 9 3 30 122 61 5 40 5 40 5 40 6 6 6 7 8 8 8 9 8 8 9 9 8 9 8 9 9 9 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	2
Totals,.			12,265	6,301	4,260	2,429	617	4

Congressional District No. 10.

	то	wns.			Rice.	Estabrook.	Mellen.	Earle.	All others.
Auburn, Barre, . Boylston, Brimfield, Brookfield,	:	:	:	:	95 257 93 121 326	42 102 30 60 222	6 - - 19	10 11 11 - 15	

Congressional District No. 10 - Concluded.

	То	WNS.	•			Rice.	Estabrook.	Mellen.	Earle.	All others.
Charlton, Douglas, Dudley, Frafton, Hardwick, Holden,	:	:	:	:		249 186 138 409 202 210 32	99 209 131 127 130 70 18	4 5 6 49 - 29	8 18 1 8 2	1
Leicester, Millbury, New Brain Northbridg North Broc Oakham,	e, ´		:	:	:	309 372 50 346 363 77	146 199 44 116 204 32	34 30 - 43 129	13 6 2 44 18 11	2
Oxford, Paxton, Princeton, Rutland, Shrewsbur		:			:	199 82 120 92 183	159 28 24 52 70	19 - 5 6 14	43 5 11 15 31	-
Southbridg Spencer, Sterling, Sturbridge Sutton, . Upton, .		:		:		432 566 208 196 212 207	428 233 39 124 109 109	17 192 - 2 32 59	16 53 1 11 23 9	18
Jxbridge, Wales, . Warren, Webster, West Boyl	eton				•	319 92 291 348 248	204 43 235 311 91	- 8 87 9	10 56 13 22	
West Broo Worcester, T otals,		d,.	:	:	:	6,168 13,940	2,146 6,551	1,825 2,637	28 62 588	24

Congressional District No. 11.

		_	_	_					_
Tov	vns.				Whiting.	HIII.	Oliver.	Whitney.	All others.
Amherst, . Ashfield, .	:	:	:	:	436 139 217	196 73 96	$\frac{21}{7}$	56 8 14	=
Ashburnham, Athol,	•	•	•	•	477	299	108	21	_
Belchertown,	•	•	•		203	128	100	12	_
Bernardston,	:	•	·		122	71	1	4	_
Buckland, .	:				144	158	5	12	_
Charlemont,					145	46	4	10	_
Chesterfield,					108	41	-	-	_
Colrain, .				.	180	64	3	3	1
Conway, .				.	163	92	2	12	-
Cummington,					125	43	2	3	_
Dana,					33	27	-	7	46
Deerfield, .			•		254	214	23	29	_
Easthampton,	•	•		•	348	284	7	13	-
Enfield, .	•	•	•	•	111	$\frac{72}{2}$	- 10	2 7	-
Erving,	•	•	•	•	86	77 889	12 85	70	2
Fitchburg, . Gardner, .	•	•	•		1,587 613	565	85 45	10	-
Gardner, .	•	•	•		99	49	40	3	_
Goshen,	•	•	•		57	6		-	_
Granby, .	•	:	•		101	35	1	4	_
Greenfield, .	:	i.	:	:	408	397	19	40	_
Greenwich, .					57	40	3	- 1	_
Hadley, .				.	198	93	12	1	_
Hatfield, .					130	102	6	-	Ξ
Hawley, .					74	10	1	5	_
Heath,				.	67	23	- 1	3	_
Holyoke, .				.	1,753	1,032	1	45	-
Hubbardston,		•		.	145	92	10	13	-
Huntington,	•	•			120	53	28	1	1
Leominster, .	•	•	•	•	829	221	37 35	2 16	-
Leverett, .	•	•	•	•	76 54	27 41	1	4	-
Leyden, . Middlefield, .	•	•	•	•	70	41	1	-	_
Monroe, .	•	•	•	•	20	2		3	_
Montague, .	•	:	•	:	319	241	96	26	_
New Salem, .	•	:	•		124	18	3	9	_
Northampton,	:	:	:		981	686	106	44	_
Northfield, .	:	:	:		148	166	14		11
Orange, .					519	299	18	35	_
Pelham, .					52	34	4	6	_
Petersham, .					138	62	-	2	_
Phillipston					102	18	1	- 1	2
Plainfield, .					86	5			

Congressional District No. 11 - Concluded.

Т	owns	5.		Whiting.	Hill.	Oliver.	Whitney.	All others.
Prescott, Rowe, Royalston, Shelburne, Shutesbury, South Hadley, Southampton, Sunderland, Templeton, Ware, Warwick, Wendell, Westhampton Westminster, Whately, Williamsburg, Winchendon, Worthington,	, .		 	47 73 179 266 49 289 145 119 320 409 73 43 71 1222 74 163 105	15 17 41 86 18 182 31 40 162 297 62 31 12 70 87 147 165	1 7 6 5 1 1 1 2 3 3 - 41 12 - 5	5 3 16 	1
Totals, .	•			15,325	8,693	819	701	67

Congressional District No. 12.

	To	wns.		Rockwell.	Dunham,	Cadle.	Blackmer.	All others.
Adams, . Alford, . Agawam, Becket, . Blandford, Cheshire, Chester, Chicopee, Clarksburg, Dalton, .			•	522 28 113 96 110 120 163 609 76	328 57 200 102 85 110 102 657 5	10 9 3 - 1 4 105	2 20 6 - 9 5 45	1

Congressional District No. 12-Concluded.

Florida. 62 3 Granville, 62 13 Granville, 63 127 118 1 1 1 - Great Barrington, 461 356 10 16 - Hampden, 101 68 - 2 1 - Hampden, 101 68 - 2 1 - Hancock, 82 30 - 4 - Hinsdale, 90 1777 7 6 Lauesborough, 102 92 Lee, 144 319 7 - Lenox, 182 119 7 - Lonox, 182 119 Lonox, 182 119 Lonox, 183 45 4 12 - Monson, 136 45 4 12 - Monson, 136 45 4 12 - Monson, 1370 218 4 20 - Montgomery, 68 60 Montgomery, 144 20 1 1 Montgomery, 17 24 New Marlborough, 17 24 New Marlborough, 17 24 8 North Adams, 183 466 10 - 4 4	Towns.		Rockwell.	Dunham.	Cadle.	Blackmer.	All others.
	Granville, Great Barrington, Hampden, Hancock, Hinsdale, Lauesborough, Lee, Lenox, Longmeadow, Ludlow, Monson, Monterey, Montgomery, Montgomery, Mont Washington, New Ashford, New Marlborough, North Adams, Otis, Palmer, Pern, Pittsfield, Richmond, Russell, Savoy, Sheffield, Savoy, Sheffield, Southwick, Springfield, Syringfield, Syringham, Washington, Westfield, West Springfield,		127 461 101 82 90 102 4142 150 136 370 68 44 26 17 125 93 1,215 75 45 90 66 203 1,00 3,141 218 40 52 28 672 285 147 169 274	118 356 68 30 177 92 319 93 45 5218 60 20 6 24 179 466 70 280 56 99 42 139 93 2,507 230 63 40 712 1135 58 230	10 	1 16 16 16 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	8 44

RECAPITULATION OF CONGRESSIONAL VOTES.

Distr	RICT	No.	1.					
Robert T. Davis of Fall River,								14,080
Weston Howland of Fairhaven,								5,307
T. Dwight Stow of Fall River,								1,041
Edward H. Hatfield of Cottage Ci	ty,							735
All others,	•	•					•	16
DISTR	ict :	No.	2.					
John D. Long of Hingham, .								15,039
William Everett of Quincy, .								9,734
Edgar E. Dean of Brockton, .								2,630
George M. Buttrick of Weymouth								972
All others,								9
Distr	ICT	No.	3.					
Ambrose A. Ranney of Boston,								13,596
Horatio E. Swasey of Boston, .	:	:	:	:	:	:	•	9,248
Eleazer B. Loring of Boston, .		:			•	:	:	2,412
John W. Field of Boston,		:	:	•	:	•	•	396
All others,	:	:	:			•	:	19
,								
Distr	RICT	No.	4.					
Patrick A. Collins of Boston, .								13,664
Joseph H. O'Neil of Boston, .								7,182
John W. Sayre of Boston, .								2 28
All others,	•	٠	٠	•	٠	•	٠	19
Distr	CICT	No.	5.					
Edward D. Hayden of Woburn,								13,290
Robert Treat Paine, Jr., of Walth	am,							11,018
Douglas Frazar of Somerville, .								930
D. Gilbert Dexter of Cambridge,								317
All others,			٠				•	5
Disti	RICT	No.	6.					
Henry B. Lovering of Lynn, .								15,146
Henry Cabot Lodge of Nahant,								14,881
William F. Johnson of Lynn, .								530
All others,	•							9

William Whiting of Holyoke, . . David Hill of Easthampton, . James Oliver of Athol, . . . Wilbur F. Whitney of Ashburnham, . . . 701 All others, 67

Francis W. Rockwell of Pittsfield, . 13,012 Jarvis N. Dunham of Pittsfield. . 10.856 Joseph D. Cadle of Westfield, 820 John Blackmer of Springfield, 440 All others, 60

DISTRICT No. 12.

ROSTER OF THE DISTRICT POLICE FORCE.

CHIEF OF THE DISTRICT POLICE, RUFUS R. WADE.

CENTRAL OFFICE: Commonwealth Building, 65 Bowdoin St., Boston.

NAMES.	DISTRICT ASSIGNED.	RESIDENCE.
John T. White, Josiah A. Bean, Frederick A. Rhoades, George H. Innes, James H. L. Coon, Joseph A. Moore, Samuel C. Hunt, Joseph E. Shaw, Moulton Batchelder, George C. Pratt, Edwin Thomas, George F. Seaver, Henry A. Dexter, Joseph M. Dyson, David H. Hayter, Moses H. Pease, Warren S. Buxton, Benson Munyan, James H. Chadwick,	Northern, Northern, Northern, Suffolk County, Suffolk County, Suffolk Co. (special duty), Eastern, Eastern, Eastern, South-eastern, South-eastern, Southern, Middle, Middle, Western, Western, Western, Berkshire & Frank- lin Counties,	Arlington. Natick. Malden. Boston. Watertown. Gloncester. Salem. Lynn. Lawrence. North Abington. Quincy. Taunton. Fall River. Worcester. Clinton. Lee. Springfield. Northampton. North Adams.

Clerk District Police - James P. Campbell.

Storehouse of the Chief District Police - No. 65 Bowdoin Street, Boston.

Clerk - Daniel J. F. Coughlan.

MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

[Appointed under Chapter 26 of Public Statutes.]

SUFFOLK COUNTY.

Boston, Chelsea, Revere and throp, . . . Win-francis A. Harris, Boston. George Stedman, Associate, Boston.

Essex County.

- No. 1. Gloucester and Rockport, . $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{George B. Stevens,} \\ \text{Gloucester.} \end{array} \right.$
- No. 2.—Ipswich, Rowley, Hamil- Justin G. Hayes, ton, and Essex, . . . Ipswich.
- No. 3.— Newburyport, Newbury, West Newbury, Amesbury, and Salisbury, ... George W. Snow, Newburyport.
- No. 4.— Haverhill, Bradford, and William Cogswell, Merrimac, . . . Bradford.
- No. 5.— Lawrence, Methuen, Ando- Octavius T. Howe, ver, and North Andover, Lawrence.
- No. 6.—Georgetown, Boxford, Tops-} Richmond B. Root, field, and Groveland, . } Georgetown,
- No. 7.— Beverly, Wenham, and Charles Haddock, Manchester, . . . Beverly.
- No. 8.— Peabody, Danvers, Middle- George S. Osborne, ton, and Lynnfield, Peabody.
- No. 9.—Lynn, Saugus, Nahant, and Joseph G. Pinkham, Swampscott, . . . Lynn.
- No. 10.—Salem and Marblehead, . { Charles A. Carleton, Salem.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

- No. 1 Cambridge, Belmont, and Alfred F. Holt, Arlington, Cambridge.
- No. 2.— Malden, Medford, Somer- Thomas M. Durell, ville, and Everett, . . . Somerville.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY — Continued.

- No. 3. Melrose, Stoneham, Wakefield, Wilmington, Read-Reading. ing, and North Reading,
- No. 4. Woburn, Winchester, Lex- Frederick Winsor, ington, and Burlington, . Winchester.
- No. 5. Lowell, Dracut, Tewksbury, John C. Irish, Billerica, Chelmsford, Lowell.
- No. 6. Concord, Carlisle, Bedford, Henry A. Barrett, Lincoln, Littleton, Acton, and Boxborough, Concord.
- No. 7. Newton, Watertown, Wal-) Julian A. Mead, tham, and Weston, . Watertown.
- No. 8. Framingham, Wayland, Natick, Sherborn, Hollis-Zabdiel B. Adams, ton, Hopkinton, and Ash- Framingham. land,

- No. 9. Marlborough, Hudson, Nathan S. Chamberlain, arlborougn, Maynard, Stow, and Sud-Marlborough.
- No. 10.—Ayer, Groton, Westford, Pepperell, Benjamin H. Hartwell, Shirley, Townsend, and Ashby, . .

Ayer.

Worcester County.

- No. 1 Athol, Petersham, Phillips-) James P. Lynde, ton, and Royalston, . Athol.
- No. 2. Gardner, Templeton, and Ira Russell, Winchendon, . . . \ Winchendon.
- No. 3.—Ashburnham, Leominster Lunenburg, Princeton, Ernest P. Miller, Westminster, and Fitch- Fitchburg. burg,
- No. 3. Berlin, Bolton, Clinton, George M. Morse, Harvard, Lancaster, and Clinton. Sterling, . .
- No. 5. Grafton, Northborough, Henry A. Jewett, Southborough, and West-Northborough. borough, . .

Worcester County - Continued.

- No. 6. Mendon, Milford, and Up- } John M. Eaton, ton, Milford.
- No. 7.—Blackstone, Douglas, North- Rowse R. Clarke, bridge, and Uxbridge, . \ Northbridge.
- No. 8.— Charlton, Dudley, Oxford, Southbridge, Sturbridge, and Webster, Frederick D. Brown, Webster.
- No. 9.—Brookfield, North Brookfield, Spencer, Warren, and West Brookfield, . Brookfield.
- No. 10. Barre, Dana, Hubbardston, Hardwick, New Braintree, Oakham, and Rutland.

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY.

- No. 1 Chesterfield, Cummington, Goshen, Hatfield, Northampton, Plainfield, and Williamsburg. Northampton.
- No. 2 Easthampton, Huntington, Middlefield, Southampton, and ton, Westhampton, and Worthington, . . . |
- No. 3—Amherst, Granby, Hadley, Pelham, and South Hadley, Amherst.
- No. 4—Belchertown, Enfield, Green- David W. Miner, wich, Prescott, and Ware, Ware.

HAMPDEN COUNTY.

- No. 1—Brimfield, Holland, Palmer, William Holbrook, Monson, and Wales, Palmer.
- No. 2.—Springfield, Agawam, Chicopee, Longmeadow, Ludlow, West Springfield, Wilbraham, and Hampden.

 Theodore F. Breck. Springfield.

Hampden County — Continued.

. Lyman M. Tuttle, Holyoke. No. 3. — Holyoke, . .

No. 4.—Blandford, Chester, Gran-ville, Montgomery, Rus-sell, Southwick, Tolland, (Westfield. and Westfield, . . .

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

Eastern District. - Bernardston, Erving, Gill, Greenfield, Leverett, Montague, Northfield, Shutesbury, and Sunderland, . . . Montague.

Northern District. Orange, Warwick, Walter M. Wright, New Salem, and Wen-

Western District. -- Ashfield, Buck-) land, Charlemont, Colrain, Conway, Deerfield, Hawley, Heath, Leyden, Shelburne Monroe, Rowe, Shelburne, and Whately,

BERKSHIRE COUNTY.

No. 1 — Williamstown, Clarksburg, Adams, North Adams, Orland J. Brown, Florida, Sayoy, New Ash- North Adams. ford, and Cheshire . . .

No. 2 — Lanesborough, Windsor, Prank K. Paddock, Pittsfield, Dalton, Hins-Pittsfield. dale, Peru, and Hancock.

No. 3—Richmond, Lenox, Washington, Becket, Lee, Charles C. Holcombe, Stockbridge, Tyringham, and Otis, . .

No. 4. - West Stockbridge, Alford, Great Barrington, Mon-terey, Sandisfield, New Samuel Camp, Marlborough, Sheffield, Great Barrington. Egremont, and Mt. Washington,

NORFOLK COUNTY

	. NORFOLK COUNTY.
No.	1.—Dedham, Needham, Nor- wood, and Dover, } Andrew H. Hodgdon, Dedham.
No.	2.—Hyde Park and Milton, . { Charles Sturtevant, Hyde Park.
No.	3. — Quincy and Randolph, . John H. Gilbert, Quincy.
No.	4. — Weymouth, Braintree, and Charles C. Tower, Holbrook, Weymouth.
No.	5.—Stoughton, Canton, Wal- pole, and Sharon, } Alexander R. Holmes, Canton.
No.	6.—Franklin, Foxborough, and Joseph G. S. Hitchcock, Wrentham, J Foxborough.
No.	7. — Medway, Medfield, Norfolk, Charles A. Bemis, and Bellingham, } Charles A. Bemis,
No.	8.—Brookline, $\left\{ \begin{array}{ccc} \text{George K. Sabine,} \\ \text{Brookline.} \end{array} \right.$
No.	9.—Cohasset, { Gustavus P. Pratt, Cohasset.
PLYMOUTH COUNTY.	
	1.—Brockton, West Bridge- water, East Bridgewater, Bridgewater, and South Abington, Brockton.
No.	2.—Abington, Rockland, Han- over, Hanson, Hingham, South Scituate, and Hull,
No.	3. — Plymouth, Marshfield, Halifax, Kingston, Scituate, Plympton, Duxbury, and Pembroke, Plymouth.
No.	4. — Middleborough, Wareham, Mattapoisett, Carver, Rochester, Lakeville, and Marion, Marion, Middleboro'.
	BRISTOL COUNTY.
No.	1. — Attleborough, Seekonk, Norton, Mansfield, and Rehoboth, Attleborough.

BRISTOL COUNTY - Continued.

- No. 2.—Taunton, Raynham, Easton, Silas D. Presbrey, Berkley, and Dighton, Taunton.
- No. 3.—Fall River, Somerset, Swanzey, Freetown, and Westport, Fall River.
- No. 4.— New Bedford, Dartmouth, William H. Taylor, Fairhaven, and Acushnet, New Bedford.

BARNSTABLE COUNTY.

- No. 2.—Barnstable, Bourne, Sandwich, Mashpee, and Falbarnstable.

 Barnstable.
- No. 3.—Provincetown, Truro, and Frank L. Newton, Wellfleet, Provincetown.

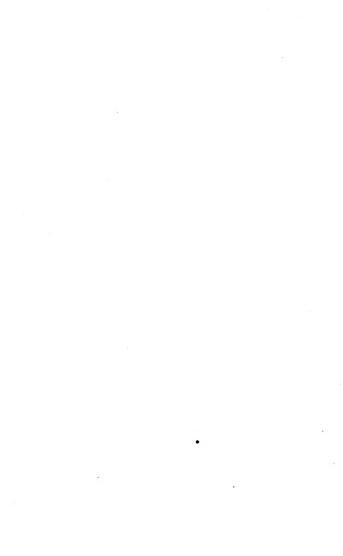
DUKES COUNTY.

- No. 1.—Edgartown, and Cottage Thomas J. Walker, City, Edgartown.
- No. 2. Tisbury and Gosnold. No. 3. — Chilmark and Gay Head, Vacancy.

NANTUCKET COUNTY.

One District, John A. Kile, Nantucket.

RULES OF THE SENATE.



RULES OF THE SENATE.

[The dates under each rule indicate when the rule and its amendments were adopted. The rules as they are here printed were adopted by the Senate Jan. 13, 1886.

The date 1817 denotes the time when the several rules against which it is placed were first preserved. Previous to that year these rules are not to be found, although from the Senate Journal it appears that they were printed.

Numbers enclosed in parentheses following each rule indicate the corresponding House rule.]

THE PRESIDENT.

- RULE 1. The President shall take the chair every day at the hour to which the Senate stands adjourned, shall call the members to order, and, on the appearance of a quorum, shall proceed to business. (1.) [1831.]
- RULE 2. The President shall preserve order and decorum, may speak to points of order in preference to other members, and shall decide all questions of order subject to an appeal. He shall rise to put a question, or to address the Senate, but may read sitting. (2,5.) [1817; between 1821 and 1826; 1831.]
 - RULE 3. The President may vote on all questions. (4.) [1826.]
- RULE 4. When two or more members rise at once, the President shall designate which of them shall be entitled to the floor. (73.) [1831.]
 - RULE 5. The President shall have the right to appoint a

member to perform the duties of the chair, but such appointment shall not extend beyond three days. (7.)

[1831; 1862; 1865.]

RULE 6. In case of a vacancy in the office of President, or in case the President, or the member substituted by him in accordance with Rule 5, is absent at the hour designated in Rule 1, the eldest senior member present shall call the Senate to order, and shall preside until a President, or a President protempore is elected by ballot, which shall be the first business of the Senate. (8.) [1831; 1885.]

CLERK.

RULE 7. Every question of order shall be noted in the journal, and, with the decision, shall be entered at large in an appendix, which shall also contain the Rules of the Senate, and of the two branches. (12.) [1882.]

RULE 8. The clerk shall prepare and cause to be printed, each day, a calendar of matters in order for consideration, followed by a brief minute of the preliminary proceedings of the previous day, a list of matters lying on the table, and such other memoranda as the Senate or the President may direct. (13.) [1882.]

RULE 9. The clerk shall retain bills and other papers, in reference to which any member has a right to move a reconsideration (except petitions, enacted bills, orders of inquiry, and orders of notice), until the right of reconsideration has expired. (15.) [1855; 1856; 1875; 1882; 1885.]

RULE 10. When a bill or resolve coming from the other branch does not appear in print in the form in which it was passed in that branch, the Clerk shall either indicate the amendments on the Orders of the Day, or shall have the bill or resolve reprinted, at his discretion. [1882.]

Members of the Senate.

RULE 11. No member shall be permitted to vote or serve on any committee on a question where his private right is immediately concerned, distinct from the public interest. (25, 61.)

[1855.]

RULE 12. No member shall absent himself from the Senate without leave, unless there is a quorum without his presence.
(18.) [1817.]

COMMITTEES.

RULE 13. The following standing committees shall be appointed at the beginning of the political year, to wit: —

A committee on the Judiciary;

To consist of five members.

A committee on Matters of Probate and Insolvency;

A committee on the Treasury;

A committee on Bills in the Third Reading;

A committee on Engrossed Bills;

A committee on Rules;

To consist of three members. (21.)

[1831; 1836; 1840; 1844; 1847; 1863; 1864; 1870; 1876; 1882; 1885; 1886.]

RULE 14. All committees shall be appointed by the President, unless otherwise specially directed by the Senate, and the person first named shall be chairman. In all elections of committees by ballot, the person having the highest number of votes shall act as chairman. (22, 23.)

[1817; between 1821 and 1826; 1831.]

RULE 15. No committee shall be allowed to occupy the Senate Chamber without leave of the Senate. (99.)

[1836; 1863.]

RULE 16. No bill or resolve affecting the rights of individuals, or of private or municipal corporations, otherwise than it affects generally the people of the whole Commonwealth, shall be reported by a committee, unless it is made to appear to the satisfaction of the committee that notice has been given, by public advertisement or otherwise, to all parties interested, without expense to the Commonwealth; or unless evidence satisfactory to the committee is produced that the parties interested, have in writing, waived notice. (30.) [1870; 1871; 1885.]

RULE 17. When the object of an application, whether by petition, order, or bill introduced on leave, can be secured without a special act under existing laws, or without detriment to the public interests by a general law, the committee to whom the matter is referred shall report such general law, or leave to withdraw, inexpedient to legislate, or ought not to pass, as the case may be. (29.) [1882; 1885.]

FORM OF BILLS AND RESOLVES.

RULE 18. All bills and resolves shall be written in a fair, legible hand, without interlineations, on not less than one sheet of paper, with suitable margins and spaces between the several sections or resolves, dates and numbers being written in words at length. Bills amending existing laws shall not provide for striking words from, or inserting words in, such laws, unless such course is the best calculated to show clearly the subject and nature of the amendment. No repealed law and no law which has expired by limitation, and no part of any such laws, shall be re-enacted by reference merely. (40.)

[1844; 1857; 1880; 1882; 1885.]

INTRODUCTION OF BUSINESS.

RULE 19. Every member presenting a petition, memorial, or remonstrance, shall endorse his name thereon, and, in the filing thereof, shall state briefly the nature and object of the instru-

ment; and the reading of the same shall be dispensed with, unless specially ordered by the Senate. (35.) [1831.]

RULE 20. It shall be the duty of every member of the Senate, who moves that any standing committee be instructed to inquire into the expediency of amending an existing law, to point out to such committee, in writing, the amendment which he deems expedient, and to furnish a written statement of the facts and authorities in favor thereof to such committee, if by them required. (38.) [1858.]

RULE 21. No bill or resolve shall be proposed or introduced unless received from the House, reported by a committee, or moved as an amendment to the report of a committee: provided, however, that special leave may be granted to a member to introduce a bill or resolve, and such bill or resolve shall be committed before it is passed to a second reading. (45.)

[1881; 1882.]

RULE 22. The consideration of any order proposed for adoption, or of any request for leave to introduce a bill or resolve, shall be postponed without question, to the day after that on which the order is proposed or request made, if any member asks such postponement. (39.) [1885.]

RULE 23. No legislation affecting directly the rights of individuals or corporations, otherwise than as it affects generally the interests of the people of the whole Commonwealth, or of the cities or towns to which it specifically applies, shall be proposed or introduced, by amendment or otherwise, except by report of a committee, upon petition duly presented and referred, or as a substitute for such report. Objection to the violation of this rule may be taken at any stage prior to the third reading. (47.) [1875; 1882; 1885.]

Course of Proceedings.

RULE 24. All bills and resolves from the House of Representatives, after they are read a first time, shall be committed

to a committee of the Senate, except when said bills or resolves have been reported by a joint committee. Bills and resolves reported in the Senate, and bills and resolves from the House reported by joint committees, shall, after they have been read once, be placed in the Orders of the Day for the next day for a second reading without a question, except as otherwise provided by rule 25. (43.) [1825; 1885.]

RULE 25. All bills and resolves involving the expenditure of public money, unless the subject-matter has been acted upon by the joint committee on Expenditures, shall, after the first reading, be referred in course to the committee on the Treasury, whose duty it shall be to report on their relation to the finances of the Commonwealth. (42.) [1871; 1882.]

RULE 26. No bill or resolve shall pass to be engrossed without three readings on three several days. (50.)

[1817; 1836; 1841; 1859; 1878; 1881; 1882; 1885.] RULE 27. Bills and resolves, in their several readings, shall be read by their titles, unless objection is made. (46.)

[1817; 1836; 1841; 1859; 1878; 1881; 1882; 1885.]

RULE 28. If a committee to whom a bill (or resolve) is referred, report that the same ought not to pass, the question shall be, "Shall this bill (or resolve) be rejected?" If the question on rejection is negatived, the bill or resolve, if it has been read but once, shall go to its second reading without a question; and if it has been read more than once it shall be placed in the Orders of the Day for the next day, pending the question on ordering to a third reading, or engrossment, as the case may be. (41.)

[1817; 1836; 1841; 1859; 1878; 1881; 1882; 1885.] RULE 29. Bills or resolves ordered to a third reading shall be placed in the orders for the next day for such reading. (57.)

[1817; 1836; 1841; 1850; 1878; 1881; 1882; 1885.] RULE 30. If an amendment is made at the second or third reading of a bill or resolve, substantially changing the greater part thereof, the question shall not be put forthwith on ordering the bill or resolve to a third reading or to be engrossed, but the bill or resolve, as amended, shall be placed in the orders of the next day after that on which the amendment is made, and shall then be open to further amendment before such question is put. In like manner, when an amendment is made in any proposition of such a nature as to change its character, as from a bill to an order, or the like, the proposition as amended shall be placed in the orders of the next day after that on which the amendment was made. (61.) [1882.]

RULE 31. All bills and resolves in the third reading shall be committed to the committee on Bills in the Third Reading, whose duty it shall be to examine and correct them, for the purpose of avoiding repetitions and unconstitutional provisions, and of insuring accuracy in the text and references, and consistency with the language of existing statutes: *provided*, that any change in the sense or legal effect, or any material change in construction, shall be reported to the Senate as an amendment. (49.) [1817; 1836; 1882.]

RULE 32. All engrossed bills and resolves shall be committed to the committee on Engrossed Bills, whose duty it shall be carefully to compare the same with the bill or resolve as passed to be engrossed; and, if found by them to be rightly and truly engrossed, they shall so endorse on the envelope thereof; and the final question shall be taken thereon without any further reading, unless, on motion, a majority of the Senate shall be in favor of reading the same as engrossed. (28, 51.)

[1817; 1831; 1882.]

ORDERS OF THE DAY.

RULE 33. The unfinished business in which the Senate was engaged at the time of the last adjournment shall have the preference in the Orders of the Day next after motions to reconsider. (59.) [1830; 1870.]

RULE 34. Reports of committees, except such as do not propose final action, and reports of committees of Conference, shall, unless otherwise specially ordered, be placed in the Orders of the Day next succeeding that on which they are presented to the Senate. (56.) [1845; 1853.]

RULE 35. After entering upon the consideration of the Orders of the Day, the Senate shall proceed with them in regular course, as follows: Matters not giving rise to a motion or debate shall first be disposed of in the order in which they stand in the calendar; then the matters that were passed over shall be considered and disposed of in like order. (58.)

[1817; 1836; 1841; 1859; 1878; 1882; 1885.]

RULE 36. No matter which has been duly placed in the Orders of the Day shall be discharged therefrom or considered out of its regular course. (60.) [1885.]

Rules of Debate.

RULE 37. Every member, when he speaks, shall stand in his place and address the President. (72.) [1817; 1831; 1871.]

RULE 38. No member shall speak more than once on the same question, to the prevention of any other who has not spoken and is desirous to speak. (75.) [1817; 1886.]

RULE 39. No member shall interrupt another while speaking, except by rising to call to order. (74.) [1817; 1831.]

RULE 40. After a question is put to vote, no member shall speak to it. [1817.]

Motions.

RULE 41. Any motion shall be reduced to writing, if the President so directs. (76.) [1817; 1844; 1871.]

RULE 42. A question containing two or more propositions, capable of division, shall be divided whenever desired by any

member. A motion to strike out and insert shall be deemed indivisible. But a motion to strike out, being lost, shall neither preclude amendment nor a motion to strike out and insert. (90.) [1817; 1841.]

RULE 43. When a question is under debate, the President shall receive no motion that does not relate to the same, but to adjourn or some other motion which has precedence by express rule of the Senate, or because it is privileged in its nature; and he shall receive no motion relating to the same except:—

To lay on the table;

To close debate at a specified time;

To postpone to a day certain;

To commit (or recommit);

To amend;

To refer to the next General Court; or

To postpone indefinitely;

Which several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they stand. (79.)

[Between 1821 and 1826; 1831; 1844; 1870; 1882; 1885.]

RULE 44. Debate may be closed at any time not less than one hour from the adoption of a motion to that effect. On this motion not more than ten minutes shall be allowed for debate, and no member shall speak more than three minutes. (84.)

[1882.]

RULE 45. When a motion is made to commit a subject, and different committees are proposed, the question shall be taken in the following order: A standing committee of the Senate, a select committee of the Senate, a joint standing committee, a joint select committee. (87.) [1884.]

RULE 46. No engrossed bill or resolve shall be amended. (52.) [1837.]

RULE 47. No motion or proposition of a subject different from that under consideration shall be admitted under color of an amendment. (89.) [1882.]

RULE 48. In filling blanks the largest sum and longest time shall be put first. (91.) [1882.]

RULE 49. The motions to adjourn, and for the yeas and nays, shall be decided without debate. On the motions to lay on the table and take from the table, to commit or recommit (except with instructions), not exceeding ten minutes shall be allowed for debate, and no member shall speak more than three minutes. (68, 78.) [1817; 1859; 1870; 1874; 1882; 1885.]

RECONSIDERATION.

RULE 50. When a vote has passed, except on motion to adjourn, for the yeas and nays, to lay on the table or to take from the table, it shall be in order for any member to move a reconsideration thereof on the same or the succeeding day; and such motion, if made on the same day, shall be placed first in the Orders of Day for the day succeeding that on which it is made; but, if first moved on such succeeding day, it shall be forthwith considered; and, when a motion for reconsideration is decided, that vote shall not be reconsidered: provided, however, that a motion to reconsider a vote upon any incidental or subsidiary question shall not remove the main subject under consideration from before the Senate, but shall be considered at the time when it is made. (69, 70.)

[1817; between 1821 and 1826; 1858; 1885.]

Rejected Measures.

RULE 51. When any measure has been finally rejected, no measure substantially the same shall be introduced by any committee or member during the session. (48.)

[1817 — dispensed with in 1831, and revived in 1838 — amended in 1841; 1844; 1877; 1882.]

VOTING.

RULE 52. The President shall declare all votes; but if a member rises to doubt a vote, the President shall order a return of the number voting in the affirmative, and in the negative, without further debate. (3, 65.) [1831.]

RULE 53. When any member moves that a question be taken by yeas and nays, the President shall take the sense of the Senate in that manner, provided one-fifth of the members present so direct. [1817; 1852.]

RULE 54. Whenever a question is taken by yeas and nays, the clerk shall call the names of all the members, except the President, in alphabetical order, and every member present shall answer to his name, unless excused before the vote is taken; and no member shall be permitted to vote after the decision is announced from the chair. (67.) [1837; 1844.]

ELECTIONS BY BALLOT.

RULE 55. In all elections by ballot, a time shall be assigned for such election, at least one day previous thereto. (95.)

SENATE LIBRARY.

RULE 56. The books belonging to the Senate Chamber shall be in care of the clerk, who shall keep an accurate list thereof; and no book shall be taken from the Senate Chamber by any person, without giving notice thereof to the clerk, who shall enter, in a book to be kept by him, the name of the book and the name of the person taking the same. [1837.]

REPORTERS.

RULE 57. Seats for reporters shall be numbered, and assigned by lot, under the direction of the Clerk of the Senate. [1847.]

THE SENATE CHAMBER AND ADJOINING ROOMS.

RULE 58. No person not a member of the Senate shall be allowed to sit at the Senate table while the Senate is in session.

[1853.]

RULE 59. No person other than members of the legislative and executive departments of the State Government, past members of the Senate and members of the press, shall be at any time admitted to the clerks' room or the room intervening between that and the Senate chamber, or admitted within the bar of the Senate while the Senate is in session, unless introduced by a Senator in person at the time of such admission.

(98.) [1870; 1875; 1886.]

PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE.

RULE 60. The rules of Parliamentary Practice comprised in Cushing's Manual, and the Principles of Parliamentary Law, set forth in Cushing's larger work, shall govern the Senate in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with the Standing Rules of the Senate, or the Joint Rules of the two branches. [1847; 1858; 1882.]

ALTERATIONS, SUSPENSION, OR REPEAL OF RULES.

RULE 61. Rules 22 and 31 shall not be suspended if objection is made, and no Rule shall be altered, suspended, or rescinded, except by vote of two-thirds of the members present.

[1817; 1841; 1848; 1882.]

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RULES

OF THE

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

[329]



RULES

OF THE

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

[This schedule of Rules was adopted Jan. 27, 1874. Subsequent amendments are noted under each Rule which has been amended.]

THE SPEAKER.

- 1. The Speaker shall take the chair at the hour to which the House stands adjourned, call the members to order, and, on the appearance of a quorum, proceed to pusiness.
- 2. He shall preserve decorum and order; may speak to points of order in preference to other members; and shall decide all questions of order, subject to an appeal to the House.

[With regard to appeals, see Rules 82 and 93.]

3. He shall declare all votes, subject to verification as hereinafter provided.

[See Rules 64 to 68.]

- 4. In all cases he may vote.
- 5. He shall rise to put a question, or to address the House, but may read sitting.

- 6. He shall each day examine the journal of the Honse.
- 7. He may name a member to perform the duties of the chair for a period not exceeding two days at one time.
- 8. In case of a vacancy in the office of Speaker, or in case the Speaker or the member named by him in accordance with the preceding rule is absent at the hour to which the House stands adjourned, the senior member present shall call the House to order, and shall preside until a Speaker pro tempore or a Speaker is elected by ballot, which shall be the first business in order. [Amended Feb. 5, 1886.]

MONITORS.

- 9. Two monitors shall be appointed by the Speaker for each division of the House, whose duty it shall be to see to the due observance of the Rules and, on request of the Speaker, to return the number of votes and members in their respective divisions.
- 10. If a member transgress any of the Rules after being notified thereof by a monitor, it shall be the duty of such monitor to report the case to the House.

[See Rule 20.]

CLERK.

- 11. The Clerk shall keep the journal of the House. He shall enter therein a record of each day's proceedings, and submit it to the Speaker before the hour fixed for the next sitting.
- 12. Every question of order shall be noted in the journal, and, with the decision, shall be entered at large in an appendix, which shall also contain the Rules of the House, and of the two branches.

- 13. The Clerk shall prepare and cause to be printed each day a calendar of matters in order for consideration, followed by a brief minute of the preliminary proceedings of the previous day; a list of matters lying on the table; and such other memoranda as the House or the Speaker may direct.
 - 14. Any objection to the calendar shall be made and disposed of before the House votes to proceed to the consideration of the Orders of the Day.
 - 15. The Clerk shall retain bills and other papers, in reference to which any member has a right to move a reconsideration (except petitions, enacted bills, orders of inquiry, and orders of notice), until the right of reconsideration has expired: provided, that the operation of this rule shall be suspended during the last week of the session.

MEMBERS.

- 16. No member shall stand up, to the inconvenience of others, while a member is speaking; or pass unnecessarily between the Speaker of the House and the member speaking; or stand in the passages, or in the area in front of the chair.
- 17. No member shall be absent more than two days without leave of the House.
- 18. No member shall absent himself from the House without leave, unless there be a quorum without his presence.
- 19. Papers in possession of a member obtaining leave of absence, or at the end of the session, shall be left by him with the Clerk.
- 20. If a member is guilty of a breach of any of the Rules, he may be required by the House, on motion, to

make satisfaction therefor; and, until he has done so, he shall not be allowed to vote or speak, except by way of excuse.

[See Rule 10.]

COMMITTEES.

21. At the beginning of the political year, standing committees shall be appointed as follows:—

A committee on the Judiciary;

A committee on Probate and Insolvency.

A committee on Finance;

(to consist of nine members each).

A committee on Elections;

A committee on County Estimates;

A committee on Rules;

(to consist of seven members each).

A committee on Bills in the Third Reading;

A committee on Engrossed Bills;

A committee on Pay-Roll;

A committee on Leave of Absence:

(to consist of three members each).

[Amended Jan. 7, 1881; Jan. 10, 1883.]; Jan. 8, 1886.]

- 22. Unless other provision is made in any case, all committees shall be appointed by the Speaker, and the member first named shall be chairman.
- 23. In case of the election of a committee by ballot, the member having the highest number of votes shall be chairman.
- 24. No member shall be required to be on more than two committees at the same time, nor chairman of more than one.
- 25. No member shall serve on any committee in any question where his private right is immediately concerned, distinct from the public interest.

- 26. The committee on Finance shall report, in appropriation bills, only such items of expenditure as are authorized by law, or such as the committee has been directed by the House to insert.
- 27. The committee on Bills in the Third Reading shall examine and correct the bills which are referred to it, for the purpose of avoiding repetitions and unconstitutional provisions, insuring accuracy in the text and references, and consistency with the language of existing statutes: provided, that any change in the sense or legal effect, or any material change in construction, shall be reported to the House as an amendment. [Amended Jan. 15, 1880.]
- 28. The committee on Engrossed Bills shall carefully examine and compare engrossed bills, and report them rightly and truly engrossed, when found to be so, without delay.
- 29. When the object of an application, whether by petition, order, or bill introduced on leave, can be secured without a special act under existing laws, or without detriment to the public interests, by a general law, the committee to which the matter is referred shall report such general law, or leave to withdraw, inexpedient to legislate, or ought not to pass, as the case may be. [Amended Jan. 15, 1880.]
- 30. No bill or resolve affecting the rights of individuals, or of private or municipal corporations, otherwise than as it affects generally the people of the whole Commonwealth, shall be reported by a committee, unless it is made to appear to the satisfaction of the committee that notice has been given, by public advertisement or otherwise, to all parties interested, without expense

to the Commonwealth; or unless evidence satisfactory to the committee is produced that the parties interested have in writing waived notice. [Adopted Jan. 26, 1881.]

31. On or before the second Wednesday in March, committees shall make final report upon matters referred to them prior to that day, unless further time is granted, for cause. [Amended Feb. 15, 1883.]

Committee of the Whole.

- 32. When the House determines to go into a committee of the whole, the chairman shall be appointed by the Speaker.
- 33. The Rules of the House shall be observed in a committee of the whole, so far as they may be applicable, except the rules limiting debate. A motion to rise, report progress, and ask leave to sit again, shall be always first in order and be decided without debate.

REGULAR COURSE OF PROCEEDINGS.

Petitions, etc., and Reports of Committees.

- 34. Petitions, memorials, remonstrances, and papers of a like nature, and reports of committees, shall be presented before the House proceeds to the consideration of the Orders of the Day, and the Speaker shall call for such papers.
- 35. The member presenting a petition, memorial, or remonstrance, shall indorse his name thereon, with a brief statement of the nature and object of the paper; and the reading thereof shall be dispensed with, unless specially ordered.

Papers from the Senate.

36. Papers from the Senate shall be laid before the House by the Speaker, and received for action conform-

ably to such of these Rules as are applicable thereto, before the House proceeds to the consideration of the Orders of the Day.

Papers addressed to the House, not Petitions.

37. Papers addressed to the House, or the General Court, other than petitions, memorials, and remonstrances, or those received from the Senate, may be presented by the Speaker or by a member in his place, and shall be read, unless it is specially ordered that the reading be dispensed with.

Orders of Inquiry.

38. All motions contemplating legislation, when not founded upon petition, or upon bill proposed to be introduced on leave, shall be made in the form of an order of inquiry, which shall indicate the nature of the legislation proposed; and if reference is made to any particular law, for amendment or otherwise, the order shall specify the chapter and section, as well as the subject to which it relates.

Postponement to the Next Day on Request of a Member.

39. The consideration of any order proposed for adoption, or of any request for leave to introduce a bill. shall be postponed without question to the day after that on which the order is proposed or request made, if any member asks such postponement.

Bills and Resolves. [See Rule 94.]

40. Bills shall be fairly written in a legible hand, without material erasure or interlineation, on not less than one sheet of paper, with suitable margins and spaces between the several sections; dates and numbers being written in words at length. Bills amending existing laws shall not provide for striking words from, or inserting words in,

such laws, unless such course is best calculated to show clearly the subject and nature of the amendment. No repealed law, and no part of any repealed law, shall be re-enacted by reference merely. [Amended Jan. 15, 1880.]

- 41. If a committee to whom a bill is referred report that the same ought not to pass, the question shall be, "Shall this bill be rejected?" If the question on rejection is negatived, the bill, if it has been read but once, shall go to a second reading without question; otherwise it shall be placed in the orders for the next day, pending the question on ordering to a third reading, or engrossment, as the case may be. [Amended Jan. 10, 1883.]
- 42. Bills involving an expenditure of public money shall, after their first reading, be referred to the committee on Finance, for report on their relation to the finances of the Commonwealth.
- 43. Bills from the Senate, after their first reading, shall be referred to a committee of the House, unless they were reported to the Senate by a joint committee.
- 44. Amendments, proposed by the Senate, and sent back to the House for concurrence, shall be referred to the committee which reported the measure proposed to be amended, unless such committee is composed of members of both branches. In which case such amendments shall be placed in the Orders of the Day for the next day. [Amended April 9, 1878.]
- 45. No bill shall be proposed or introduced unless received from the Senate, reported by a committee, or moved as an amendment to the report of a committee: provided, that the House may grant special leave to a member to introduce a bill; but, when leave is asked for the introduc-

tion of a bill, it shall be read for information before the question is put on granting leave; and, if leave is granted, it shall be committed, before it is ordered to a second reading.

- 46. Bills, resolves, and other papers that have been, or, under the rules or usage of the House, are to be printed, shall be read by their titles only, unless the full reading is requested. [Adopted Jan. 10, 1883.]
- 47. No bill affecting directly the legal rights of individuals or corporations, otherwise than as it affects generally the interests of the whole people of the Commonwealth or of the cities or towns to which it specifically applies, shall be proposed or introduced, by amendment or otherwise, except by report of a committee, upon petition duly presented and referred, or as a substitute for such report. Objection to the violation of this rule may be taken at any stage prior to the third reading of the bill. [Amended Jan. 15, 1880; also Jan. 10, 1883.]
- 48. When a bill, order, petition, memorial, or remonstrance has been finally rejected, no measure substantially the same shall be introduced by any committee or member during the same session. [Amended April 26, 1877.]
- 49. Bills in their third reading shall be referred to the committee on Bills in the Third Reading for examination, correction and report.

[See Rule 27]

- 50. No bill shall pass to be engrossed without having been read on three several days.
- 51. Engrossed bills shall be referred to the committee on Engrossed Bills for examination, comparison and report.

[See Rule 28.]

- 52. No engrossed bill shall be amended.
- 53. Engrossed bills, reported by the committee on Engrossed Bills to be rightly and truly engrossed, shall be put upon their passage to be enacted; and engrossed resolves, when so reported, shall be put upon their passage without further reading, unless specially ordered.
- 54. No engrossed bill shall be sent to the Senate without notice thereof being given by the Speaker.

Orders of the Day.

- 55. Bills from the Senate, after their first reading, when not referred to a Committee of the House, bills favorably reported to the House by committees, and bills the question of the rejection of which is negatived, shall be placed in the orders for the next day, and if they have been read but once, shall go to a second reading without question. [Amended Jan. 10, 1883; Feb. 5, 1886.]
- 56. Reports of committees not by bill or resolve shall be placed in the orders of the next day after that on which they are received from the Senate, or made to the House, as the case may be: provided, that the report of a committee asking to be discharged from the further consideration of a subject, and recommending that it be referred to another committee, shall be immediately considered. [Amended Jan. 15, 1880.]
- 57. Bills ordered to a third reading shall be placed in the orders of the next day for such reading.
- 58. After entering upon the consideration of the Orders of the Day, the House shall proceed with them in regular course, as follows: Matters not giving rise to a motion or debate shall first be disposed of in the order in which they stand in the calendar; after which the matters that were passed over shall be considered in like order and disposed of.

59. When the House does not finish the consideration of the Orders of the Day, those which had not been acted upon shall be the orders for the next and each succeeding day until disposed of, and shall be entered in the calendar, without change in their order, to precede matters added under Rules fifty-five, fifty-six and fifty-seven. The unfinished business in which the House was engaged at the time of adjournment shall have the preference in the orders of the next day, after motions to reconsider.

Special Rules affecting the Course of Proceedings.

[For postponement of Order, etc, to the next day, on request of a member, see Rule 39.7

- **60.** No matter which has been duly placed in the Orders of the Day shall be discharged therefrom, or considered out of the regular course.
- 61. If, under the operation of the previous question, or otherwise, an amendment is made at the second or third reading of a bill substantially changing the greater part of such bill, the question shall not be put forthwith on ordering the bill to a third reading or to be engrossed (as the case may be), but the bill, as amended, shall be placed in the orders of the next day after that on which the amendment is made, and shall then be open to further amendment before such question is put. In like manner, when, under the operation of the previous question or otherwise, an amendment is made in any proposition of such a nature as to change its character, as from a bill to an order, or the like, the proposition as amended shall be placed in the orders of the next day after that on which the amendment was made.

VOTING.

62. No member shall vote in any question where his private right is immediately concerned, distinct from the public interest.

- 63. Members desiring to be excused from voting shall make application to that effect before the division of the House or the taking of the yeas and nays is begun. Such application may be accompanied by a brief statement of reasons by the member making it, but shall be decided without debate, and shall not be subject to the provisions of rule sixty-seven. [Amended Jan. 8, 1877; Feb. 5, 1886.]
- **64.** When a question is put, the sense of the House shall be taken by the voices of the members, and the Speaker shall first announce the vote as it appears to him by the sound.
- 65. If the Speaker is unable to decide by the sound of the voices, or if his announcement made thereupon is doubted by a member rising in his place for that purpose, the Speaker shall order a return by divisions of the number voting in the affirmative and in the negative, without further debate upon the question.

[For duty of monitors in case of a division, see Rule 9.]

- 66. When a return by divisions is ordered, the members for or against the question, when called on by the Speaker, shall rise in their places, and stand until they are counted.
- 67. The sense of the House shall be taken by yeas and nays whenever required by thirty of the members present. When the yeas and nays are taken, the roll of the House shall be called in alphabetical order, and no member shall be allowed to vote who was not on the floor before the vote is declared. If, before such time, a member states to the House that he has paired with another member, and how each would vote upon the pending question, the fact shall be entered on the journal immediately after the record

of the yeas and nays, and such member shall be excused from voting. [Amended Jan. 4, 1878; also April 2, 1878; also April 1, 1879.]

68. The call for the yeas and nays shall be decided without debate. If the yeas and nays have been ordered before the question is put, the proceedings under Rules sixty-four, sixty-five and sixty-six, shall be omitted; if not, they may be called for in lieu of a return by divisions when the Speaker's announcement is doubted by a member rising in his place, and, if then ordered, the proceedings under Rules sixty-five and sixty-six shall be omitted.

Reconsideration.

- 69. When a vote has passed (except as provided in the next rule), it shall be in order for any member to move the reconsideration thereof on the same or the succeeding day, and such motion, if made on the same day, shall (except in the last week of the session) be placed first in the orders of the next day after that on which it is made; but, if first moved on such succeeding day, it shall be forthwith considered: provided, however, that a motion to reconsider a vote upon any incidental or subsidiary question shall not remove the main subject under consideration from before the House, but shall be considered at the time when it is made.
- 70. When a motion for reconsideration is decided, that decision shall not be reconsidered, and no question shall be twice reconsidered; nor shall any vote be reconsidered upon either of the following motions:—

to adjourn, to lay on the table, to take from the table; or, for the previous question. 71. Debate on motions to reconsider shall be limited to thirty minutes, and no member shall occupy more than five minutes; but this rule shall not apply to a motion to reconsider a vote upon an amendment. [Amended Feb. 5, 1886.]

[For rule requiring the Clerk to retain papers, except, etc., until the right of reconsideration has expired, see Rule 15.]

RULES OF DEBATE.

- 72. Every member, when about to speak, shall rise, and respectfully address the Speaker; shall confine himself to the question under debate, and avoid personality; and shall sit down when he has finished. No member shall speak out of his place without leave of the Speaker.
- 73. When two or more members rise at the same time the Speaker shall name the member entitled to the floor, preferring one who rises in his place to one who does not.
- 74. No member shall interrupt another while speaking, except by rising to call to order.
- 75. No member shall speak more than once to the prevention of those who have not spoken and desire to speak on the same question.

Motions.

- **76.** Every motion shall be reduced to writing, if the Speaker so directs.
- 77. A motion need not be seconded, and may be withdrawn by the mover if no objection is made.
- 78. A motion to adjourn shall be always first in order, and shall be decided without debate; and on the motions to lay on the table, to take from the table, to commit or recommit, not exceeding ten minutes shall be allowed for debate; and no member shall speak more than three minutes. [Amended Feb. 19, 1878; and Jan. 26, 1880.]

[For application to be excused from voting, to be decided without debate, see Rule 63.]

[For call for yeas and nays, to be decided without debate, see Rule 68.]

[For questions of order, arising after the previous question is moved, to be decided without debate, except on appeal, see Rule 82.]

79. When a question is before the House, until it is disposed of, the Speaker shall receive no motion that does not relate to the same, except the motion to adjourn, or some other motion that has precedence either by express rule of the House, or because it is privileged in its nature; and he shall receive no motion relating to the same, except,—

to lay on the table, for the previous question,

See Rule 78. See Rules 80-85.

to close the debate at a specified

time,

See Rules 84, 85.

to postpone to a time certain,

See Rule 86. See Rules 78 and 87.

to commit (or recommit), to amend.

See Rules 88-91.

to refer to the next General Court,

or to postpone indefinitely,

See Rule 92.

which several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they are arranged in this rule.

Previous Question.

- 80. The previous question shall be put in the following form: "Shall the main question be now put?"—and all debate upon the main question shall be suspended until the previous question is decided.
- 81. On the previous question, not exceeding ten minutes shall be allowed for debate, and that only to give reasons why the main question should not be put; and no member shall speak more than three minutes.

82. All questions of order arising after a motion is made for the previous question shall be decided without debate, excepting on appeal; and on such appeal no member shall speak more than once without leave of the House.

[See Rule 93.]

83. The adoption of the previous question shall put an end to all debate, except as provided in Rule eighty-five, and bring the House to a direct vote upon pending amendments, if any, in their regular order, and then upon the main question.

Motion to Close Debate at a Specified Time.

84. Debate may be closed at any time not less than thirty minutes from the adoption of a motion to that effect. On this motion, not exceeding ten minutes shall be allowed for debate, and no member shall speak more than three minutes. In case the time is extended by unanimous consent, the same rule shall apply at the end of the extended time as at the time originally fixed. [Amended Jan. 8, 1877; and Jan. 15, 1880.]

[See the next Rule.]

When Debate is closed, Ten Minutes allowed, etc.

85. When debate is closed by ordering the previous question, or by a vote to close debate at a specified time, the member in charge of the measure under consideration shall be allowed to speak ten minutes, and may grant to any other member any portion of his time. When the measure under consideration has been referred to the committee on Finance, under House Rule forty-two, the member originally reporting it shall be considered in charge, except where the report of the committee on Finance is substantially different from that referred to them, in which case the member originally reporting the

measure, and the member of the Finance Committee reporting thereon, shall each be allowed to speak five minutes, the latter to have the close. [Amended March 28, 1877.]

Motion to Postpone to a Time Certain.

86. When a motion is made to postpone to a time certain, and different times are proposed, the question shall first be taken on the most remote time; and the time shall be determined before the question is put on postponement, which may then be rejected if the House see fit.

Motion to Commit.

- 87. When a motion is made to commit, and different committees are proposed, the question shall be taken in the following order:
 - a standing committee of the House,
 - a select committee of the House,
 - a joint standing committee,
 - a joint select committee;

and a subject may be recommitted to the same committee or to another committee at the pleasure of the House.

Motions to Amend.

- 88. A motion to amend an amendment may be received; but no amendment in the third degree shall be allowed.
- 89. No motion or proposition of a subject different from that under consideration shall be admitted under color of amendment.
- **90.** A question containing two or more propositions capable of division shall be divided whenever desired by any member. When a motion to strike out and insert is

thus divided, the failure of the motion to strike out shall not preclude amendment; or, if the motion to strike out prevails, the matter proposed to be inserted shall be open to amendment before the question is taken on inserting it.

91. In filling blanks, the largest sum and longest time shall be put first.

Equivalent for Motion to Postpone Indefinitely.

92. A motion to strike out the enacting clause of a bill shall be equivalent to a motion to postpone indefinitely.

APPEAL.

93. No appeal from the decision of the Speaker shall be entertained unless it is seconded; and no other business shall be in order until the question on the appeal has been disposed of.

[See Rule 82.]

RESOLVES.

94. Such of these Rules as are applicable to bills, whether of the House or of the Senate, shall apply likewise to such resolves as require the concurrence of the Senate and approval by the Governor, in order to become laws and have force as such. Except in Rule fifty-three, the word "bill" shall be equivalent to the word "resolve" in the same place.

ELECTIONS BY BALLOT.

95. A time shall be assigned for elections by ballot, at least one day previous thereto.

SECRET SESSION.

96. All proceedings in secret session, and matters relating thereto, shall be kept secret until the House removes the injunction of secrecy.

SEATS.

- **97.** (1.) The desk on the right of the Speaker shall be assigned to the use of the Clerk and such persons as he may employ to assist him, and that on the left to the use of the Chairmen of the committees on Bills in the Third Reading and on Engrossed Bills.
- (2.) The senior member of the House, and the oldest member of the House who is not the senior member, shall be allowed to select their seats, from those not otherwise assigned, before the drawing of seats by the members. [Amended Jan. 7, 1878.]
- (3.) The seat numbered 34, in the first division, shall be assigned to the use of the Chairman of the committee on the Judiciary; that numbered 15, in the sixth division, to the use of the Chairman of the committee on Finance; that numbered 52, in the first division, to the use of the Chairman of the committee on Probate and Insolvency; and that numbered 39, in the sixth division, to the use of the Chairman of the committee on Railroads on the part of the House. [Amended Jan. 7, 1878; also Jan. 6, 1882.]
- (4.) The following seats shall be assigned to the use of the monitors:—

Those numbered 8 and 11, in the first division;
100 and 104, in the second division;
96 and 99, in the third division;
92 and 95, in the fourth division;
87 and 91, in the fifth division; and
4 and 7, in the sixth division.

[Amended Jan. 6, 1882.]

(5.) The first business in order, after the appointment of standing committees and monitors is announced by the Speaker, shall be the drawing of the other seats upon the floor of the House.

- (6.) The Clerk shall call the roll of the members in alphabetical order, omitting the names of the Speaker, the senior member, the oldest member, the chairmen of committees hereinbefore mentioned, and the monitors; and the drawing shall be had in presence of the House, under the supervision of a committee of three selected from the members mentioned in this paragraph.
- (7.) The seat assigned to any member, or drawn by him, shall be his seat for the year, unless an exchange is made and notice thereof given to the Sergeant-at-Arms within five days from the day of the drawing.

PRIVILEGE OF THE FLOOR.

- 98. (1.) Every member shall have the privilege of introducing upon the floor of the House, to occupy (for that day) any seat then vacant not belonging to a member, or belonging to a member who is absent, not more than one person at the same time, such person not having any private interest in any measure before the legislature distinct from the public interest: provided, that in any case, when by the exercise of this privilege on the part of some of the members the vacant seats have been filled, and the Speaker so announces, the further exercise of the privilege shall be suspended for that day, or until one or more of the seats thus filled are vacated.
- (2.) The Speaker may also invite visitors, without limit of number, to seats (not numbered) upon the floor of the House. [Amended Feb. 5, 1886.]
- (3.) Contestants for seats in the House, whose papers are in the hands of the committee on Elections, may be admitted, while their cases are pending, to seats to be assigned by the Speaker.
- (4.) Senators, and the principal officers* in the Executive and Judicial departments of the Civil Government of

^{*} See list in the Blue Book.

the Commonwealth, the Chaplains of both Houses, and the Clerk of the Senate, shall be admitted to the floor whenever they may have occasion to visit the House, and may occupy any of the seats not numbered which they may find vacant, or any seats which may be assigned by the Speaker for their use for the time being.

Representatives' Chamber.

99. Use of the Representatives' Chamber shall not be granted, except by a vote of four-fifths of the members present.

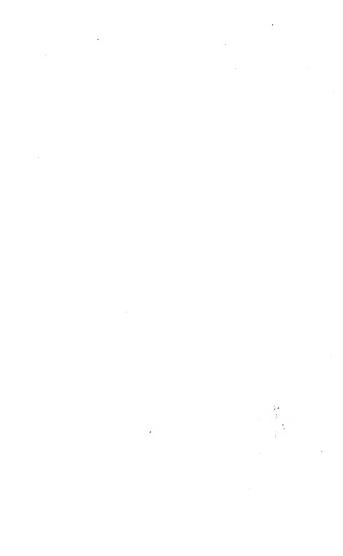
PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE.

100. The rules of parliamentary practice shall govern the House in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with these Rules, or the Joint Rules of the two branches.

SUSPENSION, AMENDMENT, AND REPEAL.

101. Nothing in these Rules shall be dispensed with, altered, or repealed, unless two-thirds of the members present consent thereto; but this rule, and Rules thirtynine, forty-nine, and ninety-nine, shall not be suspended, unless by unanimous consent of the members present.

Blanks for orders, bills, reports, petitions, and indorsement of petitions, may be had on application to the Clerk, or at the document-room; and members are respectfully requested to use the same in the preparation of papers.



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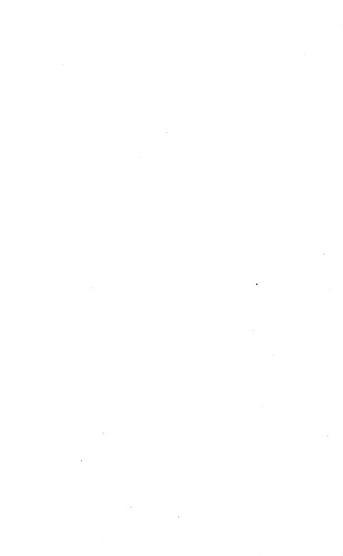
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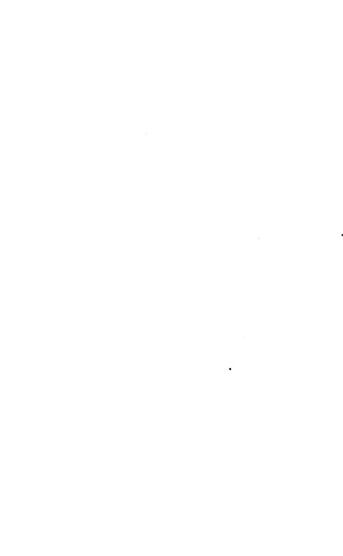


JOINT RULES

OF THE

TWO BRANCHES.

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JOINT RULES OF THE TWO BRANCHES.

Committees.

RULE 1. The following joint standing committees shall be appointed at the commencement of the January session, viz.:—

A committee on Agriculture;

A committee on Banks and Banking;

A committee on Cities;

A committee on Drainage;

A committee on Education;

A committee on Election Laws;

A committee on Harbors and Public Lands;

A committee on Hoosac Tunnel and Troy & Greenfield Railroad;

A committee on Labor;

A committee on Manufactures;

A committee on Mercantile Affairs;

A committee on Military Affairs;

A committee on Prisons;

A committee on Public Charitable Institutions;

A committee on Public Health;

A committee on Roads and Bridges;

A committee on Street Railways;

A committee on Taxation;

A committee on Towns;

A committee on Water Supply;

Each to consist of three members on the part of the Senate, and eight on the part of the House.

A committee on Claims;

A committee on Federal Relations;

A committee on Fisheries and Game;

A committee on Insurance;

A committee on the Library;

A committee on the Liquor Law;

A committee on Parishes and Religious Societies;

A committee on Printing;

A committee on Public Service;

A committee on State House;

A committee on Woman Suffrage;

Each to consist of two members on the part of the Senate, and seven on the part of the House.

A committee on Railroads, to consist of four on the part of the Senate, and eleven on the part of the House.

A committee on Expenditures, to consist of the committee on the Treasury of the Senate, and the committee on Finance of the House.

The committee of the two branches, on the Judiciary, on Probate and Insolvency, and on Rules, may sit respectively as joint committees for the consideration of such matters as may be referred to them. [Amended Jan. 6, 1882; Jan. 5, 1883; Jan. 7, 1884; Jan. 8, 1885; Jan. 26, 1885, and Jan. 8, 1886.]

Rule 2. No member of either branch shall act as counsel for any party before any committee of the legislature.

Rule 3. Joint committees may report by bill, resolve, or otherwise, to either branch, at their discretion, having reference to an equal distribution of business between the two branches, except that money bills shall be reported to the House; and, except that when a report is made from any committee to either branch, and the subject-matter thereof is subsequently referred therein to a joint committee, such committee shall report its action to the branch in which the original report was made. [See also next rule.]

- Rule 4. Reports of joint committees may be recommitted to the same committees at the pleasure of the branch first acting thereon, and bills or resolves may be recommitted in either branch. A concurrent vote shall, however, be necessary for the recommitment of such reports, bills, or resolves, with instructions. After recommitment, report shall, in all cases, be made to the branch originating the recommitment.
- RULE 5. Bills and resolves reported by joint committees shall be fairly written in a legible hand, without material erasure or interlineation, on not less than one sheet of paper, with suitable margins, and spaces between the several sections, dates and numbers being written in words at length.
- RULE 6. Whenever, upon any application for an act of incorporation or other special legislation, the purpose for which such legislation is sought can be secured without detriment to the public interests by a general law or under existing laws, the committee to which the matter is referred shall report such general law, or "leave to withdraw," or "inexpedient to legislate."

Notice to Parties Interested.

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Rule 7. No bill or resolve affecting the rights of individuals, or of private or municipal corporations, otherwise than as it affects generally the people of the whole Commonwealth, shall be reported by a committee, unless it is made to appear to the satisfaction of the committee that notice has been given, by public advertisement or otherwise, to all parties interested, without expense to the . Commonwealth; or unless evidence satisfactory to the committee is produced that the parties interested have in writing waived notice.

Printing and Distribution of Documents.

RULE 8. The committee on Printing may make regulations for the distribution of all documents printed or assigned for the use of the legislature not otherwise disposed of, such regulations to be reported to and subject to the order of the two branches.

Under the general order to print a report, bill or other document, the number printed shall be nine hundred.

Leave to report in print shall not be construed to authorize the printing of extended reports of evidence.

Bills, reports, and other documents, printed under the general order of either branch, shall be distributed as follows: to wit, Two copies to each member of the Senate and House of Representatives (to be placed on his file under the direction of the Sergeant-at-Arms, if desired by the member); three copies to each Clerk in either branch, and three copies to each reporter in regular attendance, to whom a seat has been assigned in either branch; twenty copies to the Executive; twenty copies to the Secretary's Office; six copies to the State Library; and, when the document is the report of a committee, ten copies shall be assigned to the committee making the report. The Sergeant-at-Arms shall preserve as many as may be necessary for the permanent files to be placed in the lobbies, and distribute the remainder under such regulations as may be prescribed by said joint committee. [Amended Jan. 8, 1886.1

Limit of Time Allowed for Reports of Committees.

RULE 9. Joint committees shall make final report upon all matters previously referred to them, on or before the

second Wednesday in March, unless further time is granted for cause.

Committees of Conference.

RULE 10. Committees of Conference shall consist of three members on the part of each branch, representing its vote; and their report, if agreed to by a majority of each committee, shall be made to the branch asking the conference, and may be either accepted or rejected, but no other action shall be had, except through a new committee of Conference.

Introduction of Business.

RULE 11. No bill or resolve affecting directly the legal rights of individuals or corporations, otherwise than as it affects generally the interests of the people of the whole Commonwealth, or of the cities or towns to which it specifically applies, shall be proposed or introduced, by amendment or otherwise, except by report of a committee, upon petition duly presented and referred or as a substitute for such report. Objection to the violation of this rule may be taken at any stage prior to that of the third reading.

Limit of Time Allowed for New Business.

Rule 12. Petitions, memorials, applications, and all other subjects of legislation, except reports required to be made to the legislature, proposed or introduced after the first Wednesday of February, shall be referred to the next General Court. This rule shall not be rescinded, amended, or suspended, except by a concurrent vote of four-fifths of the members of each branch present and voting thereon.

Duties of the Clerks.

RULE 13. If any part of the report of a committee over the signature of the chairman or members of the

committee is amended in either branch, the Clerk of that branch shall indorse upon the report such amendment.

RULE 14. All papers, while on their passage between the two branches, may be under the signature of the respective Clerks, except bills and resolves in their last stage. Messages may be sent by such persons as each branch may direct.

RULE 15. After bills have passed both branches to be engrossed, they shall be in the charge of the Clerks of the two branches, who shall deliver the same to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, to be engrossed in the manner prescribed by law; and, when engrossed the said Clerks shall forthwith deliver the same to the committee of the House of Representatives on Engrossed Bills; and when the same have passed to be enacted in that House, they shall, in like manner, be delivered to the committee of the Senate on Engrossed Bills.

RULE 16. If any petition, memorial, bill, resolve, or order, presented or originating in one branch, is adversely acted upon in the other, notice thereof shall be given, under the signature of the Clerk, to the branch in which the same originated.

RULE 17. The Clerk of the branch in which a bill originated shall make an indorsement thereon, certifying in which branch the same originated, which indorsement shall be entered on the journals by the clerks respectively.

After said bills have passed both branches to be enacted, the Clerk of the Senate shall lay them before the Governor for his approbation, and shall enter upon the journal of the Senate the day on which the same were laid before the Governor.

RULE 18. All resolves and other papers which are to be presented to the Governor for his approbation, shall be laid before him in the same manner as is prescribed in the case of bills.

Constitutional Amendments.

RULE 19. All resolves proposing amendments of the Constitution shall have three several readings in each branch, and the final question upon agreeing to the same shall be taken by year and nays.

JOINT CONVENTIONS.

- RULE 20. The President of the Senate shall preside in Conventions of the two branches, and such Conventions shall be holden in the Representatives' Chamber; the Clerk of the Senate shall be Clerk of the Convention, and a record of the proceedings of the Convention shall be entered at large on the journals of both branches.
- RULE 21. When an agreement has been made by the two branches to go into Convention, such agreement shall not be altered or annulled, except by concurrent vote.
- RULE 22. No business shall be entered on, in Convention, other than that which may be agreed on before the Convention is formed.

Joint Elections.

RULE 23. In all elections by joint ballot a time shall be assigned therefor at least one day previous to such election.

Elections of United States Senators.

RULE 24. The joint assembly required to be held by the statutes of the United States, relating to the elections for Senators in Congress, shall be deemed a Convention of the two branches, and the proceedings therein shall be in accordance with the provisions of said statutes. The President of the Convention shall receive no motion on any day until one vote for Senator has been taken. After one vote for Senator has been taken, no motion shall be in order except a motion to adjourn, for a recess, or to proceed to vote for Senator; and these motions shall have precedence in the order of their arrangement, and shall be decided without debate. If a motion is made for a recess, and different times are proposed, the question shall first be taken on the most remote time; and the time shall be determined, but without debate, before the question is put upon taking the recess. On either of the questions permitted by this rule, the sense of the Convention shall be taken by yeas and nays, whenever required by one-fifth of the members present. When the yeas and navs are taken, the roll of the Convention shall be called in alphabetical order; and no member shall be allowed to vote who was not on the floor when his name was called, or before the roll-call was finished. The call for the yeas and nays shall be decided without debate.

RULE 25. Any joint rule, except the twelfth, may be altered, suspended, or rescinded, two-thirds of the members present in each branch consenting thereto.

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NOTES OF RULINGS

OF THE

PRESIDING OFFICERS

FROM THE YEAR 1833.

PREPARED BY GEORGE G. CROCKER.

MEMORANDA. — S. stands for Senate Journal. H. for House Journal. Citations from Journals which have never been printed refer to the duplicate manuscript copy in the State Library.



NOTES OF RULINGS

BY THE

PRESIDING OFFICERS ON THE CONSTITUTION OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Power of Presiding Officers to Decide Constitu-TIONAL QUESTIONS. - In a decision on a money bill, in which it was held that it was within the province of the chair to decide the constitutional question involved, the following statement was made: "It is of course not intended to assume to the chair any right of decision as to the constitutionality of matters of legislation in relation to their substance; but where the question relates to form and manner of proceeding in legislation, or, in other words, is one of order, it is the duty of the chair to rule upon the same, although it may depend upon the provisions of the Constitution for its solution." Cases of a proposition to adjourn for more than two days, of proceedings without a quorum, of a faulty enacting form, and of neglecting to take the yeas and nays on a vetoed bill, are cited: PITMAN, S. 1869, p. 341. See also JEWELL, H. 1868, p. 386; STONE, H. 1866, p. 436. See also notes on "Courtesy between the Branches," under the heading "Sundry Rulings."

Chap. I., Sect. I., Art. II. — "No bill or resolve." See Long, H. 1878, p. 58; Noyes, H. 1880, p. 123.

"Laid before the Governor for his revisal." If either branch desires for any reason to revise an enacted bill, joint action of the two branches must be had, and the motion should be one providing that a message be sent by the two branches requesting the Governor to return the bill to the Senate. Jewell, H.

1869, p. 645. Notwithstanding this ruling it is customary for the Senate, when it desires to revise an enacted bill, to request the return of the bill, without asking the concurrent action of the House.

"Who shall enter the objections... and proceed to reconsider the same." In a case in which a resolve and the objections thereto were laid on the table, it was held that it was then out of order to introduce a new resolve of a similar nature. Goodwin, H. 1860, p. 613.

"But if, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of the said Senate or House of Representatives shall, notwithstanding the said objections, agree to pass the same, it shall, together with the objections, be sent to the other branch of the Legislature, where it shall also be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of the members present, shall have the force of a law." Under this provision it has been held that in the branch first taking action a vote of two-thirds of the members present is sufficient to pass a bill. CLIFFORD, S. 1862, p. 625; BULLOCK, H. 1862, p. 586.

It has been further held that the record of the yeas and nays is the only evidence of the number or names of the members present. CLIFFORD, S. 1862, p. 625.

CHAP. I., SECT. I., ART. IV. — "All manner of wholesome and reasonable orders." See Long, H. 1878, p. 60.

"To set forth the several duties, powers and limits of the several civil and military officers."

For certain resolves defining the powers of the Legislature, especially the power to prescribe duties to the Governor and other executive officers, see H. 1857, p. 557.

CHAP. I., SECT. II., ART. VI. — "Provided such adjournments do not exceed two days at a time." Sunday is not to be counted, but Fast Day must be counted. JEWELL, H. 1868, p. 311; STONE, H. 1867, p. 270.

CHAP. I, SECT. III., ART. VI. — For a case of an arraignment of a State official at the bar of the House, see HALE, H. 1859, p. 149.

CHAP. I., SECT. III., ART. VII. — "All money bills shall originate in the House of Representatives." The Senate can originate a bill or resolve appropriating money, or directly or indirectly involving expenditure. OPINION OF JUSTICES, S. 1878, appendix; COGSWELL, S. 1878, p. 279; PITMAN, S. 1869, p. 340. See contra, LONG, H. 1878, pp. 197, 563; JEWELL, H. 1869, p. 630; JEWELL, H. 1868, p. 385. See LORING, S. 1873, p. 409, for opinion that money bills should be allowed to originate in either branch.

Bills designating that certain property shall be subject to or exempt from taxation, as well as bills imposing a tax in terms, are "money bills." BISHOP, S. 1881, p. 419. See also SANFORD, H. 1873, p. 283; STONE, H. 1866, p. 436.

But it has been held that a bill exempting from taxation certain property in a particular town is not a "money bill." PILLS-BURY (acting President), S. 1884, p. 259.

A bill is considered as originating in that branch in which it is first acted upon. BRACKETT, H. 1885, p. 759.

CHAP. I., SECT. III., ART. VIII. — "Provided such adjournment shall not exceed two days at a time:" Sunday is not to be counted, but Fast Day must be counted. JEWELL, H. 1868, p. 311; STONE, H. 1867, p. 270.

CHAP. I., SECT. III., ART. X.—" And settled the rules and orders of proceeding in their own house." See Long, H. 1878, p. 60.

CHAP. VI., ART. II. — "But their being chosen or appointed to, and accepting the same, shall operate as a resignation of their seat in the Senate or House of Representatives." It is not within

the province of the chair to decide whether a member has forfeited his membership by accepting an office, incompatible with his seat in the Legislature. HALE, H. 1859, p. 48.

ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT, VIII. — See note to Constitution, Chap. VI., Art. II.

ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT, IX.—An amendment of the Constitution may be amended on the second year of its consideration, but such action will necessitate its reference to the next Legislature. BISHOP, S. 1880, p. 321; NOYES, H. 1880, p. 57.

It has also been held that an amendment to the Constitution cannot be amended on the second year of its consideration. PHELPS, H. 1857, p. 906; PHELPS, S. 1859, p. 323.

A vote agreeing to an article of amendment of the Constitution can be reconsidered. MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 377, 442-427.

A vote agreeing to an article of amendment of the Constitution can be reconsidered. MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 377.

As to the method of procedure in acting on an amendment on the second year, and in providing for its submission to the people, see Noyes, H. 1881, p. 466.

ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT, XXI. — "Not less than one hundred members of the House of Representatives shall constitute a quorum for doing business." See note to House Rule 65.

ARTICLES OF AMENDMENT, XXII. — "Not less than sixteen Senators shall constitute a quorum for doing business." It is immaterial that a quorum does not vote if a quorum is present. PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 584. See note to House Rule 65.

NOTES OF RULINGS

ON THE

SENATE RULES.

THE PRESIDENT. The President has no power, either by general parliamentary law or by special authority vested in him by the Senate, to cause any document to be printed or distributed, or to prevent any document from being printed or distributed; and, upon the simple request of a member of the Senate, he has no authority to issue an order to the Sergeant-at-arms to remove from the desks and files of the senators a report, portions of which are claimed to be unparliamentary. CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 489, 575.

RULE 9. See notes to House Rule 69.

"Except petitions, enacted bills, orders of inquiry, and orders of notice." As to the reason for this exception and its effect, see LORING, S. 1873, pp. 295, 299. It would seem that the right to reconsider the enactment of a bill, the reference of a petition, or the adoption of an order of inquiry or of notice should expire when the bill, petition or order passes out of the hands of the clerk.

- RULE 11. See notes to House Rule 62.
- RULE 13. For sundry rulings as to committees, see notes on the Joint Rules, under the head of "Committees."
- "A Committee on the Treasury." See notes to House Rules 21, 26.

RULE 17. A special act is one which directly affects individuals as such differently from the class to which they belong or from the people at large. PILLSBURY, S. 1885, pp. 558, 589. It is not within the province of the chair to rule that the object of an application can be secured without a special act under existing laws, or without detriment, to the public interests by a general law. This question must be determined by the Committee. PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 588. For a case in which it was held not to be allowable to substitute a general law for a special act, see PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 589. See note to House Rule 29.

RULE 18. Objection that this rule is violated cannot be sustained in the case of a House bill. PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 582.

RULE 21. See note to House Rule 45.

RULE 23. See notes to House Rule 47, and Joint Rule 11.

RULE 26. The subsequent rejection of a bill substituted for a report of committee recommending "no legislation," does not revive the question upon the adoption of the recommendation of the report. The requirement that every bill shall be read three times does not render the substitution liable to be nuilified by the rejection of the bill at a subsequent stage. BISHOP, S. 1881, p. 212.

ORDERS OF THE DAY. See note to House Rule 60.

RULES OF DEBATE. See notes upon this division of the House Rules.

MOTIONS. See notes upon this division of the House Rules. The Senate having passed a general order that the reading of the Journal should be dispensed with unless otherwise ordered, it was held that a senator could not require the reading of the Journal without a vote to that effect, and that a motion that the Journal be read was not a question of privilege. CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 290.

Appeals. In accordance with Cushing's Law and Practice of Legislative Assemblies (sect. 1467), which, by Rule 55, is adopted as an authority governing the Senate, it has been held that a question on an appeal may be laid on the table, and if such action is taken, the matter, whatever it may be, which gives rise to the appeal proceeds as if no appeal had been taken. CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 288, 289. In the House it has been held that a motion to lay an appeal on the table is not in order, and this would seem to be the better practice. It is to be noted that House Rule 100 is not so explicit as Senate Rule 55. See MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 582. See also notes to House Rule 93.

RULE 42. See notes to House Rule 90.

RULE 43. "To adjourn." See notes to House Rule 78.

"Or some other motion which has precedence." Where the Senate assigned one matter for 2.30 p. M., and one matter for 3 p. M., it was held to be the duty of the presiding officer to call up the second assignment at 3 p. M., even though the consideration of the first assignment was not finished. PITMAN, S. 1869, p. 316. See notes to House Rule 79.

"To lay on the table." Pending the consideration of one of the orders of the day, a motion to lay the orders of the day on the table is admissible. CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 287.

A motion to postpone laying the orders on the table is inadmissible. Crocker, S. 1883, p. 287.

"To close debate at a specified time." See note to House Rule 79.

A motion that the debate be closed in one hour is admissible, although, under a general order, the Senate would adjourn before the expiration of the hour. CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 286.

After the time for closing debate has arrived, the taking of the question cannot be postponed by a motion to adjourn or to commit, or that the Journal be read, and these motions cannot then be entertained. CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 288, 289.

If a motion to close debate in one hour is reconsidered, the question does not recur upon the original motion because that motion owing to the lapse of time is out of order. The debate will proceed without limitation unless a new motion to close it is made. PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 589.

"Amend." A substitute, which by Rule 25 must have three several readings on three successive days, can be amended in the second degree. COOLIDGE, S. 1870, p. 416.

It is not out of order to substitute an entire bill for another entire bill. Brastow, S. 1868, p. 48 See also Senate Rule 25.

The substitution of a question on the rejection of an order for a question on the passage of the order is not a parliamentary substitution, because one is simply the negative of the other. CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 575, 578.

RULE 47. It seems that, in the absence of a rule excluding amendments proposing subjects different from those under consideration, such amendments must be considered as in order. Cushing's Manual, sect. 102; Brastow, S. 1868, p. 51.

If a committee reports only in part, amendments must be germane to that portion of the subject which is reported on. CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 86.

For instances of amendments which have been held not to be germane, see PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 589; BISHOP, S. 1882, p. 310 (contra, Noves, H. 1882, p. 197).

For instances of amendments which have been held to be germane, see PILLSBURY, S. 1885, pp. 582, 585, 435; SESSIONS (acting President), S. 1885, p. 320; CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 209, 573; BISHOP, S. 1881, p. 384; BISHOP, S. 1882, p. 347.

See notes to House Rule 89.

RULE 48. Prior to the adoption of this rule it was held that the smallest sum and the longest time must be put first. Cogs-Well, S. 1879, p. 376.

See note to House Rule 91.

RULE 49. "Not exceeding ten minutes shall be allowed for debate." Time consumed in taking the question on a motion to adjourn is not to be deducted from the ten minutes allowed for debate. CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 288.

See notes to Senate Rule 43 and House Rules 78, 79.

RULE 50. President Loring (S. 1873, p. 299,) goes so far as to say that there is no reconsideration of votes to commit petition, etc.; but it would seem that a better position to take would be that there can be no reconsideration after such petition, etc., has actually been handed over by the clerk to the committee.

The same would be true, mutatis mutandis, with reference to enacted bills. In the case of the latter, a method sometimes adopted is to request the Governor to return the bill, and then reconsider its enactment. See Senate Rule 9 and notes thereto. See also note to Constitution, Chap. I., Sect. I., Art. II.

"Except on motion to adjourn," etc. This exception cuts off any reconsideration of votes on the motions mentioned. CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 287.

See notes to House Rule 69.

RULE 51. See notes to House Rule 48.

This rule is an expression of a principle of parliamentary law. For a full discussion of its origin and effect, see BISHOP, S. 1880, p. 243.

"Finally rejected." These words must be construed to refer to a rejection by both Houses, or to such action of the Senate as amounts to a final rejection of the measure independently of any action of the House. PILLSBURY, S, 1885, p. 584.

"When an order is rejected, or a petition excluded, or leave is refused to bring in a bill, or a bill or resolve is refused any one of its stages of advancement, it is 'finally rejected.'" Gogswell, S. 1877, pp. 301, 306.

"The phrase 'when any measure shall be finally rejected' must be construed to apply solely to such measures as the Senate has power finally to reject and cannot of course apply to amendments which may be offered at any stage of a bill, even if rejected at a previous stage; nor has it ever been denied that an amendment rejected by the Senate may be adopted by the House and sent up for concurrence. A substitute is an amendment differing only in this, that it is capable of amendment in the second degree, and by rules of Senate, but not of the House, requires three several readings. To propose a substitute is therefore only to propose an amendment, and it does not become a 'measure' until it is adopted. The rule being made by the Senate, and applicable to the Senate alone, must mean that no senator shall introduce a second time a 'measure,' that is, a bill or resolve, and some kinds of orders, which has been once and finally rejected by the Senate. Any other interpretation would put it in the power of a single senator to defeat any bill, which might be pending in either branch or in the committee, and to which he was opposed, by offering it as a substitute for any other bill which he had reason to believe the Senate was desirous of passing, and so compelling the Senate to choose between two bills, both of which it might be desirous of passing." COOLIDGE, S. 1870, p. 415. This ruling was made before the adoption of Senate Rule 46. See, contra, PITMAN, S, 1869, p. 517.

In conformity with the foregoing it was held that a bill passed in the branch in which it began might be sent from that branch to the other, and so introduced, although a similar bill was there pending, or had been passed or rejected. Cogswell, S. 1877, pp. 301, 306. See, also, BISHOP, S. 1882, p. 307.

So also in a case when a report "inexpedient to legislate,"

had been adopted by the Senate it was held that the Senate was still bound to entertain a House bill on the same subject, if the report had not been concurred in by the House. PILLS-BURY, S. p. 585.

When the above decisions of Presidents Coolidge and Cogswell were given, the words "by any committee or member" were not embodied in the rule, and the rule ended as follows: "and this rule shall apply as well to measures originating in the House as to those originating in the Senate." These words were left out in 1877.

If, however, a bill or measure has been once rejected by both branches, general parliamentary law, as well as this rule, would prevent any measure substantially the same from being again introduced into either branch at the same session; and the fact that one branch had passed such measure and forwarded it to the other, would not justify its introduction in the latter branch. Thus where a report of "leave to withdraw" had been accepted by both branches, it was held that a bill which embodied a measure substantially the same as that contemplated in the petition must be laid aside, even though the bill came from the other branch. BISHOP, S. 1880, p. 243. See, also, Pillsbury, S. 1885, p. 583.

It seems that, notwithstanding this rule, an amendment of the Constitution can be introduced, although it is substantially the same as an amendment which came from the previous legislature and which has been rejected. PHELPS, S. 1859, p. 325.

"No measure substantially the same." A resolve providing only for biennial elections is not substantially the same as a resolve providing for biennial elections and biennial sessions of the legislature. BRUCE, S. 1884, p. 581.

RULE 54. "Unless excused before the vote is taken." After a viva voce vote has been taken a request to be excused from voting cannot be entertained. PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 583.

RULE 60. See notes to House Rule 100.

NOTES OF RULINGS

ON THE

HOUSE RULES.

RULE 15. "Except petitions, enacted bills, orders of inquiry, and orders of notice." See notes to Senate Rules 9 and 49, and to House Rule 69.

MEMBERS. If the report of a committee that Mr. A, a sitting member, is not entitled to a seat, has been accepted, it is out of order for Mr. A to take part in the proceedings, although a motion to reconsider the acceptance of the report is pending. PHELPS, H. 1856, p. 493.

- RULE 18. "No member shall absent himself from the House without leave." The phrase "the House" refers to the Representatives' Chamber alone. SANFORD, H. 1874, p. 313.
- RULE 21. For sundry rulings as to reports of committees see notes on the Joint Rules under the head of "COMMITTEES."
- "A Committee on Finance." Notwithstanding a previous investigation and report by the Committee on Claims, or other committee, the Finance Committee has power to examine every matter before it as a new question, and decide for or against it, on its merits. Jewell, H. 1870, p. 454. See also note to House Rule 26.

- RULE 26. Under an order authorizing the Committee on Finance to report from time to time such appropriation bills as may be required, the committee cannot properly report an appropriation not authorized by law. LONG, H. 1878, p. 347. See also note to House Rule 21.
- RULE 29. "Or without detriment to the public interest by a general law." Prior to the adoption of this rule a committee could not change a special to a general bill. SANFORD, H. 1874, p. 502. Nor could the Legislature change a private or special bill by amendment into a general law. SANFORD, H. 1874, pp. 217, 513; LONG, H. 1878, pp. 117, 361.
- RULE 35. After a petition has been presented in accordance with the rules and the question on its reference has been stated, it is then too late to call for a vote on its reception. HALE, H. 1859, p. 64.
- RULE 39. This rule is not applicable to motions for adjournment. RICE (acting Speaker), H. 1859, p. 224.

Quære, whether an order can be postponed without question after the discussion of it has begun. See Kinnicutt, H. 1844, p. 524.

- RULE 41. When the question, "Shall this bill be rejected?" is pending, a motion to amend the bill is not in order (PHELPS, H. 1856, p. 323), but it is in order to move the previous question. PHELPS, H. 1856, p. 332.
- RULE 42. A bill will be referred under this rule to the Committee on Finance, even if the fact that it involves the expenditure of public money is not discovered until the question on its engrossment is pending. BRACKETT, H. 1885, pp. 709, 732.
- RULE 45. As to whether it is proper under this rule to move to take from the files of last year a bill (which was then referred

to the next General Court), and move its reference to a committee, without getting special leave to introduce it, see Long, H. 1877, p. 466, and Oscoop, appellant, p. 469.

RULE 47. See notes to Joint Rule 11.

An amendment restricting the scope of a general bill to certain particular cases does not affect the rights of individuals otherwise than as they were affected by the original bill. Marden, H. 1883, pp. 484, 522, 523.

On a petition asking the extension of the provisions of a certain Act, a bill cannot be reported extending the provisions of a different Act. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 392.

RULE 48. See notes to Senate Rule 50.

It is not in order under this Rule to move as an amendment a bill which has once been finally rejected. MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 819.

After a bill "making appropriations for expenses of various charitable and reformatory institutions" was rejected, it was held that one of the sections of that bill could be introduced without violating this rule. MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 569.

Notwithstanding this rule, a bill may be received from the Senate and considered by the House, although a similar bill is there pending, or has been passed or rejected. Once in the House, and there referred to a committee of the House, a subsequent report of it back from that committee is a part of its career, and not such an introduction of it as to bring it within this rule as "introduced by a committee." Long, H. 1877, p. 424; Goodwin, H. 1860, p. 550. Contra, see Sanford, H. 1875, p. 323; Osgood (acting Speaker), H. 1877, p. 416.

A bill changed in but a single essential provision is not substantially the same. Noyes, H. 1881, p. 402. See also Noyes, H. 1881, p. 447; Jewell, H. 1868, p. 204.

A bill was excluded under this rule if it embraces a measure substantially the same as that covered by a previously rejected

petition, or by an order on which a report if expedient to legislate has been accepted. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 349; BISHOP, S. 1880, p. 243; MARDEN, H. 1884, p. 555.

For a case in which a memorial was introduced and referred to a committee, although it related to the same subject as that embraced in a petition upon which a report of leave to withdraw had been accepted, see PHELPS, H. 1856, p. 683.

After a bill reported on a petition has been rejected, the petition cannot be further considered. SANFORD, H. 1874, p. 511. See SANFORD, H. 1873, p. 198; KIMBALL (acting Speaker), H. 1871, p. 400.

It seems that reference to the next Legislature is not a final rejection. See Goodwin, H. 1860, p. 550.

"Introduced by any committee or member." As to the effect of these words, see Long, H. 1877, p. 427.

RULE 52. Notice of an amendment of an engrossed bill or resolve adopted by one branch should be communicated to the other by a message. See Walley, H. 1846, pp. 314, 440, 578, 606. The formality of a message is now dispensed with.

RULE 59. "The unfinished business," etc. See Kinnicutt, H. 1844, p. 524.

RULE 60. If a matter is discharged from the orders of the day, the vote cannot be reconsidered on the succeeding day. BLISS, H. 1853, p. 362.

RULE 61. "And shall then be open to further amendment before such question is put." By general parliamentary law it is not in order to amend a substitute at the same stage in which it is adopted. PHELPS, H. 1857, p. 984.

VOTING. A member has no right to change his vote after the result is declared, even though the declaration is erroneous and the right is claimed prior to a corrected statement. PHELPS, H. 1856, p. 496.

A vote may be declared null and void after it has been recorded. EDDY, H. 1855, p. 1570.

Pending a roll-call it is not in order to move that the doors be closed, because such a motion, if adopted, might prevent a member who happened to be outside from voting. It is, however, in order to close the doors in case of a call of the House, because it is the very object of the proceeding to ascertain who is present. HALE, H. 1859, p. 335.

RULE 62. In the case of a creditor or stockholder of the Eastern Railroad it was held that he could vote on the bill "for the relief of the Eastern Railroad Company and the securing of its debts and liabilities," inasmuch as said creditor's or stockholder's interest was not "distinct from the public interest, but was inseparately mixed with it." Long, H. 1876, p.181, and cases there cited. See also WINTHROP, H. 1838, pp. 202, 212.

A director of a bank which has petitioned for an increase of capital was held not to be excluded by interest from voting on a motion to instruct the Committee on Banks and Banking to report leave to withdraw on all petitions by banks for an increase of capital. BLISS, H. 1853, p. 605. See also WINTHROP, H. 1838, pp. 77, 78, 79; WINTHROP, H. 1840. p. 207.

In the case of a bill "to equalize the bounties of our soldiers," which provided for paying certain sums of money to a particular class of persons described in the bill, it was held that a member who, under the provisions of the bill, would be entitled to \$200, had such an interest as would deprive him of the right to vote. Stone, H. 1866, p. 364. See, also, cases there cited.

For other cases relating to this rule, see BANKS, H. 1852, p. 225; ASHMUN, H. 1841, p. 387.

RULE 63. Any member may require the observance by other members of the duty of voting while the vote is proceeding, and before it is declared; but it is too late to call for the

enforcement of the rule after the vote has been completed and declared. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 564.

"Members desiring to be so excused shall make application," etc. For a case which arose prior to the adoption of this provision, see BLISS, H. 1853, p. 367.

This rule applies only to main questions and not to subsidiary, incidental or privileged questions. BRACKETT, H. 1885, p. 766.

RULE 65. When a quorum does not vote on a given question, though a quorum is in fact present, a second division of the House cannot be claimed as of right. It is not necessary to the valid decision of a question that a quorum shall actually vote if the requisite number are present. Sanford, H. 1874, p. 564.

RULE 67. Under a rule which enabled one-fifth of the members present and voting to order the yeas and nays, it was held that a vote for the yeas and nays could not be reconsidered, except by a four-fifths vote. EDDY, H. 1855, p. 15. Contra, PHELPS, H. 1856, p. 1120; CUSHING, § 1271.

When a question is before the House, and the yeas and nays have been ordered, a motion to reverse the roll-call is not in order. BLISS, H. 1853, p. 299.

It seems that a motion for the yeas and nays cannot be laid on the table. See ASHMUN, H. 1841, p. 385.

"No member shall be allowed to vote who was not on the floor before the vote is declared." For a case arising when the rule provided that no member shall be allowed to vote who was not upon the floor when his name was called, or before the roll-call was finished, see EDDY, H. 1855, pp. 1573, 1658.

RULE 69. Reconsideration can be had of a vote rejecting the report of a committee which declared that the seat of a member was vacant. HALE, H. 1859, p. 133.

As to reconsideration of votes to commit petitions, etc., and of the enactment of laws, see notes to Senate Rules 9 and 49.

The vote requiring the yeas and nays to be taken can be reconsidered. Noves, H. 1881, p. 490.

When a vote has been passed to close debate at a specified time, and that time has arrived, it is too late to move a reconsideration in order to extend the debate. Noves, H. 1880, p. 220.

As to whether the adoption of an order can be reconsidered, after its execution has begun, see HALE, H. 1859, p. 270.

It has been held that a motion to reconsider a vote on an undebatable question cannot be debated. ROCKWELL, H. 1858, p. 331.

"Such motion, if made on the same day, shall, except in the last week of the session, be placed first in the orders of the next day," etc. Notwithstanding this rule it is necessary to take up forthwith a motion to reconsider a vote that when the House adjourn it be to a day or hour different from that fixed by the rules. Goodwin, H. 1860, p. 415.

"It shall be forthwith considered." This does not prevent a postponement of action on the motion to reconsider by a vote to that effect. HALE (acting Speaker), H. 1874, p. 23.

Where a bill had passed to be engrossed, and a motion to reconsider had been made it was held that laying the motion to reconsider on the table would not carry the bill to the table, but would leave the clerk at liberty to send it to the Senate. Jewell, H. 1870, p. 428.

"Provided, however," etc., for the origin of this proviso, see Kinnicutt, H. 1844, p. 524.

RULE 70. "No question shall be twice reconsidered." Where a bill had been rejected, and reconsideration was carried, and the bill was then amended in an essential feature, it was held that a reconsideration of a second rejection would be in order, because the question on the second rejection was not

the same as that on the first. STONE, H. 1867, p. 218; HEYWOOD (acting President), S. 1865, p. 533.

The same question cannot twice be reconsidered. The fact that the question has been decided once in the affirmative, and once in the negative, makes no difference. BLISS, H. 1853, p. 721.

It is competent for the House to reconsider a vote refusing to pass a bill over the executive veto, notwithstanding the first vote is described in the Constitution as a "reconsideration of the bill." Sanford, H. 1874, p. 983.

It has been held that this rule can be suspended so as to allow a second reconsideration. PHELPS, H. 1856, 481.

RULES OF DEBATE. Remarks should be addressed to the presiding officer, not to the House in general. BULLOCK, H. 1865, p. 155.

When a member yields the floor to another he loses the right to it altogether. BRACKETT, H. 1885, p. 741.

No person not a member of the legislative body has any right to take part in the debates. For a case in which application of this rule was made to the chaplain's prayer, see Sanford, H. 1872, p. 291.

The uniform custom in the House has been to allude to a member by his residence. The pronouncing of the name of one member by another in debate is liable to lead to the excitement of personal feeling, and to a disturbance of that harmony and courtesy among the members which are essential to the highest style of order in a deliberative assembly. Bullock H. 1865, p. 155.

Allusions should not be made to the opinions or wishes of the executive for the purpose of influencing the decision of any question. This point is not one merely of formality or propriety, but one of principle, affecting the independence of the several branches of the government. The official acts and orders of the executive, and his opinions officially communicated to the

Legislature, are properly subjects of discussion, and may well be referred to for the purpose of influencing the action of the legislative body; but it is irregular and unparliamentary in debate for a member, with a view to secure the passage or defeat of a measure, to refer to the supposed opinion or wish of the executive not officially promulgated. Bullock, H. 1865, p. 155

After a point of order has been raised, the subject can be postponed to give the chair time for consideration. Noves, H. 1882, p. 446.

An order having been adopted that the Speaker should declare an adjournment on the completion of the business on which the House was engaged at five o'clock, it was held that a motion to take a recess until 7.30 made after five o'clock was not in order for the reason that the order had not been suspended. BRACKETT, H. 1885, pp. 771, 775.

RULE 74. The House has refused to sustain a ruling that the intent of this rule is to give the preference in speaking only to such members who have not spoken as rise at the same time with a member who may desire to speak a second time. HALE, 11. 1859, p. 288.

MOTIONS. In general terms, it is a principle of parliamentary law that no question can be moved a second tima upon which the judgment of the House has already been expressed. See WADE, H. 1879, p. 540; HALE, H. 1859, p. 277; PHELPS, H. 1856, p. 530.

If a motion to lay on the table is lost, another motion to lay on the table is not in order until some substantial business has been transacted. The rejection of a motion to adjourn is not substantial business. CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 286; BLISS, H. 1853, p. 281.

A motion to suspend the rule limiting the time allowed to each speaker is in order pending a debate, although before the debate began a similar motion had been made and defeated. HALE, H. 1859, p. 603.

No two resolutions nor any two bills contradictory to each other can be passed at the same session. See WADE, H. 1879, p. 540.

If, however, an amendment is made at one stage of a bill, inserting certain words, the same words, or any part of them, may be stricken out by amendment at a subsequent stage without reconsideration of the first amendment. SANFORD, H. 1874, p. 246. For further modifications and explanations of this principle, see notes to Senate Rule 50, and House Rule 48.

A resolution disapproving of the course of a member is not admissible unless such course has been in violation of the rules and privileges of the House. Sanford, H. 1872, p. 292.

RULE 77. "A motion . . . may be withdrawn by the mover if no objection is made." Where a motion to reconsider was made, and under the rule went over to the succeeding day, it was held that it was no longer before the house and could not be withdrawn until reached on such succeeding day, unless the rule was suspended so that it could be at once considered. PHELPS, H. 1857, p. 533.

RULE 78. "A motion to adjourn shall be always first in order." A motion to adjourn is not in order pending the verification of a vote. If the previous question is ordered, a motion to adjourn is not in order until the main question is decided. BLISS, H. 1853, pp. 274, 365. See, also, LORING, S. 1874, pp. 551, 554; CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 289.

A motion to adjourn to a specified time is not entitled to precedence. BLISS, H. 1853, p. 302.

If a motion to adjourn has been negatived it cannot be renewed until substantial business has intervened. BLISS, H. 1853, p. 303.

The ordering of the yeas and nays on the pending question and the interposition of a request to be excused from voting and ordering the yeas and nays on this question is not substantial business. BRACKETT, H. 1885, p. 356.

If there is no other motion before the House, a motion to adjourn may be amended by specifying a particular day, and it has been held that it is not even then debatable. Crownin-SHIELD, H. 1849, p. 314.

Rule 79. See notes to House Rules 67 and 78.

"To close the debate at a specified time." The House is not bound by a vote to take the question at a given time. The previous question would be in order, or the time might be extended for taking the vote. Sanford, H. 1873, p. 262. When, however, the time fixed for taking the vote has arrived, it is too late to move a reconsideration in order to extend the time. Noves, H. 1880, p. 220.

It has been held that a motion to close the debate must be put to the question before the time specified in the motion, even if it is necessary to interrupt a speaker for the purpose of so doing. UPHAM, S. 1858, p. 448.

The motion to close debate at a specified time cannot be applied to a motion to refer a matter to the next General Court. BRACKETT, H. 1885, p. 599.

"Or some other motion that has precedence." If a special assignment is not called up on the day assigned for its consideration, it has been held that it falls through and loses its privilege, but this ruling was overruled by the House. BLISS, H. 1853, p. 347. See notes to Senate Rule 43.

PREVIOUS QUESTION. The announcement of a vote for the preacher of the election sermon having shown that no person had a majority, a motion was made that the person having the highest number of votes be declared elected, and the previous question was then moved and carried, and it was held that the

main question was the motion that a plurality should elect. BRADBURY, H. 1847, p. 273.

RULE 83. If a motion for the previous question is carried while a motion to reconsider the adoption of an amendment is pending, the motion to reconsider is not thereby made the main question. ELDRIDGE (acting Speaker), H. 1860, p. 288.

RULE 85. When debate is closed under this rule, the right to speak ten minutes belongs solely to the member in charge of the measure under consideration, and in his absence no other member of the committee can be considered in charge thereof and be entitled to speak. BRACKETT, H. 1885, p. 677.

RULE 88. It seems that a substitute can be amended in the second degree. See Coolidge, S. 1870, p. 416.

RULE. 89. Before the Joint Rules allowed committees to report a general law upon a petition for special legislation, it was held that a private or special Act could not be changed by amendment to a general law. SANFORD, H. 1874, p. 217; LONG, H. 1878, pp. 117, 361.

Amendments extending the provisions of a private or special bill, so as to make it general, are admissible if the committee might have reported such a general bill on the order referred to it. MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 630.

An amendment is in order if it does not extend beyond the scope of the subject matter on which the report of a committee is based. Marden, H. 1883, pp. 232, 558. See notes on Senate Rule 47.

An amendment which provides for a modification of an existing law is not germane to a bill which provides for a repeal of the law. MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 512.

For instances of amendments which have been held not to be germane, see BRACKETT, H. 1885, pp. 650, 710, 723;

MARDEN, H. 1884, pp. 320, 387, 408, 492, 506, 537; MARDEN, H. 1883, pp. 259, 457, 598, 671, 702, 765; NOYES, H. 1882, p. 197; NOYES, H. 1882, p. 289; NOYES, H. 1882, p. 380; NOYES, H. 1881, p. 480; NOYES, H. 1880, pp. 178, 184; LONG, H. 1878, pp. 216, 411; LONG, H. 1877, pp. 390, 554; SANFORD, H. 1875, p. 304; LONG, H. 1876, p. 245; JEWELL, H. 1870, p. 483; JEWELL, H. 1868, p. 573. See, also, notes to Senate Rule 47.

For instances of amendments which have been held to be germane, see Brackett, H. 1885, p. 665; Marden, H. 1883, pp. 232, 558; Noyes, H. 1882, p. 197; Brown (acting Speaker), H. 1882, p. 515; Long, H. 1878, p. 521; Long (acting Speaker), H. 1875, p. 470. See, also, note to Senate Rule 47.

It is too late to raise objection that a proposed amendment is not germane to a bill, after the consideration of the amendment has occupied the attention of the House a portion of two sessions. Sanford, H. 1874 p. 367. See also Dewey (acting Speaker), H. 1877, p. 463; Noyes, H. 1881, p. 480. See notes to Joint Rules under the head of "Committees."

RULE 90. This rule does not save the right to amend when a simple motion to strike out (i. e., a motion not embracing a proposition to insert) has been made and rejected. SANFORD, H. 1874, p. 499.

"A question containing two or more propositions capable of division." The question, "Shall this bill pass to be engrossed?" is not divisible. Thus, in passing to be engrossed a bill fixing certain salaries, the bill cannot be divided so as to allow the salary of each official to be voted on separately. NOYES, H. 1881, p. 490.

"Strike out and insert." See Noves, H. 1880, p. 60.

RULE 91. Where there is no blank, and amendments are offered, changing the sum or time, the matter is to be treated as

if the sum or time were left blank in the original motion, and the sum or time therein stated is to take its place among the amendments in accordance with the provisions of this rule. WADE, H. 1879, p. 144.

See note to Senate Rule 48.

RULE 93. An appeal from a ruling of the chair must be taken at once. The right to appeal is cut off by the intervention of other business. PHELPS, H. 1857, p. 907. Also CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 289.

For a case where the chair refused to entertain an appeal because the question had previously been decided by a ruling of the chair, which was confirmed by a vote of the House, see BLISS, H. 1853, p. 366. See also CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 289, 290.

The decision upon an appeal can be reconsidered. BLISS, H. 1853, pp. 730, 736.

A motion to lay an appeal on the table is not in order. MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 582. See notes to Senate Rules, under heading "MOTIONS."

RULE 95. The election of a State director of the Troy and Greenfield Railroad Company was held to be within this rule. Goodwin, H. 1860, p. 665.

RULE 100. It is not competent for the House on motion to suspend the principles of general parliamentary law. The House could not suspend the rule that the rejection of a motion to strike out precludes amendment any more than it could suspend the rule requiring a majority of votes to pass a motion. SANFORD, H. 1874, p. 499.

NOTES OF RULINGS

ON THE

JOINT RULES.

COMMITTEES. When a report is received, the committee's duties as to the matter reported on are ended, and they can make no further report upon it, unless the subject is recommitted to them by vote of the assembly. CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 489, 576: MARDEN, H. 1883, pp. 529, 669.

Every report shall conclude with some substantive proposition for the consideration of the assembly, such as, that a bill, resolve, order, or resolution, ought or ought not to pass, that it is inexpedient to legislate, that the petitioners have leave to withdraw, etc., etc.

If a report recommends the passage of a bill or resolve, action is had upon the bill or resolve alone, and it takes its several readings, or is otherwise disposed of, as to the assembly seems fit. In such cases nothing is done about "accepting the report." The statement of facts and argument embodied in the report in support of the recommendation of the committee is not accepted or adopted, . . . and the assembly, by passing the bill or resolve, does not endorse that statement of fact or argument any more than, when it passes a vote, it endorses every speech made in support of the motion.

What is true of a report recommending the passage of a bill or resolve is equally true of a report recommending the passage of a resolution or order, reference to another committee or to the next General Court, or any other action. The substantive proposition of the report is the motion, as it were, of the committee, and that proposition alone is before the assembly for its action. The preliminary statement of facts and of opinions contained in reports in the usual forms is not before the assembly for its action, and therefore cannot be amended. If, however, the proposition of a report is that its statement of facts and of opinions should be endorsed and adopted by the assembly itself, then and then only such statement would properly be before the assembly, and might be amended or otherwise acted upon.

Whatever the proposition of the report is, the question should be so framed as to embody that proposition in distinct terms. The ordinary form of putting the question, namely, "Shall this report be accepted?" is inaccurate, ambiguous, misleading, and ought to be abolished. CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 489, 576.

If a committee reports in part only, their report should expressly state that it is "in part," and should clearly define what portion of the subject matter committed to them is covered by the report. The use of the words "in part" is, however, not essential. If the committee intended to report in part only, and the phraseology of their report is consistent with such intent, their report will be treated as a report in part. CROCKER, S. 1883, p. 87.

For a discussion as to the creation of joint committes, and their relations to the two branches, see Hale, H. 1859, p. 269.

As to whether the same subject may be referred to two committees, see Sanford, H. 1872, p. 419. It seems that such action would conflict with the principle of parliamentary law, that no bill or measure shall be twiced passed upon in the same session.

Committees must confine their report to the subject referred to them. Brackett, H. 1885, p. 858; Jewell, H. 1870, pp. 454, 475; Jewell, H. 1871, p. 342; Sanford, H. 1874, p 392: Sanford, H. 1872, pp. 419, 421, 422. See also Bruce, S. 1884, p. 581; Marden, H. 1884, p. 450; Noves, H. 1880, pp. 68, 72, 77, 472; Long, H. 1878, p. 216.

On an order relating to all cities and towns, a committee cannot report a bill applicable to a single city. MARDEN, H. 1884, p. 450.

As to what legislation can be based on the reference to a committee of a report of a commission or board of trustees, see Jewell, H. 1870, p. 478.

If any part of a bill covers a matter not referred to the committee, the whole bill must be withdrawn or excluded. It cannot be amended before it is received. SANFORD, H. 1872, pp. 422, 429; SANFORD, H. 1875, 365. But it has been held that such a bill may be recommitted. BRACKETT, H. 1885, p. 359.

A report, after its acceptance in one branch, can be laid aside in the other branch if it covers matters not referred to the committee. MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 478. But if an amendment has been adopted by one branch, the other branch cannot refuse to entertain it on the ground that it is not germane. MARDEN, H. 1884, p. 451.

Objection that a bill covers matter not referred to the committee cannot be raised after deliberate action on the bill, by amendment, or by passing it to a third reading, or even, it seems, after continued deliberation in regard to it. See Dewey (acting Speaker), H. 1877, p. 464; SANFORD, H. 1874, p. 367; JEWELL, H. 1870, p. 477. See also NOYES, H. 1881, p. 480; WADE, H. 1879, 540.

Where a committee has referred to it several petitions on the same subject, or various papers involving either directly or remotely the same subject, whether simply or connected with other things, and the committee has once considered and reported upon any one subject involved in them, it has entirely exhausted its authority over that subject.

After such report has been once made, the subject passes beyond the control of the committee and becomes the property of the House.

Any papers left in the hands of the committee, which may indirectly involve the same subject, must be treated as if that question was not in them. It seems not to be within the power of a committee to withhold mention of any particular petition, report, or other paper, and thus retain possession of a subject once reported upon as a basis for new action and a new report.

General considerations support strongly this view. It is a maxim of jurisprudence, that it is for the public advantage that strifes should come to an end. It is equally for the public interest that contentions, in what our fathers call the Great and General Court, should be settled once for all. Many persons have a deep interest in the matters heard before committees. They appear in person or by counsel; and when the subject is, by report of the committee, brought before the Legislature, they appear to influence the action of members, as they have the right to do. When the matter is once disposed of, they depart, and suppose they may do so in safety. They have a right to believe their interests no longer require their presence. But, if a committee may revive questions once reported upon and settled, there will never be rest. Jewell, H. 1870, p. 480.

A resolve, not an order, should be the form used to provide for printing a document not for the use of the legislature, and involving the expenditure of public money. Long, H. 1878, p. 58; Noyes, H. 1880, p. 123.

Further, as to cases in which orders would be suitable, see Long, H. 1878, p. 58.

A motion that several bills comprised in one report should be placed separately in orders of day, is not in order before the report has been received and the bills read the first time. Sanford, H. 1872, p. 404.

RULE 6. "Special legislation." Special legislation in the sense of this rule is that which directly affects individuals as such differently from the class to which they belong or from the people at large. PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 588, 589. See notes to Senate Rule 17.

RULE 8. "No printing... shall be ordered except upon the report of the Joint Committee on Printing." See LONG, H. 1878, p. 116. See also note to Joint Rule 1.

RULE 10. That which has been agreed to by both branches cannot be disturbed by a committee of conference. It is competent for a committee of conference to report such change in the sections or portions not agreed to as is germane to those sections. BISHOP, S. 1882, p. 391.

RULE 11. See note to House Rule 4.

A bill may be laid aside on the ground that it is in violation of this rule after it has passed through one branch. BISHOP, S. 1882, p. 307.

"No bill or resolve." An order that a committee investigate the management and condition of a certain society and report what legislation is necessary was held to be within the operation of this rule, because any bill or resolve embodying the conclusions of such investigation would be within the scope of the rule. BRUCE, S. 1884, p. 580. Contra, PILLSBURY, S. 1885, p. 580.

"By amendment or otherwise." For the case of an amendment which was ruled out as within this rule, see BISHOP, S. 1880, p. 333.

An amendment proposing a new treatment of a subject already in the bill, and not the introduction of a new subject into the bill, is not covered by the rule. BISHOP, S. 1881, p. 384.

"Except by report of a committee on petition duly presented and referred." See Noyes, H. 1882, p. 90. For cases in which a bill was ruled out under this rule, see Long, H. 1878, pp. 116, 120. Cogswell, S. 1878, p. 178.

The words "duly presented" do not require compliance with the provisions of chapter 2 of the Public Statutes in regard to notice. Those provisions are mandatory only to the petitioner, and the legislature may, if it seems fit, hear the petitioner, notwithstanding his failure to comply with the law. MARDEN, H. 1883. p. 533.

A bill which is offered as a substitute for a report of a com. mittee must be germane to the subject referred to the committee. Jewell, H. 1871, p. 342.

"Objection to the violation of this rule may be taken at any stage prior to that of the third reading." For a case which arose prior to the insertion of these word, see Dewey (acting Speaker), H. 1877, p. 463.

RULE 12. This rule does not exclude matters of privilege. They may be considered wherever they arise. PILLSBURY, S. 1885. p. 583.

"All other subjects of legislation." See Long, H. 1878, p. 572; Brackett, H. 1885, p. 354.

An order which is merely incidental to a subject of legislation before the House is not within the scope of this rule. MARDEN, H. 1883, p. 311.

"Proposed or introduced." It has been twice ruled that matter referred by one General Court to the next, when called up in the General Court to which it is so referred, must be considered as the introduction of new business within the intent of this rule. In both cases the bill in question related to the compensation of members of the legislature, and in both cases, on appeal, the decision of the chair was reversed. CROCKER, S. 1883, pp. 521, 578; LONG, H. 1877, pp. 466-473.

"Shall be referred to the next General Court." Where a bill had passed to a third reading, it was held that it was too late to secure its reference to the next General Court under this rule. DEWEY (acting Speaker), H. 1877, p. 463. See, also, WADE, H. 1879, p. 540.

For a case arising under a somewhat similar rule, see JEWELL, H. 1868, p. 591.

After the House had debated an order several times and had once adopted it, it was held too late to raise the point that the order came within the scope of this rule. BRACKETT, H. 1885, p. 354.

SUNDRY RULINGS.

Courtesy between the Branches.

When one branch has passed upon a matter and forwarded it to the other, the latter is, as a rule, bound to receive and act upon it. For a discussion of this principle, and the exceptions to it, see Marden, H. 1883, pp. 523-528; also p. 478; BISHOP, S. 1882, p. 307; Marden, H. 1884, p. 451; Pillsbury, S. 1885, pp. 582, 583; Morrison (acting Speaker), H. 1882, p. 443; Brown (acting Speaker), H. 1882, p. 515; BISHOP, S. 1881 (extra session), p. 19; BISHOP, S. 1881, p. 384; BISHOP, S. 1880, p. 243; Cogswell, S. 1878, p. 178; Cogswell, S. 1877, pp. 301, 306; Long, H. 1877, p. 426; Sanford, H. 1874, p. 392; Sanford, H. 1872, p. 125; Bullock, H. 1865; Appendix, p. 492; Phelps, S. 1859, p. 325, See notes to Senate Rule 50.

CONCURRENCE IN AMENDMENTS.

Where a bill passed in the House was sent to the Senate, and there passed with an amendment, and was then returned to the House for concurrence in the amendment, it was held that the House might agree or disagree with the amendment, or it might agree after amending the amendment, or it might refer the question of agreeing to the amendment to a committee, or might lay the subject on the table, or defer action to some day certain, because all such motions are supposed to be not unfriendly in their nature, at least not decisive or destructive. On

the other hand, a motion to postpone indefinitely the whole subject, or any motion which carries with it an original purpose of destruction to the bill, is not in order, because the two branches have already agreed to the bill as a whole, and such a motion would be irregular in itself, and in its parliamentary effects uncourteous towards the other branch of the Legislature. Bullock H. 1865; Appendix, p. 493.

For a discussion as to proceedings in case of a disagreement between the two branches in relation to amendments, see HALE, H. 1859, p. 116.



LIST OF THE

Executive and Legislative Departments

OF THE GOVERNMENT

OF THE

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS,

AND OFFICERS IMMEDIATELY CONNECTED THEREWITH, WITH PLACES OF RESIDENCE.

1886.



EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY GEORGE D. ROBINSON of Chicopee, GOVERNOR.

Tremont House, Boston.

HIS HONOR OLIVER AMES of Easton, LIEUT.-GOVERNOR.

353 Commonwealth Avenue, Boston.

Council.

- District I. Jonathan Bourne of New Bedford.

 At Home.
 - II. WARREN E. LOCKE of Norwood.

 Tremont House.
 - III. John Haskell Butler, of Somerville.

 At Home.
 - IV. LAWRENCE J. LOGAN of Boston. 560 E. Broadway.
 - V. FRANK D. ALLEN of Lynn. At Home.
 - VI. ABRAHAM B. COFFIN of Winchester.
 At Home.
 - VII. HENRY C. GREELEY of Clinton.
 At Home.
 - VIII. LEWIS J. POWERS of Springfield.
 At Home.

Private Secretary of the Governor.

SAMUEL J. MENARD of Medford.

Executive Clerk.

EDWARD F. HAMLIN of Newton.

Committees of the Council.

On Pardons. — His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Bourne, Mr. Butler, Mr. Greelev, Mr. Powers.

On Finance. — His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Bourne, Mr. Coffin, Mr. Locke, Mr. Powers.

On Railroads and the Hoosac Tunnel. — His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Bourne, Mr. Greeley, Mr. Coffin, Mr. Allen.

On Harbors and Public Lands. — Mr. Bourne, Mr. Butler, Mr. Coffin, Mr. Locke, Mr. Logan.

On Charitable Institutions. — His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Butler, Mr. Greeley, Mr. Allen, Mr. Logan.

On Prisons. — His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Butler, Mr. Locke, Mr. Allen, Mr. Powers.

On Military Affairs. — His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Greeley, Mr. Coffin, Mr. Powers, Mr. Logan.

On Accounts. - Mr. Butler, Mr. Coffin, Mr. Logan.

On Warrants. - Mr. Greeley, Mr. Locke, Mr. Allen.

Messenger to the Governor and Council.

William H. Jarvis, Lynn.

Secretary of the Commonwealth.

HENRY B. PEIRCE of Abington.

At Home.

Henry J. Coolidge, 1st Clerk,				Boston.
Isaac H. Edgett, 2d Clerk,				Beverly.
George G. Spear, Jr., 3d Clerk	:,			Boston.

Treasurer and Receiver-General and Tax Commissioner.

ALANSON W. BEARD of Boston.

At Home.

John Q. Adams, 1st Clerk .					Aub	urndale.		
George S. Hall, 2d Clerk .					Cam	bridge.		
Joshua Phippen, Cashier .					Sale	m.		
Henry S. Bridge, Extra Clerk					Med	Medford.		
James C. Bond, Extra Clerk					Nort	North Adams.		
E. P. Simmons, Fund Clerk					Rox	Roxbury.		
L. P. Bridge, Extra Clerk .					Med	ford.		
Deputy Tax Commissioner ar	rd C	Comn	ri s si	oner	of Corp	orations.		
Charles Endicott,						Canton.		
Andrew J. Morton, Clerk .						Boston.		
Edward D. Endicott, 2d Clerk						Canton.		

Auditor.

CHARLES R. LADD of Springfield.

William D. Hawley, 1st Clerk			Malden.
James Pope, 2d Clerk			Melrose.
Stephen B. Smith, Extra Clerk			Boston.
Benj. C. Piper, Extra Clerk .			Boston.

Attorney=General.

EDGAR J. SHERMAN of Lawrence.

Harvey N. Sheparu, Assist	anı	ALLOT	ney-Ge	enerai	•	Doston.
Henry A. Wyman, Clerk						Boston.

Gobernor's Staff.

Aides-de-Camp.

Colonel Edward J. Russell			Worcester.
Colonel William S. Greenough			Wakefield.
Colonel Charles H. Allen .			Lowell.
Colonel John J. Whipple .			Brockton.

Major-General Samuel Dalton of Salem, Adjutant-General.

Brig.-Gen. Alfred F. Holt of Cambridge, Surgeon-General.
Brig.-Gen. Edward P. Nettleton of Boston, Judge-Advocate-Gen.
Colonel Horace T. Rockwell of Boston, Assistant-Inspector-Gen.
Colonel Edward E. Currier of Malden, Assistant-Inspector-Gen.
Colonel George A. Flagg of Millbury, Assistant-Adjutant-Gen.
Colonel Myron P. Walker of Belchertown, Assistant-Adj't-Gen.
Lieut.-Col. Edwin H. Gilbert of Ware, Assistant-Adjutant-Gen.
Colonel Edwin D. Metcalf of Springfield, Asst.-Quarterm'ter-Gen.
Colonel Horace E. Boynton of Boston, Asst.-Quartermaster-Gen.
Colonel Ephraim Stearns of Waltham, Asst.-Quartermaster-Gen.

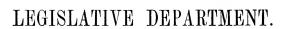
Commissioners of State Aid.

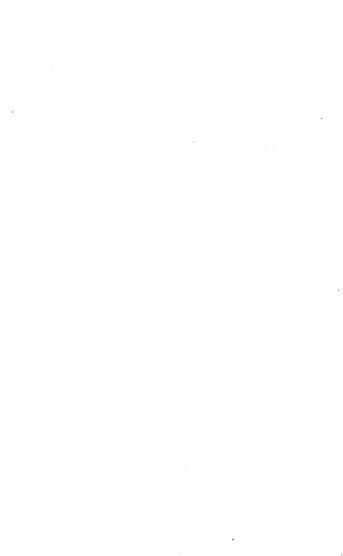
Charles R. Ladd, Auditor of the Commonwealth.

Samuel Dalton, Adjutant General.

Charles W. Hastings.

CHARLES W. HASTINGS, Clerk of Board.





BY DISTRICTS. SENATE

Hon. ALBERT E. PILLSBURY (Sixth Suffolk), President.

DISTRICT.		NAME.		Residence.	During the Session.
Third Middlesex .		Alpheus B. Alger		Cambridge.	At Home.
Fourth Middlesex		Francis Bigelow.	•	Natick	At Home.
First Middlesex .		Eleazar Boynton .	•	Medford	At Home.
Second Essex .		William Cogswell	٠	Salem	At Home.
Second Plymouth		William L. Douglas .	•	Brockton	At Home.
Second Hampden	•	James R. Dunbar .	٠	Westfield	United States Hotel.
Fifth Essex		Charles B. Emerson .	•	Bradford	At Home.
Second Worcester		William T. Forbes .	•	Westborough .	At Home.
Fourth Worcester		Charles A. Gleason .	•	New Braintree .	Adams House.

DISTRICT.	NAME.	Residence.	During the Session.	
Second Norfolk	John H. Gould	Medfield	At Home.	
First Suffolk	Wesley A. Gove.	Boston	At Home.	
Franklin	Levi J. Gunn	Greenfield	American House.	~0,
Sixth Middlesex	John M. Harlow	Woburn	At Home.	0000
Eighth Suffolk	John J. Hayes	Boston	At Home.	, 0
Second Bristol	Robert Howard	Fall River	At Home.	9 2
First Plymouth	Charles H. Howland	Plymouth	At Home.	
First Worcester	Martin V. B. Jefferson .	Worcester	At Home.	0000
Fifth Middlesex	Luman T. Jefts	Hudson .	At Home.	•
North Berkshire	Edward D. G. Jones	Pittsfield	Adams House.	
First Essex	Frank W. Jones	Lynn	At Home.	
Third Worcester	Allen L. Joslin	Oxford	Adams House.	
South Berkshire	Herbert C. Joyner	Great Barrington	39 Hancock Street.	

. At Home.	At Home.	At Home.	At Home.	At Home.	Adams House.	At Home.	At Home.	At Home.	Adams House.	At Home.	Adams House.	At Home.	At Home.	At Home	
			•	Id					· ·						
. Boston	Lowell	Andover	Boston	New Bedford	Amesbury.	Canton	Boston	Boston	Cottage City	Lancaster .	Springfield.	Boston	Taunton	Lexington .	
•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•		•	•		:	•	
•			hey	•	•	•	•	•			•	•		•	
Paul H. Kendricken	Charles S. Lilley	Samuel B. Locke	Alexander B. McGahey	Eben C. Milliken	George W. Morrill	Elijah A. Morse .	John R. Murphy	Henry F. Naphen	Howes Norris .	Henry S. Nourse	Henry M. Phillips	Albert E. Pillsbury	Charles A. Reed	Angustus E. Scott	
•	•	•	•	•	٠	٠	•	٠		•	•		•	•	
•		٠	•	٠				٠	٠	٠	•		٠	•	
eventh Suffolk .	seventh Middlesex	ixth Essex	Third Suffolk .	Third Bristol .	ourth Essex .	irst Norfolk .	second Suffolk .	ifth Suffolk .	ape District .	ifth Worcester .	irst Hampden .	sixth Suffolk .	rirst Bristol .	second Middlesex	

NAME. William H. Tappar Myron P. Walker Edward P. Wilbur	N N N N N	BE M. W.	NAME. Residence. During the Session.	William H. Tappan Manchester . At Home.	yron P. Walker Belchertown . Adams House.	Edward P. Wilbur Boston At Home.
	<u>.</u>		DISTRICT.	Third Essex	Hampshire	Fourth Suffolk

ARRANGEMENT OF THE SENATE.

HON. ALBERT E. PILLSBURY, PRESIDENT.

LEFT.

- 1. Howes Norris
- 2. Herbert C. Joyner.
- 3. Eben C. Milliken.
- 4. Wesley A. Gove.
- 5. Paul H. Kendricken.
- 6. Henry F. Naphen.
- 7. William Cogswell.
- 8. Myron P. Walker.
- 9. James R. Dunbar.
- 10. Augustus E. Scott.
- 11. Henry L. Phillips.
- 12. John H. Gould.
- 13. William H. Tappan.
- 14. Eleazar Boynton.
- 15. Allen L. Joslin.
- 16. Edward P. Wilbur.
- 17. John R. Murphy.
- 18. Frank W. Jones.
- 19. William L. Douglas.

RIGHT.

- 1. Charles S. Lilley.
- 2. M. V. B. Jefferson.
- 3. John M. Harlow.
- 4. Henry S. Nourse.
- 5. Levi J. Gunn.
- 6. Charles H. Howland.
- 7. George W. Morrill.
- 8. Charles B. Emerson.
- 9. Francis Bigelow.
- Alexander B. McGahey.
- 11. Edward D. G. Jones.
- Charles A. Reed.
- 13. Robert Howard.
- 14. William T. Forbes.
- 15. Elijah A. Morse.
- 16. Luman T. Jefts.
- 17. Charles A. Gleason.
- 18. Samuel B. Locke.
- 19. John J. Hayes.
- 20. Alpheus B. Alger.

SENATE, ALPHABETICALLY.

Hon. ALBERT E. PILLSBURY (Sixth Suffolk), PRESIDENT.

			Third Middlesex	District.
			Fourth Middlesex	"
			First Middlesex	"
			Second Essex	46
			Second Plymouth	"
			Second Hampden	"
			Fifth Essex	44
			Second Worcester	"
			Fourth Worcester	"
			Second Norfolk	46
			First Suffolk	"
			Franklin	"
			Sixth Middlesex	"
			Eighth Suffolk	"
			Second Bristol	
,		•	First Plymouth	"
3.,			First Worcester	4.6
	•		Fifth Middlesex	44
				Fourth Middlesex First Middlesex Second Essex Second Plymouth Second Hampden Fifth Essex Second Worcester Fourth Worcester Second Norfolk First Suffolk Franklin Sixth Middlesex Eighth Suffolk Second Bristol First Plymouth First Worcester

Jones, Edward D. G.,			North Berkshire	District.
Jones, Frank W., .			First Essex	"
Joslin, Allen L., .			Third Worcester	"
Joyner, Herbert C., '.			South Berkshire	"
Kendricken, Paul H.,			Seventh Suffolk	"
Lilley, Charles S., .			Seventh Middlesex	"
Locke, Samuel B., .			Sixth Essex	44
McGahey, Alexander B.,			Third Suffolk	"
Milliken, Eben C., .			Third Bristol	44
Morrill, George W., .			Fourth Essex	"
Morse, Elijah A., .			First Norfolk	**
Murphy, John R., .			Second Suffolk	"
Naphen, Henry F., .			Fifth Suffolk	44
Norris, Howes,			Cape District	44
Nourse, Henry S, .			Fifth Worcester	"
Phillips, Henry M., .	•		First Hampden	"
Pillsbury, Albert E., .			Sixth Suffolk	"
Reed, Charles A., .			First Bristol	"
Scott, Augustus E., .			Second Middlesex	66
Tappan, William H.,.			Third Essex	"
Walker, Myron P., .			Hampshire	66
Wilbur, Edward P., .			Fourth Suffolk	66

OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

STEPHEN N. GIFFORD, Duxbury,	•	•	Clerk.
E. HERBERT CLAPP, Boston, .			Assistant Clerk.
JOHN G. B. ADAMS, Lynn, .			Sergeant-at-Arms.
REV. EDMUND DOWSE, Sherborn,			Chaplain.
s. w. edgell,			Doorkeeper.
JOSEPH SIDWELL			Asst Doorkeener

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

BY COUNTIES.

COUNTY OF BARNSTABLE.

No. of Dist.	District.			Name of Representative.	Residence.
1{	Sandwich. Bourne. Falmouth.	:		Charles Dillingham .	Sandwich.
2 }	Barnstable Mashpee .	:	:	 Watson F. Hammond	Mashpee.
3 {	Yarmouth Dennis .	:	:	George H. Loring .	Yarmouth.
4 {	Harwich . Chatham .	:	:	Ambrose N. Doane.	Harwich.
5 {	Brewster . Orleans . Eastham . Wellfleet .	:		Isaiah C. Young .	Wellfleet.
6 {	Truro . Provincetown	:	•	Benjamin D. Atkins	Provincetown.

COUNTY OF BERKSHIRE.

1	Hancock . Lanesborough . New Ashford . Williamstown . Clarksburg .	Benjamin F. Mills .		Williamstown
2 }	Adams North Adams .	. Alexander W. Fulton George H. Kearn .	:	North Adams. North Adams
3 {	Pittsfield Dalton	. John C. Crosby . Lorenzo H. Gamwell	:	Pittsfield. Pittsfield.

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
4	Florida	Frank E. Mason	Savoy.
5	Becket	Samuel H. Norton	Otis.
6	Richmond	Charles H. Dorr	Richmond.
7	Alford	Charles J. Burget	Gt. Barrington.
8	Mt. Washington . New Marlborough . Saudisfield Sheffield	Edward D. Andrus	Sheffield.
	COI	UNTY OF BRISTOL	
1{	Attleborough Norton Mansfield	Frank I. Barden Charles S. Frost	Attleborough. Mansfield.
95	Easton	Molein Wilbur	Raynham

1	Attleborough Norton	Frank I. Barden Charles S. Frost	Attleborough. Mansfield.
2 }	Easton Raynham	Melvin Wilbur	Raynham.
3	Taunton,, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 . Berkley	Zacheus Sherman Cyrus Savage William J. Briggs	Taunton. Taunton. Taunton.
4 {	Acushnet Fairhaven Freetown	Frederick C. S. Bartlett .	Fairhaven.
5 }	New Bedford, Wds. 1, 2, 3	Oliver P. Brightman . George H. Freeman .	New Bedford. New Bedford.

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
6 {	New Bedford, Wds. 4, 5, 6	} Seth W. Godfrey Thomas W. Cook	New Bedford. New Bedford.
7 }	Westport Dartmouth	Cortez Allen	Westport.
8 {	Fall River, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 .	Bernard J. Conway Augustus P. Gorman James Harrington	Fall River. Fall River. Fall River.
9 {	Fall River, Wards 7, 8, 9 Somerset	Robert Henry John C. Milne	Fall River. Fall River.
10 {	Seekonk Swanzey	$\left. ight\} { m Edward\ Lineoln}$	Dighton.
	COUNTY	7 OF DUKES COUNTY.	
1	Chilmark Cottage City Edgartown	Beriah T. Hillman	Chilmark.

COUNTY OF ESSEX.

		ī			
1 {	Rockport Gloucester, Wd. 7 .	Rufus McLellan			Gloucester.
2 }	Gloucester, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 .	Henry Friend . Cyrus Story .	:	:	Gloucester. Gloucester.
3	Gloucester, Wd. 8 . E-sex Manchester Hamilton	Otis F. Brown .	•		Hamilton.
4 }	Wenham Danvers	Malcolm Sillars	•		Danvers.

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
5	Beverly	Charles L. Dodge	Beverly.
6 {	Salem, Wards 1, 2,	Francis T. Berry G. Parker Bray	Salem. Salem.
7 }	Salem, Wards 3, 4,	Patrick F. Tierney O. W. H. Upham	Salem. Salem.
8 }	Marblehead Swampscott,	Samuel Roads, Jr William J. Goldthwait .	Marblehead. Marblehead.
9	Lynn, Ward 3	Eugene H. Goss	Lynn.
10 {	Lynn, Wards 1, 2, 4, 5, 7	Amos Beckford William A. Clark, Jr Horace A. Roberts	Lynn. Lynn. Lynn.
11	Lynn, Ward 6	David Walker	Lynn.
12	Peabody	Cyrus T. Batchelder .	Peabody.
13 {	Saugns Lynofield Middleton Topsfield	Charles S. Hitchings .	Saugus.
14 {	Andover North Andover .	Calvin Rea	No. Andover.
15 {	Boxford Rowley	William A. Stackpole .	Ipswich.
16 {	Newbury	Edward A Moseley Daniel M. Felch	Newburyport. Newburyport.
17 {	Georgetown Groveland Bradford	Moseley D. Chase	Georgetown.
18	West Newbury Salisbury Amesbury Merrimac	Hiram Walker	Salisbury. Merrimac.
19 {	Haverhill, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 Methuen	William H. Johnson . Edward G. Frothingham John E. Sawyer .	Haverhill. Haverhill. Methuen.

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.		
20 {	Lawrence, Wards 1, 2, 3	I Timothy F. O'Hearn . John F. McQueeney .	Lawrence. Lawrence.		
21 }	Lawrence, Wards 4, 5, 6	James Murphy	Lawrence. Lawrence.		
	COUN	TY OF FRANKLIN.			
1	Erving	William G. Walkup .	Erving.		
2	Montague Sunderland Leverett Shutesbury Wendeli	Frederick L. Whitmore .	Sunderland.		
3 {	Greenfield Gill	Edwin Baker	Shelburne.		
4 {	Deerfield	Henry W. Hopkins	Conway.		
5	Northfield Bernardston	Earl Shearer	Colrain.		
6	Ashfield	Albert A. Hicks	Monroe.		
	COUNTY OF HAMPDEN.				
1	Monson Brimfield	Alvin A. Hubbard	Wales.		

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
2	Palmer	Stephen S. Taft	Palmer.
3	Chicopee	Matthew Ryan	Chicopee.
4 }	Springfield, Wards 1, 2	Charles C. Smith John L. Knight	Springfield. Springfield.
5 }	Springfield, Wards 3, 6	William F. Cook	Springfield.
6	Springfield, Wards 4,7 Longmeadow	John S. Sanderson	Springfield.
7 {	Springfield, Wards 5,8	Edward H. Lathrop .	Springfield.
8 }	Holyoke, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5	Jeremiah J. Keane	Holyoke.
9	Holyoke, Wards 6, W. Springfield	Levi Perkins	Holyoke.
10 {	Westfield Agawam Montgomery	William H. Whitney	Westfield. Westfield.
11 {	Southwick Granville Tolland Slandford Chester Russell .	Henry K. Herrick	Blandford.

COUNTY OF HAMPSHIRE.

1	Easthampton Northampton, Wds. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 . Southampton	John B. Bottum Edwin R. Bosworth .	Northampton. Easthampton.
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No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
$_{2}igg\{$	Hadley Hatfield Westhampton . Williamsburg .	Lyman D. James	Williamsburg.
3	Chesterfield . Cummington . Goshen . Huntington . Middlefield . Plainfield . Worthington .	Alonzo Shaw	Goshen.
4	Amherst Pelham Prescott South Hadley .	Charles S. Boynton .	South Hadley.
5	Belchertown . Enfield Granby Greenwich . Ware	John M. Crosby	Enfield.

COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

1 {	Cambridge, Wards	Solomon S. Sleeper. George A. Perkins .	:	Cambridge. Cambridge.
2 {	Cambridge, Wards 2, 4	George C Bent . C. G H. Bennink . John W. Wilkinson		Cambridge. Cambridge. Cambridge.
3	Cambridge, Ward 3	William E. Doyle .		Cambridge.
4	Somerville, Ward 1	Levi F. S. Davis .		Somerville.
5	Somerville, Ward 2	William H. Flynn .		Somerville.
6 }	Somerville, Wards	Samuel C. Darling .		Somerville.
7	Medford	John H. Hooper .		Medford.
8 {	Malden, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 Everett	George W. Walker. Dudley P. Bailey	:	Malden. Everett.

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No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
9	Melrose	John Larrabee	Melrose.
10	Stoneham	George Cowdrey	Stoneham.
11	Wakefield	Robert Blyth	Wakefield.
12 {	Reading North Reading Wilmington	Dennis Batchelder	North Reading.
13	Woburn	John P. Crane	Woburn.
14 {	Arlington Winchester	Warren A. Peirce	Arlington.
15 }	Watertown Belmont	J. Varnum Fletcher .	Belmont.
16 {	Newton, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Elijah W. Wood Willard Marcy	Newton. Newton.
17 {	Waltham, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7	Erskine Warden	Waltham.
18	Lexington Burlington Bedford Billerica	Franklin Jaquith	Billerica.
19 {	Tewksbury Chelmsford	Perley P. Perham	Chelmsford.
20	Lowell, Ward 1 .	John J. Hogan	Lowell.
21	Lowell, Ward 2 .	Edward M. Tucke	Lowell.
22	Lowell, Ward 3 .	Peter J. Brady	Lowell.
23	Lowell, Ward 4 .	Solon W. Stevens	Lowell.
24	Lowell, Ward 5 .	Joseph M. Wilson	Lowell.
25	Lowell, Ward 6 .	Francis E. Shaw	Lowell.
26 {	Concord	Henry J. Hosmer	Concord.

No. of Dist.	District.		Name of Representative.	Residence.
27 {	Weston . Wayland . Sudbury . Maynard .		Alfred H. Bryant	Wayland.
28	Natick .		Justin Perry	Natick.
29 {	Holliston . Sherborn .	: :	Joseph H. Dewing	Holliston.
30 }	Hopkinton Ashland .	: :	Frederick N. Oxley .	Ashland.
31	Framingham		Samuel B. Bird	Framingham.
3 2	Marlborough		William N. Davenport .	Marlborough.
33	Hudson . Stow . Boxborough Littleton .	: :	Edward P. Miles	Hudson.
34	Westford . Groton . Dunstable Pepperell .	: :	Frank Leighton	Pepperell.
35	Ayer Shirley . Townsend Ashby .		George J. Burns	Ayer.
-		COUN	TY OF NANTUCKET.	
1	Nantucket		John W. Hallett	Nantucket.
		cou	NTY OF NORFOLK.	
1 }	Dedham . Norwood .	: :	Frank A. Fales	Norwood.
2	Brookline		Clement K. Fay	Brookline.
3	Hyde Park		Charles F. Jenney	Hyde Park.
3	Hyde Park	• •	Charles F. Jenney	Hyde Park.

No. of Dist.	District.		Name of Representative.	Residence.
4 }	Milton Canton	:	George E. Downes	Canton.
5 {	Quincy Weymouth .	:	Herbert M. Federhen Benjamin S. Lovell. Francis Ambler	Quincy. Weymouth. Weymouth.
6 {	Braintree Holbrook	:	Caleb Thompson	Braintree.
7	Randolph . Stoughton . Sharon Walpole	:	William W. Hurley . Henry Fitzpatrick	Randolph. Stoughton.
8	Franklin Foxborough . Wrentham . Bellingham . Medway Millis		Benjamin F. Boyden, 2d.	Foxborough. Millis.
9{	Needham Dover Medfield	:	Walter Hunnewell	Wellesley.
	C	OUN	тү оғ ріумоштн.	
1 {	Hingham Hull		Edmund Hersey, 2d .	Hingham.
$2\left\{ \right.$	Cohasset Scituate South Scituate	:	Alfred A. Seaverns	Scituate.
3	Marshfield . Pembroke . Hanson	:	Miles Sampson	Pembroke.
$4igg\{$	Duxbury Kingston Plympton . Carver		Peleg T. Brooks	Kingston.
5	Plymouth .		Arthur Lord	Plymouth.

No. of Dist.	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
6	Wareham Rochester Marion Mattapoisett	Franklin Cross	Mattapoisett.
7 {	Middleborough Lakeville	James H. Harlow	Middleborough
8 }	Bridgewater East Bridgewater .	Wyman C. Fickett	E. Bridgewater
9 }	Rockland Hanover	Jubal C. Gleason	Rockland.
10 {	Brockton, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 West Bridgewater	Charles H. Cary	Brockton. Brockton.
11 }	Abington South Abington .	William H. Gurney .	S. Abington,
	COL	UNTY OF SUFFOLK.	
1	Boston, Ward 1 .	John E. Lynch J. Henry Stevenson	Boston. Boston.
2	Boston, Ward 2 .	James E. Fitzgerald . Patrick J. Kennedy .	Boston. Boston.
3	Boston, Ward 3 .	George A. Sanderson . Francis J. Murphy .	Boston. Boston.
4	Boston, Ward 4 .	Charles Field	Boston.
5	Boston, Ward 5 .	Philip J. Doherty John P. Reynolds	Boston. Boston.
6	Boston, Ward 6 .	Dennis J. Leahy Edward J. Flynn	Boston. Boston.
7	Boston, Ward 7 .	Dominick J. Harkins . Daniel McLaughlin	Boston. Boston.
8	Boston, Ward 8 .	Patrick D. Dwyer Matthew Dolan	Boston. Boston.
9	Boston, Ward 9 .	Julius C. Choppelle Henry Parkman	Boston. Boston.
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No. of Dist.	District.		Name of Representative.		Residence.
10	Boston, Ward 19		(Jacob A. Dresser . Edward P. Fisk .		Boston. Boston.
11	Boston, Ward 11		William F. Wharton John O. Teele	:	Boston. Boston.
12	Boston, Ward 12		Michael H. Burke . Philip H. Quinn .	:	Boston. Boston.
13	Boston, Ward 13		John J. Maguire . James Sullivan	:	Boston. Boston.
14	Boston, Ward 14		Richard F. Tobin . John A. Collins .	:	Boston. Boston.
15	Boston, Ward 15		Michael J. Creed . Peter J. Reardon .	:	Boston. Boston.
16	Boston, Ward 16		James Donovan . Jeremiah Desmond.	:	Boston. Boston.
17	Boston, Ward 17		John Q. A. Brackett & Albert A. Woodward	:	Boston. Boston.
18	Boston, Ward 18		William A. Rust . Edward J. Hathorne	:	Boston. Boston.
19	Boston, Ward 19		John F. Shea Daniel J. Maguire .	:	Boston. Boston.
20	Boston, Ward 20		Michael J. McEttrick John H. McDonough	:	Boston. Boston.
21	Boston, Ward 21		George Curtis	:	Boston. Boston.
22	Boston, Ward 22		Thomas F. Hunt .		Boston.
23	Boston, Ward 23		(Daniel Gunn Henry C. Allen .	:	Boston. Boston.
24	Boston, Ward 24		Hazard Stevens .	:	Boston. Boston.
25	Boston, Ward 25		James A. Hathaway		Boston.
26 {	Chelsea Revere Winthrop .	:	Simeon Butterfield . George E. Morrill . Marcus M. Merritt .	:	Chelsea. Chelsea. Chelsea.

COUNTY OF WORCESTER.

No.		1	1
of Dist	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
1 }	Blackstone Uxbridge	James Dalcy	Uxbridge.
2 {	Mendon	James F. Stratton	Milford. Milford.
3 }	Northbridge Grafton	Luther K. Leland	Grafton.
4 }	Westhorough Southborough	Horace F. Webster	Southborough.
5	Clinton Berlin	Jonathan Smith Jusse B. Wheeler	Clinton. Bolton.
6 }	Fitchburg, Wards 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	Joseph S. Wilson Richard A. Leonard .	Fitchburg. Fitchburg.
7 {	Winchendon Ashburnham Gardner Westminster Princeton	Charles J. Rice Herbert S. Stratton	Winchendon. Gardner.
8 }	Athol Royalston	Benjamin W. Rich	Royalston.
9{	Petersham Phillipston Templeton Hubbardston	Charles A. Perley	Templeton.
10 {	Dana	Jesse Allen	Oakham.
11	Rutland	H. Arthur White	Leicester.

No. of	District.	Name of Representative.	Residence.
Dist.		Traine of Representative.	nesidence.
$12 \left\{$	West Brookfield . Warren . Brookfield . North Brookfield . Sturbridge .	Edwin Wilbur	W. Brookfield Warren.
13 {	Spencer	Joseph L. Woodbury . James Holmes	Oxford. Spencer.
14 {	Douglas	Julius P. Freeman	Webster.
15 {	Auburn Millbury Sutton	Henry Simeon Stockwell	Sutton.
16	Shrewsbury Northborough	Sumner Small	Northborough
17	Leominster	James Hadley	Leominster.
18	Worcester, Ward 1	Augustus N. Currier .	Worcester.
19	Worcester, Ward 2	Henry M. Smith	Worcester.
20	Worcester, Ward 3	J. Francis O'Connor .	Worcester.
21	Worcester, Ward 4	James H. Mellen	Worcester.
22	Worcester, Ward 5	Thomas W. Butler	Worcester.
23	Worcester, Ward 6	Loring Coes	Worcester.
24	Worcester, Ward 7	Henry L. Parker	Worcester.
5	Worcester, Ward 8	Joseph Mason	Worcester.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES . . . ALPHABETICALLY,

WITH THE DISTRICTS REPRESENTED, PLACES OF RESIDENCE, AND RESIDENCE DURING THE SESSION.

Hon. JOHN Q. A. BRACKETT, Boston, Speaker.

NAME.	District.	Residence.	During the Session.	A	No. of Seat.
Allen, Cortez	7, Bristol .	Westport	At Home	•	198
Allen, Henry C	23, Suffolk .	Boston	At Home	•	64
Allen, Jesse	10, Worcester	. Oakham	Adams House	•	81
Ambler, Francis	5, Norfolk	. Weymouth .	At Home	•	156
Andrus, Edward D	8, Berkshire	. Sheffield .	Rockingham Hotel .	•	155
Atkins, Benjamin D	6, Barnstable	. Provincetown .	Milliken House	•	133
Backup, John	21, Suffolk .	Boston	At Home	•	179

District.
8, Middlesex
3, Franklin
1, Bristol .
4, Bristol .
12, Essex
12, Middlesex
10, Essex
2, Middlesex
1, Middlesex
6, Essex
31, Middlesex
11, Middlesex
1, Hampshire

						Alp	hab	etic	ally	•				4
10	192	124	Sp'k'r	174	235	219	122	114	144	232	141		220	6
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1, Hampshire	8, Norfolk	4, Hampshire	17, Suffolk .	22, Middlesex	6, Essex	3, Bristol .	24, Suffolk.	5, Bristol .	4, Plymouth	3, Essex	27, Middlesex	7, Berkshire	12, Suffolk .	35, Middlesex
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Bottum, John B.	Boyden, Benjamin F., 2d	Boynton, Charles S	Brackett, John Q. A	Brady, Peter J	Bray, Guifford P.	Briggs, William J.	Brigham, Frank E.	Brightman, Oliver P.	Brooks, Peleg T.	Brown, Otis F	Bryant, Alfred H.	Burget, Charles J.	Burke, Michael H.	Burns, George J.

NAME.		District.	 Residence.		During the Session.	sessio	į		No. of Scat.
Burroughs, Marcus		12, Worcester .	 Warren		Quincy House	•		•	168
Butler, Thomas W		22, Worcester	 Worcester		At Home .	•			159
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Cary, Charles H		10, Plymouth .	 Brockton		At Home .	٠	•	•	9
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Chase, Moseley D		17, Essex	 Georgetown .		At Home .	٠	•	•	215
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Collins, John A	•	14, Suffolk .	 Boston		10 G Street, South Boston	th B(oston	•	130
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Crane, John P.	Creed, Michael J.	Crosby, John C	Crosby, John M.	Cross, Franklin.	Currier, Augustus N.	Curtis, George	Daley, James	Darling, Samuel C.	Davenport, William N.	Davis, Levi F. S.	Desmond, Jeremiah	Dewing, Joseph H.	Dillingham, Charles	Doane, Ambrose N.
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Felch, Daniel M.	Fickett, Wyman C.	Field, Charles	Fisk, Edward P.	Fitzgerald, James E	Fitzpatrick, Henry .	Fletcher, J. Varnum.	Flynn, Edward J.	Flynn, William H.	Freeman, George H	Freeman, Julius P.	Friend, Henry	Frost, Charles S.	Frothingham, Edward G.	Fulton, Alexander W.

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	Gamwell, Lorenzo H.	Gleason, Jubal C.	Godfrey, Seth W.	Goldthwait, William J.	Goodwin, George O.	Gorman, Augustus P.	Goss, Eugene H.	Gunn, Daniel	Gurney, William H.	Hadley, James	Hallett, John W.	Hammond, Watson F.	Harkins, Dominick J.
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120	12	•			At Home	•	٠	Concord		•	26, Middlesex .	. 26, Middlesex .
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143	14	•	٠		At Home	•	٠	Medford			7, Middlesex .	. 7, Middlesex .
227	22	•	•		At Home	•		Spencer		•	13, Worcester .	. 13, Woreester .
59	2	٠	٠		At Home	٠	•	Lowell		•	20, Middlesex .	. 20, Middlesex .
224	22	•	٠		At Home	•		Sangus		•	13, Essex	
13	1	٠	٠	Street .	39 Bowdoin Street	•	٠	Chilmark	_	•	1, Dukes	•
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150	15	٠			At Home	•		Hingham		-	1, Plymouth .	•
149	- 14	٠	٠	ise .	Adams House	٠		Blandford .	_	-	11, Hampden .	•
225	- 22	٠		•	At Home	•	٠.	Fall River .	1	•	9, Bristol F	•
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funnewell, Walter .	•	9, Norfolk	Wellesley	261 Commonwealth Avenue.	158
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Iurley, William W	•	7, Norfolk .	Randolph	At Home	176
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aquith, Franklin	•	18, Middlesex .	Billerica	At Home	49
enney, Charles F.		3, Norfolk .	Hyde Park	At Home	53
ohnson, William H		19, Essex	Haverhill	At Home	71
Keane, Jeremiah J.	•	8, Hampden .	Holyoke	Young's Hotel	108
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kennedy, Patrick J		2, Suffolk	Boston	25 Border St., East Boston .	85
čnight, John L	•	4, Hampden .	Springfield	48 Hancock Street	118
arrabce, John	•	9, Middlesex .	Melrose	At Home	Desk.

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	147	•			Totel	Winthrop Hotel	•	Savoy.		4, Berkshire	•	Mason, Frank E.	\mathbf{M} a
	35	٠		٠		At Home	•	Newton .	•	16, Middlesex	•	Matcy, Willard	\mathbf{M} a
	226	u.	Bosto	So.	th St.,	169 West 5th St., So. Boston	•	Boston .	. •	13, Suffolk .	٠	Maguire, John J.	Ma
/•	7.4	•			ark	2 Lincoln Park	٠	Boston .		19, Suffolk .	٠	Maguire, Daniel J.	Ma
cally	29 .	•		•		At Home	•	Boston .	•	1, Suffolk .	•	Lynch, John E	Ly_1
etic	131	•		•		At Home	•	Weymouth	•	5, Norfolk	•	Lovell, Benjamin S	Į,
ohal	107	•	oston	l B	t, Sout	141 O Street, South Boston	•	Yarmouth .	•	3, Barnstable	•	Loring, George H.	Loi
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	137	•	٠			At Home	•	Dighton .	•	10, Bristol .	٠	Lincoln, Edward	Lin
	58	•				At Home	•	Fitchburg .	•	6, Worcester	•	Leonard, Richard 'A	Γ ec
	45	•		•		At Home	•	Grafton .	•	3, Worcester	٠	Leland, Luther K.	Γ el
	106	•		•		At Home	•	Pepperell .	•	34, Middlesex	•	Leighton, Frank.	Lei
	170	•			Street	12 Tileston Street	•	Boston .		6, Suffolk.	•	Leahy, Dennis J.	Les
	119	•			•	. U. S. Hotel	•	Springfield.	•	7, Hampden	٠	Lathrop, Edward H	Fat

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Residence.	Brockton .	Boston .	Boston .	Boston .	Gloucester.	Lawrence .	Worcester .	Chelsea .	Hudson .	Millis	Williamstown	Fall River.	Chelsea .
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District.	10, Plymouth	20, Suffolk.	20, Suffolk .	7, Suffolk.	1, Essex .	20, Essex .	21, Worcester	26, Suffolk.	33, Middlesex	8, Norfolk	1, Berkshire	9, Bristol .	26, Suffolk .
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NAME.	McCarthy, Patrick .	McDonough, John H.	McEttrick, Michael J.	McLaughlin, Daniel .	McLellan, Rufus .	McQueeney, John F	Mellen, James H	Merritt, Marcus M.	Miles, Edward P.	Millis, Henry L.	Mills, Benjamin F.	Milne, John C	Morrill, George E.

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Newburyport	Boston .	Lawrence .	Otis	Worcester.	Lawrence .	Ashland .	Worcester .	Boston .	Arlington .	Chelmsford	Cambridge.	Hoiyoke .	Templeton.	Natick .
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. 16, Essex .	3, Suffolk.	21, Essex .	5, Berkshire	20, Worcester	20, Essex .	30, Middlesex	24, Worcester	9, Suffolk	14, Middlesex	19, Middlesex	1, Middlesex	9, Hampden	9, Worcester	28, Middlesex
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Moseley, Edward A	Murphy, Francis J	Murphy, James	Norton, Samuel H.	O'Connor, John F.	O'Hearn, Timothy F.	Oxley, Frederick N	Parker, Henry L.	Parkman, Henry .	Peirce, Warren A.	Perham, Perley P.	Perkins, George A	Perkins, Levi	Perley, Charles A	Perry, Justin

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Residence.	Westfield .	Boston .	North Andover.	Boston .	Boston .	Winchendon	Royalston .	Marblehead	Lynn	Boston .	Chicopee .	Pembroke .	Boston .
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NAME.	Provin, William.	Quinn, Philip H.	Rea, Calvin	Reardon, Peter J.	Reynolds, John P.	Rice, Charles J	Rich, Benjamin W.	Roads, Samuel, Jr.	Roberts, Horace A.	Rust, William A.	Ryan, Matthew .	Sampson, Miles .	Sanderson, George A.

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4	101	•			At Home	•	Clinton ;	•	5, Worcester	•	.	Smith, Jonathan
	95	•	•		At Home		Woreester .	•	19, Woreester	•	•	Smith, Henry M.
	205	•		reet .	46 Bowdoin Street	•	Springfield.	•	4, Hampden	•	•	Smith, Charles C.
	93	•	•		At Home	•	Northborough	•	16, Worcester	•	•	Small, Sumner .
•	62	•	•		At Home		Cambridge.	•	l, Middlesex	•	•	Sleeper, Solomon S.
шид	153	•			At Home		Danvers .	•	4, Essex .	٠	:	Sillars, Malcolm
eiic	24	•	•		At Home	•	Taunton .	•	3, Bristol .	•	•	Sherman, Zacheus
muo	172		٠	Hotel	United States Hotel	•	Colrain .	•	5, Franklin	٠	•	Shearer, Earl .
\mathcal{L}_{1}	92			. 99	31 Milford Place	•	Boston .	•	19, Suffolk .	٠	٠	Shea, John F.
	234	•	٠		At Home		Lowell .	•	25, Middlesex	٠	٠	Shaw, Francis E.
	178	•	٠	et .	86 Myrtle Street	•	Goshen .	•	3, Hampshire	•	•	Shaw, Alonzo .
	99	•			North Scituate	•	Scituate .	•	2, Plymouth	•	•	Seaverns, Alfred A.
	83	•			At Home		Methuen .	•	19, Essex .	•	٠	Sawyer, John E
	221	•	•		At Home	•	Taunton .	•	3, Bristol .	•	•	Savage, Cyrus .
	183	•		Hotel	United States Hotel	•	Springfield.	•	6, Hampden	٠	•	Sanderson, John S.

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Stevens, Hazard .	٠.	24, Suffolk.		Boston .	•	Bowdoin Ave., Dorchester .	187
Stevens, Solon W.		23, Middlesex	•	Lowell .	•	At Home	
Stevenson, J. Henry .		1, Suffolk.	•	Boston .	•	41 Princeton St., E. Boston .	146
Stockwell, Henry S	•	15, Worcester	•	Sutton .	•	At Home	160
Story, Cyrus	•	2, Essex .		Gloucester .		At Home	171
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Stratton, James F.	•	2, Worcester		Milford .	•	At Home	66
Sullivan, James		13, Suffolk .		Boston .	•	319 Fourth St., South Boston	222
Taft, Stephen S	•	2, Hampden		Palmer .	•	United States Hotel	63
Teele, John O	•	11, Suffolk .		Boston .	•	279 Newbury Street	- 58
Thompson, Caleb .	•	6, Norfolk		Braintree .	•	At Home	38
Tierney, Patrick F.	•	7, Essex .		Salem.	•	At Home	217

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Tobin, Richard F.	Townsend, Milton B	Tucke, Edward M.	Upham, O. W. H.	Walker, David	Walker, George W.	Walker, Hiram	Walkup, William G	Warden, Erskine	Webster, Horace F.	Wharton, William F.	Wheeler, Jesse B.	White, H. Arthur	Whitmore, Frederick L.	Whitney, William H.
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NAME.		District.	Residence.	During the Session.		No. of Seat.
Wilbur, Edwin		12, Worcester .	West Brookfield, At Home	At Home	•	65
Wilbar, Melvin	•	2, Bristol	Raynham	At Home	•	203
Wilkinson, John W		2, Middlesex .	Cambridge.	At Home	•	186
Wilson, Joseph M.		24, Middlesex .	Lowell	At Home	•	126
Wilson, Joseph S.		6, Worcester .	Fitchburg	At Home	•	204
Wood, Elijah W.		16, Middlesex .	Newton	At Home	•	99
Woodbury, Joseph L.		13, Worcester .	Oxford	At Home	•	194
Woodward, Albert A.	•	17, Suffolk	Boston	47 Warren Avenue	•	140
Young, Isaiah C.	•	5, Barnstable .	Wellfleet	Quincy House	•	161

OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

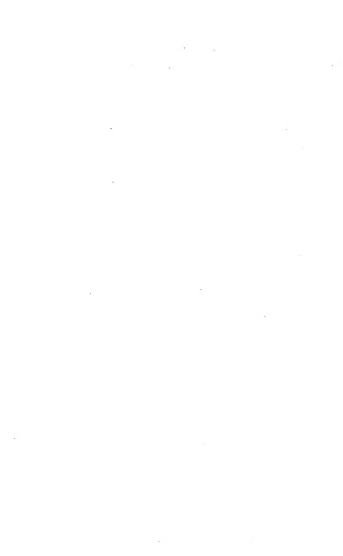
EDWARD A. McLAUGHLIN, Boston,	Clerk.
ROBERT A. SOUTHWORTH, Boston,	Assistant Clerk.
JOHN G. B. ADAMS, Lynn,	Sergeant-at-Arms.
REV. DANIEL W. WALDRON, Boston,	Chaplain.
THOMAS J. TUCKER,	Doorkeeper.
E. M. ALEXANDER,	Postmaster.

MONITORS.

FIRST DIVISION .	Messrs. FEDERHEN of Quincy, DWYER of Boston.
	Messrs. RUST of Boston, RYAN of Chicopee.
THIRD DIVISION .	Messrs. STRATTON of Mitford, DAVIS of Somerville.
FOURTH DIVISION .	Messrs. SMITH of Worcester, SHEA of Boston.
FIFTH DIVISION .	Messrs. FROTHINGHAM of Haverhill, DOYLE of Cambridge.
SIXTH DIVISION .	Messrs. CRANE of Woburn, WALKER of Malden.



COMMITTEES.



STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE.

*		O	THI	e Jui	HCIVI	RY.		
Messrs.	Cogswell	l						of Essex.
	Scott							of Middlesex.
	Dunbar							of Hampden.
	Lilley							of Middlesex.
	Joyner		•		•	•		$of\ Berk shire.$
	Ox	Pro	BATE	AND	Insc	LVE	NCY	·.
Messrs.	Reed							of Bristol.
	Naphen							of Suffolk.
	Forbes			•	•		•	of Worcester.
		O	N THI	e Tr	EASU	RY.		
Messrs.	Morrill							of Essex.
	Walker							of Hampshire.
	Douglas				•	•		of Plymouth.
	On Bi	LLS	IN T	пе Т	'HIŖD	REA	DD	NG.
Messrs.	Forbes							of Worcester.
	Reed							of Bristol.
	Dunbar			•		•		$of\ Hampden.$
		Ох	Engi	ROSSF	ер Ві	ILLS.		
Messrs.	Alger							$of\ Middlesex.$
	Norris							of the Cape.
	Murphy	•	•	•	•	•	•	of Suffolk.
			0x	RUI	LES.			
Messrs.	Lilley							$of\ Middle sex.$
	Joyner							$of\ Berkshire.$
	Cogswell	I	•				٠	of $Essex$.

STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE.

ON THE JUDICIARY. Messrs, Lord of Plymouth. Mason . . of Worcester. Doherty . of Boston. Lathrop . of Springfield. Teele . of Boston. Fav . of Brookline. Fales . of Milford. Bartlett of Fairhaven. Hogan . . of Lowell. ON PROBATE AND INSOLVENCY. Messrs. Bent of Cambridge. Creed of Boston. Flynn . . of Boston. Smith . of Clinton. Gamwell . of Pittsfield. Bottum . of Northampton. Parker . . of Worcester. Perkins . . of Cambridge. Revnolds . of Boston. ON FINANCE.

Messrs.	Dresser	•			$of\ Boston.$
	Walker				of Malden.
	Marcy				of Newton.
	Mills				of Williamstown.
	Sleeper				$of\ Cambridge.$
	Curtis				of Boston.
	Hosmer				of Concord.
	McEttri	$\mathbf{e}\mathbf{k}$			of Boston.
	Perley				of Templeton.

ON COUNTY ESTIMATES.

		ON	Cou:	NTY	ESTIN	AAT	ES.
1	Messrs.	Tierney.					of Salem.
		Shaw .					of Goshen.
		McLaughlin		•			of Boston.
		Shearer.		•			of Colrain.
		Dewing.					of Holliston.
		Fulton .					of North Adams.
		Freeman	•	•	•	•	of Webster.
		0	n E	LECT	ions.		
N	lessrs.	Jenney .					of Hyde Park.
		Bryant .					of Wayland.
		John J. Magu	iire				of Boston.
		Whitmore					of Sunderland.
		Gunn .					of Boston.
		Batchelder					of Peabody.
		Walkup.					of Erving.
			0	n Ri	JLES.		
N	Iessrs.	Wharton					of Boston.
		Cowdrey					of Stoneham.
		Roads .					of Marblehead.
		Mason .					of Worcester.
		Doherty					$of\ Boston.$
		Lathrop					of Springfield.
		Lord .				•	of Plymouth.
		On Bills	IN '	THE	Типк	ρF	Reading.
N	Aessrs.	Parkman					of Boston.
		Collins .					of Boston.
		Bottum.					of Northampton.
		Ox	Enc	GROS	SED F	Bili	Ls.
7	Messrs.	Larrabee					of Melrose.
•		Fickett .					of E. Bridgewater.
		Perkins .					of Cambridge.
							¥

466 Standing Committees of the House.

ON LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Messrs. Cross .			of Mattapoisett.
McCarthy			of Brockton.
${f Boynton}$	٠		of South Hadley.

On Pay-Roll.

Messrs. Frost .			of Mansfield.
$\mathbf{Goodwin}$			of Merrimac.
${ m Briggs}$.			of Taunton.

JOINT STANDING COMMITTEES.

ON AGRICULTURE.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Gleason of Worcester, Howland of Plymouth, Gould of Norfolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. Wood of Newton,
Bird of Framingham,
Stockwell of Sutton,
Wheeler of Bolton,
Herrick of Blandford,
Burroughs of Warren,
Batchelder of North Reading,
Brown of Hamilton.

ON BANKS AND BANKING.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Joslin of Worcester, Boynton of Middlesex, Hayes of Suffolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. Cowdrey of Stoneham,
Fletcher of Belmont,
Perham of Chelmsford,
Harlow of Middleborough,
Hersey of Hingham,
Milne of Fall River,
Leland of Grafton,
Perkins of Holyoke.

On Cities.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Wilbur of Suffolk, Kendricken of Suffolk, Reed of Bristol. Of the House. — Messrs. Stevens of Lowell,
Stevens of Boston,
Fitzgerald of Boston,
Bennink of Cambridge,
Morrill of Chelsea,
Hathorne of Boston,
Berry of Salem,
Goss of Lynn.

ON CLAIMS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Joyner of Berkshire, Joslin of Worcester.

Of the House. — Messrs. Mason of Worcester,
Collins of Boston,
Leighton of Pepperell,
Holmes of Spencer,
Shea of Boston,
Hopkins of Conway,
Fitzpatrick of Stoughton.

ON DRAINAGE.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Kendricken of Suffolk, Harlow of Middlesex, Nourse of Worcester.

Of the House. — Messrs. Hooper of Medford,
Fisk of Boston,
Parker of Worcester,
Daley of Uxbridge,
Stevenson of Boston,
Oxley of Ashland,
Stratton of Gardner,
Reardon of Boston.

On Education.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Forbes of Worcester, Harlow of Middlesex, Scott of Middlesex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Rice of Winchendou,
Smith of Worcester,
Dolan of Boston,
Wood of Newton,
Hillman of Chilmark,
O'Connor of Worcester,
Fickett of East Bridgewater,
Allen of Boston.

ON ELECTION LAWS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Dunbar of Hampden, Norris of the Cape, Naphen of Suffolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. Davenport of Marlborough,
Flynn of Boston,
Barden of Attleborough,
Hurley of Randolph,
Gurney of South Abington,
Merritt of Chelsea,
Walker of Salisbury,
Wilbur of West Brookfield.

On Expenditures.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Morrill of Essex, Walker of Hampshire, Douglas of Plymouth. Of the House. — Messrs. Dresser of Boston,
Walker of Malden,
Marcy of Newton,
Mills of Williamstown,
Sleeper of Cambridge,
Curtis of Boston,
Hosmer, of Concord,
McEttrick of Boston,
Perley of Templeton.

ON FEDERAL RELATIONS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Jones of Berkshire, McGahey of Suffolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. Rust of Boston,
Batchelder of Peabody,
Lincoln of Dighton,
Boynton of South Hadley,
Briggs of Taunton,
Jaquith of Billerica,
Burke of Boston.

On Fisheries and Game.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Douglas of Plymouth,

Tappan of Essex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Doane of Harwich,
Stackpole of Ipswich,
Smith of Springfield,
Atkins of Provincetown,
Allen of Westport,
Young of Wellfleet,
McLellan of Gloucester.

ON HARBORS AND PUBLIC LANDS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Gove of Suffolk,

Milliken of Bristol,

Tappan of Essex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Butterfield of Chelsea,
Chappelle of Boston,
Friend of Gloucester,
Harkins of Boston,
Freeman of New Bedford,
Dodge of Beverly,
Loring of Yarmouth,
Godfrey of New Bedford.

ON HOOSAC TUNNEL AND TROY AND GREENFIELD RAILROAD.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Naphen of Suffolk, Gunn of Franklin, Jones of Berkshire.

Of the House. — Messrs. Cook of New Bedford,
Hadley of Leominster,
Baker of Shelburne,
McLaughlin of Boston,
Wilson of Fitchburg,
Fales of Norwood,
Kearn of North Adams,
Brady of Lowell.

ON INSURANCE.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Walker of Hampshire, Hayes of Suffolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. Currier of Worcester,
Ambler of Weymouth,
Davis of Somerville,
Tierney of Salem,
Henry of Fall River,
Tucke of Lowell,
Provin of Westfield.

ON LABOR.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Jefferson of Worcester, Douglas of Plymouth, Howard of Bristol.

Of the House. — Messrs. Federhen of Quincy,
Stratton of Milford,
Couway of Fall River,
Davenport of Marlborough,
Murphy of Lawrence,
Parkman of Boston,
Walker of Lynn,
Crosby of Enfield.

ON LIBRARY.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Nourse of Worcester, Wilbur of Suffolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. Boyden of Foxborough.

Whitmore of Sunderland,
Cross of Mattapoisett,
Shearer of Colrain,
Seaverns of Scituate,
Shaw of Goshen,
McCarthy of Brockton.

ON LIQUOR LAW.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Jefts of Middlesex, Morrill of Essex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Smith of Worcester,
McQueeney of Lawrence,
Small of Northborough,
Rich of Royalstou,
Hubbard of Wales,
Daniel J. Maguire of Boston,
Harrington of Fall River.

ON MANUFACTURES.

- Of the Senate. Messrs. Gunn of Franklin, Jones of Berkshire, Jefts of Middlesex.
- Of the House. Messrs. Hallett of Nantucket.
 Crane of Woburn,
 Boyden of Foxborough,
 Backup of Boston,
 Gorman of Fall River,
 Desmond of Boston,
 Wilbur of Raynham,
 Burns of Aver.

ON MERCANTILE AFFAIRS.

- Of the Senate. Messrs. Boynton of Middlesex, Emerson of Essex, Alger of Middlesex.
- Of the House. Messrs. Fay of Brookline,
 Townsend of Lawrence,
 Story of Gloucester,
 Brightman of New Bedford,
 Leahy of Boston,
 Hunnewell of Wellesley,
 Hunt of Boston,
 Millis of Millis.

ON MILITARY AFFAIRS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Gould of Norfolk, Cogswell of Essex, Joyner of Berkshire. Of the House. — Messrs. Tobin of Boston,
Dodge of Beverly,
Johnson of Haverhill,
Stackpole of Ipswich,
Miles of Hudson,
Knight of Springfield,
White of Leicester,
Bray of Salem.

ON PARISHES AND RELIGIOUS SOCIETIES.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Emerson of Essex, Morse of Norfolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. Smith of Clinton,
Dewing of Holliston,
Frost of Mansfield,
Freeman of Webster,
Norton of Otis,
Sullivan of Boston,
Andrus of Sheffield.

ON PRINTING.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Murphy of Suffolk, Norris of the Cape.

Of the House. — Messrs. Gunn of Boston,
Fulton of North Adams,
Sillars of Danvers,
Tobin of Boston,
Fales of Norwood,
Brady of Lowell,
Kennedy of Boston.

On Prisons.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Tappan of Essex, Bigelow of Middlesex, Jones of Essex. Of the House. — Messrs. Beckford of Lynn,
Donovan of Boston,
Sawyer of Methuen,
Ryan of Chicopee,
Mellen of Worcester,
Leonard of Fitchburg,
Sanderson of Boston,
Savage of Taunton.

ON PUBLIC CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Howland of Plymouth, Kendricken of Suffolk, Jefts of Middlesex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Milne of Fall River,
Warden of Waltham,
Fletcher of Belmont,
Whitney of Westfield,
Flynn of Somerville,
James of Williamsburg,
Roberts of Lynn,
Thompson of Braintree.

ON PUBLIC HEALTH.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Harlow of Middlesex, Emerson of Essex, Murphy of Suffolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. Frothingham of Haverhill,
Baker of Shelburne,
Gleason of Rockland,
Smith of Springfield,
Wilkinson of Cambridge,
Mason of Savoy,
Rea of North Andover,
Keane of Holyoke.

ON PUBLIC SERVICE.

- Of the Senate. Messrs. Nourse of Worcester, Alger of Middlesex.
- Of the House. Messrs. Stevens of Boston,
 Rice of Winchendon,
 Dolan of Boston,
 Hadley of Leominster,
 Upham of Salem,
 Cary of Brockton,
 Butler of Worcester.

ON RAILROADS.

- Of the Senate. Messrs. Norris of the Cape,
 Jefferson of Worcester,
 Phillips of Hampden,
 Gould of Norfolk.
- Of the House. Messrs. Wharton of Boston,
 Cook of New Bedford,
 Roads of Marblehead,
 Stevens of Lowell,
 Dwyer of Boston,
 Darling of Somerville,
 Lovell of Weymouth,
 Crosby of Pittsfield,
 Moseley of Newburyport,
 Bent of Cambridge,
 Clark of Lynn.

ON ROADS AND BRIDGES.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Bigelow of Middlesex, Howard of Bristol, Jones of Essex. Of the House. — Messrs. Felch of Newburyport,
Hammond of Mashpee,
Webster of Southborough,
Woodbury of Oxford,
Hicks of Monroe,
Chase of Georgetown,
Brooks of Kingston,
Dorr of Richmond.

ON STATE HOUSE.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Hayes of Suffolk, Joslin of Worcester.

Of the House. — Messrs. Chappelle of Boston,
Sanderson of Springfield,
Goodwin of Merrimac,
Hathaway of Boston,
Perry of Natick,
Sillars of Danvers,
Kearn of North Adams.

ON STREET RAILWAYS.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Milliken of Bristol, Lilley of Middlesex, Wilbur of Suffolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. Burns of Ayer,
John J. Maguire of Boston,
Coes of Worcester,
Sherman of Taunton,
Rust of Boston,
Doyle of Cambridge,
Creed of Boston,
Goldthwait of Marblehead.

ON TAXATION.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Morse of Norfolk, Gunn of Franklin, McGahey of Suffolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. Bailey of Everett,
Dillingham of Sandwich,
Bosworth of Easthampton,
Brigham of Boston,
Downes of Canton,
O'Hearn of Lawrence,
Quinn of Boston,
Burget of Great Barrington.

On Towns.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Phillips of Hampden, Gleason of Worcester, Locke of Essex.

Of the House. — Messrs. Taft of Palmer,
Field of Boston,
Sampson of Pembroke.
Jenney of Hyde Park,
Blyth of Wakefield,
Allen of Oakham,
Shaw of Lowell,
Woodward of Boston.

ON WATER SUPPLY.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Scott of Middlesex, Gove of Suffolk, Locke of Essex. Of the House. — Messrs. Gamwell of Pittsfield,
Wilson of Lowell,
Cook of Springfield,
McDonough of Boston,
Peirce of Arlington,
Lynch of Boston,
Hitchings of Saugus,
Murphy of Boston.

ON WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Milliken of Bristol, Morse of Norfolk.

Of the House. — Messrs. McQueeney of Lawrence,
Wilkinson of Cambridge,
Atkins of Provincetown,
Andrus of Sheffield,
Larrabee of Melrose.
Seaverns of Scituate,
Walkup of Erving.

JOINT SPECIAL COMMITTEE.

ON REDISTRICTING THE STATE.

Of the Senate. — Messrs. Dunbar of Hampden.
Lilley of Middlesex.
Norris of the Cape District.
Joyner of Berkshire.
Tappan of Essex.
Gove of Suffolk.
Forbes of Worcester.
Murphy of Suffolk.

Of the House. - Messrs. Field of Boston.

Marcy of Newton. Roads of Marblehead. Lovell of Weymouth. Currier of Worcester. Creed of Boston. Butterfield of Chelsea. Frothingham of Haverhill. Doane of Harwich. Davis of Somerville. Stevens of Lowell. Ryan of Chicopee. Cook of New Bedford. Bent of Cambridge. Harkins of Boston. James of Williamsburg. Stockwell of Sutton. Donovan of Boston. Norton of Otis. Hathorne of Boston. Harrington of Fall River. Gleason of Rockland. Clark of Lvnn. Shearer of Colrain.

REPORTERS.

IN THE SENATE.

V	VALTER E. ADAMS,			$Boston\ Post.$
A	. M. BRIDGMAN,			Boston Herald.
G	EO. H. PATCH, .			$Boston\ Globe.$
\mathbf{C}	HAS. A. CONANT,			$\left\{ egin{array}{l} Boston \ Advertiser. \ Boston \ Evening \ Record. \end{array} ight.$
A	RTHUR T. LOVELL	, .		Boston Journal.
Η	ERBERT S. UNDERV	VOC	D,	Springfield Republican.
\mathbf{F}	. T. FULLER, .			Boston Traveller.
Ė	. E. EDWARDS, .			Boston Transcript.

NOTE.—The "Worcester Spy" is represented by Mr. R. L. BRIDGMAN, who has a seat assigned to him in the House of Representatives.

IN THE HOUSE.

FRANK M. WEEKS,	Boston Post.
EDWARD E. EDWARDS, .	Boston Transcript.
B. LEIGHTON BEAL,	$Boston\ Journal.$
A. M. BRIDGMAN,	$Boston\ Herald.$
HERBERT S. UNDERWOOD,	Springfield Republican.
R. L. BRIDGMAN,	Worcester Spy.
FRED T. FULLER,	Boston Traveller.
BURTON M. FIRMAN, .	{ Boston Advertiser. Boston Evening Record.
JAMES MORGAN,	$Boston\ Globe.$
ISAAC J. POTTER	$Lunn\ Bee.$

NOTICE TO MEMBERS OF THE GENERAL COURT.

STATE LIBRARY.

The fourteenth section of the fifth chapter of the Public Stat utes provides that there shall be a State Library kept in the State House, for the use of the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, the Council, the Senate, the House of Representatives, and such other officers of the Government and other persons as may from time to time be permitted to use the same.

The Library is in the second story of the enlargement.

REGULATIONS.

The Library is open during the session of the Legislature, each day, without intermission, from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m., except on Saturday p. m., when it is closed at 2 o'clock.

All persons may use the Library for consultation or reference.

Members of the Legislature may consult or peruse any book at their pleasure.

Members may take any of the miscellaneous books to their lodgings, and retain them for a reasonable time.

The Statutes, Law Reports, State Papers, Journals, Dictionaries, Encyclopædias, etc., may be taken to any part of the State House, but are not to be removed from it except in special tases.

Members taking books from the shelves are requested to be particularly careful to return them to their proper places, or to leave them on the tables, to be replaced by the attendants.

No book is to be taken by a member from the Library-room without its being charged to him.

Books used at a hearing before a committee are to be charged to some member of the committee or of the Legislature, and not to counsel or parties in the case pending.

OFFICERS.

Arthur Lincoln of Hingham, Edward Everett Hale of Boston, and Robert G. Seymour of Boston, Trustees; John W. Dickinson, Librarian ex officio; C. B. Tillinghast, Acting Librarian; Miss Ellen M. Sawyer, Principal Assistant; Miss Maria C. Smith and Miss Alice L. Munroe, Assistants.

AGRICULTURAL LIBRARY.

A valuable Agricultural Library, connected with the office of the Secretary of the Board of Agriculture, is also open at all hours of the day for the use of the members of the Legislature.

BOSTON ATHENÆUM.

By the Act of the General Court incorporating the Proprietors of the Boston Athenœum, it is provided that the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, the members of the Council, of the Senate, and of the House of Representatives, for the time being, shall have free access to the Library of the said corporation, and may visit and consult the same at all times, under the same regulations as may be provided by the by-laws of said corporation for the proprietors thereof.

The Boston Athenæum is situated in Beacon Street, near the

484 Notice to Members of the General Court.

State House; and members who may wish to avail themselves of their privilege can receive a note of introduction to the Librarian by applying to the Sergeant-at-Arms.

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Section 6 of the Acts of 1794, incorporating the Massachusetts Historical Society, provides that "either branch of the Legislature shall and may have free access to the library and museum of said society."

THE STATE HOUSE.

The present State House was erected in 1795-7, upon land purchased of the heirs of John Hancock, by the town of Boston, for the sum of \$4,000, and conveyed by said town to the Commonwealth, May 2, 1795. The Commissioners on the part of the town to convey the "Governor's Pasture," as it was styled, to the Commonwealth, were William Tudor, Charles Jarvis, John Coffin Jones, William Eustis, William Little, Thomas Dawes, Joseph Russell, Harrison Gray Otis, and Perez Morton. The agents for erecting the State House were named in the deed as follows: Thomas Dawes, Edward Hutchinson Robbins, and Charles Bulfinch.

The corner-stone was laid July 4, 1795, by Governor Samuel Adams, assisted by Paul Revere, Master of the Grand Lodge of Masons. The stone was drawn to the spot by fifteen white horses, representing the number of States of the Union at that time. The building is 173 feet front; the height, including dome, is 110 feet; and the foundation is about that height above the waters of the bay. The dome is 53 feet in diameter, and 35 feet high.

Extensive improvements, including a "new part," extending backward upon Mount Vernon Street, were made, chiefly under the direction of a commission, in the years 1853, 1854, 1855, and 1856.

Under a resolve of 1866 a commission was appointed to inquire and report concerning the whole subject of remodelling or rebuilding the State House. They reported three propositions, without deciding in favor of either. The first was a plan of remodelling, at an expense of \$375,430; the second, a plan of remodelling, at an expense of \$759,872; and the third, a plan for a new building, at an expense of \$2,042,574. The report of the commission was referred to the committee on the State House of the session of 1867, who recommended a plan of alterations at the estimated expense of \$150,000; and by Resolve No. 84 of that year the work was ordered to be executed under the supervision of a commission consisting of the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, who were authorized by the same resolve to expend \$150,000, and, by a subsequent resolve, \$20,000 in addition—The President of the Senate died on the 29th of October, and thereafter the work was continued by the surviving commissioner.

The work was commenced on the second day of July, and was so nearly completed, so far as the conveniences for the legislative department were concerned, that both branches of the General Court met on the first day of January, and continued their sessions substantially without interruption. The improvements consist of an almost entire reconstruction of the interior of the building, except the "new part" before referred to as having been added from 1853 to 1856, whereby waste spaces are economized, the access to the several parts of the building simplified, and made much more convenient, additional height and commodiousness given to a large part of the rooms, and a net gain of more than thirty rooms secured without extending the exterior walls of the building. Including the extension of the old, as well as the construction of the additional rooms, the contents of these apartments have been increased from about one hundred and three thousand to about two hundred and sixty-five thousand cubic feet,-a net gain of one hundred and sixty-two thousand cubic fect.

The exterior improvements consist principally in the removal of a large number of supernumerary chimneys, and other excrescences, which had marred and concealed the original well-approved architectural proportions of the State House. Two new galleries were added to the Representatives' Hall; and its finish, as also that of the Schate Chamber, was much improved, while their general outline was retained. The Council Chamber, with the exception of the ceiling, which was frescoed, remains with

its ancient finish unchanged. The Governor's room was enlarged laterally, and additional height was also added by absorbing into it the old "green room," which was directly above. A new "green room," a spacious hall, elegantly finished, and well lighted and ventilated, fifty-six by thirty-seven feet, has been constructed. The ceiling of the Doric Hall was raised two feet, and finished in panels; and its floor, and also those of the corridors on either side of it, were laid with marble tile. Improvements were made in the basement story, which entirely changed its character and utilized its waste places. Openings were made in both wings between the main building and the addition, by which spacious corridors were secured, leading directly from the Mount Vernon Street entrance, which by branch corridors are connected with each other, and give easy access to every part of the basement. The floors of the corridors in this story are also laid with marble tile. The whole is heated by steam. Warm, fresh hydrated air for ventilation is supplied to every room by a fan propelled by a steam-engine; and the same engine runs an exhaust-fan for removing the foul air from the halls and some of the principal rooms. A steam-pump forces water to the upper part of the building through large pipes, to which there is attached in the several stories more than a thousand feet of rubber hose, by which every room may be reached in case of fire. In addition to this precaution against fire, there is a steam-pipe leading to the dome, by means of which a fire there may be almost instantly extinguished.

These improvements were executed from the plans of the architects, Washburn & Son, and under their direct and constant supervision. Cost, including furniture, about \$250,000.

The legislature of 1863 made provision for reseating the Senate Chamber and the Hall of the House, which improvements were made under the supervision of legislature committees, in season for the accommodation of the legislature of 1869, at a cost of about \$6,600.

By Resolve chap. 68 of the year 1881, the sum of \$45,000 was authorized to be expended for improving the basement of the State House, in accordance with plans submitted by the joint standing committee on the State House. The work was begun soon after the regular session of 1881, and was carried on under

the supervision of the commissioners on the State House, consisting of Oreb F. Mitchell, Sergeant-at-Arms, Hon. Daniel A. Gleason, Treasurer and Receiver-General, and Hon. Henry B. Peirce, Secretary of State, assisted by John W. Leighton and Asa H. Caton, both of Boston, and appointed, under the resolve referred to, by the Governor and Council. Under the plans the floor of the basement was brought down to a common level, that of the old part in the front portion of the building being lowered about three feet. In excavating for this, the drainage was found to be in a very defective condition, the drains being broken and clogged so that the sewage could not run into the cesspools, but spread under the floors, causing discomfort and actual danger to all who occupied the building. A complete change in the system of drainage was found to be necessary. and the old cesspools were given up, and a connection was made with the main city sewers in Beacon and Temple Streets. The whole equipment of the building for drainage is now of the most thorough and approved character. By excavating under the front steps, a large space was gained, which has been utilized for a barber-shop, a kitchen for the new restaurant, a new office for the commissioners of savings banks, and for sundry conveniences for the occupants of the State House. The room just behind this space, and formerly occupied by dark closets, passage-ways, and the air-ducts of the system of ventilation, has been finished into a commodious and welllighted restaurant, large enough to seat sixty persons at table, and conveniently fitted up for the purpose, giving a much-needed accommodation. The space occupied by the old kitchen and lunch-room, and for other purposes, on the easterly end, together with the Surgeon-General's old quarters, has been formed into a commodious suite of rooms for the Deputy Tax Commissioner and his assistants. The rooms formerly occupied by this department, on the floor above, reverted to the Department of the Secretary of State, to which they formerly belonged, and by which they were again much needed. The space in the southwest corner of the basement, formerly occupied by the Adjutant-General's department for a fire-proof, was remodelled and fitted into offices for the department of Public Charities, and the rooms vacated by this department are used for legislative committee

rooms, for which there was pressing need. The room formerly occupied as the private office of the Secretary of the Board of Agriculture, and that used for passage-ways near by, was made into a fire-proof for the Adjutant-General's department; and the Secretary of the Board of Agriculture has been assigned a room on the floor above, the large room formerly occupied by his department being utilized for additional committee-rooms and offices.

Three large new boilers were put in, adding greatly to the heating capacity, which increase was imperatively needed, and a complete arrangement for draught and ventilating ducts was secured by the building of a large new chimney. A place was also secured for storing five hundred tons of coal, by excavation in the court at the westerly end. New entrances were added to the basement, one from Hancock Avenue on the west, and one from Mount Vernon Street on the east.

These improvements and repairs add greatly not only to the capacity and convenience of the building, but also remedy defects that were alike destructive to comfort and dangerous to life and health. The sum appropriated was somewhat exceeded in doing the work, an excess made necessary by the unforeseen condition of the drainage, without the remodelling of which the work could not proceed; and also by the insecure foundations in the front part of the basement, which, until the excavations had proceeded to a considerable extent, seemed to be solid masonry, but which proved to be only an insufficient wall, wholly unfit for use with the enlargement contemplated.

Under authority of chapter 70 of the Resolves of 1885, passenger elevators were erected in the east and west wings of the State House.

The Battle-Flags.

The colors of the several regiments and batteries of Massachusetts which had served the country during the war of the Rebellion were returned to the State House on the 22d of December, 1865. A full account of the interesting ceremonies of the occasion may be found in the Adjutant-General's Report for the year 1865. The colors were grouped around the pillars in the Doric Hall, where they remained until, by authority of Resolve No. 38 of 1866, they were placed in the niches on the north side of the hall, and in the sides of the recess occupied by the Washington Statue, according to a plan of A. R. Esty, Esq. architect, in whose charge the matter was placed by the Governor and Council. The flags are 269 in number,-194 being of infantry regiments, and 75 of cavalry and artillery. The cavalry flags are placed in the north-west angle niche of the hall; the infantry flags, in the Washington statue recess; and the artillery and battery flags, in the north-eastern niche. In the statue recess the national colors are located in regular numerical order upon the lowest shelf on either side of the statue, commencing No. 1 next to cavalry flags, with the State and other colors in the background. The flags are enclosed within mammoth panes of glass, and the openings are properly guarded by fencing.

The Statue of Washington,

BY CHANTREY, was placed in the State House in 1828 by the Washington Monument Association, at a cost of \$15,000.

In the pavement of the area, near the statue, are *fac similes* of certain memorial stones from the parish church at Brington, near Althorp, Northamptonshire, England. They were presented by the Right Hon. Earl Spencer to the Hon. Charles Sumner, and by him to the Commonwealth, Feb. 22, 1861.

The Statue of Webster,

By Powers, was erected upon the grounds in front of the State House, in 1859, by the Webster Memorial Committee, at a cost of \$10,000.

The Statue of Mann,

By Miss Stebbins, was erected in 1865.

The Statue of Ex-Governor Andrew,

By Thomas Ball, was placed in the Doric Hall in February, 1872.

Lincoln, Wilson, and Sumner.

Busts of President Lincoln, Vice-President Wilson, and Senator Sumner, occupy niches in the Doric Hall.

Ex-Secretary Boutwell.

A bust of Ex-Secretary of the Treasury, Hon. George S. Boutwell, has been placed in the Library.

Charles Sumner.

The portrait of Charles Sumner, by Henry Ulke, in the Library, was a gift to the Commonwealth from the late James Wormley of Washington.

Gen. Gage.

An original portrait of Gen. Gage, in the Library, was a gift to the late Gen. W. H. Sumner from a son of Gen. Gage, and bequeathed to the State by Gen Sumner. An Act concerning the Great Scal of the Commonwealth.

Be it enacted, etc., as follows:

Section 1. The great seal of the Commonwealth shall be circular in form, and shall bear upon its face a representation of the arms of the Commonwealth, with an inscription round about such representation, consisting of the words "Sigillum Reipublica Massachusettensis"; but the colors of such arms shall not be an essential part of said seal, and an impression from an engraved seal according to said design, on any commission, paper or document of any kind, shall be valid to all intents and purposes whether such colors, or the representation of such colors by the customary heraldic lines or marks, be employed or not.

Sect. 2. The arms of the Commonwealth shall consist of a shield, whereof the field or surface is blue, and thereon an Indian dressed in his shirt and moccasins, holding in his right hand a bow, in his left hand an arrow, point downward, all of gold: and in the upper corner above his right arm a silver star with five points. The crest shall be a wreath of blue and gold, whereon is a right arm bent at the elbow, and clothed and ruffled, the hand grasping a broadsword, all of gold. The motto shall be "Ense petit placidam sub libertate quietem."

Sect. 3. The seal of the Commonwealth, now in use in the office of the secretary of the Commonwealth, shall be deemed the seal authorized by this act so long as its use may be continued.

Sect. 4. This act shall take effect upon its passage. [Approved June 4, 1885.

